review

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#1 Write a conditional statement that checks if surveys.csv exists in the working directory, if it doesn't then downloads it from https://ndownloader.figshare.com/files/2292172 using download.file(), and finally loads the file into a data frame and displays the first few rows using the head() function. The url needs to be in quotes since it is character data.

```
getwd()
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
"surveys.csv" == c(list.files("/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/raw-data"))
  [1] FALSE FALSE
## [13] FALSE FALSE
## [25] TRUE FALSE FALSE
surveys <- list.files("/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/raw-data") == "surveys.csv"</pre>
is.element("surveys.csv", list.files("/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/raw-data") )
## [1] TRUE
is.element("surveys.csv", list.files("/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/raw-data") )
## [1] TRUE
surveys <- list.files("../raw-data")</pre>
if (is.element("surveys.csv", surveys)){
 print("file is downloaded")
} else {
   print("file is not downloaded")
  download.file("https://ndownloader.figshare.com/files/2292172",
              "../raw-data/surveys-download.csv")
surveys_data <- read.csv("../raw-data/surveys-download.csv")</pre>
head(surveys_data)
```

[1] "file is downloaded"

#2 Make a version of this conditional statement that is a function, where the name of the file is the first argument and the link for downloading the file is the second argumen

```
#This function tests if a file is in the raw-data directory and if not it download it and read it as da
reading_csv <- function(file_name, file_link) {</pre>
# 1. test if file_name is in the raw-data folder
# file_name <- "species.csv"</pre>
test <- !is.element(file_name, list.files(path = "../raw-data"))</pre>
# 2. if test is FALSE, download the file
if (test) {
  # Option 1: save it with a random name:
  # download.file(url = file_link, destfile = "../raw-data/temporary.csv")
  # result <- read.csv(file = "../raw-data/temporary.csv")</pre>
# Option 2: save it with the name given in file nome:
  destination_file <- stringr::str_c("../raw-data/", file_name)</pre>
  download.file(url = file_link, destfile = destination_file)
  result <- read.csv(file = destination_file)
  return(result)
}
reading_csv <- function(file_name, file_link) {</pre>
  test <- is.element(file_name, list.files(path = "../raw-data"))# removed the exclamation mark for it
  if (test) {
    destination_file <- stringr:: str_c("../raw-data/", file_name)</pre>
    download.file(url = file link, destfile = destination file)
    result <- read.csv(file = destination_file)
 }
   return(result)
}
reading_csv(file_name = "species.csv",
            file_link = "https://ndownloade.figshare.com/files/3299483")
                             genus
      species_id
##
                                            species
                                                       taxa
## 1
                        Amphispiza
                                         bilineata
              AB
                                                       Bird
## 2
              AH Ammospermophilus
                                            harrisi Rodent
## 3
              AS
                        Ammodramus
                                         savannarum
                                                       Bird
## 4
              BA
                           Baiomys
                                            taylori Rodent
                  Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus
## 5
              CB
                                                       Bird
## 6
              CM
                       Calamospiza
                                       melanocorys
                                                       Bird
## 7
              CQ
                        Callipepla
                                           squamata
                                                       Bird
## 8
              CS
                          Crotalus
                                        scutalatus Reptile
## 9
              CT
                    Cnemidophorus
                                             tigris Reptile
## 10
              CU
                    Cnemidophorus
                                         uniparens Reptile
```

##	11	CV	Crotalus	viridis	Reptile
##	12	DM	Dipodomys	merriami	Rodent
##	13	DO	Dipodomys	ordii	Rodent
##	14	DS	Dipodomys	spectabilis	Rodent
##	15	DX	Dipodomys	sp.	Rodent
##	16	E0	Eumeces	obsoletus	Reptile
##	17	GS	Gambelia	silus	Reptile
##	18	NL	Neotoma	albigula	Rodent
##	19	NX	Neotoma	sp.	Rodent
##	20	OL	Onychomys	leucogaster	Rodent
##	21	TO	Onychomys	torridus	Rodent
##	22	OX	Onychomys	sp.	Rodent
##	23	PB	Chaetodipus	baileyi	Rodent
##	24	PC	Pipilo	chlorurus	Bird
##	25	PE	Peromyscus	eremicus	Rodent
##	26	PF	Perognathus	flavus	Rodent
##	27	PG	Pooecetes	gramineus	Bird
##	28	PH	Perognathus	hispidus	Rodent
##	29	PI	Chaetodipus	intermedius	Rodent
##	30	PL	Peromyscus	leucopus	Rodent
##	31	PM	Peromyscus	maniculatus	Rodent
##	32	PP	Chaetodipus	penicillatus	Rodent
##	33	PU	Pipilo	fuscus	Bird
##	34	PX	Chaetodipus	sp.	Rodent
##	35	RF	Reithrodontomys	fulvescens	Rodent
##	36	RM	Reithrodontomys	megalotis	Rodent
##	37	RO	Reithrodontomys	montanus	Rodent
##	38	RX	Reithrodontomys	sp.	Rodent
##	39	SA	Sylvilagus	audubonii	Rabbit
##	40	SB	Spizella	breweri	Bird
##	41	SC	Sceloporus	clarki	Reptile
##	42	SF	Sigmodon	fulviventer	Rodent
##	43	SH	Sigmodon	hispidus	Rodent
##	44	SO	Sigmodon	ochrognathus	Rodent
##	45	SS	Spermophilus	spilosoma	Rodent
##	46	ST	Spermophilus	tereticaudus	Rodent
##	47	SU	Sceloporus	undulatus	Reptile
##	48	SX	Sigmodon	sp.	Rodent
##	49	UL	Lizard	sp.	Reptile
##	50	UP	Pipilo	sp.	Bird
##	51	UR	Rodent	sp.	Rodent
	52	US	Sparrow	sp.	Bird
##	53	ZL	Zonotrichia	leucophrys	Bird
##	54	ZM	Zenaida	macroura	Bird

