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Lab-3

1. AIM: To implement eliminate left recursion and left factoring from the given grammar using C program.

Left Factoring:

CODE:

```
leftfactoring.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main() {
  char gram[100], part1[100], part2[100], modifiedGram[100],newGram[100];
  int i, j = 0, k = 0, pos = 0;
  printf("Enter Production : A->");
  gets(gram);
  // Split input into part1 and part2 at '|'
  for(i = 0; gram[i] != '|' && gram[i] != '\0'; i++, j++)
     part1[i] = gram[i];
  part1[j] = '\0';
  j++; // skip '|'
  for(i = j, j = 0; gram[i] != '\0'; i++, j++)
     part2[i] = gram[i];
```

```
part2[j] = '\0';
// Find longest common prefix
for(i = 0; i < strlen(part1) && i < strlen(part2); <math>i++) {
  if(part1[i] == part2[i]) {
     modifiedGram[k++] = part1[i];
     pos = i + 1; // position after common prefix
  } else {
     break;
  }
}
// Construct newGram with suffixes after the common prefix
for(i = pos, j = 0; part1[i] != '\0'; i++, j++)
  newGram[i] = part1[i];
newGram[j++] = '|';
for(i = pos; part2[i] != '\0'; i++, j++)
  newGram[j] = part2[i];
newGram[j] = '\0';
// Append 'X' to modifiedGram
modifiedGram[k++] = 'X';
modifiedGram[k] = '\0';
// Print the result
printf("\nA->%s", modifiedGram);
printf("\nX->%s\n", newGram);
```

```
return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

LEFT RECURSION

AIM: To implement left recursion using C.

CODE:

Leftrecursion.c

```
#include <stdio.h> #include <string.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() { char non terminal; char beta[SIZE], alpha[SIZE]; int num; char
production[10][SIZE]; int index;
printf("Enter Number of Productions: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
printf("Enter the grammar productions (e.g. E->E-A):\n");
// Read grammar productions
for(int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
  scanf("%s", production[i]);
}
for(int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
  printf("\nGRAMMAR: %s", production[i]);
  non terminal = production[i][0];
  index = 3; // index where RHS starts after "->"
  // Check if production is left recursive
  if(production[i][index] == non terminal) {
     printf(" is left recursive.\n");
     // Extract alpha (the part after the non terminal in left recursion)
     int alpha idx = 0;
    index++; // move past non_terminal on RHS
     while(production[i][index] != '\0' && production[i][index] != '|') {
       alpha[alpha idx++] = production[i][index++];
```

```
alpha[alpha idx] = '\0';
     // Check if there is '|' to separate beta
     if(production[i][index] == '|') {
       index++; // move past '|'
       // Extract beta (the part after '|')
       int beta idx = 0;
       while(production[i][index] != '\0') {
          beta[beta idx++] = production[i][index++];
       beta[beta idx] = '\0';
       // Print grammar without left recursion
       printf("Grammar without left recursion:\n");
       printf("%c->%s%c'\n", non terminal, beta, non terminal);
       printf("%c'->%s%c'|epsilon\n", non terminal, alpha, non terminal);
     } else {
       printf("Cannot be reduced (no alternative beta found).\n");
  } else {
     printf(" is not left recursive.\n");
return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop/22076-lab$ nano left_recursion.c
asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop/22076-lab$ gcc left_recursion.c -o left_recursion asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop/22076-lab$ ./left_recursion Enter Number of Productions: 2
Enter the grammar productions (e.g. E->E-A):
E->E-A
E->b
GRAMMAR: E->E-A is left recursive.
Cannot be reduced (no alternative beta found).
GRAMMAR: E->b is not left recursive.
asecomputerlab@asecomputerlab-hp-prodesk-400-g7-micrtower-pc:~/Desktop/22076-lab$ ./left_recursion Enter Number of Productions: 2
Enter the grammar productions (e.g. E->E-A):
E->EA|A
A->A|B
GRAMMAR: E->EA|A is left recursive.
Grammar without left recursion:
E->AE'
E'->AE'|epsilon
GRAMMAR: A->A|B is left recursive.
Grammar without left recursion:
A->BA'
A'->A'|epsilon
```