Aim: To write a Go program that displays a triangular pattern of asterisks (*) using nested loops with only two variables, i and j.

Program:

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
  for i := 1; i <= 5; i++ {
     for j := 1; j <= i; j++ {
        fmt.Print("*")
     }
     fmt.Println()
  }
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Active code page: 65001

C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-6.go"

**

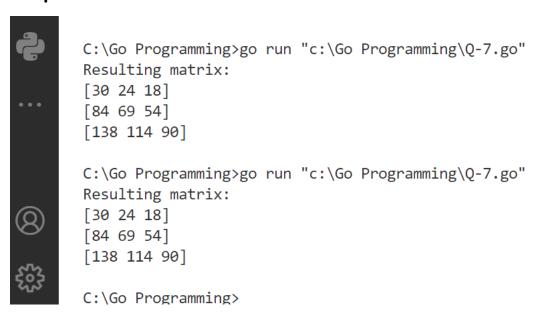
**

***

C:\Go Programming>
```

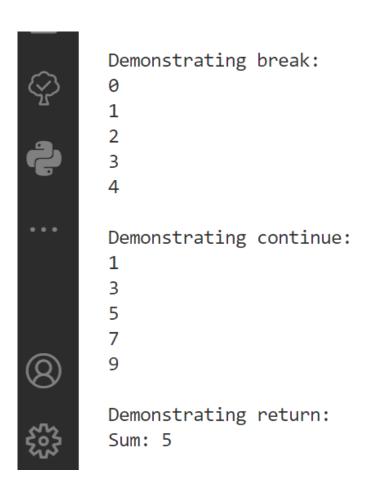
Aim: To write a Go program that multiplies two matrices using two-dimensional arrays.

```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
  matrix1 := [][]int{
    \{1, 2, 3\},\
    {4, 5, 6},
    {7, 8, 9},
  matrix2 := [][]int{
    {9, 8, 7},
    \{6, 5, 4\},\
    {3, 2, 1},
  result := make([][]int, len(matrix1))
  for i := range result {
     result[i] = make([]int, len(matrix2[0]))
  for i := 0; i < len(matrix1); i++ {
    for j := 0; j < len(matrix2[0]); j++ {
       for k := 0; k < len(matrix2); k++ {
         result[i][j] += matrix1[i][k] * matrix2[k][j]
       }
    }
  }
  fmt.Println("Resulting matrix:")
  for _, row := range result {
    fmt.Println(row)
  }
}
```



Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates the use of jump statements.

```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
  fmt.Println("Demonstrating break:")
  for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {
    if i == 5 {
      break
    }
    fmt.Println(i)
  }
  fmt.Println("\nDemonstrating continue:")
  for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {
    if i%2 == 0 {
      continue
    fmt.Println(i)
  }
  fmt.Println("\nDemonstrating return:")
  fmt.Println("Sum:", addNumbers(2, 3))
}
func addNumbers(a int, b int) int {
  return a + b
}
```



Aim:

```
Program:
```

```
package main
import "fmt"
func findMinMax(nums []int) (min, max int) {
  min, max = nums[0], nums[0]
  for _, num := range nums {
    if num < min {
      min = num
    }
    if num > max {
      max = num
    }
  }
  return
}
func main() {
  var n int
  fmt.Print("Enter number of elements: ")
 fmt.Scan(&n)
  nums := make([]int, n)
  fmt.Println("Enter numbers:")
  for i := range nums {
    fmt.Scan(&nums[i])
  }
  min, max := findMinMax(nums)
 fmt.Printf("Min: %d\nMax: %d\n", min, max)
}
```

Output / Input:



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-9.go"

Enter number of elements: 4

Enter numbers:

12 45 63 88

Min: 12

Max: 88

C:\Go Programming>

Aim: To write a Go program that calculates nCr using a recursive function.

Program:

```
package main
import "fmt"

func nCr(n, r int) int {
    if r == 0 || r == n {
        return 1
    }
    return nCr(n-1, r-1) + nCr(n-1, r)
}

func main() {
    var n, r int
    fmt.Print("Enter n: ")
    fmt.Scan(&n)
    fmt.Print("Enter r: ")
    fmt.Scan(&r)
    fmt.Printf("nCr(%d, %d) = %d\n", n, r, nCr(n, r))
}
```

Output / Input:

```
C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-10.go"
Enter n: 4
Enter r: 2
nCr(4, 2) = 6

C:\Go Programming>
```

Aim: To write a Go program that swaps two numbers using a function that returns two values.

Program:

```
package main
import "fmt"

func swap(a, b int) (int, int) {
    return b, a
}

func main() {
    var x, y int
    fmt.Print("Enter the first number: ")
    fmt.Scan(&x)
    fmt.Print("Enter the second number: ")
    fmt.Scan(&y)

fmt.Printf("Before swapping: x = %d, y = %d\n", x, y)
    x, y = swap(x, y)
    fmt.Printf("After swapping: x = %d, y = %d\n", x, y)
}
```

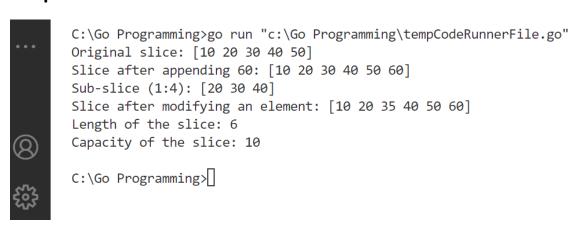
Output / Input:

```
C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-11.go"
Enter the first number: 15
Enter the second number: 28
Before swapping: x = 15, y = 28
After swapping: x = 28, y = 15

C:\Go Programming>
```

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates the basic operations with slices.

