

Using an uninitialized pointer

Type* m_data;

- m_data is just created.
- It has some garbage value.
- The target of m_data is someplace in memory that is not reserved for us.
- Hence, accessing it will cause an error.

m_data[5] = value; or *m_data = value;



Segmentation fault!

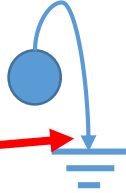


m_size

Using a NULL pointer

- m_data is set to null.
- Size and value of data does not have a meaning since there is nothing to have a size or value!

m_data = nullptr

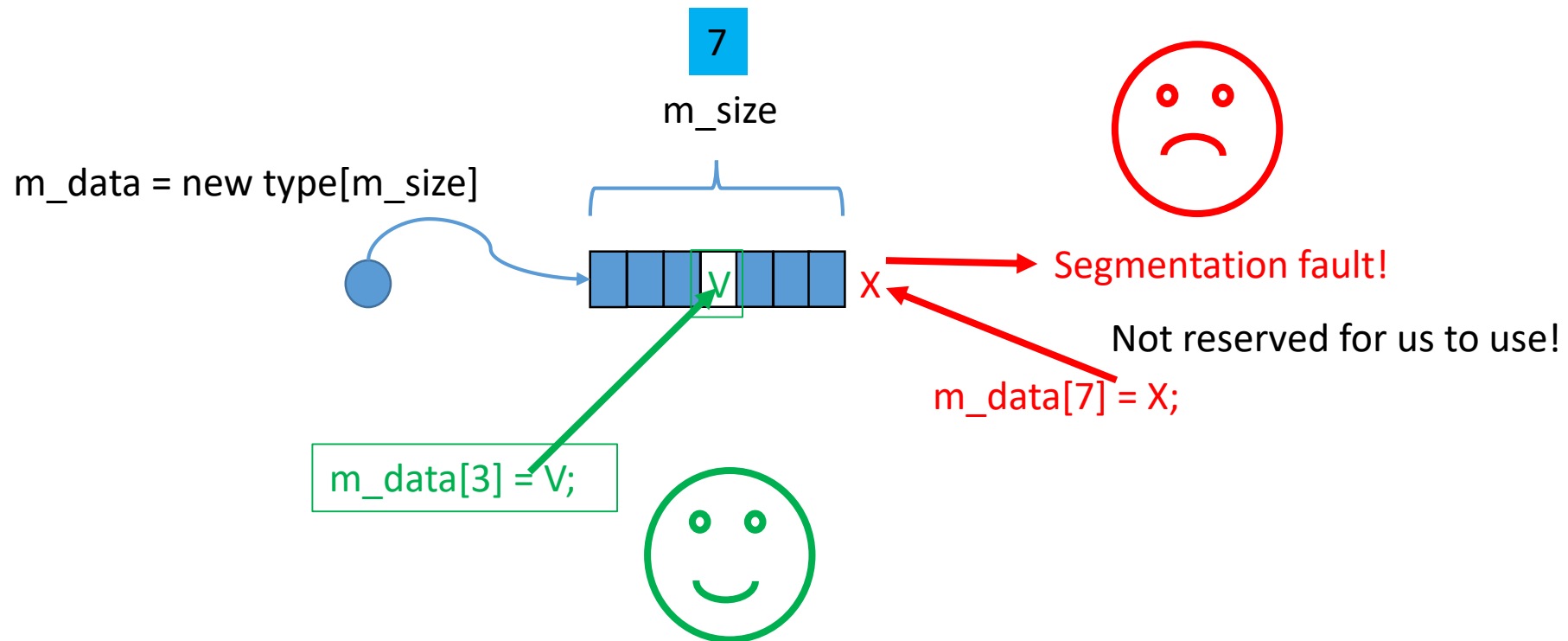


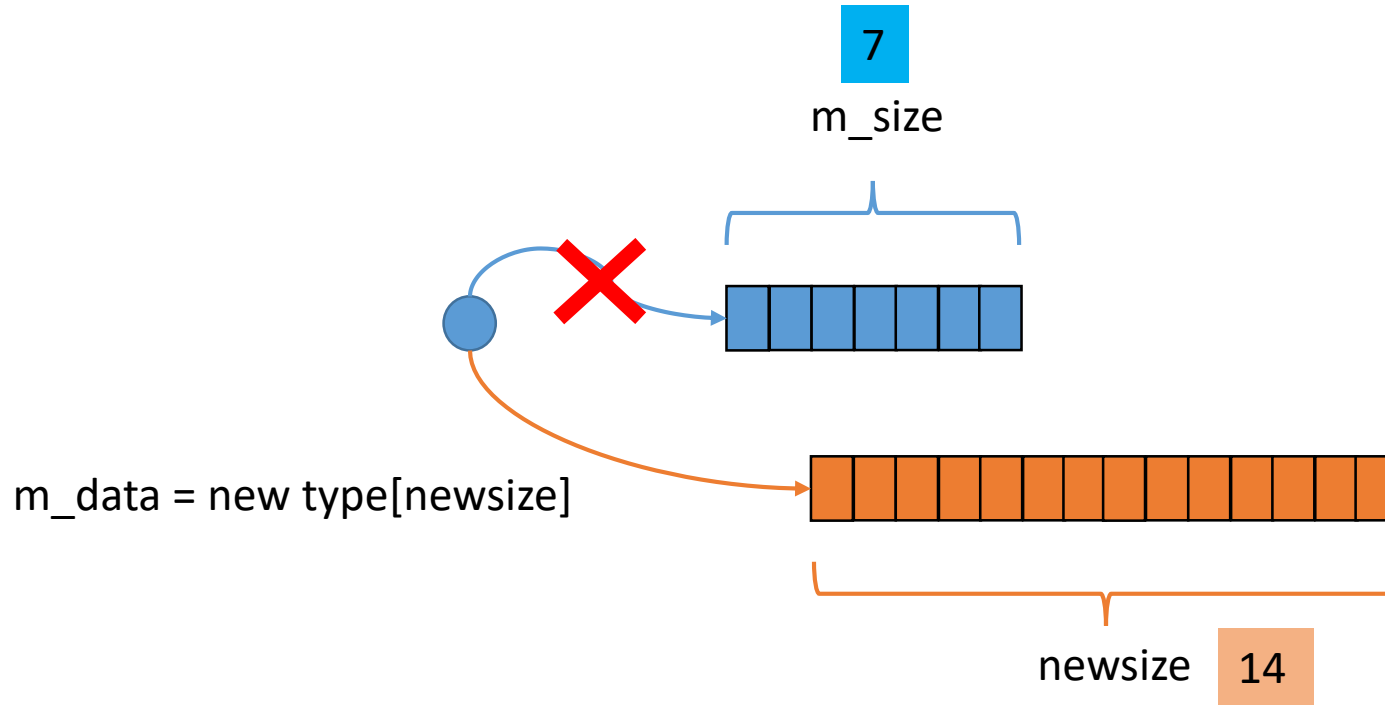
Null pointer assignment!



