# COL380

# Introduction to Parallel & Distributed Programming

## Agenda

- MPI Collectives and their implementation
- One-sided communication
- MPI supported file IO

MPI\_Bcast(mesg, count, MPI\_INT, root, comm);
can be
pointer on all number & type
identified sender intercommunicator

- All participants must call, match by comm and root
- No implicit synchronization

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```
rank A AO A1 A2
rank B ? ? ?
rank C ? ?
rank D ? ?
```

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MPI_Bcast(mesg, count, MPI_INT, root, comm);
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pointer on all number & type
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- No implicit synchronization

```
      Data index 0-2

      rank A
      A0
      A1
      A2
      A A0
      A1
      A2

      rank B
      ?
      ?
      ?
      B A0
      A1
      A2

      rank C
      ?
      ?
      ?
      C A0
      A1
      A2

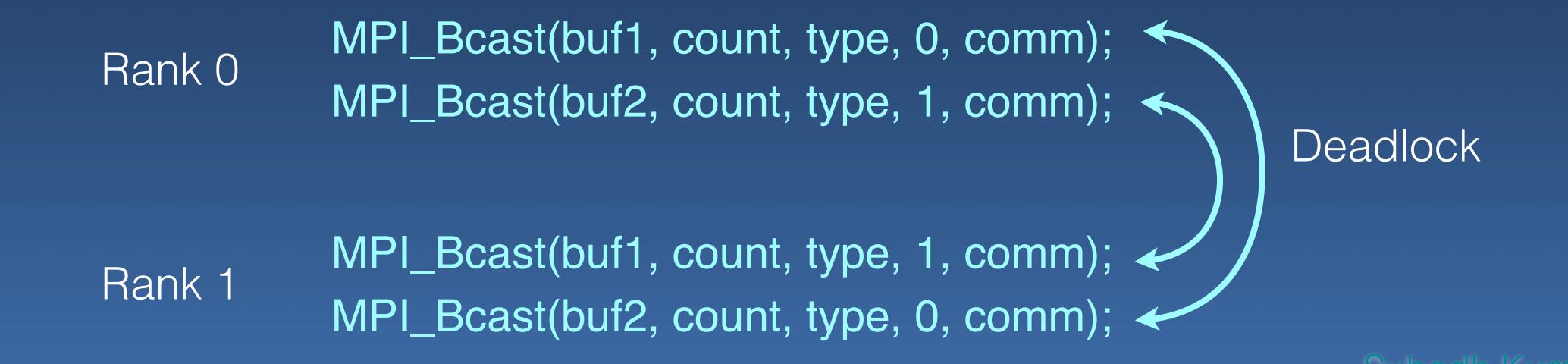
      rank D
      ?
      ?
      P A0
      A1
      A2
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#### See: MPI\_Reduce, MPI\_Scan



- All participants must call, match by comm and root
- No implicit synchronization

see MPI\_Ibcast

Rank 0

MPI\_Bcast(buf1, count, type, 0, comm);
MPI\_Bcast(buf2, count, type, 1, comm);

Pank 1

MPI\_Bcast(buf1, count, type, 1, comm);
MPI\_Bcast(buf2, count, type, 0, comm);

MPI\_Bcast(buf2, count, type, 0, comm);

Data index ...

- Similar to non-roots sending:
  - MPI\_Send(sendbuf, sendcount, sendtype, root, ...),
- and the root receiving n times:

A AO A1 A2 A AO A1 A2 BO B1 ...

B BO B1 B2 B BO B1 B2

C CO C1 C2 C CO C1 C2

D DO D1 D2 D D0 D1 D2

: C CO C1 C2

Data index..

- MPI\_Recv(recvbuf + i \* recvcount \*extent(recvtype), recvcount, recvtype, i, ...)
- MPI\_Gatherv allows different size data to be gathered
- MPI\_Allgather has no root; all nodes receive similarly

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  - MPI\_Send(sendbuf, sendcount, sendtype, root, ...),
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```
Data index..

A A0 A1 A2 A A0 A1 A2 B0 B1 ∴

B B0 B1 B2 B A0 A1 A2 B0 B1 ∴

C C0 C1 C2 C A0 A1 A2 B0 B1 ∴

D D0 D1 D2 D A0 A1 A2 B0 B1 ∴

(all gather)
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#### MPI\_Scatter is opposite of MPI\_Gather

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  - MPI\_Send(sendbuf, sendcount, sendtype, root, ...),
- and the root receiving n times:

```
Data index..

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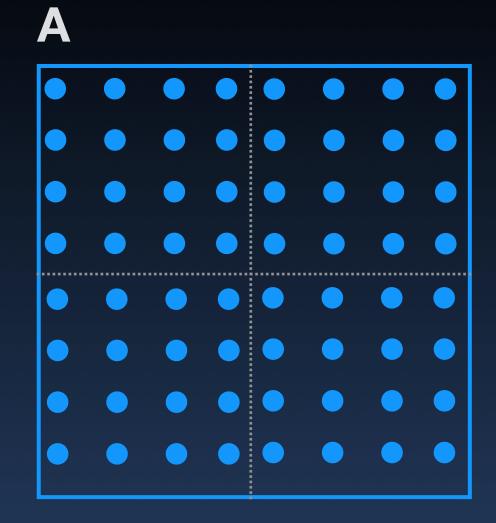
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## Scatter Matrix



