

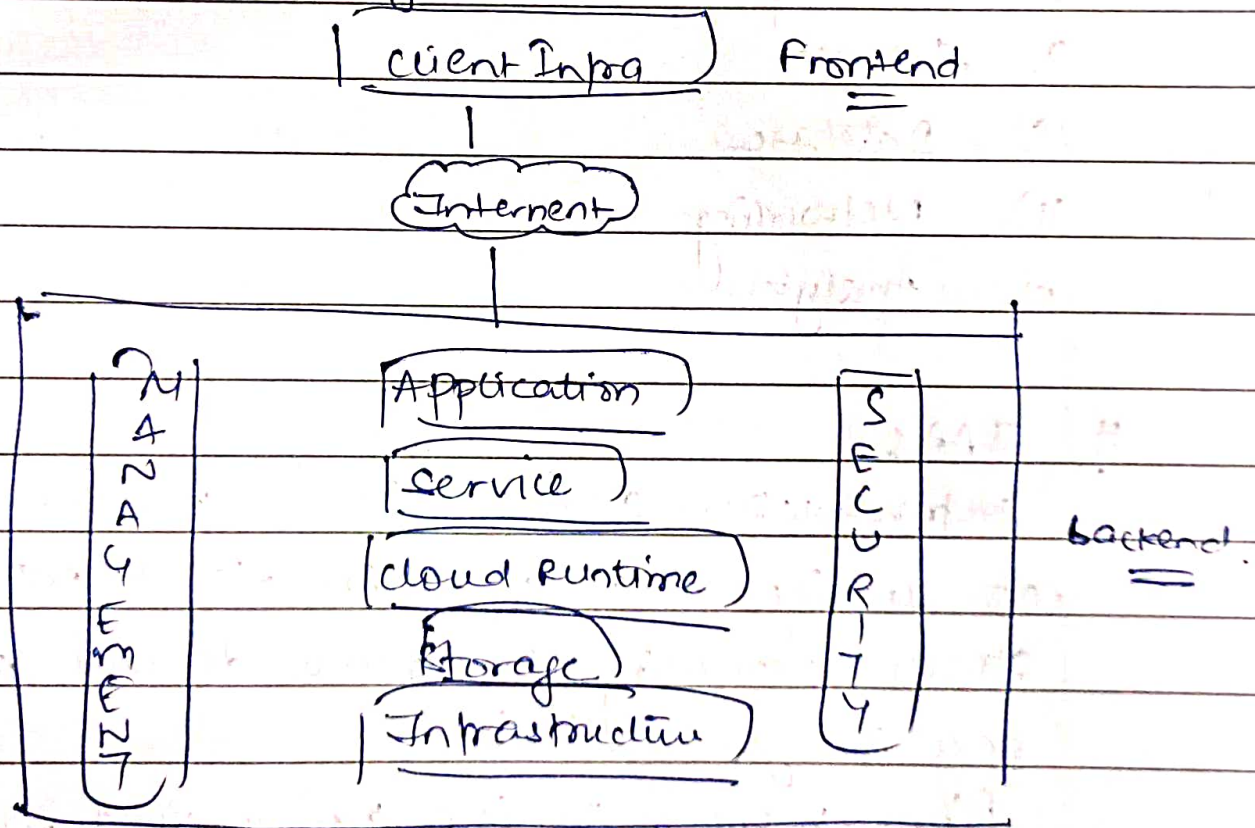
Cloud Computing Architecture

→ Combination of both SOA and EOA i.e., Service Oriented Architecture & Event driven Arch. Client Infrastructure & mgt. & security, all these are the components of cloud computing architecture.

cloud Architecture

Frontend Backend.

Internal view is given as:-



* Frontend of cloud arch refers to the client side. Contains all the user interface & applications which are used by the client to access the CC services.

* Backend refers to the cloud itself which is used by the service provider.

