

Control Systems

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1 Feedback Current Amplifier: Example 1

Abstract—This manual is an introduction to control systems in feedback circuits. Links to sample Python codes are available in the text.

Download python codes using

svn co <https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/control/feedback/codes>

1 FEEDBACK CURRENT AMPLIFIER: EXAMPLE

1.1. An op amp designed to have a low-frequency gain of 10^5 and a high-frequency response dominated by a single pole at 100 rad/s, acquires, through a manufacturing error, a pair of additional poles at 10,000 rad/s.

- At what frequency does the total phase shift reach 180° ?
- At this frequency, for what value of β , assumed to be frequency independent, does the loop gain reach a value of unity?
- What is the corresponding value of closed-loop gain at low frequencies?

Solution:

$$G(s) = \frac{A}{1 + \frac{s}{p}} \quad (1.1.1)$$

$$A = \text{Low Frequency Gain} = 10^5 \quad (1.1.2)$$

$$p = 100 \quad (1.1.3)$$

$$G(s) = \frac{10^5}{(1 + \frac{s}{100})(1 + \frac{s}{10^4})^2} \quad (1.1.4)$$

$$\angle G(j\omega) = -\tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{100} - 2 \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{10^4} \quad (1.1.5)$$

1.2. Calculating the frequency at which the total phase shift reach 180°

At ω_{180} , $\angle G(j\omega_{180}) = -180^\circ$

Also $\omega_{180} \gg 100$

$$180^\circ = 90^\circ + 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_{180}}{10^4} \right) \quad (1.2.1)$$

$$\tan^{-1} \frac{\omega_{180}}{10^4} = 45^\circ \quad (1.2.2)$$

$$\frac{\omega_{180}}{10^4} = \tan 45^\circ = 1 \quad (1.2.3)$$

$$\omega_{180} = 10^4 \text{ rad/s} \quad (1.2.4)$$

1.3. Calculating feedback factor β for which loop gain at ω_{180} is unity

$$\text{Loop Gain} = G(s)\beta = 1 \quad (1.3.1)$$

$$\frac{10^5 \beta}{\sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{\omega_{180}}{10^2}\right)^2} \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{\omega_{180}}{10^4}\right)^2}} = 1 \quad (1.3.2)$$

$$\beta = 0.002 \quad (1.3.3)$$

1.4. Calculating the closed loop gain at low frequency Let $H(s)$ be the closed loop Transfer Function.

$$H(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + \beta G(s)} \quad (1.4.1)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{10^5}{1 + \beta 10^5 + \frac{s}{100}} \quad (1.4.2)$$

$$|H(s)| = \frac{10^5}{\sqrt{(200)^2 + \left(\frac{s}{100}\right)^2}} \quad (1.4.3)$$

At low frequencies

$$|H(s)| = 500 \text{ V/V} \quad (1.4.4)$$

Parameter	Value
ω_{180}	10^4 rad/s
β	0.002
$ H(0) $	500 V/V

TABLE 1.4: Obtained Parameters

The following code does all the calculations of

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above equations and returns the parameters

codes/ee18btech11001/code1.py