Programme Name - BTech-ICT

Semester - IV

Course Name - Database Management System

Project Title - Wholesale Database Management System

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DESCRIPTION:

Wholesale management system is the process of buying the stocks from the buyers and then selling it to the customers. It acts as a middle person between the buyers and the sellers. The manager has to buy the stock from the buyers. Managing the details that is regarding the whole sale is not possible to be kept in track through the pen paper mode. It requires the database system where we can store the information of the people involved in the whole sale system management. It can be stored clearly in the database with more precision and can avoid the redundant data.

The wholesale management database system can contain the details of the stock that is brought from the buyers like id, name, quantity etc. The information of the buyers like buyer id, name, stock, address, contact number etc can be collected and stored in the database. The manager is responsible for collecting all these information regarding the buyers. In case of any complaints about the stock that is purchased from the particular buyer then you will be able to contact him at ease. The details of the customers like name, customer id, address, contact number who buys the stock that is purchased can also be stored. There will be customers who will be having the pending bills that need to be cleared and can be contacted about the pending payment. The profit per month is calculated after deducting all the expenditures spent. So the profit of every month can also be stored. If you want to know the profit gained five years back, you can get it done through this database. Product cannot be sold to the customer if the amount is not present in the stock. The date of delivery can be maintained up to which the stock can be provided.

The features that can be included in this application are as follows:

Stocks management system: The details of the stocks that are present or available can be easily maintained through this application.

Manager database management: The details of the manager like name, manager id, address, contact number who buys the stock that is purchased can also be stored.

Sales management: The sales that have taken place on the particular day or month can be calculated through this application.

Entity-Relationship Diagram:

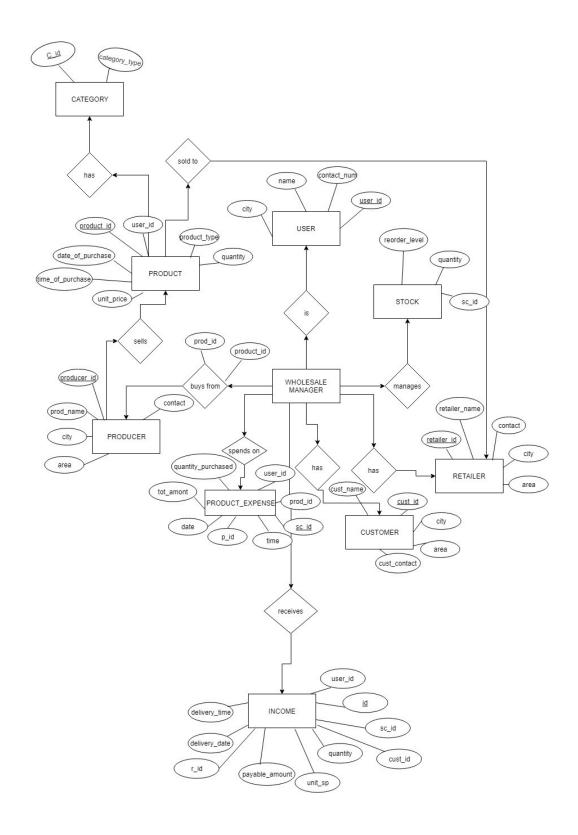


Table Design:

Table Name: User

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the user that purchases

goods

	Fieldname	Datatype	Size	Constraint	Description
user_id	user_id	varchar (20)		РК	Takes a unique id for every user
name	name	varchar (50)			Stores the name of the user
contact_num	contact_num	bigInt		Unique	Stores the number of the user
city	city	varchar (20)		Default 'Ahmedabad'	Stores city for every user

Table Name: Producer

Description: The table producer stores in the values regarding the producer that

produces all the goods

	Fieldname	Datatype	Size	Constraint	Description
producer_id	producer_id	varchar (20)		PK	Takes a unique id for every producer
prod_ name	prod_ name	varchar (50)			Stores the name of the producer
contact	contact	bigInt		Unique	Stores the contact number
city	city	varchar (20)		Default 'Ahmedabad'	Stores city for every producer
area	area	varchar (20)			Stores the area for every producer

Table Name: Retailer

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the retailer that purchases goods from the wholesaler.

