

# Language of Category Theory

**Def)** A category  $\mathcal{G}$  consists of:

- 1) A collection of objects  $\text{Ob}(\mathcal{G})$
- 2)  $\forall X, Y \in \text{Ob}(\mathcal{G})$ , set of morphisms  $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}}(X, Y)$
- 3)  $\forall X, Y, Z \in \text{Ob}(\mathcal{G})$ , composition  
 $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}}(Y, Z) \times \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}}(X, Y) \longrightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}}(X, Z)$   
 $(g, f) \mapsto g \circ f$
- 4)  $\forall X \in \text{Ob}(\mathcal{G}) \exists \text{id}_X \in \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}}(X, X)$  s.t  
 $g \circ \text{id}_X = g, \text{id}_X \circ f = f$   
 when  $g, f$  morphisms s.t above are defd.
- 5) (Assoc of comp)  $(h \circ g) \circ f = h \circ (g \circ f)$   
 for composable morphisms  $h, g, f$

eg

$\mathcal{G}$	$\text{ob}(\mathcal{G})$	Morphisms
Set	Set	maps of sets
Top	Topological sp.	continuous maps
$\text{h Top}$	top sp	homotopy (1 ob of hsp)
Grp	groups	homomorphisms of grps
Ab	Abelian grps	homomorphisms of Ab
Modules / R	R modules	R module homomorphisms

**Def)** A functor  $F$  from  $\mathcal{F} : \mathcal{G} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$  connects  $\mathcal{G}$ :

- 1) A map  $\text{OB}(\mathcal{G}) \rightarrow \text{OB}(\mathcal{H})$   
 $X \mapsto F(X)$

$\mathcal{H}$  cats

connects  $\mathcal{H}$ :

2)  $\forall X, Y \in \text{Ob}(S)$ , a map

$$\text{Hom}_S(X, Y) \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Hom}_S(F(X), F(Y))$$

$$f \longmapsto F(f)$$

s.t.

i)  $F(\text{id}_X) = \text{id}_{F(X)} \quad \forall X \in \text{Ob}(S)$

ii)  $F(g \circ f) = F(g) \circ F(f)$

& comp  $g, f$

E.g. ① **Forgettable functor**:  $\text{Top} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & X & \rightarrow \text{underlying set} \\ \text{forget} \\ \text{structure} & \downarrow & \\ (f: X \rightarrow Y) & \longleftrightarrow & (f: X \rightarrow Y) \end{array}$$

② **Free functor**:  $\text{Sets} \rightarrow R\text{-modules}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \longmapsto & R^{\oplus X} \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{free prod} \cong \text{im} \\ (f: X \rightarrow Y) & \longmapsto & R^{\oplus X} \longrightarrow R^{\oplus Y} \end{array}$$

$$\sum_{x \in X} a_x \cdot x \longmapsto \sum_{x \in X} a_x \cdot f(x)$$

functor finite sum

③  $\Pi_0: \text{Top} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \longrightarrow & \Pi_0(X) \\ f & \longrightarrow & \Pi_0(f) \end{array}$$

as from last time

In fact, this factors via a functor

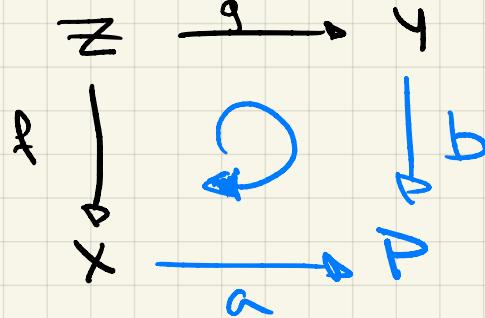
$$\Delta: h\text{-Top} \rightarrow \text{Set}$$

A rephrasing of the statement that  $f \circ g \Rightarrow \Pi_0(f) = \Pi_0(g)$

Alg top = study of category of  $h\text{-Top}$  via functors to "alg cat".