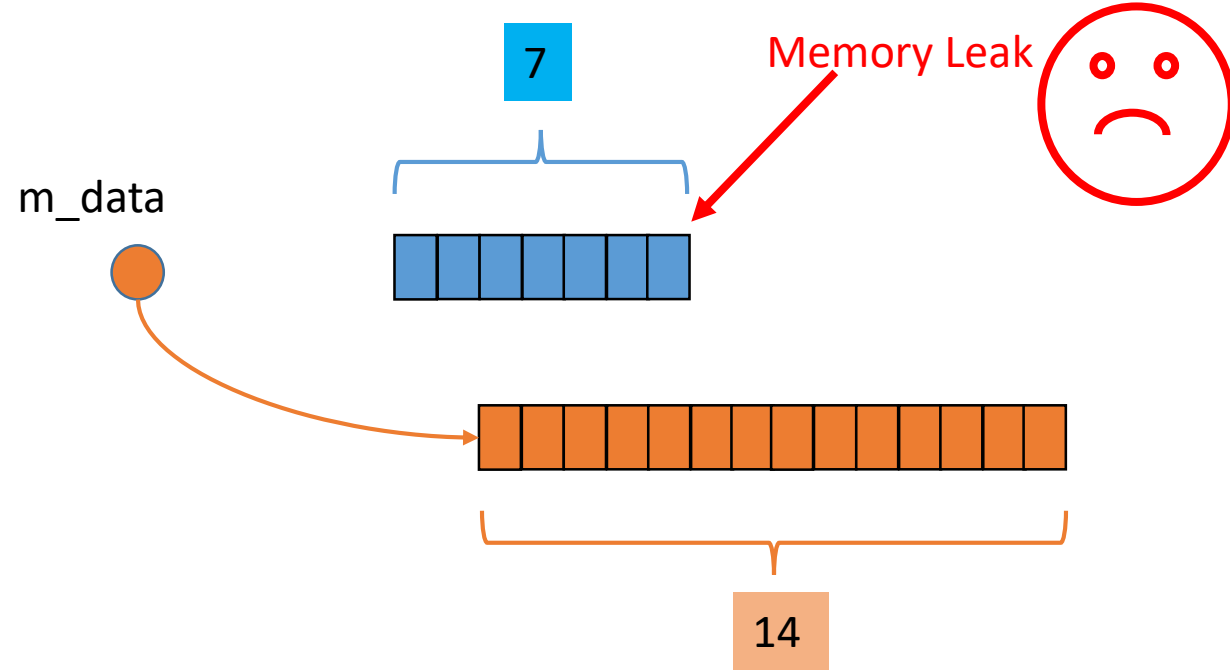
m_data[3] = value;