	Fieldname	Datatype	Size	Constraint	Description
retailer_id	retailer_ id	varchar (20)		PK	Takes a unique id for every retailer
retailer_name	retailer_ name	varchar (50)			Stores the name of the retailer
contact	contact	bigInt		Unique	Stores the contact number

city	city	varchar (20)	Default 'Ahmedabad'	Stores city for every retailer
area	area	varchar (20)		Stores the area for every retailer

Table Name: Customer

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the customer that purchases goods from the wholesaler.

	Fieldname	Datatype	Size	Constraint	Description
cust_id	cust_id	varchar (20)		PK	Takes a unique id for every customer
cust_ name	cust_name	varchar (50)			Stores the name of the customer
cust_ contact	cust_ contact	bigInt		Unique	Stores the contact number
city	city	varchar (20)		Default 'Ahmedabad'	Stores city for every customer
area	area	varchar (20)			Stores the area for every customer

Table Name: Category

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the categories of the goods that have been produced by the producer.

	Fieldname	Datatype	Size	Constraint	Description
c_id	c_id	varchar (20)		PK	Takes unique id for each category item
category_type	category_ type	varchar (100)			Stores the type of item

Table Name: Sub_category

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the sub-categories of the goods that have been produced by the producer.

	Fieldname	Datatype	Size	Constraint	Description
sc_id	sc_id	varchar (20)		PK	Takes unique id for each subcategory item
product_name	product_ name	varchar (100)			Stores the name of the item

c_id	c_id	varchar	FK (referencing	Takes unique id
		(20)	to category	for each category
			(c_id))	item

<u>Table Name: Product_expense</u>

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the expenses that occur according to each categories of the produced products purchased from the producer.

	Fieldnam	Datatyp	Siz	Constraint	Description
	е	е	е		
prod_id	prod_id	varchar (20)		PK	Takes unique id for every product
quantity_purchase d	quantity_ purchase d	int			Stores the quantity that is purchased
date_of_purchase	date_of_ purchase	date		Can be null	Stores the date of a purchase
time_of_purchase	time_of_ purchase	time		Can be null	Stores the time of a purchase
unit_ price	unit_ price	float			Stores the price of a single unit
total_ amount	total_ amount	bigInt			Stores the total amount of the purchase
p_id	p_id	varchar (20)		FK (referencing to producer (producer_id))	Takes id of the producer
sc_id	sc_id	varchar (20)		FK (referencing to sub_category(sc_id))	Takes id of the subcategor y item
user_id	user_id	varchar (20)		FK (referencing to user (user_id))	Takes id of the user

<u>Table Name: Stock_manage</u>

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the stock management, whether it needs to be reordered or the stock at any moment is sufficient or not.

	Fieldname	Datatype	Size	Constraint	Description
quantity_on_ hand	quantity_ on_hand	int		FK	Stores the quantity on hand, at a particular moment
reorder_level	reorder_ level	int			Stores the cut-off level for goods, that need to be reordered
sc_id	sc_id	varchar (20)		FK (referencing to sub_ category (sc_id))	Takes unique id for each subcategory item

Table Name: Income

Description: The table user stores in the values regarding the income that comes in, with every product sold to either customer or the retailer.

