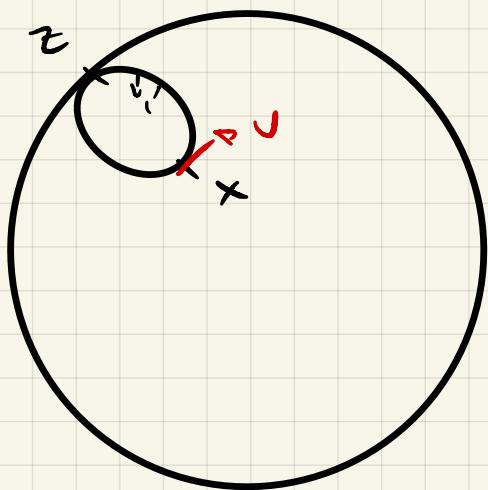


The horocycle flow fib

want to def $h_s(x, \vec{v}) \rightarrow (\omega, z, +)$



→ horocycle $H_{z,t}$ or $H_{z,x}$

based at z thru x

let $\beta_{x,z} : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow H_{z,x}$

unit speed param of horocycle

$$\beta_{x,z}(s) = x \text{ } \& \beta_{x,z}^{-1}(0), \vec{v} \text{ are pos or bds.}$$

$$h_s(\vec{x}, \vec{v}) = (\beta_{x,z}(s), \text{ unit vec } \perp \beta_{x,z}'(s) \text{ towards } z)$$

By def, $h_s \circ \gamma = \gamma \circ \eta_s$ ($s \in \mathbb{R}$, $\gamma \in PSL(2, \mathbb{R})$)
 $\eta_s(i, [0, 1]) = (s+i, [0, 1])$

{in H² model.} $\beta{i,\infty}(s) = s+i$ as horocycle is \longrightarrow exc line.

$$\phi_t(i, [0, 1]) = (e^t i, [0, e^t])$$

$$\phi_t(h_s(i), [0, 1]) = \phi_t(s+i, [0, 1]) = (e^t i + s, [0, e^t])$$

$$h_s(\phi_t(i, [0, 1])) = h_s(e^t i, [0, e^t]) = (e^t i + se^t, [0, e^t])$$

$$h_{se^{-t}}(\phi_t(i, [0, 1])) = (e^t i + s, [0, e^t]) \quad \text{don't quite commute a}$$
$$= \phi_t(h_s(i), [0, 1])$$

(so commute if careful.)

We know $\phi_t \circ h_s = h_{se^{-t}} \circ \phi_t \text{ vs, t}$

Space

$$\Phi_t(i, [0]) \quad \Phi_t(hs(i, [0]))$$

$$b: \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{H}^2$$

be area ft.

$$\delta(\Phi_t(i, [0]), \Phi_t(hs(i, [0]))) \rightarrow 0$$

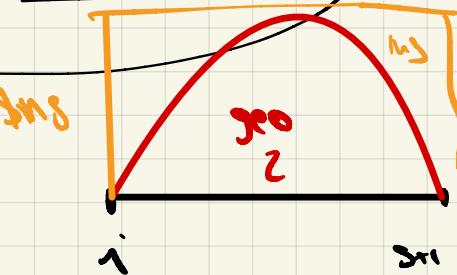
as $t \rightarrow \infty$

\Rightarrow fixed

$$\delta(\Phi_t(x, v), \Phi_t(hs(x, v))) \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{as } t \rightarrow \infty$$

$x, v \in \mathbb{H}^2$ and any $s \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$\delta(i, s+i) = \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{|s|}{2}\right)$$



$$\text{if } s \approx 0, 2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{2}\right) \approx s$$

$$\text{if } s \gg 0, 2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{2}\right) \approx 2 \log |s|$$

