Sentinel Automatic Antenna Tracker LITE

ASSEMBLY MANUAL

VirtualPilot

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AAT – DIY PCB assembly

Solder the following parts to the PCB:

- 1. RCA/Phone/CINCH video connector
- 2. 4 pole video Fatshark style connector
- 3. DC Power connectors * 2
- 4. Buzzer (NOTE POLARITY)
- 5. LED's * 4 use 3d printed assembly jig to help (NOTE POLARITY below)
- 6. 0.1" PCB header pins for strip on the following:
 - a. W-EN (2 pins * 1)
 - b. Servo (3 pins * 2)
 - c. VRX-IN (5 pins *1)
- 7. IMPORTANT: Short or jumper pins "TR" (next to LED) (V1 Rev E boards only)
- 8. IMPORTANT: Short or jumper pins "W-EN" (all boards)

OPTIONAL – typically not used (extra PCB header pins required):

- 1. OPTIONAL 0.1" PCB header pins for strip on the following:
 - a. VRX-OUT (4 pins *1)
 - b. I2C (4 pins *2)
 - c. ISP (3 pins * 2)
 - d. FTDI (6 pins * 1)
 - e. W-FTDI (5 pins * 1)
 - f. W-BOOT (2 pins * 1)

Trim surplus leads and connector pins from bottom of board

IMPORTANT – LED POLARITY: long leg goes to square PCB pinhole.

The LED assembly jig can make them easier to fit. Jig remains in place after fitting.

DANGER ZONE:

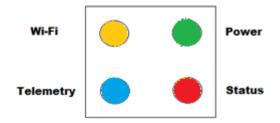
- VRX-IN connector has both +5v and VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).
- Carefully check any wiring to VRX-IN.
- Ensure any RX powered by the PCB can support the chosen voltage.
- VRX-OUT connector has VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).

LED assembly

IMPORTANT – LED POLARITY: long leg goes to square PCB pinhole.

Using the assembly jig can make them much easier to line up and fit. The long leg side is marked with a very small "-" on the side of the assembly jig

The table below shows the recommended colours to match the user guide. This is purely optional to follow.

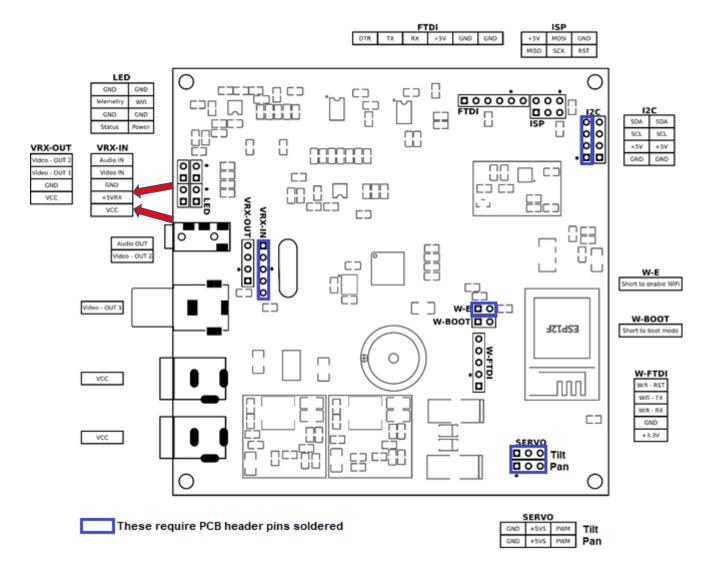


Video compatibility

NOTE: JUMPER "TR" was added to V1 rev E boards (next to LED pins) to allow easier compatibility with video receivers that do not confirm fully to normal standards.

"TR" is recommended to be closed for most video receivers however if you are experiencing video signal quality issues it is suggested to try with / without.

