

① Given an abstract simpl. complex X not necessarily unique

X is a cone if \exists a vertex v (cone pt) in X st $X = \text{star}(v)$

i.e. \forall simpl. τ in X $\sigma \cup \{v\}$ is a simplex

$$X = \text{star}_X(v) \stackrel{\text{w.r.}}{=} v * \text{Link}_X(v) = \text{cone}(\text{Link}_X(v))$$

$\Rightarrow X$ is contractible

② X abstr. simpl. complex

X is a near cone assoc to vertex x

if $X = \text{star}_X(v) \cup \{\tau\}$
 \downarrow additional simplices
 glued to $\text{star}_X(v)$ along
 whole boundary.

Up to htpy, can contract $\text{star}_X(v)$

\hookrightarrow so $X \simeq V \cup \partial \tau$
 $\partial \tau \rightarrow$ sphere of dim σ

as $X \simeq X / \text{star}_X(v)$.

Precisely: \forall simpl. τ of X either

① $\tau \in \text{star}_X(v)$ or

② $\exists w \in \tau$, $(\tau \setminus \{w\}) \cup \{v\}$ a simplex in X .

\hookrightarrow i.e. face $\tau \setminus \{w\}$ of τ is contained in $\text{star}_X(v)$.

formal bary cent.

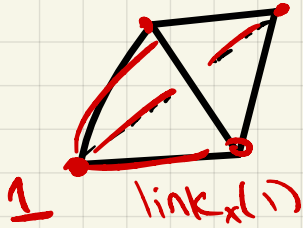
Warm up $(\Delta^n)^{(k)}$ k skel n -simplex.

vertices, $[n+1]$

Simplices \leftrightarrow all subsets of size $\leq k+1$

Choose $1 = v$

$\hookrightarrow k$ simpl



So, $(\Delta^n)^{(k)} = \text{Star}_x(1) \cup \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{subsets size} \\ k+1 \text{ that don't} \\ \text{have } 1 \end{array} \right\}$

not in $\text{Star}_x(1)$
but every proper
face is

\hookrightarrow this satisfies ②

all the $< k+1$ not with
1 is in $\text{Star}_x(1)$ as can
add 1 with k simplex

good near cone decomp

$$= (\Delta^n)^{(k)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \quad \vee \quad S^k \\ \quad \quad B \quad \quad \mathbb{R} \quad \mathbb{R} \\ \mathbb{R} \quad \vee \quad S^k \\ \quad \quad \left(\mathbb{R}^n_{k+1} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\#B = \binom{n}{k+1}$$