```
Scatter Matrix
double A[8][8], alocal[4][4];
int i, j, r, rank, size, sendcount[4], sdispls[4];
MPI_Datatype stype, vtype;
MPI_Comm_rank( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank );
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
if (size != 4) MPI_Abort( MPI_COMM_WORLD, 1 );
if (rank == 0)
    initialize(A);
    MPI_Type_vector(4, 4, 8, MPI_DOUBLE, &vtype); // 4 sets of 4 doubles, separated by 8
    MPI_Type_create_resized(vtype, 0, 4*sizeof(double), &stype); // Artificial type for scatter
    MPI_Type_commit(&stype);
    // Setup the Scatter values for the send buffer
    sendcount[0] = sendcount[1] = sendcount[2] = sendcount[3] = 1; // Send one to each
    // Starting locations in A of the four sub matrices in terms of stype
    sdispls[0] = 0; sdispls[1] = 1; sdispls[2] = 8; sdispls[3] = 9; / Send from offsets 0,1,8,9
    MPI_Scatterv(A, sendcount, sdispls, stype, alocal, 4*4, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
 - else {
    MPI_Scatterv( (void *)0, (void *)0, (void *)0, MPI_DATATYPE_NULL,
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                                                                                Red marks start of stype
if (rank == 0) {
                                                                                elements 0, 1, 8, 9 resp.
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```

#### All to All

```
Data index..

A A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5

B B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5

C C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5
:

Data index..

A A0 A1 B0 B1 C0 C1

B A2 A3 B2 B3 C2 C3

C A4 A5 B4 B5 C4 C5
:
```

