

Assignment 2

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Deep Learning: Assignment 2

Date: 05/16/2020

1. Apply the normalization on the training and test data

```
x_train = (x_train - np.mean(x_train, 0))/ np.std(x_train, 0)
x_train[np.isnan(x_train)] = 0

x_test = (x_test - np.mean(x_test, 0))/ np.std(x_test, 0)
x_test[np.isnan(x_test)] = 0
x_test[np.isinf(x_test)] = 0

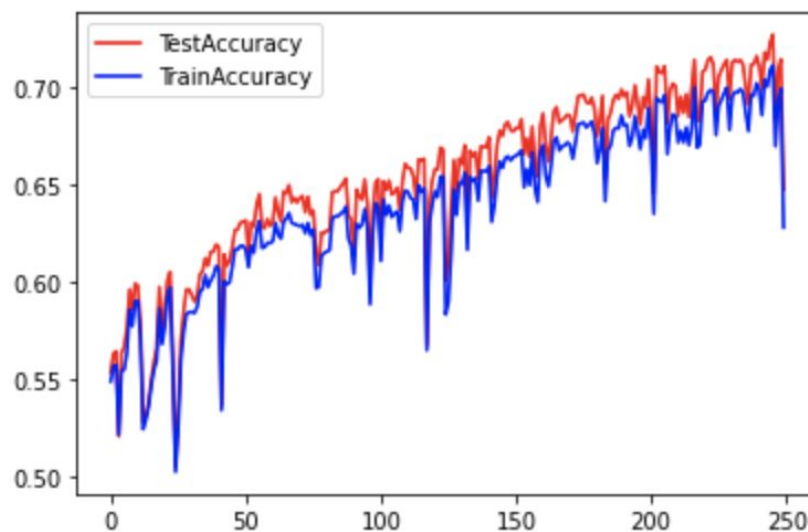
x_train = np.hstack((x_train, np.ones((x_train.shape[0], 1), dtype=x_train.dtype)))
x_test = np.hstack((x_test, np.ones((x_test.shape[0], 1), dtype=x_test.dtype)))
```

2. As a baseline, train a linear classifier $\hat{y} = v^T x$ and quadratic loss. Report its test accuracy

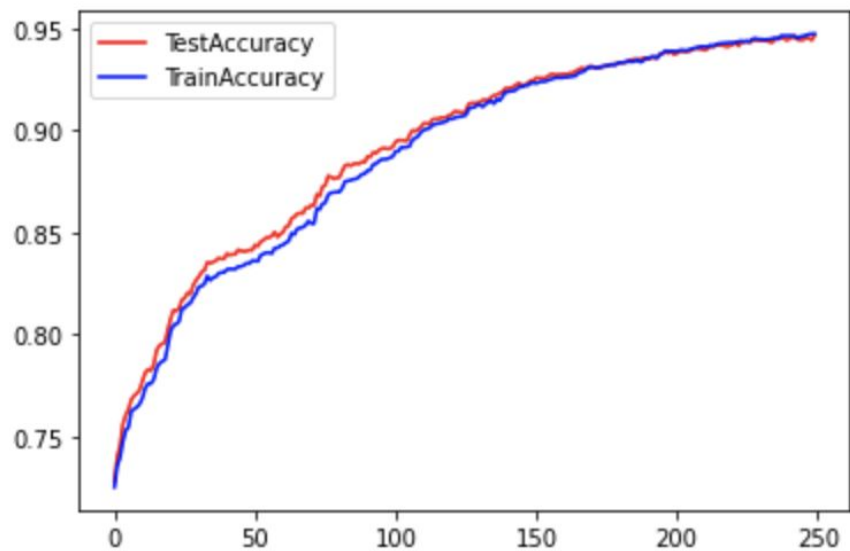
After running the code for linear classifier and finding the quadratic loss, test accuracy came out to be: 85.57%

3. Learning rate = 0.0001

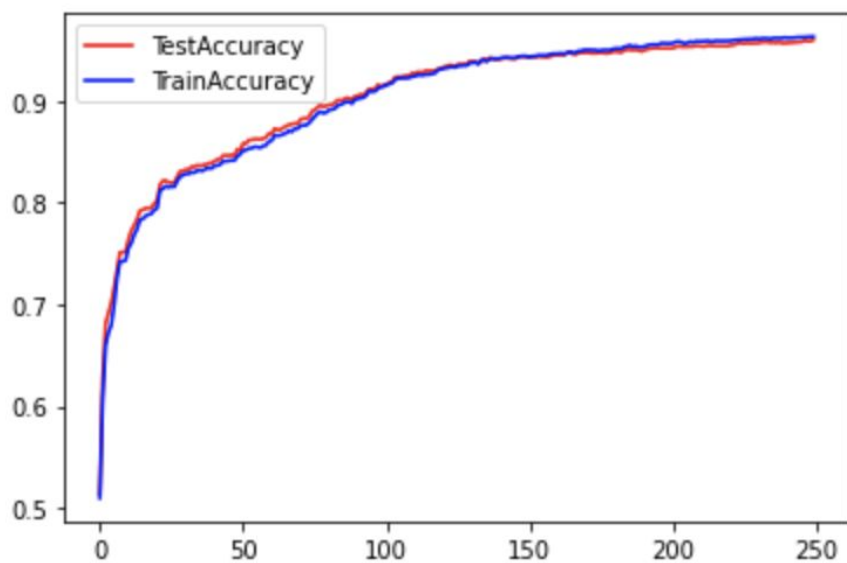
For k=5:



For k=40:



For k=200:

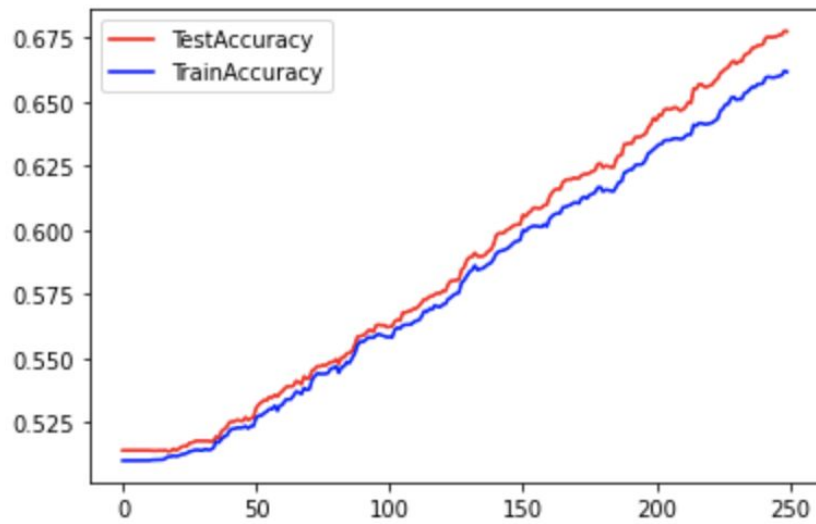


Comment on the role of hidden units k on the ease of optimization and accuracy

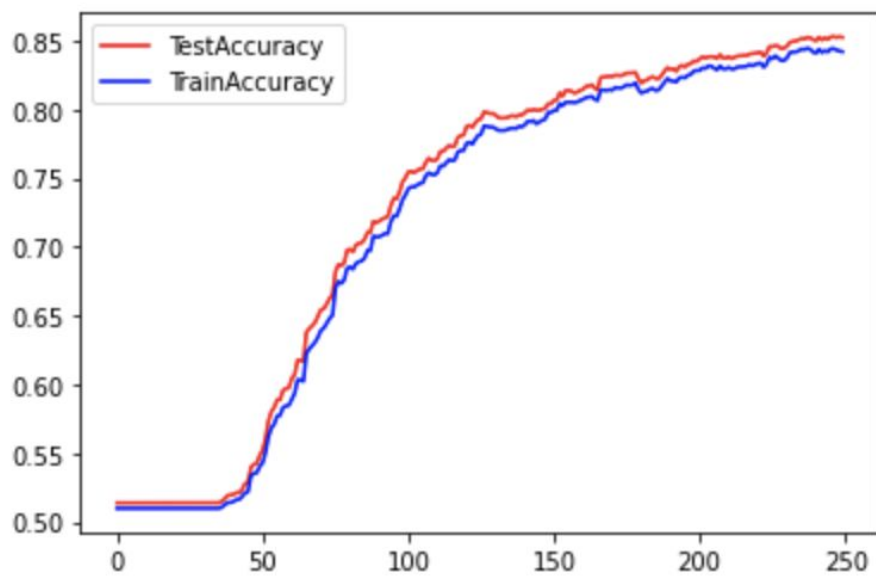
For k=5, both the train and the test accuracy is low and has a lot of zig zag pattern. From the above plots, as k increases, the train and the test accuracy increases.

4. Learning Rate = 0.0001

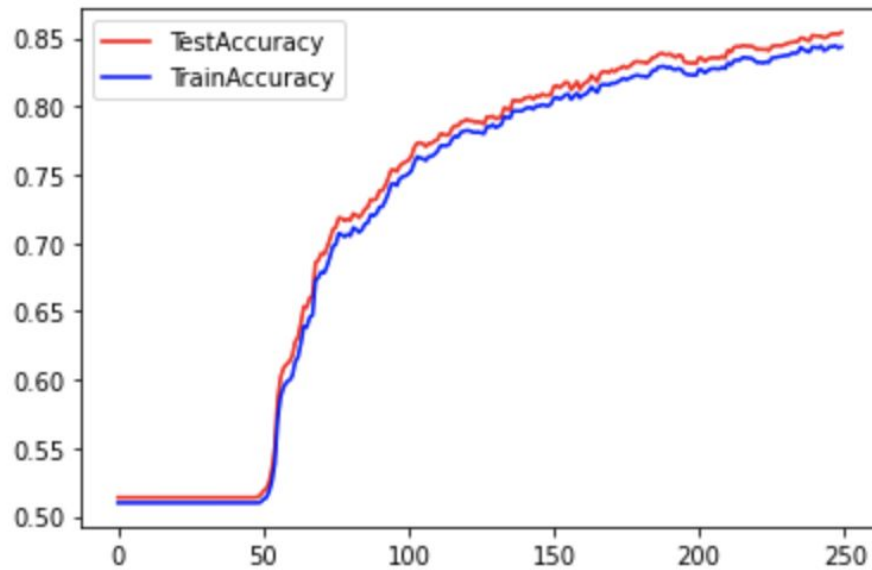
For k=5:



For k=40:



For k=200:



Comment on the role of hidden units k on the ease of optimization and accuracy

As k increases, the train and the test accuracy increases and hence the ease of optimization increases.

5. Comment on the difference between linear model and neural net. Comment on the differences between logistic and quadratic loss in terms of optimization and test/train accuracy

- a. The neural net contains hidden layers which get used for better feature abstraction. Also, as the neural net due to its design gives a non-linear boundary, whereas in the case of linear model, as the name suggests, gives a linear boundary. Considering the given data, the neural net performs better as compared to the linear model due to its non-linear decision making.
- b. The logistic loss converges faster than the quadratic loss. The logistic loss takes much less time to calculate as compared to quadratic loss.