

Math 591 - Lee 3

Recall..

Lemma) A second countable, Hausdorff, locally compact space admits an exhaustion by compact sets.

Prop) defined K_i Pf | Lee's book

Thm) Topological Mfd's M are paracompact!

Open covers have
locally finite
refinements

Prop) By previous, find an exhaustion by compact sets $k_j \rightarrow$ (no repeat) \rightarrow closed \rightarrow compact

Let $V_j = k_{j+1} \setminus (\text{Int } k_j)$ \rightarrow rings $\rightarrow K_j^0$

$w_j = \text{int } k_{j+2} \setminus k_{j+1}$

V_j compact & w_j open. $V_j \subseteq w_j$

Given an open cover \mathcal{X} .

Given $x \in M$. Let $X_0 \in \mathcal{X}$ be a set in \mathcal{X} containing x
Let B be a local basis (let B_x st $x \in B_x \subseteq X_0$ (open))

V_j compact $\Rightarrow \exists$ fin many B_{x_ℓ} which cover V_j

$\{B_{x_\ell}\}$ refinement of $\mathcal{X} \rightarrow$ can arrange so $B_{x_\ell} \subseteq w_j$
 \Rightarrow locally finite.

\hookrightarrow doesn't touch k_{j+1}

Deep Fact) $\varphi: U^{iso} \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow V^{iso} \mathbb{R}^l$ homeo $\Rightarrow n = l$ in of domain

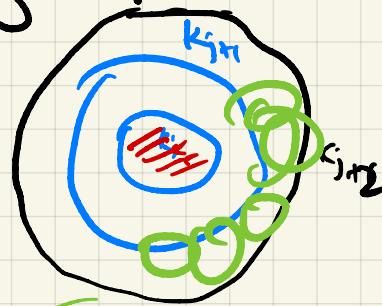
Sol) $\varphi: (a, b) \rightarrow U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^l$ gen $\Rightarrow l = 1$. Can show by disc.

Cor) For M conn, dim is well def. $\dim M = l$ st open nbrs of pts in M are homeo to \mathbb{R}^l .

Conv) Assume dim is const for all conn comp.

Prop) M top mfd. M is conn $\Leftrightarrow M$ is path conn
 \Leftarrow obs. \Rightarrow idea $\therefore p \cdot q \cdot x = f(y + M) \ni$ cts path
 $p \mapsto y$

Claim: X is clopen. Open is easy as balls exist.
Points of closure are in set \overline{X} !



Def.) Let M a top mfld has a diff structure $(C^\infty)^{1, \dots, n, w}$ if:

\exists a cover by open sets U_i of M & homeo $\varphi_i : U_i \rightarrow V_i \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$

St. $V_j \xrightarrow{\varphi_j^{-1}} U_i \cap V_j \xrightarrow{\varphi_i} V_i$ with app rest.

$\varphi_i \circ \varphi_j^{-1} : \varphi_j(U_i \cap V_j) \rightarrow \varphi_i(U_i \cap V_j)$ open to open!

where $\varphi_i \circ \varphi_j^{-1}$ is C^k.

This is an atlas!

E.g. $M = \mathbb{R}^7$. $U_i = \mathbb{R}^7$ $\varphi_i = (\mathbb{R}^7)$

E.g. $S_1 = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid |x| = 1\}$ need 2