Can all-to-all multiple data items

Bcast a

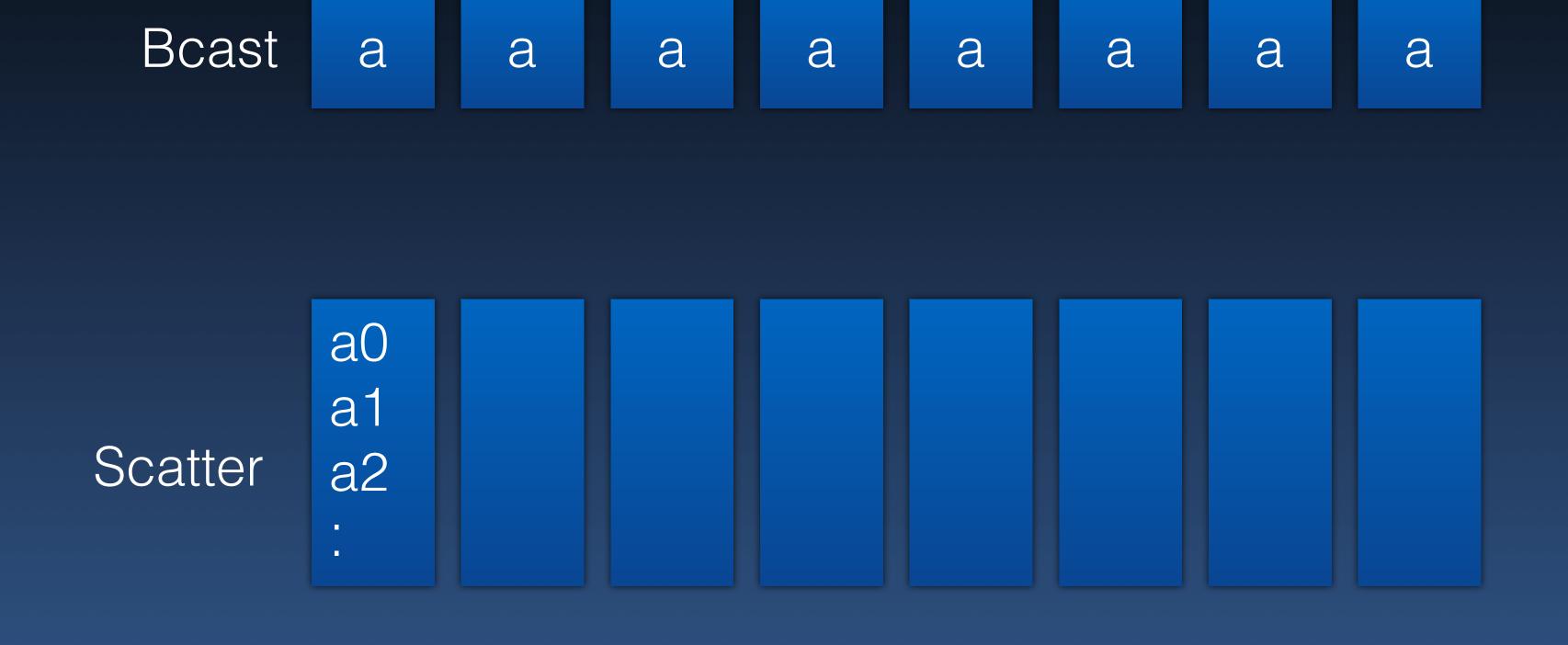
Bcast a a

Bcast a a a a

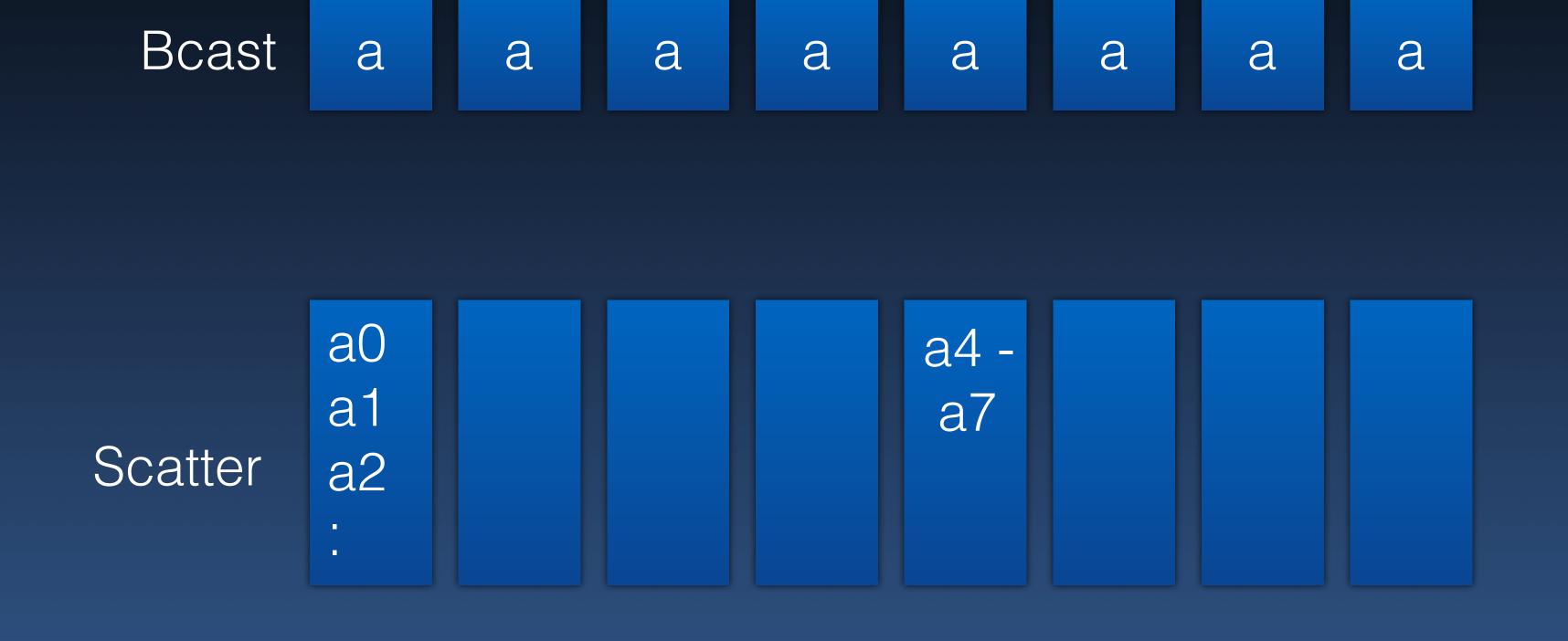
Bcast a a a a a a

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log P rounds
