

Assignment-12-CSP-554

Exercise 1

Read the article “A Big Data Modeling Methodology for Apache Cassandra” available on the blackboard in the ‘Articles’ section. Provide a ½ page summary including your comments and impressions.

Summary:

The paper covers traditional data modeling, Cassandra data modeling, conceptual and logical data modeling, application workflow, query-driven mapping from a conceptual to a logical data model, and physical data modeling.

Cassandra Data Model:

A CQL table can be considered a grouping of divisions containing rows with similar structures. A partition key is distinct from each partition in a table, whereas a clustering key is distinct from each row within a partition. A primary key is a combination of a partition key and a clustering key that uniquely identifies a database row. A table schema is a collection of columns that contains a primary key. Each column's data type is either primitive (int, text, etc.), complex (set, list, or map), or counter. CQL, which has a syntax similar to SQL, is used to express queries over tables. CQL does not support binary operations like joins and instead relies on a set of query predicates rules to ensure efficiency and scalability.

Conceptual data modeling and application workflow:

Understanding the data to be maintained and how a data-driven application needs to access it is required when designing a Cassandra database schema. The ER diagram depicts the former Application workflow diagrams, which define data access patterns for application tasks and capture the latter.

Query driven mapping Data Modeling Principles:

The four data modeling principles listed below serve as a foundation for translating conceptual data models into logical data models.

DMP1 (Know your data): The first step in successful database design is to understand the data, which is recorded using a conceptual data model.

DMP2 (Know your Questions): Knowing your queries captured by an application process is the second key to a successful database design.

DMP3 (Data Nesting): Data nesting is the third key to a successful database design.

DMP4 (Data Duplication): Data duplication is the fourth key to a successful database design. Mapping Rule: - The following are five mapping rules that facilitate a query-driven transition from a conceptual data model to a logical data model.

MR1 -> (Entities and Relationships): In MR1, entities and relationships map to table rows, whereas entity and relationship types of the map to tables

MR2 -> (Equality Search Attributes): In a query predicate, equality search attributes correspond to the prefix columns of a table's primary key.

MR3 -> (Inequality Search Attributes): A key column in a table clustering corresponds to an inequality search attribute used in a query predicate.

MR4 -> (Ordering Attributes): Ordering attributes, which are supplied in a query, map to clustering key columns in the query's chosen ascending or descending clustering order. MR5 -> (Key Attributes): Primary key columns are mapped to key attribute types.

Mapping Patterns: Mapping Patterns are used to automate Cassandra database schema design. Physical Data Modeling: The final step is to analyze and optimize a logical data model in a physical data model.

Exercise 2

Using command

wget <https://archive.apache.org/dist/cassandra/3.11.2/apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz>

```
aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~  
$ ssh -i Downloads/emr-key-pair.pem hadoop@ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com  
The authenticity of host 'ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com (52.86.39.223)' can't be established.  
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:Iur2dzU77Yni+ARqtSn9UyVp07ju0PmnkEH6x/wlhCM.  
This key is not known by any other names  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes  
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
```

```
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Amazon Linux 2 AMI
```

```
https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/  
22 package(s) needed for security, out of 32 available  
Run "sudo yum update" to apply all updates.
```

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EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE MMMMMMMM MMMMMMMM RRRRRRRR RRRRRR
```

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ wget https://archive.apache.org/dist/cassandra/3.11.2/apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz  
--2022-12-01 22:44:33-- https://archive.apache.org/dist/cassandra/3.11.2/apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz  
Resolving archive.apache.org (archive.apache.org)... 138.201.131.134, 2a01:4f8:172:2ec5::2  
Connecting to archive.apache.org (archive.apache.org)|138.201.131.134|:443... connected.  
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK  
Length: 38436262 (37M) [application/x-gzip]  
Saving to: 'apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz'
```

```
100%[=====>] 38,436,262 14.7MB/s in 2.5s  
2022-12-01 22:44:36 (14.7 MB/s) - 'apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz' saved [38436262/38436262]
```

tar -xzf apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ tar -xzf apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/bin/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/conf/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/conf/triggers/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/cql3/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_images/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/architecture/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/configuration/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/cql/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/data_modeling/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/development/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/faq/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/getting_started/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/operating/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/tools/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_sources/troubleshooting/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_static/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_static/css/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_static/fonts/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/_static/js/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/architecture/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/configuration/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/cql/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/data_modeling/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/development/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/faq/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/getting_started/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/operating/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/tools/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/doc/html/troubleshooting/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/interface/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/javadoc/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/javadoc/org/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/javadoc/org/apache/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/javadoc/org/apache/cassandra/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/javadoc/org/apache/cassandra/auth/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/javadoc/org/apache/cassandra/auth/class-use/  
apache-cassandra-3.11.2/javadoc/org/apache/cassandra/auth/jmx/
```

apache-cassandra-3.11.2/bin/cassandra &

Open a second terminal connection to the EMR master node. Going forward we will call this terminal connection: Cqlsh-Term. Enter the following into this terminal to start the command line interface cqlsh:

```

aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~
$ ssh -i Downloads/emr-key-pair.pem hadoop@ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com
Last login: Thu Dec  1 23:19:51 2022 from 104.194.99.163

  _| _|_ )
  _| ( /   Amazon Linux 2 AMI
 _|\_|_|

https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/
22 package(s) needed for security, out of 32 available
Run "sudo yum update" to apply all updates.