[#]Exercise 2: Multi-file Analysis

^{##1.} If individual_collar_data.zip is not already in your working directory download the zip file using download.file()

^{##2.} Unzip it using unzip()

^{##3}. Obtain a list of all of the files with file names matching the pattern "collar-data-.*.txt" (using list.files())

```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(ggplot2)
download.file("http://www.datacarpentry.org/semester-biology/data/individual_collar_data.zip", "collar..
unzip("collar.zip", exdir = "../raw-data")
collar_data_files <- list.files(pattern = "collar-")</pre>
collar_data_files
   [1] "collar-data-A1-2016-02-26.txt"
                                         "collar-data-B2-2016-02-26.txt"
   [3] "collar-data-C3-2016-02-26.txt"
##
                                         "collar-data-D4-2016-02-26.txt"
  [5] "collar-data-E5-2016-02-26.txt" "collar-data-F6-2016-02-26.txt"
  [7] "collar-data-G7-2016-02-26.txt"
                                         "collar-data-H8-2016-02-26.txt"
##
```

"collar-data-J10-2016-02-26.txt"

##4. Use a loop to load each of these files into R and make a line plot (using geom_path()) for each file with long on the x axis and lat on the y axis. Graphs, like other types of output, won't display inside a loop unless you explicitly display them, so you need put your ggplot() command inside a print() statement. Include the name of the file in the graph as the graph title using labs().

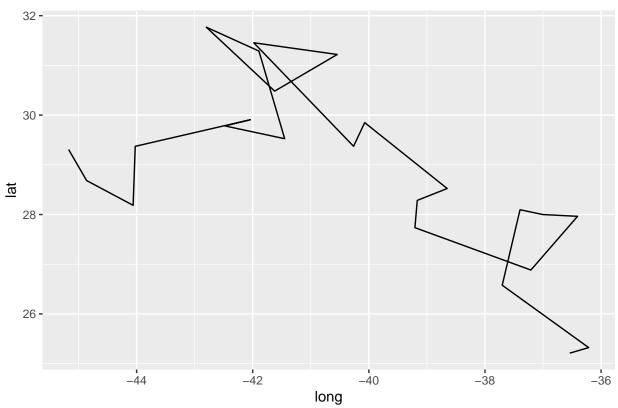
[9] "collar-data-I9-2016-02-26.txt"

##5. Add code to the loop to calculate the minimum and maximum latitude in the file, and store these values, along with the name of the file, in a data frame. Show the data frame as output.

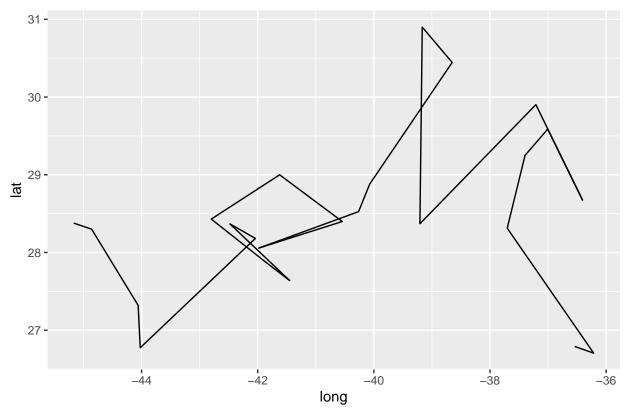
```
min_results <- vector(mode = "integer", length(collar_data_files))
max_results <- vector(mode = "integer", length(collar_data_files))

for(i in 1:length(collar_data_files)){
    filename <- collar_data_files[i]
    data <- read.csv(filename)
    data %>%
        ggplot(aes(x = long, y = lat )) +
        labs(title = filename) +
        geom_path() -> plots
        print(plots)
        min_results[i] <- min(data$lat)
        max_results[i] <- max(data$lat)
}</pre>
```

