

INTEGRATED PROJECT REPORT

On

WEATHER APP

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Course Integrated Project (CS 203) of

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING Batch-2019

in

JUNE-2022



Under the Guidance of

Ms. Sakshi

Chitkara University Research and Innovation Network (CURIN) Chitkara University (Punjab)

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CERTIFICATE

This is to be certified that the project entitled "WEATHER-APP" has been submitted for the Bachelor of Computer Science Engineering at Chitkara University, Punjab during the academic semester January 2022-May-2022 is a bona fide piece of project work carried out by Kunal Chhabra-1910991351 Himanshu Mittal-1911981151, Rhythm Jaiswal-1911981038 towards the partial fulfillment for the award of the course Integrated Project (CS 203) under the guidance of Ms. Sakshi and supervision.

Ms. Sakshi

Chitkara University Research and Innovation Network (CURIN) Chitkara University (Punjab)



CANDIDATE'S DECLARATION

We, Kunal Chhabra-1910991351, Himanshu Mittal-1911981151, Rhythm Jaiswal-19118981038, B.E.-2019 of the Chitkara University, Punjab hereby declare that the Integrated Project Report entitled "WEATHER_APP" is an original work and data provided in the study is authentic to the best of our knowledge. This report has not been submitted to any other Institute for the award of any other course.

Kunal Himanshu Rhythm Chhabra Mittal Jaiswal

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Place: Chitkara University Date: 24th June 2022



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Kunal Himanshu Rhythm Chhabra Mittal Jaiswal 1910991351 1911981151 1911981038



KEYWORDS

HTML: Hyper Text Markup Language

CSS: Cascading Style Sheets

SPA: Single Page Application

JS: Java Script

API: Application Programming Interface

UI: User Interface



INTRODUCTION TO THE PROJECT

1. Introduction

Weather APP forecasting is the application of science and technology to predict the conditions of the atmosphere for a given location and time. Weather forecasts are made by collecting quantitative data about the current state of the atmosphere at a given place and using meteorology to project how the atmosphere will change. The role of Technology has been remarkable in the field of weather forecasting. Weather data is not only necessary for researchers or scientists, ordinary people can be benefitted from it as well. People nowadays are feeling the necessity of weather data as well. There are a variety of weather mobile apps in Google Play and the App store. Those apps have great features and functionalities to satisfy users. However, only a few of them have friendly user interface and human centered interactions, which means that a lot of them might be difficult to be navigated even though they provide enough functionalities. It is not convenient for new users. Therefore, we would like to do improvements on weather mobile apps. It is basically for Apple smart phones and tablets.

2.Purpose

The best weather apps for Android are like pocket weather channels, and they do not just tell anyone when the sun is going to shine and the rain is going to fall, these apps tell us the wind speed, the UV level, humidity levels, and even "feels like" temperature to account for the dreaded wind chill.



3. Problem Statement

This project is to create a Weather Report application with a third party

server and users to enable the users to Forecast Weather.. The project should be very easy to use enabling even a novice person to use it. This application is also developed to make people's life hustle free by introducing some of the extraordinary features like Weather updates which are going on all around the world and also getting the weather forecast before going out of the home. This project is to design an application which consists of all the basic features which the users can access all of them with a single Click.

4.Literature Survey

Weather report is the application of science and technology to predict the conditions of the atmosphere for a given location and time. Human

beings have attempted to predict the weather informally for millennia and formally since the 19th century. Weather forecasts are made by collecting quantitative data about the current state of the atmosphere at a given place and using scientific understanding of atmospheric processes to project how the atmosphere will change. Once a human-only endeavour based mainly upon changes in barometric pressure, current weather conditions, and sky condition, weather forecasting now relies on computer-based models that take many atmospheric factors into account. Human input is still required to pick the best possible forecast model to base the forecast upon, which involves pattern recognition skills, teleconnections, knowledge of model performance, and knowledge of model biases. The inaccuracy of forecasting is due to the chaotic nature of the atmosphere, the massive computational power required to solve the equations that describe the



atmosphere, the error involved in measuring the initial conditions, and an incomplete understanding of atmospheric processes. Hence, forecasts become less accurate as the difference between current time and the time for which the forecast is being made (the range of the forecast) increases. The use of ensembles and model consensus help narrow the error and pick the most likely outcome. Over the past two decades, weather forecasting has experienced a paradigm shift towards probabilistic forecasts, which take the form of probability distributions over future weather quantities and events. Probabilistic forecasts allow for optimal decision making for many purposes, including air traffic control, ship routing, agriculture, electricity generation and weather-risk finance. In the history of weather forecasting, attempts have often been made to devise numerical and objective methods for producing the forecast. Thus Besson in 1904 and Taylor and Rolf in 1917 produced graphical devices for representing lag relationships between selected weather variables. These studies, in common with others made in later years, have attempted to provide an equation or a graphical device of some form which would be useful in applying a particular relationship or combination of relationships to the problem of making a forecast. The distinction between an objective forecasting procedure and a procedure which depends on subjective judgments and subjective experience has not been sharply defined, nor is it intended in this paper to advocate a rigid definition.