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  E::::E          M::::::::M:M          M::M::::M:M R:::R      R::::R
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  E:::::EEEEEEEEEE M::::M M::::M M::::M R::RRRRRR::::R
  E::::E          M::::M M::M M::::M R::R      R::::R
  E::::E          EEEEE M::::M MMM M::::M R::R      R::::R
EE:::::EEEEEEEE::::E M::::::::M          M::::::::M R:::R      R::::R
E::::::::::::E M::::M          M::::M RR::::R      R::::R
EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE MMMMMMMM          MMMMMMMM RRRRRRR      RRRRRR

```

```
cqlsh>
cqlsh>
cqlsh> source './init.cql';
cqlsh> describe keyspace;
```



```

aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~/Downloads
$ scp -i emr-key-pair.pem init.cql hadoop@ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com:/home/hadoop
init.cql

aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~/Downloads
$ scp -i emr-key-pair.pem ex2.cql hadoop@ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com:/home/hadoop
ex2.cql

aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~/Downloads
$ scp -i emr-key-pair.pem ex3.cql hadoop@ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com:/home/hadoop
ex3.cql

aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~/Downloads
$ scp -i emr-key-pair.pem ex4.cql hadoop@ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com:/home/hadoop
ex4.cql

aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~/Downloads
$ scp -i emr-key-pair.pem ex5.cql hadoop@ec2-52-86-39-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com:/home/hadoop
ex5.cql

aasth@LAPTOP-HJTR6HMR MINGW64 ~/Downloads
$ |

```

```

[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ ls
apache-cassandra-3.11.2  apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ ls
apache-cassandra-3.11.2  apache-cassandra-3.11.2-bin.tar.gz  ex2.cql  ex3.cql  ex4.cql  ex5.cql  init.cql
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ vi init.cql
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ cat init.cql
CREATE KEYSPACE A20468022 WITH REPLICATION = { 'class' : 'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor' : 1 };
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ vi ex2.cql

```

Execute the below command:

USE A20468022;

source './ex2.cql'; DESCRIBE TABLE Music;

```

a20468022 system_schema system_auth system system_distributed system_traces

cqlsh> USE A20468022;
cqlsh:a20468022> source './ex2.cql';
cqlsh:a20468022> DESCRIBE TABLE Music;

CREATE TABLE a20468022.music (
  artistname text,
  albumname text,
  cost int,
  numbersold int,
  PRIMARY KEY (artistname, albumname)
) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (albumname ASC)
AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
AND comment = ''
AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeTieredCompactionStrategy', 'max_threshold': '32', 'min_threshold': '4'}
AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.io.compress.LZ4Compressor'}
AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1
AND default_time_to_live = 0
AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
AND max_index_interval = 2048
AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
AND min_index_interval = 128
AND read_repair_chance = 0.0
AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';

```

Exercise 3) (3 points)

- a) Execute ex3.cql. Provide the content of this file as the result of this exercise.

```

[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ vi ex3.cql
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ cat ex3.cql
INSERT INTO Music (artistName, albumName, numberSold, cost) VALUES ('Mozart', 'Greatest Hits', 100000, 10);
INSERT INTO Music (artistName, albumName, numberSold, cost) VALUES ('Taylor Swift','Fearless', 2300000, 15);
INSERT INTO Music (artistName, albumName, numberSold, cost) VALUES ('Black Sabbath', 'Paranoid', 534000, 12);
INSERT INTO Music (artistName, albumName, numberSold, cost) VALUES ('Katy Perry', 'Prism', 800000, 6);
INSERT INTO Music (artistName, albumName, numberSold, cost) VALUES ('Katy Perry', 'Teenage Dream', 750000, 14);

cqlsh:a20468022> source './ex3.cql';
cqlsh:a20468022> 'SELECT * FROM Music;'
Invalid syntax at line 1, char 1

```

```
cqlsh:a20468022> SELECT * FROM Music;
```

artistname	albumname	cost	numbersold
Mozart	Greatest Hits	10	100000
Black Sabbath	Paranoid	12	534000
Taylor Swift	Fearless	15	2300000
Katy Perry	Prism	6	800000
Katy Perry	Teenage Dream	14	750000

(5 rows)

Exercise 4) (2 points)

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ vi ex4.cql
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ cat ex4.cql
SELECT * FROM Music where artistName = 'Katy Perry';
```

```
cqlsh:a20468022> source './ex4.cql';
```

artistname	albumname	cost	numbersold
Katy Perry	Prism	6	800000
Katy Perry	Teenage Dream	14	750000

(2 rows)

Exercise 5) (2 points)

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ vi ex5.cql
[hadoop@ip-172-31-59-222 ~]$ cat ex5.cql
SELECT * FROM Music where numberSold >= 700000 ALLOW FILTERING;
```

```
cqlsh:a20468022> source './ex5.cql';
```

artistname	albumname	cost	numbersold
Taylor Swift	Fearless	15	2300000
Katy Perry	Prism	6	800000
Katy Perry	Teenage Dream	14	750000

(3 rows)

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