AAT - DIY PCB connections - V1 rev F PCB



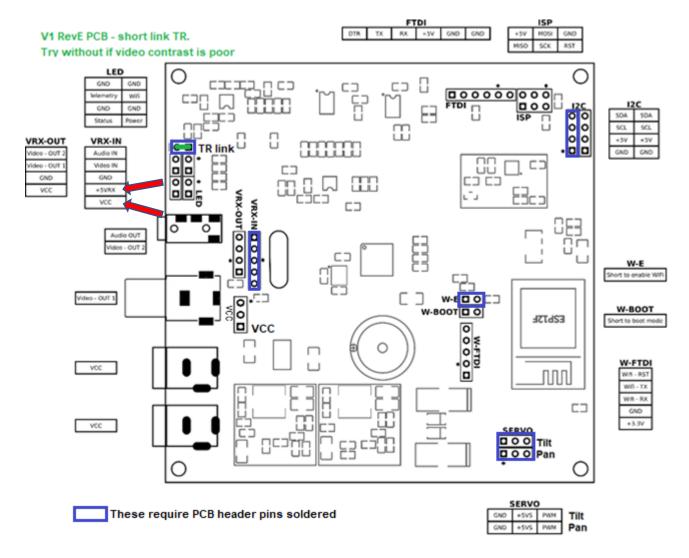
NOTE: " * " On the PCB diagram is GND pin.

NOTE: Square pins are pin number marking conventions only - ignore

DANGER ZONE:

- VRX-IN connector has both +5v and VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).
- Carefully check any wiring to VRX-IN.
- Ensure any RX powered by the PCB can support the chosen voltage.
- VRX-OUT connector has VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).

AAT - DIY PCB connections - V1 rev E PCB



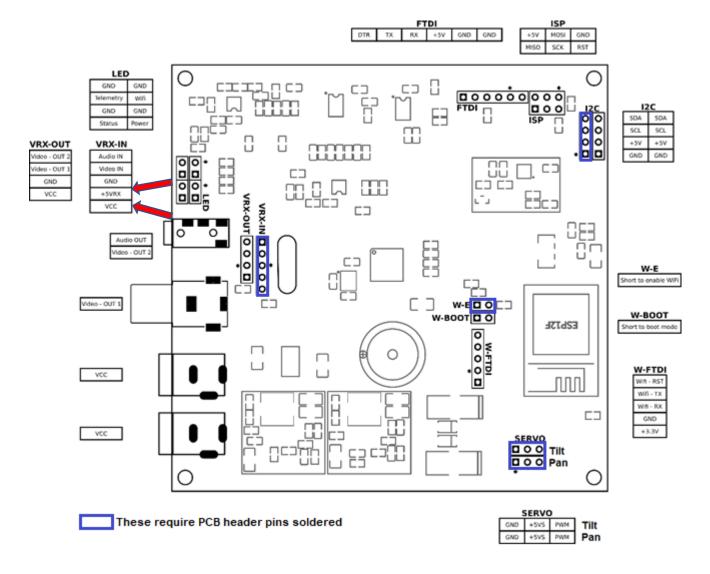
NOTE: " * " On the PCB diagram is GND pin.

NOTE: Square pins are pin number marking conventions only - ignore

DANGER ZONE:

- VRX-IN connector has both +5v and VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).
- Carefully check any wiring to VRX-IN.
- Ensure any RX powered by the PCB can support the chosen voltage.
- VRX-OUT connector has VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).

AAT - DIY PCB connections - V1 rev D PCB



NOTE: " * " On the PCB diagram is GND pin.

NOTE: Square pins are pin number marking conventions only - ignore

DANGER ZONE:

- VRX-IN connector has both +5v and VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).
- Carefully check any wiring to VRX-IN.
- Ensure any RX powered by the PCB can support the chosen voltage.
- VRX-OUT connector has VCC (same as supply battery voltage input).

AAT - 3D STL and source files

Files are available here: https://github.com/aat-sentinel/AAT-lite-hardware

AAT – 3D print recommendations

Print recommendations:

- Print with the highest % of material that you can as the AAT will need to be resilient enough to deal with handling during normal and potentially rough use.
- Figures below are recommended minimum for PLA / ABS.
- Adjust for your needs.
- TIP for printing gears the most common fault is to avoid "elephants foot". See guide: https://rigid.ink/pages/ultimate-troubleshooting-guide#issue-elephants-foot-15

Item	ABS/PLA	PET-G
QR adapter	80% / 5 shells	80% / 5 shells
Box - base	35% / 5 shells	55% / 5 shells
Gears	35% / 5 shells	55% / 5 shells
All other parts	25% / 5 shells	45% / 5 shells