```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
  numbers := []int{10, 20, 30, 40, 50}
  fmt.Println("Original slice:", numbers)
  numbers = append(numbers, 60)
  fmt.Println("Slice after appending 60:", numbers)
  subSlice := numbers[1:4]
  fmt.Println("Sub-slice (1:4):", subSlice)
  numbers[2] = 35
  fmt.Println("Slice after modifying an element:", numbers)
  fmt.Println("Length of the slice:", len(numbers))
  fmt.Println("Capacity of the slice:", cap(numbers))
}
```



Aim: To write a Go program that performs basic string operations.

```
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "strings"
func main() {
  str1 := "Hello"
  str2 := "World"
  concat := str1 + " " + str2
  fmt.Println("Concatenated string:", concat)
  length := len(concat)
  fmt.Println("Length of the concatenated string:", length)
  substr := concat[0:5]
  fmt.Println("Substring (0:5):", substr)
  upper := strings.ToUpper(concat)
  fmt.Println("Uppercase string:", upper)
  lower := strings.ToLower(concat)
  fmt.Println("Lowercase string:", lower)
}
```



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-13.go"

Concatenated string: Hello World

Length of the concatenated string: 11

Substring (0:5): Hello

Uppercase string: HELLO WORLD Lowercase string: hello world

C:\Go Programming>

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates the use of structs to create and manage an employee payroll system.

```
package main
import "fmt"
type Employee struct {
  Name string
  ID
     int
  Salary float64
}
func displayEmployee(emp Employee) {
  fmt.Printf("Employee Name: %s\n", emp.Name)
  fmt.Printf("Employee ID: %d\n", emp.ID)
  fmt.Printf("Employee Salary: %.2f\n", emp.Salary)
}
func main() {
  emp1 := Employee{Name: "Aashutosh Kumar", ID: 47, Salary: 50000.00}
  displayEmployee(emp1)
}
```



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-14.go"

Employee Name: Aashutosh Kumar

Employee ID: 47

Employee Salary: 50000.00

C:\Go Programming>

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates the basic operations with maps.

```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
  ages := map[string]int{
    "Aashutosh": 19,
    "Parth": 25,
    "Sanjay": 21,
  }
  ages["Aashu"] = 20
  fmt.Println("Aashutosh's age:", ages["Aashutosh"])
  delete(ages, "Parth")
  fmt.Println("Updated map:", ages)
  if age, exists := ages["Sanjay"]; exists {
    fmt.Println("Sanjay's age:", age)
  } else {
    fmt.Println("Sanjay is not in the map.")
  }
}
```



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-15.go"

Aashutosh's age: 19

Updated map: map[Aashu:20 Aashutosh:19 Sanjay:21]

Sanjay's age: 21

C:\Go Programming>

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates the basic usage of pointers.

Program:

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
   var a int = 42
   var p *int = &a

   fmt.Println("Value of a:", a)
   fmt.Println("Address of a:", p)
   fmt.Println("Value pointed to by p:", *p)

   *p = 100
   fmt.Println("New value of a:", a)
}
```

Output:



```
C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-16.go"
Value of a: 42
Address of a: 0xc00000a0e8
Value pointed to by p: 42
New value of a: 100
C:\Go Programming>
```

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates how to write data into a file.

Program:

```
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "os"
func main() {
  file, err := os.Create("example.txt")
  if err != nil {
    fmt.Println("Error creating file:", err)
    return
  }
  defer file.Close()
  data := "Hello, Aashutosh"
  _, err = file.WriteString(data)
  if err != nil {
    fmt.Println("Error writing to file:", err)
    return
  }
  fmt.Println("Data written to file successfully.")
}
```

Output:



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-17.go"
Data written to file successfully.

C:\Go Programming>

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates how to read data from a file.

```
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "io/ioutil"
  "os"
func main() {
  file, err := os.Open("example.txt")
  if err != nil {
    fmt.Println("Error opening file:", err)
    return
  defer file.Close()
  data, err := ioutil.ReadAll(file)
  if err != nil {
    fmt.Println("Error reading file:", err)
    return
  }
  fmt.Println("File content:")
  fmt.Println(string(data))
}
```



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-18.go"
File content:
Hello, Aashutosh

C:\Go Programming>

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates the basic usage of interfaces.

```
package main
import "fmt"
type Shape interface {
  Area() float64
type Rectangle struct {
  Width, Height float64
func (r Rectangle) Area() float64 {
  return r.Width * r.Height
}
type Circle struct {
  Radius float64
}
func (c Circle) Area() float64 {
  return 3.14 * c.Radius * c.Radius
}
func main() {
  var s Shape
  s = Rectangle{Width: 5, Height: 10}
  fmt.Println("Rectangle Area:", s.Area())
  s = Circle{Radius: 7}
  fmt.Println("Circle Area:", s.Area())
}
```



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\.vscode\Q-19.go"

Rectangle Area: 50 Circle Area: 153.86

C:\Go Programming>

Aim: To write a Go program that demonstrates the concept of classes using structs and methods.

```
package main
import "fmt"
type Person struct {
  Name string
 Age int
}
func (p Person) Greet() {
 fmt.Printf("Hello, my name is %s and I am %d years old.\n", p.Name, p.Age)
}
func main() {
  person1 := Person{Name: "Alice", Age: 30}
 person1.Greet()
}
```



C:\Go Programming>go run "c:\Go Programming\Q-20.go"
Hello, my name is Aashutosh and I am 20 years old.

C:\Go Programming>