	Fieldname	Dataty	Siz	Constraint	Descriptio
		pe	е		n
id	id	int		PK	Takes
					unique id
					for every
					product
quantiy_sold	quantity_sold	int			Stores the
					quantity
					that is
					sold
bill_	bill_date	date		Can be null	Stores the
date					date of
					the bill
bill_	bill_time	time		Can be null	Stores the
time					time of
					the bill
unit_	unit_	float			Stores the
sp	sp				price of a
					single unit
payable_amo	payable_amo	bigInt			Stores the
unt	unt				final
					payable
					amount

r_id	r_id	varchar (20)	Can be null FK (referencing to producer (producer _id))	Takes id of the producer
sc_id	sc_id	varchar (20)	FK (referencing to sub_category(sc_id))	Takes id of the subcatego ry item
cust_id	cust_id	varchar (20)	Can be null FK (referencing to customer (cust_id))	
user_id	user_id	varchar (20)	FK (referencing to user (user_id))	Takes id of the user

Stored Procedure, Functions and Triggers:

Procedure 1 : Bill Summary of Customer

```
DILIMITER $
Create procedure detailscust(in id varchar(20) )
begin
       declare scid, userid, custid, custid1 varchar(50);
       declare b int;
       declare dd date;
       declare amnt, qnty bigint;
       declare usp float;
       declare cur1 cursor for select customer.cust_id,income.cust_id,sc_id, quantity_sold, bill_date, unit_sp, payable_amt from
                              income, customer;
       declare continue handler for not found set b = 1;
       open cur1;
       set b = 0;
       fetch curl into custid, custid1,scid, qnty,dd,usp,amnt;
while b =0
   do
       fetch curl into custid, custid1, scid, qnty,dd,usp,amnt;
end while;
        Select customer.cust_id,sc_id, quantity_sold, bill_date, unit_sp, payable_amt
        from income, customer
         where customer.cust_id = income.cust_id and customer.cust_id =id;
close cur1;
end$
```

```
ð
c:\wamp\bin\mysql\mysql5.7.21\bin\mysql.exe
  ery OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
   sql> Create procedure detailscust(in id varchar(20) )
    -> begin
-> declare scid,userid, custid,custid1 varchar(50);
-> declare b int;
-> declare dd date;
-> declare amnt,qnty bigint;
-> declare usp float;
-> declare usp float;
-> declare cur1 cursor for select customer.cust_id,income.cust_id,sc_id, quantity_sold, bill_date, unit_sp, payable_amt from
     income,customer;
-> declare continue handler for not found set b = 1;
     -> open cur1;

-> set b = 0;

-> fetch cur1 into custid, custid1,scid, qnty,dd,usp,amnt;

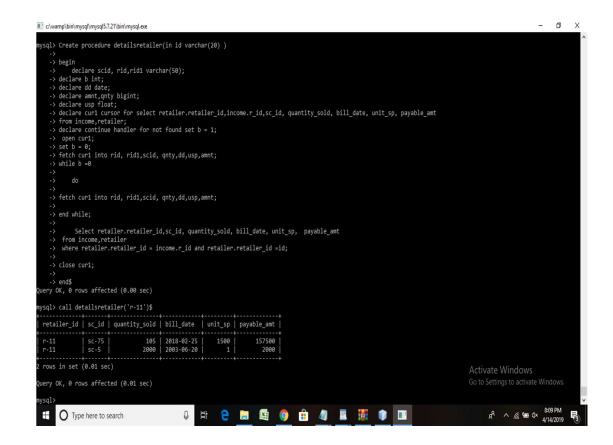
-> while b =0
    -> fetch cur1 into custid, custid1,scid, qnty,dd,usp,amnt;
-> end while;
-> Select customer.cust_id,sc_id, quantity_sold, bill_date, unit_sp, payable_amt
    -> from income,customer
-> where customer.cust_id = income.cust_id and customer.cust_id = id;
    -> close cur1:
 ->
-> end$
very OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
  sql> call detailscust('c-12')$
 cust_id | sc_id | quantity_sold | bill_date | unit_sp | payable_amt |
 c-12 | sc-60 | 500 | 2014-06-16 | 825 | 412500 |
  row in set (0.01 sec)
                                                                                                                                                                          Activate Windows
 uery OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
                                                         g<sup>Q</sup> ^ // (9 d× 8:28 PM 4/14/2019
      O Type here to search
```

```
System.out.println("Enter customer id:");
String idl=sc.next();
CallableStatement m6 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call detailscustomer(id1))");
m6.registerOutParameter(1,Types.VARCHAR);
m6.execute();
String a6 = m6.getString(1);
System.out.println(a6);
m6.close();
break;
```