Consider,

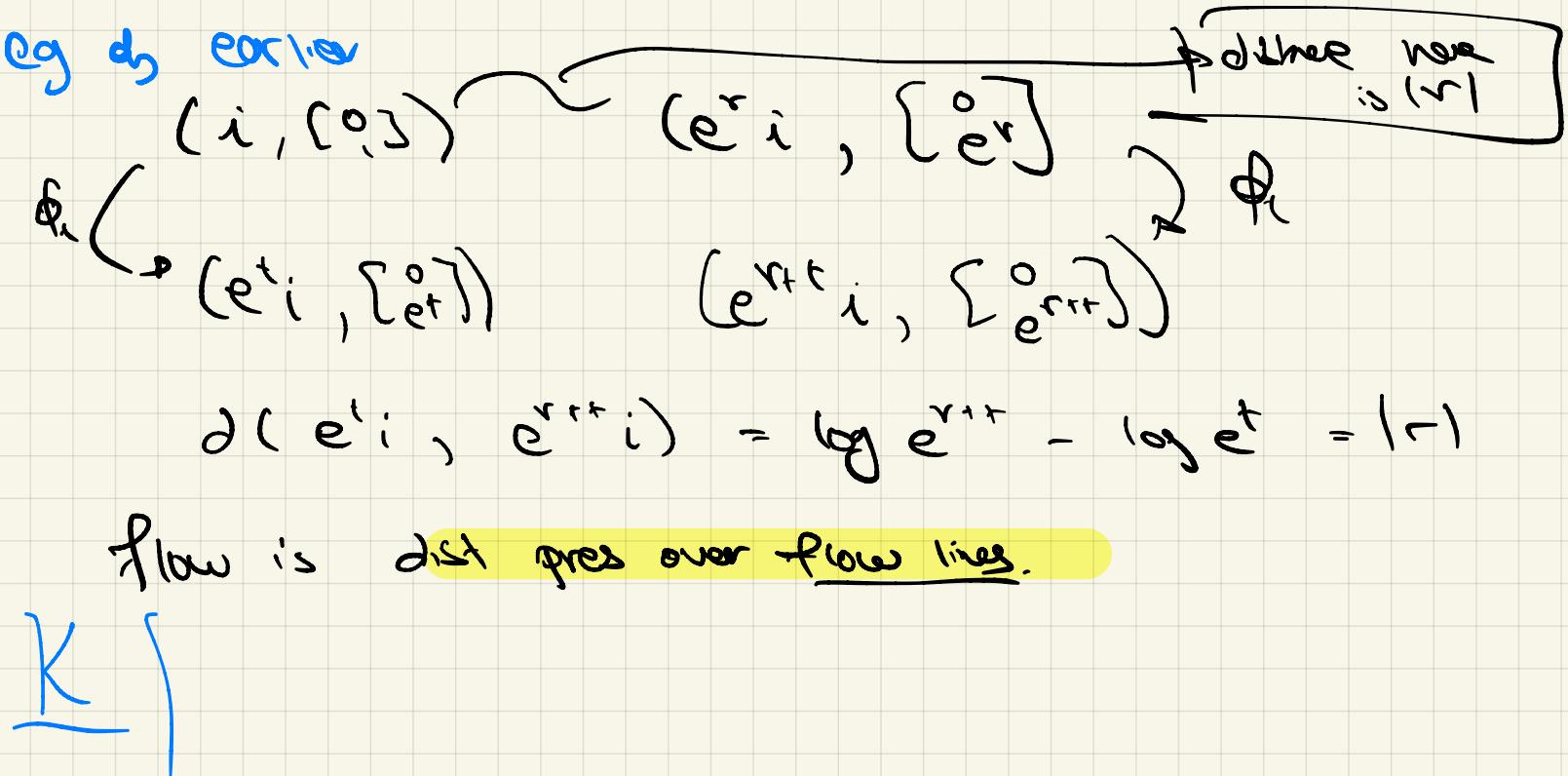
$$\delta((x, v), (y, u)) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-|t|} \delta(b(\Phi_t(x, v)), b(\Phi_t(y, u))) dt$$

\Leftrightarrow P-invariant & smooth!

$$\delta((w, z, r), (w, z, s)) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{+t} |s-r| dt = 2|r-s|$$

$$\Phi_t(w, z, r) = (w, z, r+rt), \quad \Phi_t(w, z, s) = (w, z, s+rt),$$

→ some flow line



$$\partial((i, \{^o_i\}), (s_i, \{^o_i\})) = 4 \log \left(\frac{|s| + \sqrt{s^2 + 4}}{2} \right)$$

as $s \rightarrow 0$ $\partial \sim 2s$,

As $s \rightarrow \infty$ $\partial \sim 4 \log s$

$$\begin{aligned} & \partial(\phi_t(x, \vec{v}^o), \phi_t(u_s(x, \vec{v}^o))) \\ &= \partial(\phi_t(x, \vec{v}^o), \omega_{e^{-t}s}(\phi_t(x, \vec{v}^o))) \\ &= 4 \log \left(|e^{-t}s| + \sqrt{e^{-2t}s^2 + 4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$\rightarrow 0$ as $t \rightarrow \infty$

$\phi : \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{Y} \rightarrow \mathbb{Y}$ a flow

Def The stable set of $y \in \mathbb{Y}$

$$\text{Stable}(y, \delta) = \{x \in \mathbb{Y} \mid \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \partial(\phi_t(x), \phi_t(y)) = 0\}$$

$\text{Stable}(\phi, (x, v)) \supset \{u_s(x, \vec{v}) \mid \forall s \in \mathbb{R}\}$