Components of cloud architecture :-

- 1) Client Infrastructure
- 2) Application
- 3) Service
- 4) Runtime cloud
- 5) Storage
- 6) Infrastructure
- 7) Management
- 8) Security
- 9) Internet
- 10) Database
- 11) Networking
- 12) Analytics

IaaS

"Infrastructure as a Service" is a type of cloud service that offers essential computing, storage, networking resources on demand, on a pay as you go basis.

IaaS is one of the four types of cloud services along with software as a service, platform as a service & serverless.

Migrating your organisation's infra to an IaaS solution helps you reduce maintenance of on premises data center, save money etc.

Importance

→ IaaS has risen to prominence as enterprises have sought alternatives to deploying and maintaining their own on-premise infra.

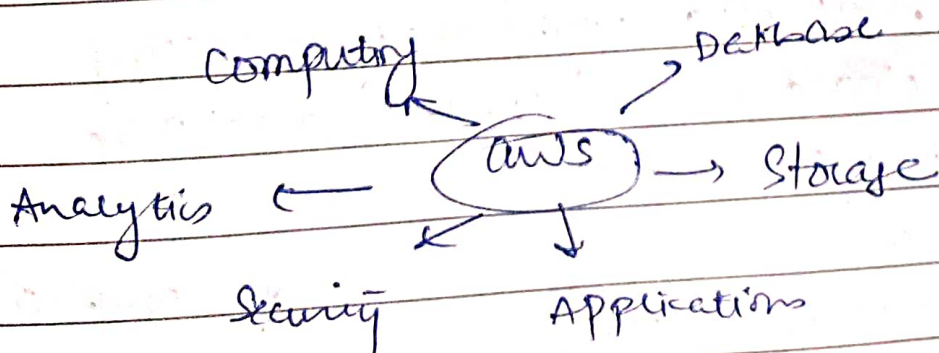
It has offered a cost effective solution to high cost computing equipment.

This leaves the customers/clients to collect, process, store, & retrieve data.

AWS

→ It is the world's most comprehensive & broadly adopted cloud offering, over 200 fully featured services - including the fastest growing startups, enterprises, govt.

AWS has significantly more services than any other cloud provider - from infra technologies like storage, compute to emerging technologies such as ML & AI.



AWS pricing model is very cost effective which makes it most reliable.

There is no long commitment as 5 or 10 years. Besides, there is AWS free tier service offering upto 58 products that help user affordability and gain some experience w/ the AWS platform.

Eg: Companies using AWS are Netflix, Coinbase, J & J, Adobe, Airbnb, Fitbit etc.

EC2 (Elastic cloud computing)

→ It provides on demand, scalable computing capacity in the AWS cloud.

Using Amazon EC2 hardware costs so you can develop & deploy applications faster. You can use EC2 to launch as many instances as you need.

An EC2 instance is a virtual server in the AWS cloud. The instance type that you specify determines the hardware available to your instance.

Each instance offers a diff. balance of compute, memory, network & storage resources.