Procedure 2: Bill Summary of Retailer

```
DILIMITER $
Create procedure detailsretailer(in id varchar(20) )
begin
       declare scid, rid, rid1 varchar(50);
       declare b int;
       declare dd date;
       declare amnt, qnty bigint;
       declare usp float;
       declare curl cursor for select retailer.retailer_id,income.r_id,sc_id, quantity_sold, bill_date, unit_sp, payable_amt
       from income, retailer;
       declare continue handler for not found set b = 1;
       open cur1;
       set b = 0;
        fetch cur1 into rid, rid1,scid, qnty,dd,usp,amnt;
while b =0
    do
       fetch curl into rid, rid1, scid, qnty, dd, usp, amnt;
end while;
         Select retailer.retailer_id,sc_id, quantity_sold, bill_date, unit_sp, payable_amt
         from income, retailer
         where retailer.retailer_id = income.r_id and retailer.retailer_id =id;
close cur1;
end$
```

Procedure 2: OUTPUT



```
System.out.println("Enter retailer id:");
String id2=sc.next();
CallableStatement m7 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call detailsretailer(id2)}");
m7.registerOutParameter(1, Types. VARCHAR);
m7.execute();
String a7 = m7.getString(1);
System.out.println(a7);
m7.close();
break;
```

Procedure 3 : To Calculate profit over specific sale

```
DILIMITER $
Create procedure profit(start_date date, end_date date, prod_id varchar(20))
        declare cp, sp, profit_all, profit_net , profit_1 float;
        declare over_all_profit,profit_over_sold_quantity varchar(20);
       declare qty_bought, qty_sold int;
select product_expense.unit_price from product_expense where product_expense.sc_id = prod_id and datediff(product_expense.date_of_purchase ,
start date)>0 into cp;
select product_expense.quantity_purchased from product_expense where product_expense.sc_id = prod_id and datediff
                                                                                                                      (product_expense.date_of_purchase,
start_date)>0 into qty_bought;
select income.unit_sp from income where income.sc_id = prod_id and datediff(income.bill_date, end_date)<0 into sp;
select income.quantity_sold from income where income.sc_id = prod_id and datediff(income.bill_date, end_date)<0 into qty_sold;
if(qty_bought>qty_sold) then
       set profit_all = (sp*qty_sold)-(cp*qty_bought);
       set profit_1 =(sp*qty_sold)-(cp*qty_sold);
       set over_all_profit= concat(profit_all,' ',prod_id);
       select over all profit;
        set profit_over_sold_quantity= concat(profit_1 ,' ',prod_id);
       select profit_over_sold_quantity;
       select 'This profit is based on entire purchase qty of the product';
end if;
if(qty_bought=qty_sold) then
        set profit_net = (sp*qty_sold)-(cp*qty_sold);
        select profit_net;
       select 'This profit is based on the qty sold only.';
end if;
-- datediff takes two paramaters (1,2).. if 1 is before date and 2 is after date, then result is neggative else result is positive
end $
```