AAT – 3D printed component preparation

Preparation:

- 1. Smooth edges of **Box panel xxxx** to ensure a good fit in **Box base**.
- Check gears mesh together well by rotating Gears servo and Gears main shaft together. If required smooth teeth with a file or glass paper until a good mesh is achieved.
- 3. Fixing holes in the **Tilt base** are printed horizontally and may benefit from clearing with a 2mm drill.
- 4. Servo holes in the **Tilt mount plate** are printed horizontally and may benefit from clearing with a
- 5. The bearing pivot hole in the **Tilt mount plate** is printed horizontally and will benefit from clearing with a 3mm drill.
- 6. Smooth sharp edges as required. https://github.com/aat-sentinel/AAT-lite-hardware

AAT – DIY Case assembly

Box assembly:

- 7. Attach **tripod mount (QR or threaded)** to **Box base** using M3 10mm self tapping screws.
- 8. Test fit to tripod before proceeding as QR adapters can vary. This is best time to resolve.
- 9. WARNING! If using threaded mount, check to make sure the tripod screw does not go through and touch / damage PCB.
- 10. OPTIONAL OLED display fit OLED into Box panel front using OLED spacer. WARNING!: Tighten OLED display nuts very gently with no pressure. They should not be tight as OLED displays are very fragile. The glass will break even if gentle pressure is applied in the wrong places. Make sure it fits correctly into mounting position before tightening screws. The unit can be used without OLED fitted.
- 11. Fit Box panels front to the PCB and place into Box base. Fix PCB to Box base using M3 10mm self tapping screws.
- 12. If using an OLED display, attach 4 wires from OLED to PCB I2C connector. Take note to ensure correct pins are connected at each end.
- 13. Note PCB is not rectangular. Side panels are very slightly longer.

Gear assembly:

- 1. Press fit 2 * bearings into Box top.
- 2. Attach Bearing retainer outer to Box top using M3 10mm self tapping screws.
- 3. Test fit to tripod before proceeding as QR adapters can vary.
- 4. Trim servo mount point for flush fit. Rubber mounts not required.
- 5. Attach servo to **Box top** using M3 18mm bolts and M3 nuts. Servo should be able to move with a little force to allow adjustment later. Fit servo from underside.
- 6. Fit Gears servo to servo circular or quad horn using M2 10mm screws from servo pack. See video for orientation of horn / screws. (recess face downwards with horn fitted inside recess). Trim screws.
- 7. Attach servo horn / gear assembly to servo.
- 8. Power up servo and ensure it is set to center using FC, RX, servo tester etc.
- 9. Fit Gears main shaft into Box-top bearings. Place so that one of the holes faces to an edge.
- 10. Attach Bearing retainer inner to Gears main shaft using M3 10mm self tapping screws.
- 11. Push Gears servo towards Gears main shaft with very gentle pressure to minimise any gear movement and tighten servo bolts.
- 12. Attach **Box gear cover** to **Box top** using M3 10mm self tapping screws.

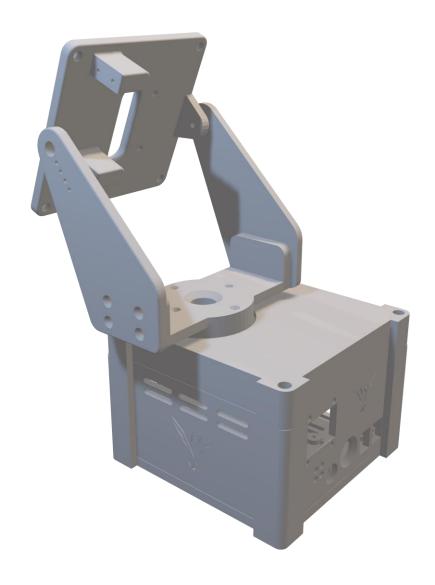
Tilt assembly:

- 1. Press fit bearing into one of **Tilt arms**.
- 2. Fit servo horn to inside of **Tilt arms** using M2 10mm self tapping screws. Excess may bet cut /files smooth
- 3. Fit **Tilt arms** to **Tilt base** using M3 10mm self tapping screws.
- 4. Fit tilt servo to **Tilt mount plate** using M3 10mm self tapping screws and with the servo spline positioned in centre of plate.
- 5. Fit tilt servo to Tilt mount plate to Tilt arms using M3 16mm bolt and nut. Use washer under nut and between Tilt – mount plate and Tilt – arms. Do not over tighten. Plate should move freely.
- 6. Power up servo and ensure it is set to center using FC, RX, servo tester etc.
- 7. Servo spline can be placed into servo horn with mount plate at approx. 45-degree angle. This is starting point for future calibration. Servo horn retaining screw can be fitted – or after tilt calibration.
- 8. Attach **Tilt base** to **Gears main shaft** using M3 10mm self tapping screws.

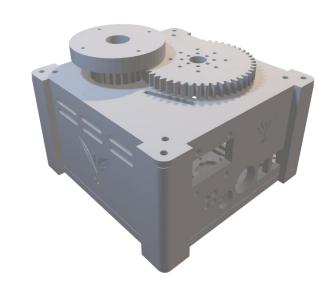
Final assembly:

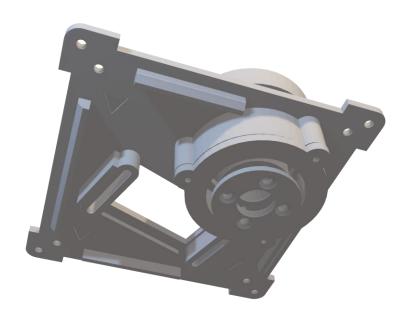
- 1. Prepare cables used to connect the AAT PCB to the receiver. Take utmost care to check the polarity of cables and connections to avoid the magic smoke that powers all electronics. Servo wires are ideal and are included for this. Pins can be swapped to make the correct cable similar to this video link https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rR6aX 8v3pM
- 2. Wind tilt servo cable around a pen to produce a helical cable greatly improves endurance and performance of cables during pan actions.
- 3. Similarly, wind a video connection cable.
- 4. Feed both servo and video connection cables through the **Tilt base** in preparation for connecting to the PCB.
- 5. Insert Box panels side and Box panels rear into Box base.
- Position the assembled tilt unit above the box and connect servo and video cables to the AAT PCB.
- 7. Lower the tilt unit onto the box, noting the arrows on the components showing the correct orientation of the top assembly in relation to the lower assembly and fit using M3 16mm self tapping screws.