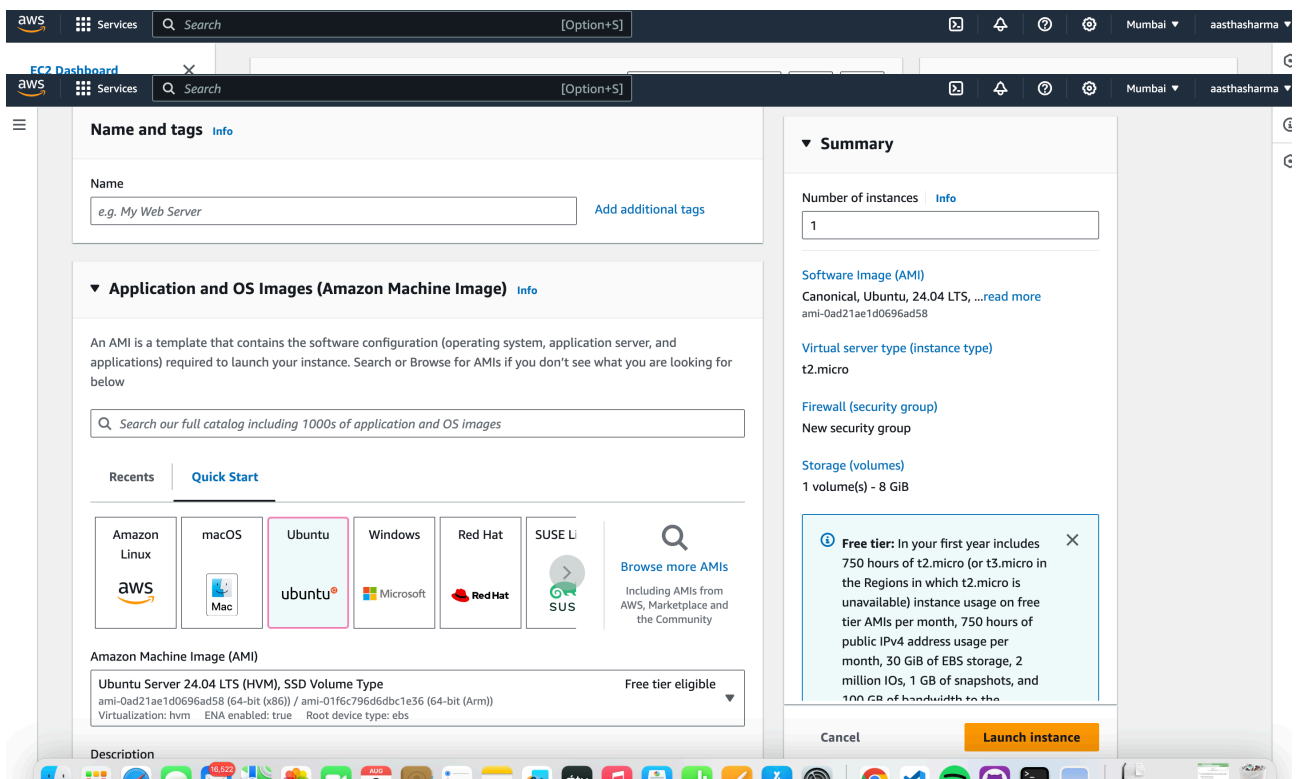
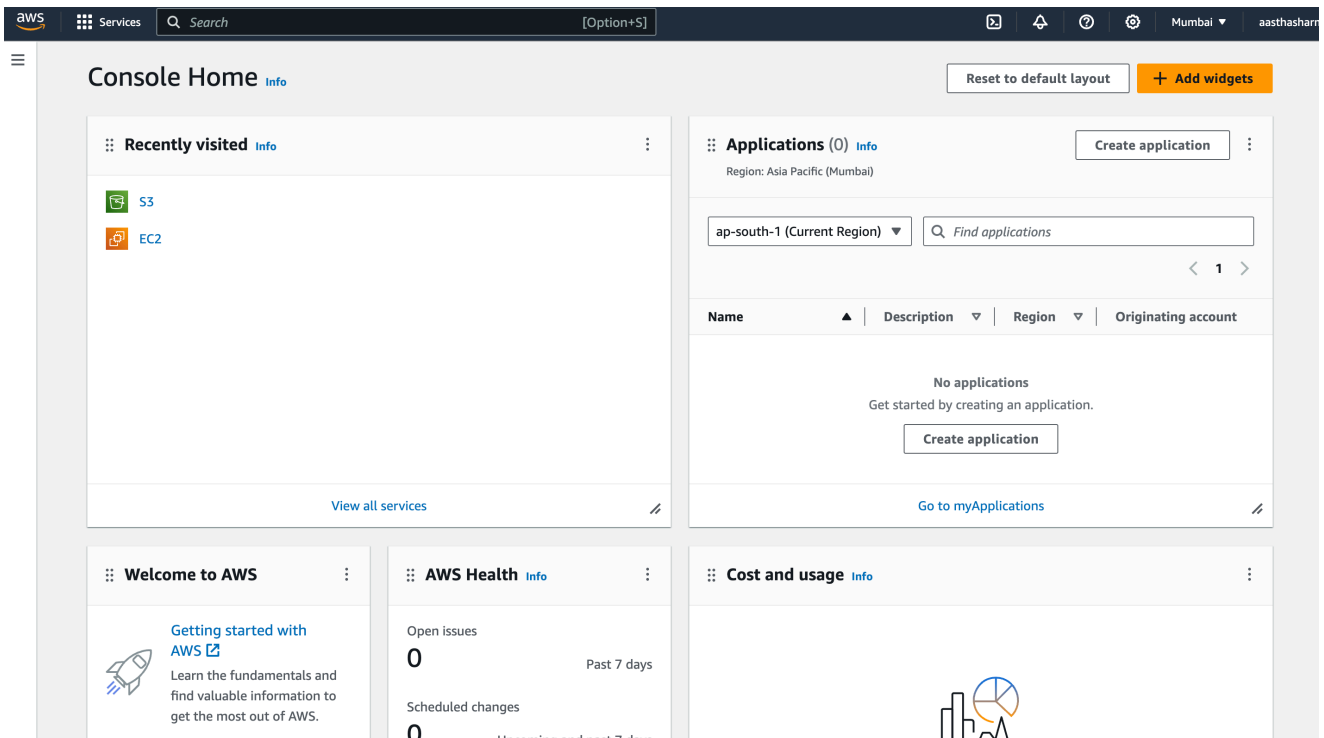
Features