Procedure 3: OUTPUT

```
- fi X
c:\wamp\bin\mysql\mysql5.7.21\bin\mysql.exe
    -> select product_expense.quantity_purchased from product_expense where product_expense.sc_id = prod_id and datediff(product_expense.date_of_purchase, start_date)> into qty_bought;
     ->-> select income.unit_sp from income where income.sc_id = prod_id and datediff(income.bill_date, end_date)<0 into sp;
-> select income.quantity_sold from income where income.sc_id = prod_id and datediff(income.bill_date, end_date)<0 into qty_sold;
     ->
-> if(qty_bought>qty_sold) then
-> set profit_all = (sp*qty_sold)-(cp*qty_bought);
-> set profit_1 = (sp*qty_sold)-(cp*qty_sold);
-> set over_all_profit= concat(profit_all, ',prod_id);
-> select over_sold_quantity= concat(profit_1, ',prod_id);
-> select profit_over_sold_quantity= concat(profit_1, ',prod_id);
-> select profit_over_sold_quantity;
-> select 'This profit is based on entire purchase qty of the product';
-> end if;
     -> if(qty_bought=qty_sold) then
-> set profit_net = (sp*qty_sold)-(cp*qty_sold);
-> select profit_net;
-> select 'This profit is based on the qty sold only.';
     -> end if;
     -> -- datediff takes two paramaters (1,2).. if 1 is before date and 2 is after date, then result is neggative else result is positive
   -> end $
sery OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
  ysql> call profit('2014-01-01','2014-12-31','sc-49')$
  over_all_profit
  50000 sc-49
   row in set (0.00 sec)
  profit_over_sold_quantity
   100000 sc-49
                                                                                                                                                                                                        Activate Windows
   row in set (0.01 sec)
  This profit is based on entire purchase qty of the product |
                                                                                                                                                                                                                g<sup>Q</sup> ^ @ 10 4× 7:55 PM 4/14/2019 ■
                                                                   O Type here to search
```

```
CallableStatement m2 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call profit()}");
m2.registerOutParameter(1, Types. INTEGER);
m2.execute();
int a2 = m2.getInt(1);
System.out.println(a2);
m2.close();
break;
```

Procedure 4: To display top 10 Customers

```
DILIMITER $|
create procedure top_customers ()
begin

select cust_name as customer_name,payable_amt from customer ,income where customer.cust_id=income.cust_id group by income.cust_id limit 10;
end$
```

Procedure 4: OUTPUT

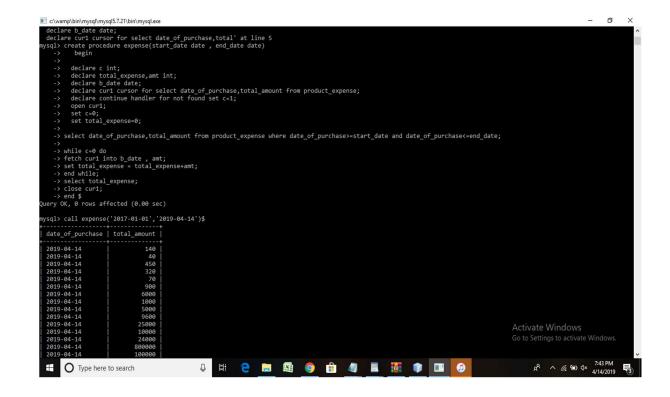
```
nysql> create procedure top_customers ()
   -> begin
   -> select cust_name as customer_name,payable_amt from customer ,income where customer.cust_id=income.cust_id group by income.cust_id limit 10;
-> end$
uery OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
ysql> call top_customers()$
customer_name | payable_amt |
 divya sharma
jenish kotadia
                            8500
14500
                         382500
412500
13500000
5500000
3000000
 jimmy shergill
kajal shah
kamlesh shah
 karan parmar
kaushik sanghavi
kavish dalwadi
 kavya sheth
kelvi patel
                            435000
                            350000
10 rows in set (0.10 sec)
uery OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)
ysql>
                                                                                                                                                     Activate Windows
                                                 g<sup>R</sup> ^ € 12 4× 7:57 PM 4/14/2019
      O Type here to search
```

```
CallableStatement m4 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call top_customers()}");
m4.registerOutParameter(1, Types. VARCHAR);
m4.execute();
int a4 = m4.getInt(1);
System.out.println(a4);
m4.close();
break;
```

