| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|
| | β_{trial} | β_{appeals} | $\beta_{\mathrm{difference}}$ | s.e. | $t	ext{-stat}$ | $p	ext{-value}$ |
| Elected to Office | 148 | 124 | 024 | .053 | 456 | .649 |
| Age | .003 | .001 | .001 | .002 | .731 | .465 |
| Male | .004 | .003 | .001 | .013 | .040 | .968 |
| Political Experience | 036 | 068 | .032 | .090 | .361 | .718 |
| Campaign Expenditures (in R\$) | 044 | 033 | 011 | .008 | -1.335 | .182 |
| Marital Status: | | | | | | |
| Divorced | .057 | .039 | .017 | .035 | .495 | .621 |
| Legally Divorced | .025 | .044 | 019 | .067 | 286 | .775 |
| Single | .074 | .050 | .023 | .032 | .733 | .464 |
| Widowed | 014 | 024 | .009 | .060 | .159 | .873 |
| Educational Levels: | | | | | | |
| Completed ES/MS | 178 | 304 | .127 | .104 | 1.216 | .224 |
| Incomplete ES/MS | 208 | 308 | .100 | .158 | .633 | .527 |
| Can Read and Write | 241 | 326 | .086 | .234 | .366 | .714 |
| Completed HS | 185 | 317 | .133 | .088 | 1.504 | .133 |
| Incomplete HS | 234 | 312 | .078 | .158 | .495 | .620 |
| Completed College | 227 | 363 | .136 | .096 | 1.411 | .158 |
| Incomplete College | 201 | 319 | .118 | .119 | .994 | .320 |
| Note: In this table, I report the coefficients of two regressions using the same covariates on the probability of receiving an unfavorable ruling at trial (column 1) and on appeals (column 2). I then recover the distributions of the differences in betas and test H0: $\beta_{\rm difference} = 0$ for all covariates in the regressions (columns 3-6). Robust standard errors are clustered at the municipal-election pair level (equivalent to the judge-level error shared by all candidates in one municipality during one election period); party-fixed | | | | | | |

effects are included in both regressions but are not reported here.