1 message/round/pair
of 'unit' size



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1 message/round/pair
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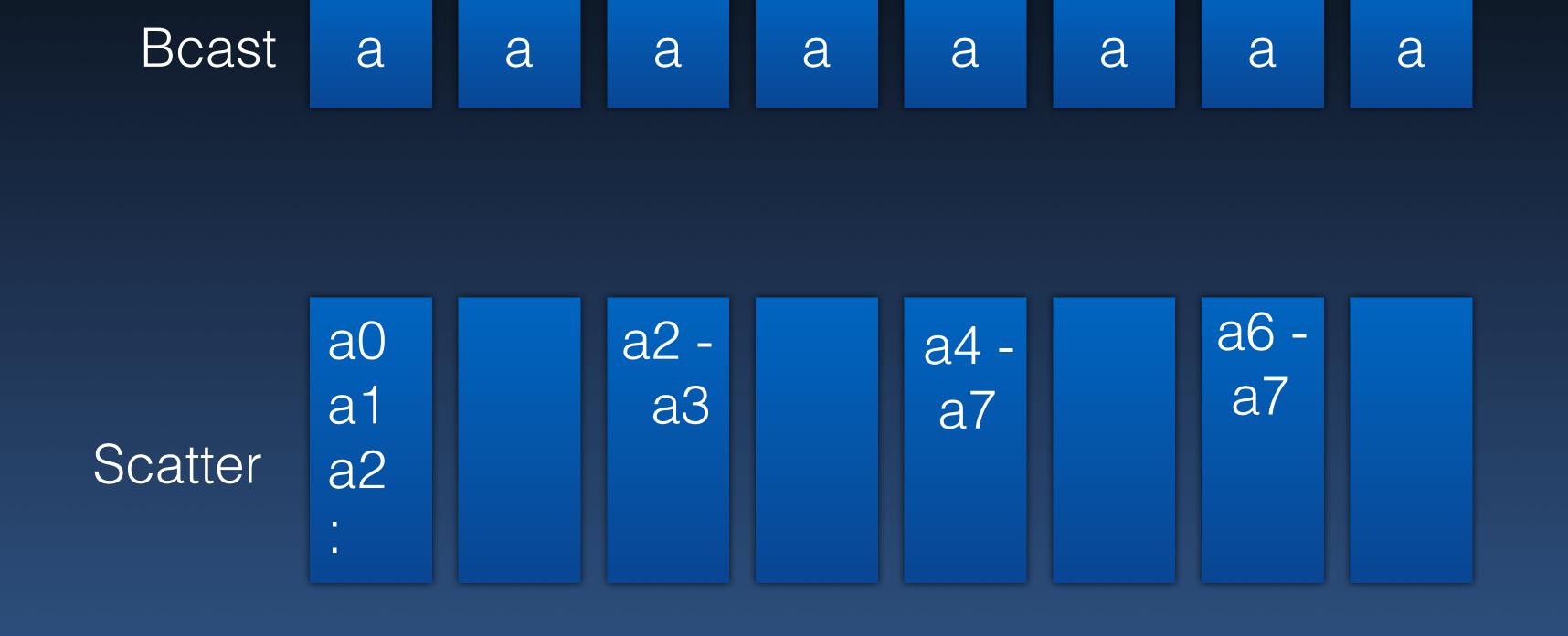