5. Existing System

The purpose of this project is to identify the effect that surface modifications have on the urban heat island phenomenon and related ozone problem in the metropolitan area of India. The basic hypothesis is that urban, summertime temperatures can be significantly lowered by increasing the vegetative



landscape cover and enhancing the solar reflectivity of paved and roofed surfaces within an urban area. It is proposed that in addition to a decrease in temperature, the modification of an urban surface to include more vegetative cover and lighter, lower albedo surfaces will also reduce energy consumption, ozone exceedances, and detrimental environmental and human health effects associated with high levels of ozone. The analysis is divided into three main parts. The first section of this report introduces the causes of ground level ozone and its effects in urban areas. It explains both the chemistry and transport associated with ozone exceedances. The second section is a compilation of the most viable mitigation strategies of urban heat islands: increasing vegetative cover and increasing proportions of light to dark surfaces. The effects, implementation strategies, and specific strengths and weaknesses associated with each approach are described, including a comparison of asphalt and concrete pavements systems using a life cycle analysis approach. The final section provides a case study of the Chicago area. This study entailed an examination of the land use, development of an urban fabric analysis in which total vegetative, paved, and roofed surfaces are investigated and quantified, and discussion on the effectiveness of possible mitigation strategies in the Chicago area. In general, the associated findings of my research are located within this final section.

5.1 Issues in Existing System

There are some existing systems available but they don't give an accurate results and doesn't provide any pictorial representation. They don't provide information about weather conditions, humidity, pressure but just display the temperature. Some of the existing systems don't provide the forecast weather which may not help the users to plan their works and may lead to futile results.



6. Project Scope

The scope of the project is the system on which the software is installed, i.e. the project is developed as a desktop application, and it will work for a particular institute or organization. But later on, the project can be modified to operate it online. The intention of developing weather app is to fetch the data in the need of taking information about weather worldwide. Another purpose for developing this software is to generate the report automatically at the end of the session or in the between of the session or in the between of the session as they require. This project is basically a desktop application which means 3 self-contained software runs on which it has been installed under the user control

7. Identification of Need

System analysis is a process of gathering and interpreting facts, diagnosing problems and the information to recommend improvements on the system. It is a problem-solving activity that requires intensive communication between the system users and system developers. System analysis is or study is an important phase of any system development process. The system is studies to the minutest detail and analyzed. The system analyst plays the role of the interrogator and dwells deep into the working of the present system. The System is viewed as a whole and the input to the system are identified. The outputs from the organization are traced to the various processes. System analysis is concerned with becoming aware of the problem, identifying the relevant and Decisional variables, analysis



and synthesizing the various factors and determining an optimal or at least a satisfactory solution or program of action.

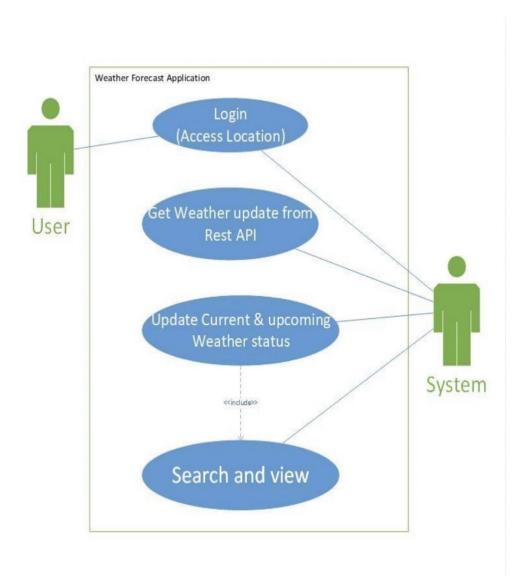
A detailed study of the process must be made by various techniques like interviews, questionnaires. The data collected by these sources must be scrutinized to arrive to a conclusion. The conclusion is an understanding of how the system functions. This system is called the existing system. Now the existing system is subjected to close study and problem area are identified. The designer now functions as a problem solver and tries to sort out the difficulties that the enterprise faces. The solutions are given as proposals. The proposal is then weighed with the existing system analytically and the best one is selected. The proposal is presented to the user for an endorsement by the user. The proposal is reviewed on user request and suitable changes are made. This is loop that ends as soon as the user is satisfied with proposal



SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION

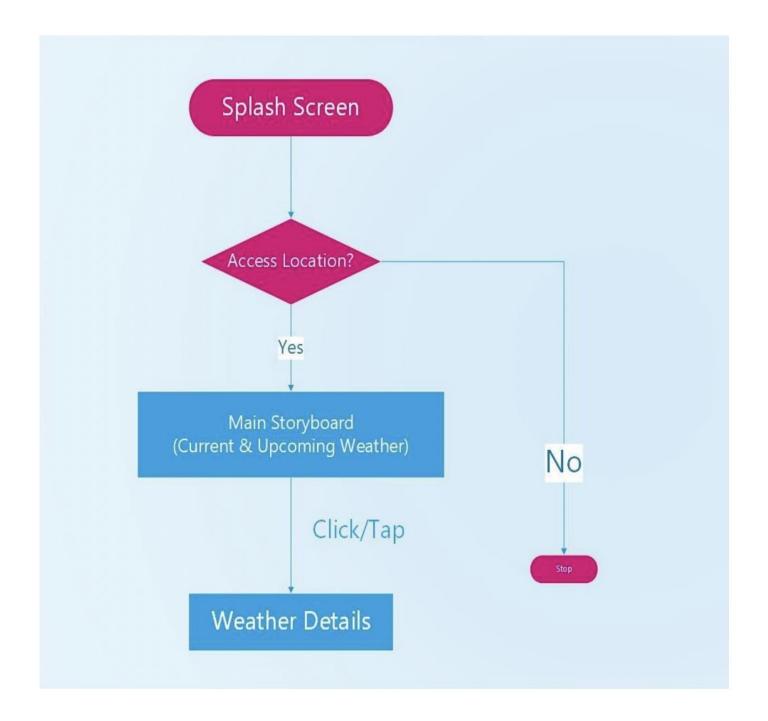
1) How This Application Works?

All the information shown here will be collected with the help of the API link. The information will be collected first with the help of the JavaScript fetch method. Then with the help of inner HTML all that information has been arranged to be displayed on the web page.





USER INTERFACE DIAGRAM





APPLICATION SCREENSHOT



LIMITATIONS



- Unpaid APIs provide incomplete services. Many details cannot be fetched
- Often, tuples of upcoming days remain empty once again due to free APIs
- The GMS API (Google Manual Search) is actually keyword based that might only provide data of few discrete locations. The data might not be precise and continuous.
- Language diversity could have been implemented. Multilingual apps make it easy for users worldwide

UNIMPLEMENTED FEATURES

- We intend to provide more detailed tips based on the age, gender, region and health conditions (Dust allergy, heatstroke tendency etc.) of the user.
- FAQ section based on detailed data might be quite handy. It will save the user's efforts and make it more convenient.
- Using paid APIs to fetch more details might make the application more comprehensive and appealing. For example, wind speed, precipitation & sea level values can be used to provide more intellectual tips.
- Mobility of the traveler, their start & end points of the journey, their route of traveling (road, waterway, aerial) shall be strongly focused. The application needs to be an aid for traveling users.
- Recording User inputs to understand the user preferences and providing them necessary notifications needs to be kept in mind
- Maybe someday in the near future, we will use AIs for more precision and accuracy.



PROGRAMMING/WORKING ENVIRONMENT

→ Frontend Framework: Vanilla JS, CSS, HTML

→ **Development:** VS Code

→ Web Browser: Google Chrome

→ **API:** The OpenweatherMap Api



CONCLUSION

The project statement used multiple concepts to achieve the outcome.

In summary, weather forecasts are increasingly accurate and useful, and their benefits extend widely across the economy. While much has been accomplished in improving weather forecasts, there remains much room for improvement. The forecasting community is working closely with multiple stakeholders to ensure that forecasts and warnings meet their specific needs. Simultaneously, they are developing new technologies and observational networks that can enhance forecaster skill and the value of their services to their users.



FUTURE SCOPE

The current application is a small replica of the product/application which we are looking forward to building in future. Our future application will have advance features and complex database storage system. The advance features like :-

- → This application can be made to view forecast of multiple locations at once.
- → This application can also be customized for every individual user.



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