$\hookrightarrow (\text{Set}, \text{Grps},$   
 $R\text{-Mod}'s)$

Given a diagram in the category  $\mathcal{S}$

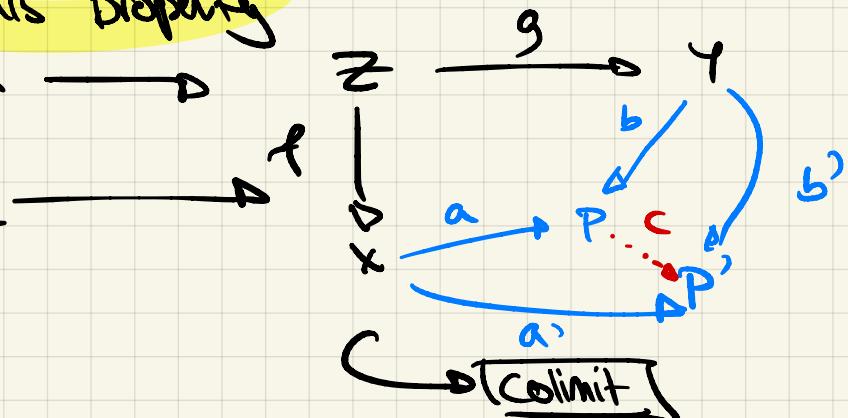


a **pushout** is an object  $P$  with  
 Morphisms  $a : X \rightarrow P$  &  
 $b : Y \rightarrow P$  so that  
 extended diagram commutes

And is Universal w/ this Property

i.e If commutative diagram  $\longrightarrow$

$\exists! C: P \rightarrow P'$  making the extended diagram commute



Prop) if the pushout exists, it is then unique up to (unique) isomorphism  $\rightarrow$  map in  $\text{IntDir}$  that comp to id

$\hookrightarrow$  get a  $c : P \rightarrow P'$  &  $c' : P' \rightarrow P$   $c \circ c'$  map from  $P' \rightarrow P'$

- Pushout is a special case of the notion of a colimit!

E-X) Pushouts exist in the category of top sp!

$$P = \frac{X \sqcup Y}{(f(z) \sim g(z)) \vee z \in Z}$$

quotient  
maps

a:  $X \rightarrow P$   
b:  $Y \rightarrow P$

top 2 natural  
(incl +  
proj)

quotient forces commute

Def A CW complex (cell complex) is a space  $X$  built inductively as follows:

$\circ X^0$  is a discrete set of PB

$(\text{gl}_n) \circ X^n$  is built from  $X^{n-1}$  by attaching  $n$  discs

$$\text{i.e. } x^n = x^{n-1} \prod_{\alpha} D_{\alpha}^n$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} f(x) \neq 0$$

where  $D^n \cong D_\alpha^n \wedge_{\text{disc}} \quad \varphi_\alpha : \partial D_\alpha^n = S_{\alpha}^{n-1} \rightarrow X^{n_1}$

$\circ X := \bigcup X^n$  w/ weak ( $(\text{w})$ ) topology

$U \subseteq X$  open  $\iff \forall n, U \cap X^n \subset X^n$  open

Terminology  $X^n \rightarrow n\text{-skeleton}$

$e_n^x :=$  interior of  $D_n^\alpha$ , an open  $n\text{-disc}$   
 $\hookrightarrow$  often called  $n\text{-cell}$

$\Phi_\alpha : D_\alpha^n \rightarrow X^n \rightarrow X$  Characteristic map  
natural maps are "inclusions"  $\hookrightarrow X$  (so far)

$\Phi_\alpha|_{S_{n-1}^{n-1}} = S_{n-1}^{n-1} \xrightarrow{\psi_\alpha} X^{n-1} \rightarrow X$

$\Phi_\alpha|_{C_\alpha^n}$  homes to its image