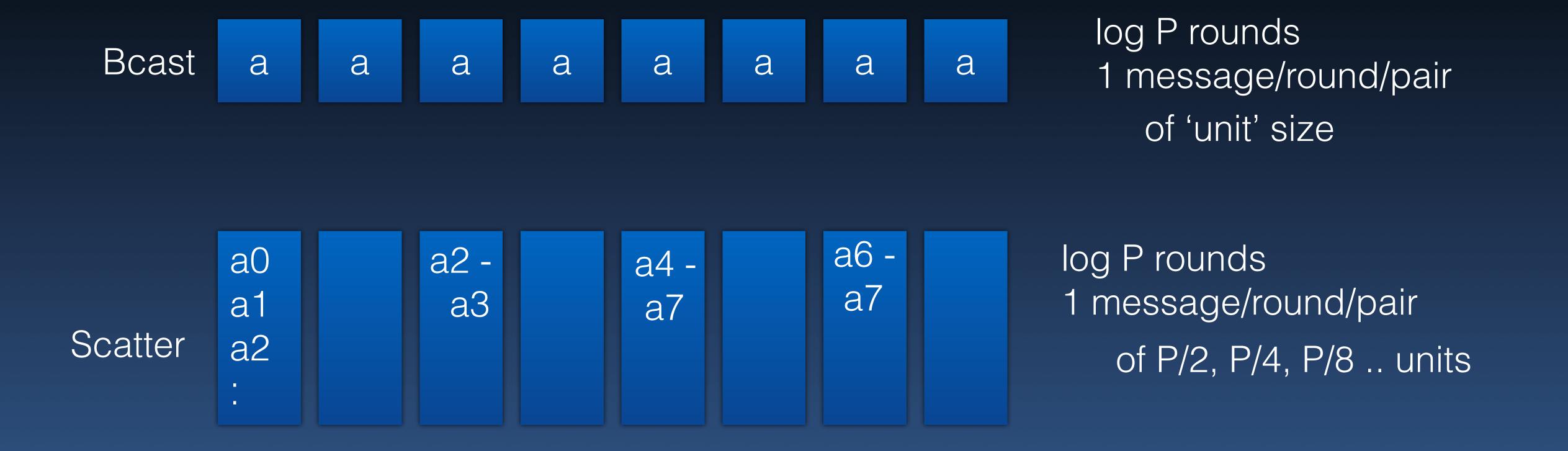
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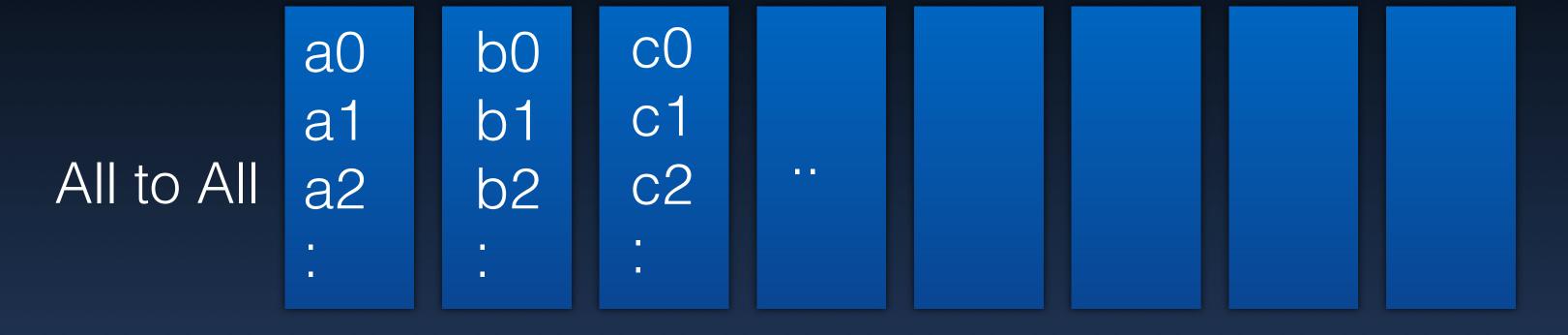
log P rounds