Going out of range of allocation size

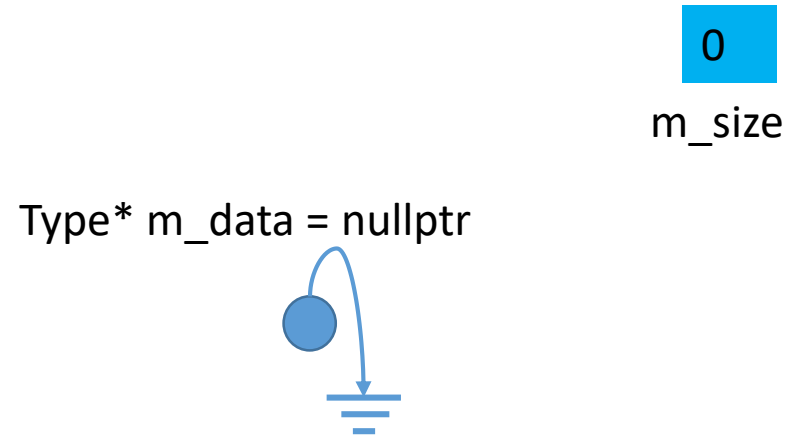




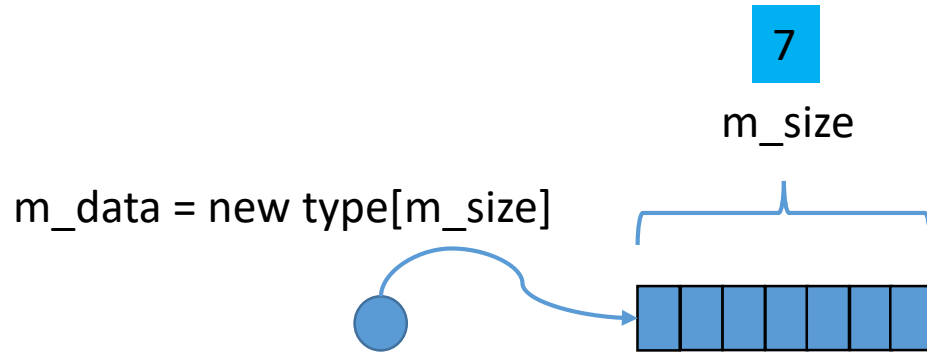
Causing Memory leak



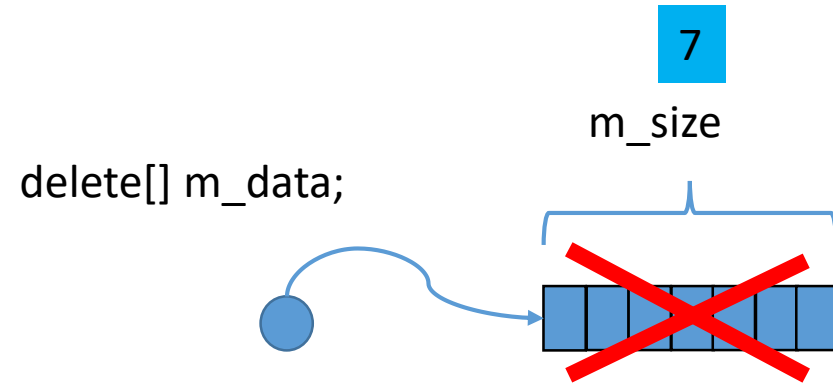
Causing Memory leak



Correct state of an unused pointer for DMA



Correct state of a dynamically allocated memory

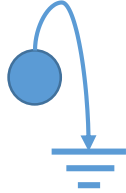


Correct memory deallocation

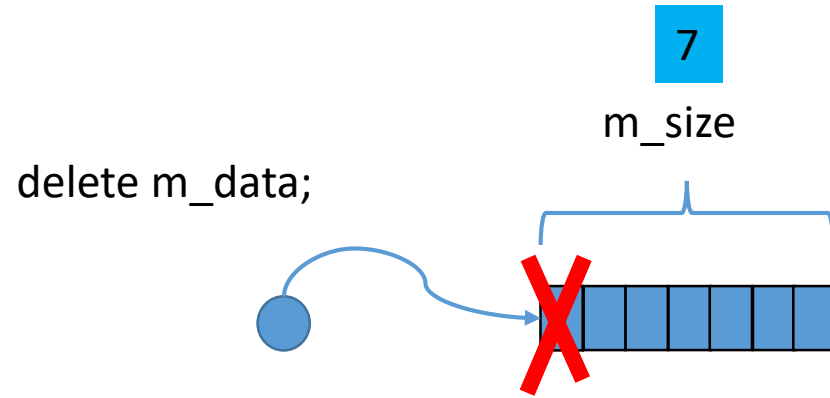
0

m_size = 0

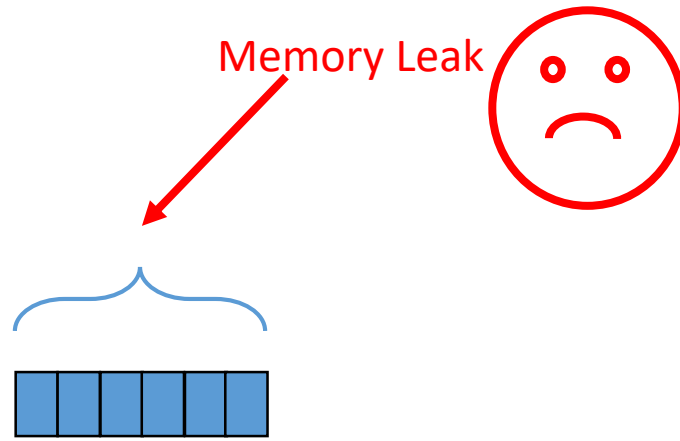
m_data = nullptr



Always set everything back to NULL when done!