Procedure 5: To display Total expense

```
DILIMITER $
Create procedure expense(start_date date , end_date date)
        begin
               declare c int;
               declare total_expense,amt int;
               declare b_date date;
               declare cur1 cursor for select date_of_purchase,total_amount from product_expense;
               declare continue handler for not found set c=1;
        open cur1;
        set c=0;
        set total_expense=0;
                select date_of_purchase,total_amount from product_expense where date_of_purchase>=start_date and date_of_purchase<=end_date;
        while c=0 do
               fetch cur1 into b_date , amt;
                set total_expense = total_expense+amt;
        end while;
                select total_expense;
        close cur1;
        end $
```

Procedure 5: OUTPUT

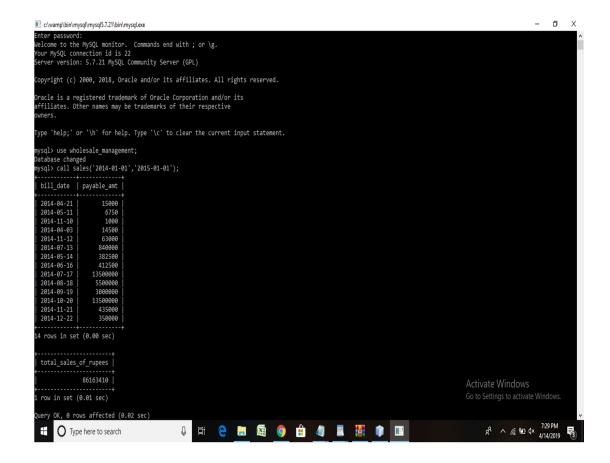


```
CallableStatement m5 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call expense()}");
m5.registerOutParameter(1, Types. INTEGER );
m5.execute();
int a5 = m5.getInt(1);
System.out.println(a5);
m5.close();
```

Procedure 6: To display total sales

```
DILIMITER $
Create procedure sales( start_date date, end_date date)
begin
declare c int;
declare total_sales_of_rupees,amt int;
declare b_date date;
declare cur1 cursor for select bill_date,payable_amt from income ;
declare continue handler for not found set c=1;
open cur1;
set c=0;
set total_sales_of_rupees =0;
          select bill_date,payable_amt from income where bill_date>= start_date and bill_date<=end_date;</pre>
 while c=0 do
 fetch curl into b date, amt;
  set total_sales_of_rupees = total_sales_of_rupees +amt;
end while;
select total_sales_of_rupees;
close cur1;
end $
```

Procedure 6 : OUTPUT



```
CallableStatement m = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call sales() }");
m.registerOutParameter(1, Types.INTEGER);
m.execute();
int a = m.getInt(1);
System.out.println(a);
m.close();
break;
```

Procedure 7: To find the maximum product sold

```
DILIMITER $
Create procedure highest_selling_item()

begin

select sub_category.product_name,income.sc_id as p, sum(quantity_sold) as qty_sold

from income,sub_category
where sub_category.sc_id = income.sc_id

group by income.sc_id order by qty_sold desc limit 1;

end$
```

Procedure 7: OUTPUT

```
CallableStatement m1 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call highest_selling_item() }");
m1.registerOutParameter(1, Types.VARCHAR);
m1.execute();
String a1=m1.getString(1);
System.out.println(a1);
m1.close();
break;

Activate Windows
Go to Satings to activate Mindows
```

Procedure 8 : To find the least sold product

```
DILIMITER $
Create procedure least_selling_item()

begin

select sub_category.product_name,income.sc_id as p, sum(quantity_sold) as qty_sold from income,sub_category
where sub_category.sc_id = income.sc_id
group by income.sc_id order by qty_sold asc limit 1;
end$
```

Procedure 8: OUTPUT

```
CallableStatement m8 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call least selling item() }");
m8.registerOutParameter(1, Types.VARCHAR);
m8.execute();
String a8 =m8.getString(1);
System.out.println(a8);
m8.close();
break;
```