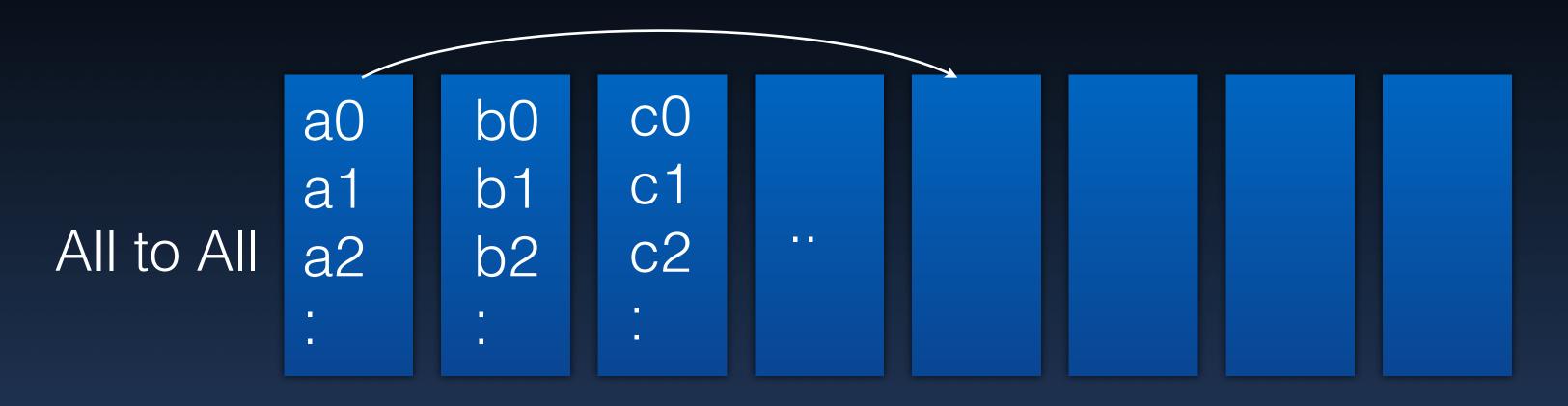


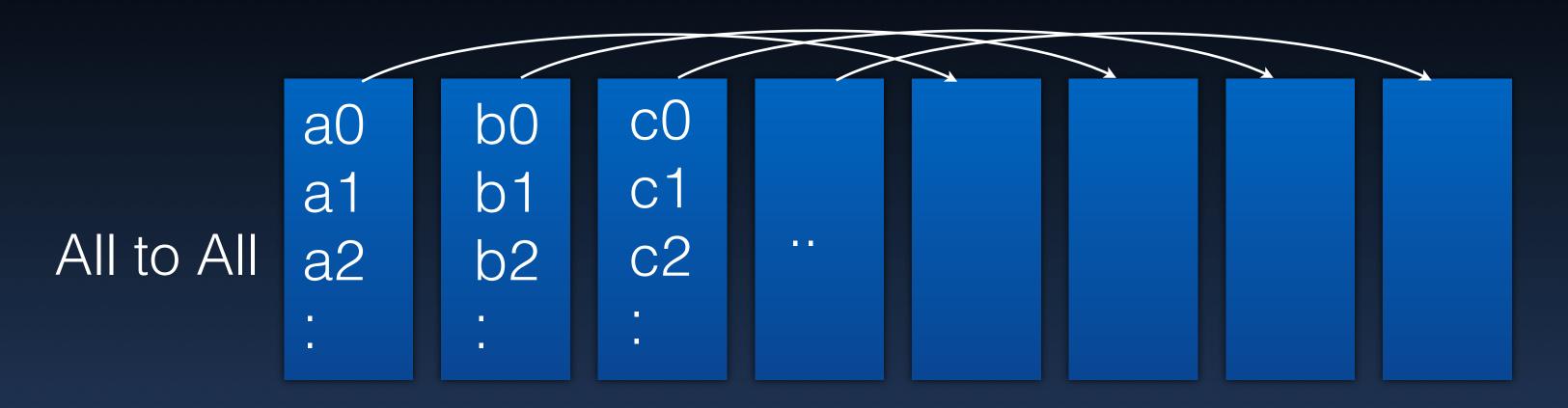


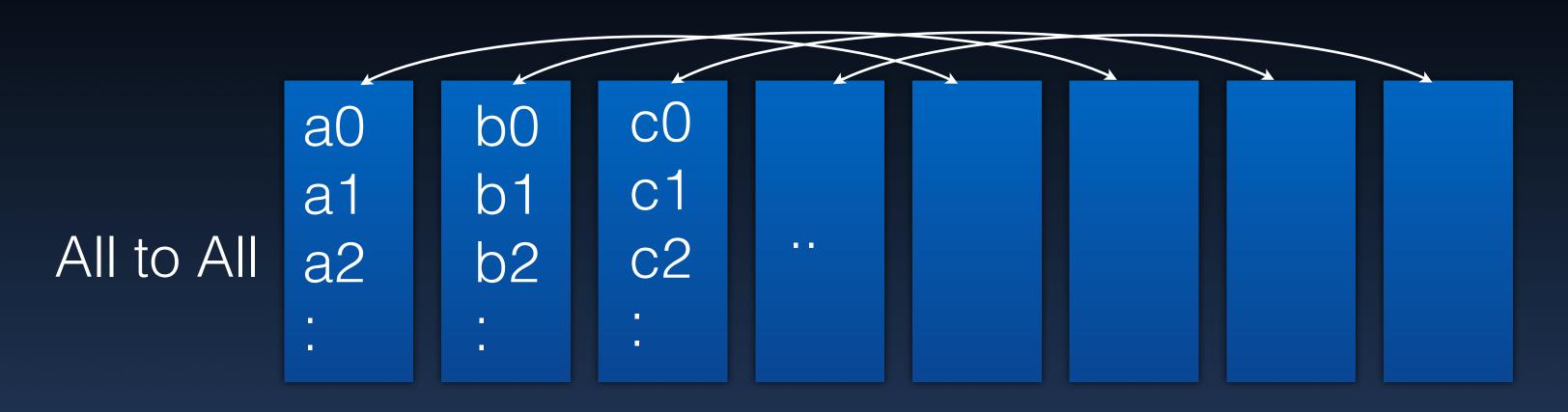
log P rounds Bcast a a a a a a a a 1 message/round/pair of 'unit' size a6 log P rounds a2 a0 a4 a7 1 message/round/pair a3 a1 a7 Scatter a2 of P/2, P/4, P/8 .. units

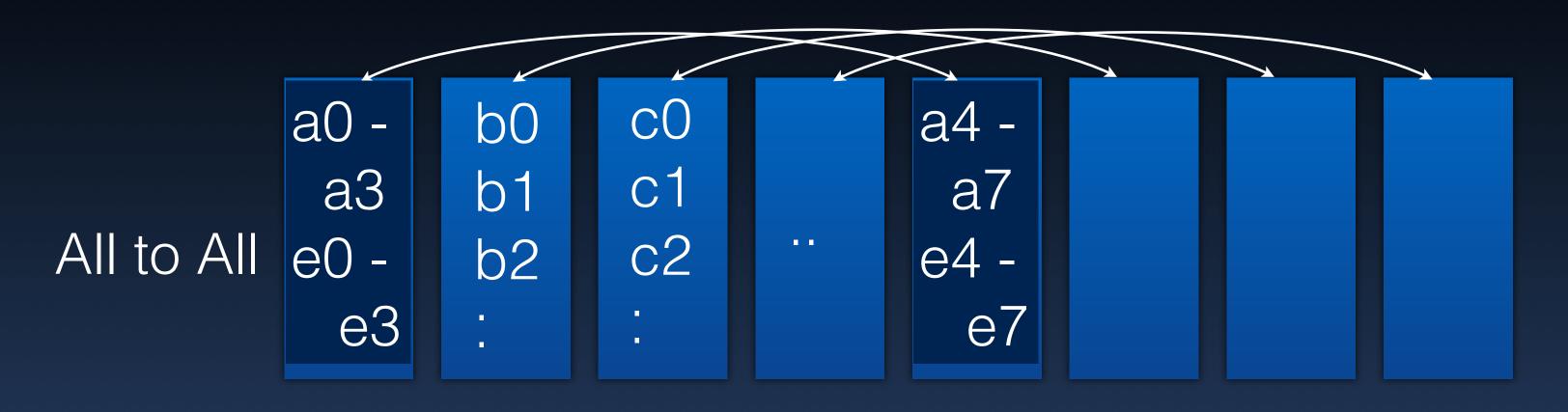
```
r = 2 [log n]
while(r > 1):
    if( PID & (r-1) == 0)
        Send items[r/2:end] to PID+r/2 (match recv)
    r /= 2;
```