AAT – Assembled unit



AAT – internal views



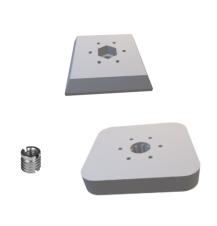


Parts list – STL components

Box - base







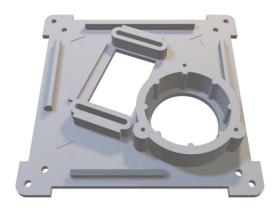
Box - panels side

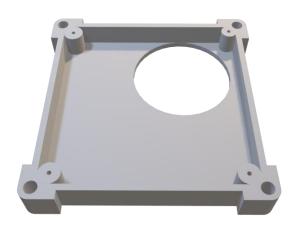


Box - panels front with OLED and rear









Gears - main shaft



Gears - servo



Bearing retainer - inner



Bearing retainer - outer

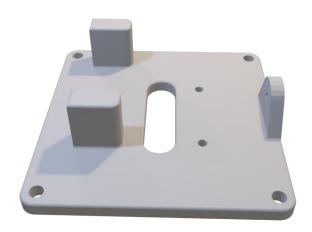


Tilt - base Tilt - arms

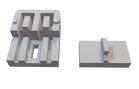




Tilt – mount plate



LED assembly jig

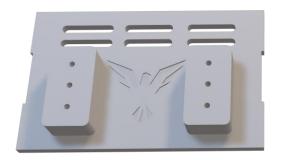


Parts list – optional AAT STL extras

4 " LCD side panel mount



Battery side panel battery mount

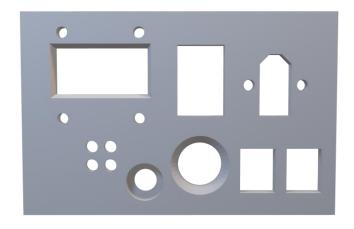




EACHINE RX5808 pro mount

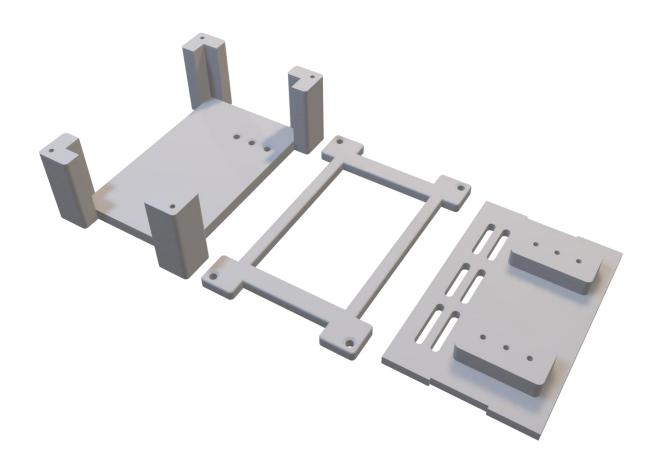


Alternative XT60 switched panel mount





ImmersionRC Powerplay panel mount



Parts list - miscellaneous STL

Tripod leg battery mount



XT60 in line power switch



Tripod leg GoPro mount



XT60M to XT60F in line power switch



Tripod leg 7" LCD mount



Parts list – fixings

Item	QTY
6805 2RS bearing	2
F693ZZ bearing	1
M3 16mm ST screw	4
M3 10mm ST screw	37
M2 10mm ST screw	6
M3 bolt 18mm	5
M3 bolt 12mm	4
M3 Washer	2
M3 Nut	9
OLED screw (use M3 12)	4
OLED nut (use M3)	4
2 * MG996R 180	2
1 * 1/4 - 20 camera mount thread insert	1

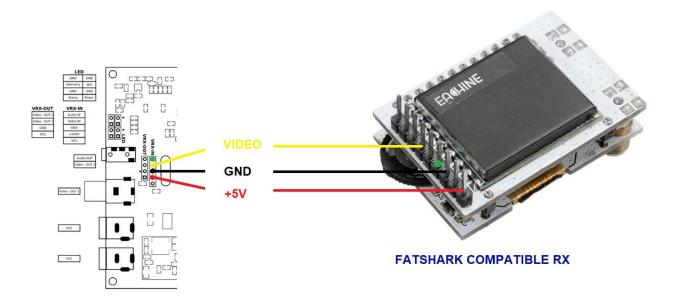
Parts list – components

Item	QTY
RCA / Phone / CINCH	1
4 Pole 3.5mm	1
LED	4
OLED	1
Buzzer	1
PCB header pin header strip - 40 pins	1
Jumper	2

Parts list – extras

Servo lead (RX internal) 150mm M2M	1
Servo lead (RX external) 100 M2F	1
Goggles video cable - 4 pole fatshark style 3m	1
XT60-DC 5.5/2.1 Power leads	1
OLED wires	4

Video RX connections



Take utmost care to check the polarity of cables and connections to avoid releasing the magic smoke that powers all electronics.

Servo wires are ideal and are included for this. Pins can be swapped to make the correct cable similar to this video link https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rR6aX_8v3pM

PCB versions

1	Initial release – green board
1 rev E	Second release – black board Added "TR" link to enable/disable 75R video terminating resistor for easier video compatibility Added Vbat breakout pins Improved silk screen user info

Document revisions

1.0	Initial release
1.1	Added bold warning about 3S maximum Added extra 3D STL options Added camera mount thread insert option
1.2	Added pan / yaw connections Added extra led connection info Added LED jig STL Added IRC PowerPlay STL
1.3	Added warning about mounting screw length Added recommended LED colors Added Fatshark RX pinout for reference
1.4	Added note re Video input jumper Added PCB version info Added PCB Rev E layout diagram
1.5	Added notes re servo mounting. Improved servo gear assembly wording. Corrected servo orientation in image
1.6	Corrected missing I2C highlighted box on PCB header recommendations
1.7	Added PCB rev F layout diagram