

## Inf Galois Thy

Problem: find intermediate fields b/w  $\overline{\mathbb{F}_p}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_p$

Convin:  $\mathbb{F}_p \subset \mathbb{F}_{p^2} \subset \mathbb{F}_{p^n} \subset \mathbb{F}_{p^m} \subset \dots$

The union is intermediate b/w  $\overline{\mathbb{F}_p}$  &  $\mathbb{F}_p$

It's not all  $\overline{\mathbb{F}_p}$  b/c it doesn't have  $\mathbb{F}_{p^3}$

or  $\bigcup_{n \geq 1} \mathbb{F}_{p^{2 \cdot 2^n}}$

or,  $q_1, q_2, \dots$  primes  $\equiv 1 \pmod{4}$

$\bigcup_{n \geq 1} \mathbb{F}_{p^{q_1 \dots q_n}}$

Consider, a formal product  $n = \prod_{\text{all primes } q} q^{e(q)}$  w/  $e(q) \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$

Given  $m \in \mathbb{N}$  we say the power of  $q$  in  $n$  is  $\leq e(q)$  &  $\forall q$

$$\mathbb{F}_{p^n} = \bigcup_{m \mid n} \mathbb{F}_{p^m}$$

What is  $\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p} / \mathbb{F}_p)$ ?

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{F} \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{F}_{p^2} \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{F}_p \end{array}$$

restriction map

$$\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p} / \mathbb{F}_p) \rightarrow \text{Gal}(\mathbb{F}_{p^n} / \mathbb{F}_p)$$

This is well  
def as  $\mathbb{F}_{p^n}$  is  
adding the rest  
of units which is  
fixed by aut

this is a sub grp normal.

Fix a prime  $q_1$ , consider

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p} / \mathbb{F}_p) & & & & \\ & \swarrow & & \searrow & & & \\ \vdots & & & & & & \\ \cdots & \rightarrow & \text{Gal}(\mathbb{F}_{p^{q_3}} / \mathbb{F}_p) & \rightarrow & \text{Gal}(\mathbb{F}_{p^{q_2}}, \mathbb{F}_p) & \rightarrow & \text{Gal}(\mathbb{F}_{p^1}, \mathbb{F}_p) \\ \mathbb{F} & \downarrow & & & & & \\ \mathbb{F}_{p^2} & \rightarrow & \mathbb{Z}/q_3 & \rightarrow & \mathbb{Z}/q_2 & \rightarrow & \mathbb{Z}/q \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{gr}_P \text{ homo } \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p} / \mathbb{F}_p) \rightarrow \varprojlim \text{Gal}(\mathbb{F}_{p^n} / \mathbb{F}_p)$$

←  
Cain lim

$$\text{So, } \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p} / \mathbb{F}_p)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{map}} \varprojlim \text{Gal}(\mathbb{F}_{p^n} / \mathbb{F}_p)$$

(so not as easy as you only have map if dim 1)

$$\cong \varprojlim \mathbb{Z}/n$$

$$\cong \widehat{\mathbb{Z}}$$

↳ profinite compl. of  $\mathbb{Z}$

$$\text{So, } \widehat{\mathbb{Z}} := \varprojlim \mathbb{Z}/n \quad \text{CRT}$$

$$= \varprojlim \prod_p \mathbb{Z}/\text{val}_p(n) \quad \text{how my times p fine div n}$$

$$\cong \varprojlim \mathbb{Z}_p \quad \text{inverse limit & products switch}$$

↳ back in category limits!

This is the absolute Galois Grp of  $\overline{\mathbb{F}_p}$ .

$\mathbb{Z}_q$  has a topology.

higher powers shrink.

The closed subgroups are  $0$  &  $q^n \mathbb{Z}_q$  ( $n \in \mathbb{N}$ )

" $q^\infty \mathbb{Z}_q$ "

We've now observed bijection,

of closed subgps of  $\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}_p} / \mathbb{F}_p)$   $\longleftrightarrow$  {intermediate fields}

Say,  $K \Rightarrow$  char 0

Def) The abs Gal grp abo  $K$  is  $\text{Gal}(\bar{K}/K)$ . Denoted  $G_K$

$K$  ctbl

Def) Let  $(g_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  be a seq. in  $G_K$  & let  $h \in G_K$

we say  $g_n$  conv to  $h$  if

$\bar{K} = \bigcup_{n \geq 1} L_n$ ,  $L_n|_K$  is galois & finite.  $L_1 \subset L_2$

s.t.  $g_n|_{L_n} = h|_{L_n}$

↳ live in gal grp

Def) not ctbl.

For each finite gal ext  $L|_K$  ( $L \subset \bar{K}$ )

home surj,  $G_K \xrightarrow{\pi_2} \text{Gal}(L|_K)$

Ker  $\pi_2$  are open subgrps of  $G_K$   $\rightsquigarrow$  open 'n

$G_K$  is profinite,  $G_K \cong \varprojlim \text{Gal}(L|_K)$

$\varprojlim$  on finite

(Krull topology)

Thm) Closed subgrps abo  $G_K$   $\longleftrightarrow$  {intern fields  $\bar{K}|_K$ }

Open subgrps abo  $G_K$   $\longleftrightarrow$  {finite extension  $\bar{K}|_K$ }

↳ open subgrps are closed in top grp,

Work  $\mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Q}$  have  $G_{\mathbb{Q}}$

Fix prime  $p$   $\sum_{p^n} = e^{2\pi i/p^n}$

have

$$\mathbb{Q}(\zeta_{p^2})$$

$$\mathbb{Q}(\zeta_p)$$

$$\mathbb{Q}$$

$$G_{\mathbb{Q}} \rightarrow \text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}(\zeta_{p^n})/\mathbb{Q}) \cong (\mathbb{Z}/(p^n))^*$$

Compatible as  $n$  varies  $\Rightarrow$  get home

$$\chi_p: G_{\mathbb{Q}} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p^* \text{ cyclo char}$$

$$\begin{cases} \exists r \in \mathbb{Q} \text{ is a } p\text{-power root of 1} \\ \& r \in G_{\mathbb{Q}} \Rightarrow r \zeta = \zeta^{\chi_p(r)} \end{cases}$$

this is like

a repr

$$\mathbb{Z}_p^* = \text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}_p)$$

$$\subseteq \underline{\text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}_p)}$$