- (i) Instances - Virtual servers
- (ii) Amazon Machine ~~Image~~ Images (AMIs)
Pre configured templates for your instances that package the components you need for your server (including OS & additional software).
- (iii) Instance type
Various configurations networks, memory, storage, graphics make up the instances.
- (iv) Keypairs
Secure login info for your instances. AWS stores the public key & you store the priv. key.
- (v) Security groups
A virtual firewall that allows you to specify the protocols ports & source IP ranges to which your instances can connect.

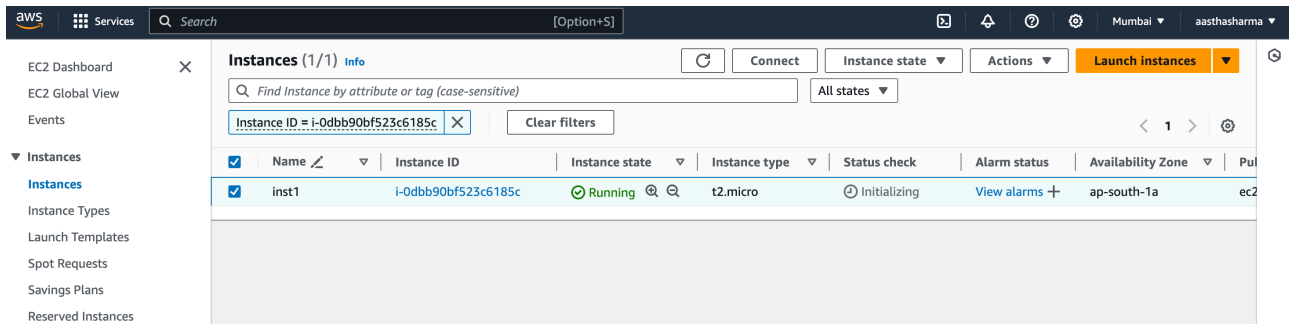
Amazon EC2 supports the processing, storage of transmission of credit card data by a merchant or service provider and has been validated as being compliant w/ payment card industry (PCI), Data security standard (DSS).

Cloud Computing Practical-1

Steps to launch an instance



Launching Server (Ubuntu)



Ubuntu command

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-39-50:~$ LS
LS: command not found
ubuntu@ip-172-31-39-50:~$ ls
ubuntu@ip-172-31-39-50:~$ whoami
ubuntu
```

Installing python

```
E: Package 'python' has no installation candidate
ubuntu@ip-172-31-39-50:~$ sudo apt install python-is-python3
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
```

Python commands

```
python3.12.3
ubuntu@ip-172-31-39-50:~$ python3
Python 3.12.3 (main, Apr 10 2024, 05:33:47) [GCC 13.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> print("hello")
hello
>>> print(2+2)
4
>>> █
```