Trigger 1: Update Stock Manage on Product_Expense

Trigger 1 Output: Quantity on Hand is Updated Automatically on Product Expense

```
mysql> select * from stock_manage where sc_id='sc-3'$

| sc_id | quantity_on_hand | reorder_level |
| sc-3 | 1000 | 100 |
| row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into product_expense(product_id , sc_id ,user_id , quantity_purchased , p_id ,unit_price,total_amount) values('p-90', 'sc-3', 'u-11',700, 'pr-13',0.09,63)$

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from stock_manage where sc_id='sc-3'$

| sc_id | quantity_on_hand | reorder_level |
| sc-3 | 1700 | 100 |

Activate Windows

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```

Trigger 2: Update Stock Manage on Income

Trigger 2 Output: Quantity on Hand is Updated Automatically on Income

```
mysql> select * from stock_manage where sc_id='sc-2'$

| sc_id | quantity_on_hand | reorder_level |
| sc-2 | 5000 | 100 |

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into income values(83,'sc-2',250,'2013-06-21','21:10:00','r-6','null',1400,'u-5',35)$

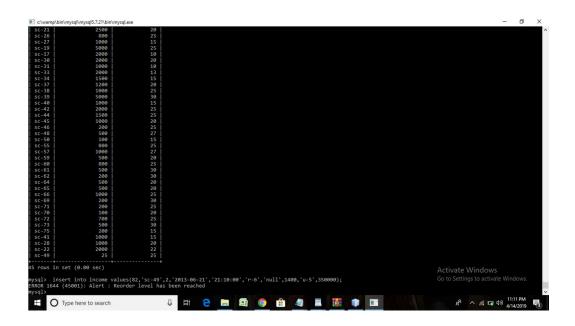
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from stock_manage where sc_id='sc-2'$

| sc_id | quantity_on_hand | reorder_level |
| sc-2 | 4750 | 100 |

1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Trigger 3 Error Screenshot:



Trigger 4: To add current date on Product Expense

Trigger 5 : To add current time on Product Expense

Function 1: Function to display the quantity available

```
DILIMITER $
Create function stock_quantity(ID varchar(20))
returns int
     begin
     declare stock_id varchar(20);
     declare qoh int;
     declare c int;
     declare cur1 cursor for select sc_id, quantity_on_hand from stock_manage;
     declare continue handler for not found set c = 1;
     set stock_id = 0;
     set qoh = 0;
     set c = 0;
     open cur1;
     while c = 0 do
     fetch cur1 into stock_id, qoh;
     set qoh = (select quantity_on_hand
             from stock_manage
             where sc_id = ID);
     end while;
     close cur1;
     return (qoh);
     end $
```

Function 1: OUTPUT

```
c:\wamp\bin\mysql\mysql5.7.21\bin\mysql.exe
                                                                                                                                                                                                   - 🗗 X
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> drop function stock_quantity;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
 -> declare cur1 cursor for select sc_id, quantity_on_hand from stock_manage;
-> declare continue handler for not found set c = 1;
-> set stock_id = 0;
-> set qoh = 0;
-> set c = 0;
-> open cur1;
    ->
-> while c = 0 do
-> fetch cur1 into stock_id, qoh;
   -> set qoh = (select quantity_on_hand
-> from stock_manage
-> where sc_id = ID);
 -> end while;
-> close cur1;
-> return (qoh);
-> end $
uery OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
 ysql> select stock_quantity('sc-2')$
  stock_quantity('sc-2')
 5000 |
row in set (0.00 sec)
                                                                                                                                                                        Activate Windows
                                                                                                                                                                                g<sup>R</sup> ^ (2 to 0) 9:17 PM 4/14/2019

    ⊕ O Type here to search
```

```
System.out.println("enter product id:");
String id=sc.next();
CallableStatement m3 = c.prepareCall("{ ?=call stock_quantity(id) }");
m3.registerOutParameter(1, Types.INTEGER);
m3.execute();
Integer a3=m3.getInt(1);
System.out.println(a3);
m3.close();
```