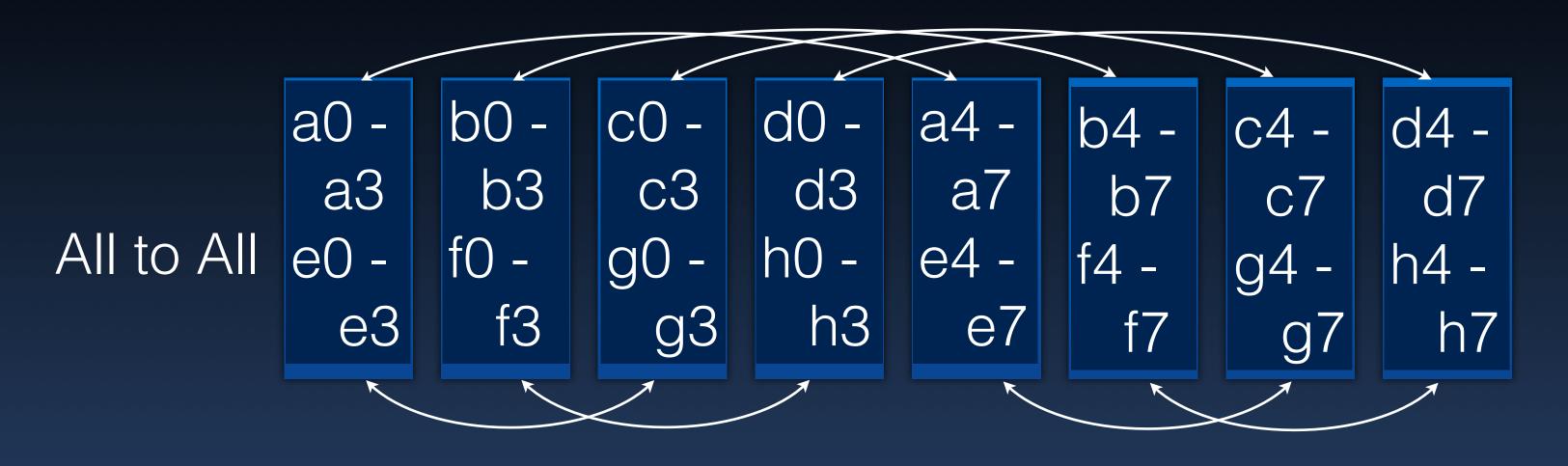




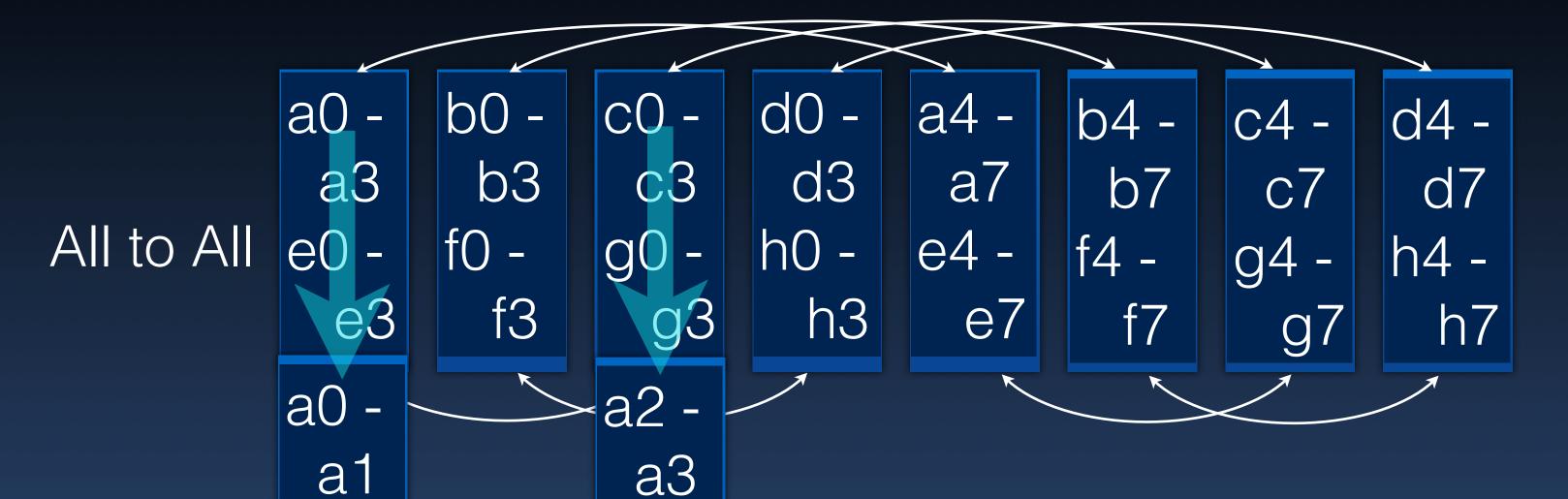




- P/2 pairs exchange ½ their data (first/second half)
  - → each P/2 apart



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  - → each P/2 apart



c2 -

e2 -

g2 -

c3

**e**3

g3

c0 -

e0 -

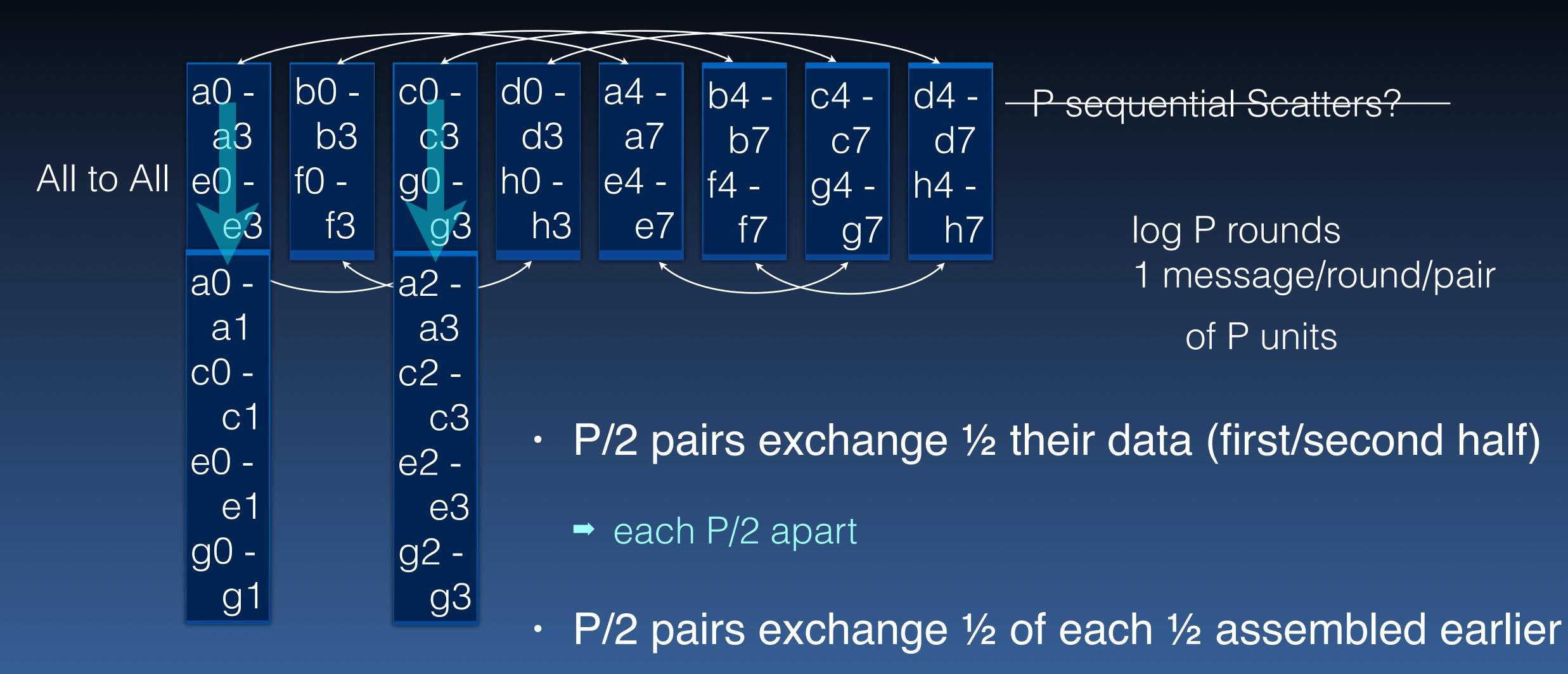
g0 -

C1

**e**1

g1

- P/2 pairs exchange ½ their data (first/second half)
  - → each P/2 apart
- P/2 pairs exchange ½ of each ½ assembled earlier
  - → each P/4 apart



→ each P/4 apart

#### Remote Memory

MPI\_Win\_create(addr, size, displ\_unit, info, MPI\_COMM\_WORLD, &win);
...
MPI\_Info
MPI\_Win\_free(&win);

- Weak synchronization
- Collective call
- Info specifies system-specific information (e.g., memory locking)
  - → Designed to optimize performance
- Also see MPI\_Alloc\_mem/MPI\_Win\_allocate for <addr> allocation (RMA friendly)

#### MPI\_Put, MPI\_Get

- MPI\_Put(my\_addr, my\_count, my\_datatype,
   there\_rank, there\_disp, there\_count, there\_datatype, win);
  - → Written in the dest window-buffer at address
    - window\_base + dispxdisp\_unit
  - → Must fit in the target buffer
  - there\_datatype defined on the "putter"
    - But refers to memory "there"
    - Usually defined on both sides

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MPI\_Get does the reverse: there → my