Incorrect memory deallocation

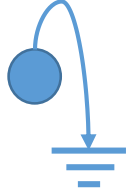


Causes memory leak

0

m_size

m_data = nullptr



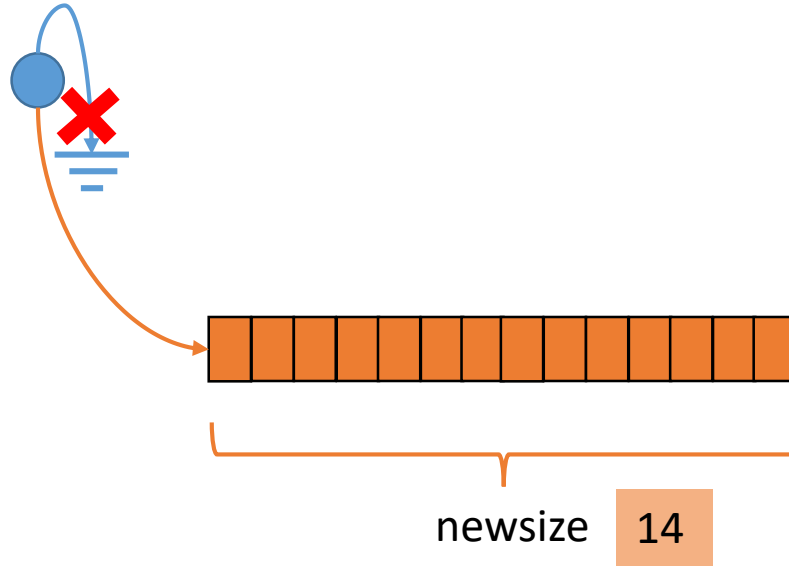
When reusing pointers always make sure they are actually not being used!!!!

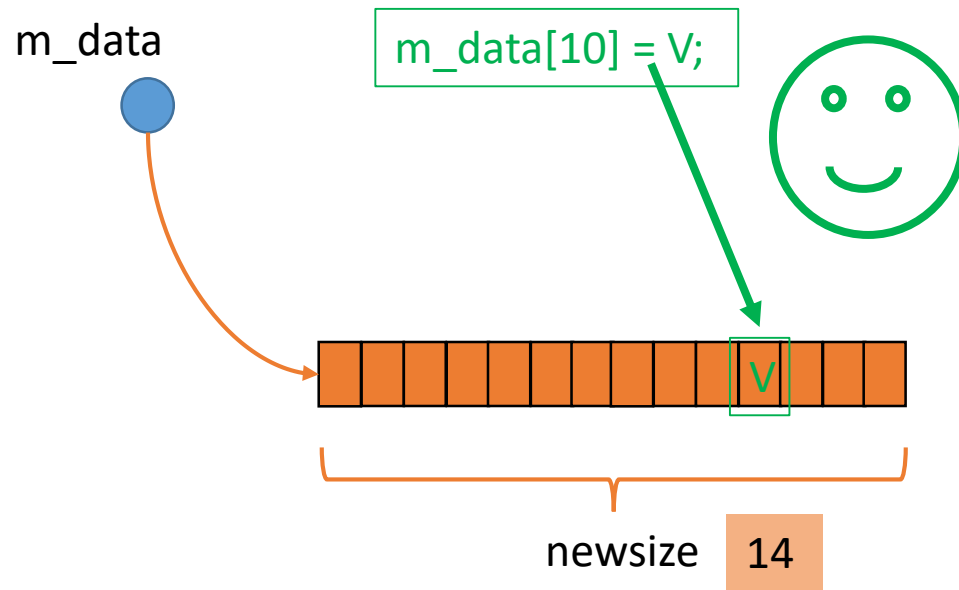
```
delete[] m_data; { delete does to following automatically  
                  if(m_data != nullptr){  
                    free memory  
                  }
```

Then do DMA!

Reuse memory with new size and specs

```
m_data = new type[newsiz
```





Always stay within the range of
your allocated memory size