Also see:

MPI\_Accumulate performs an "op" at destination

## Remote Memory Synchronization

- MPI\_Win\_fence
- MPI\_Win\_flush
- MPI\_Win\_lock
- MPI\_Win\_unlock
- MPI\_Win\_start
- MPI\_Win\_complete
- MPI\_Win\_post
- MPI\_Win\_Wait
- MPI\_Win\_Test

```
int winbuf[1024];
MPI_Win windo;
MPI_Win_create(winbuf, 1024*sizeof(int), sizeof(int),
           MPI INFO NULL, MPI COMM WORLD, &windo);
MPI_Win_fence(0, windo); // Collective
if(rank == 1)
    int lbuf[5];
    initialize(lbuf);
    MPI_Put(lbuf, 5, MPI_INT, 0, 5, 5, MPI_INT, windo);
MPI_Win_fence(0, windo); // Wait for MPI_Put complete
```

 $if(my_rank == 0)$ 

use(winbuf+5);

## Remote Memory Synchronization

- MPI\_Win\_fence
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MPI_Win_fence(0, windo); // Collective
                                     "Assertion" by program
if(rank == 1) {
    int lbuf[5];
    initialize(lbuf);
    MPI_Put(Ibuf, 5, MPI_INT, 0, 5, 5, MPI_INT, windo);
MPI_Win_fence(0, windo); // Wait for MPI_Put complete
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```
Look these up
```

 $if(my_rank == 0)$ 

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#### Review

- · Semantics of collective calls (and their synchronization)
- Using Types (and resized types) to control data scatter/gather
- Shared memory semantics using one-sided communication