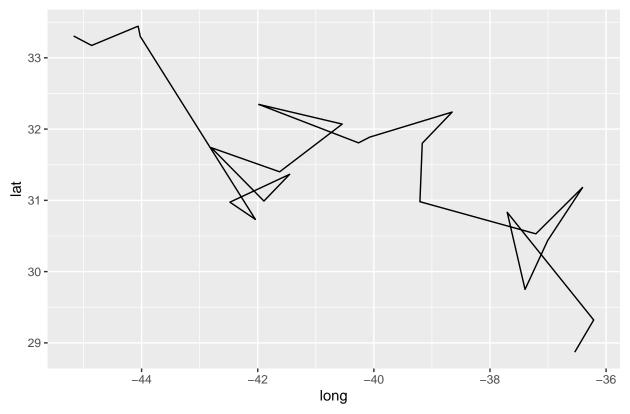
collar-data-A1-2016-02-26.txt



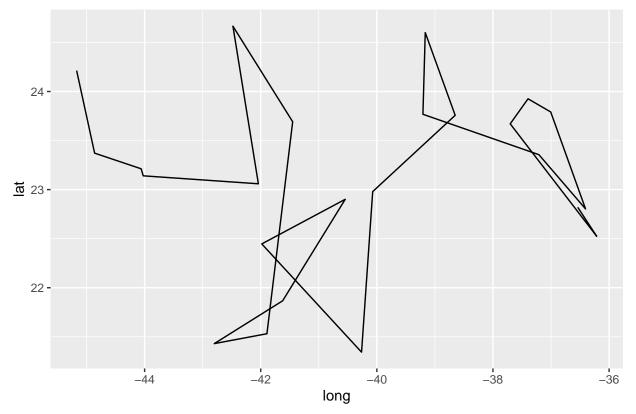
collar-data-B2-2016-02-26.txt



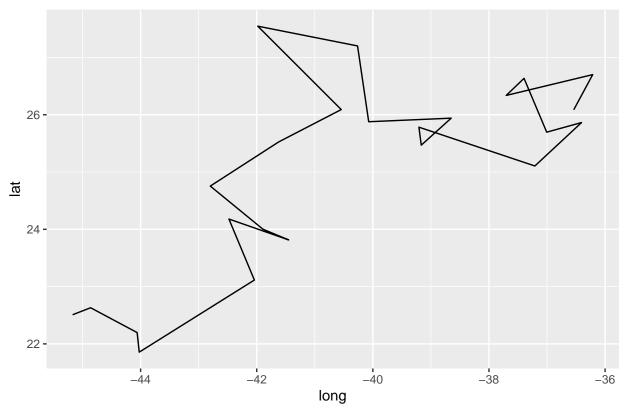
collar-data-C3-2016-02-26.txt



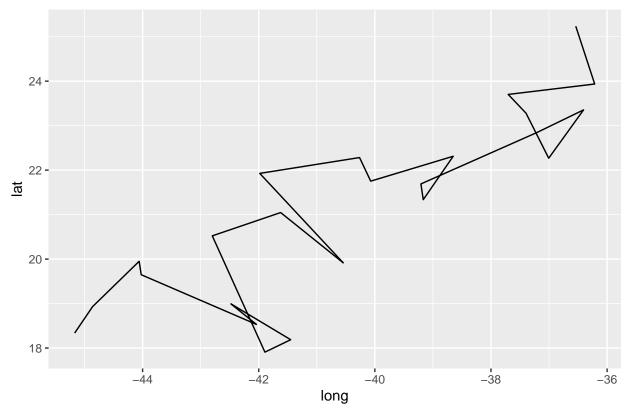
collar-data-D4-2016-02-26.txt



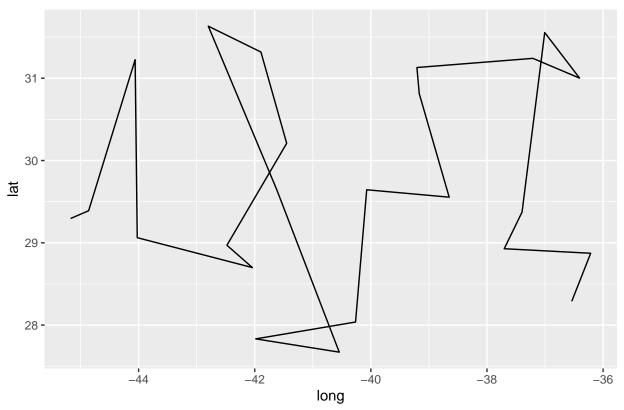
collar-data-E5-2016-02-26.txt



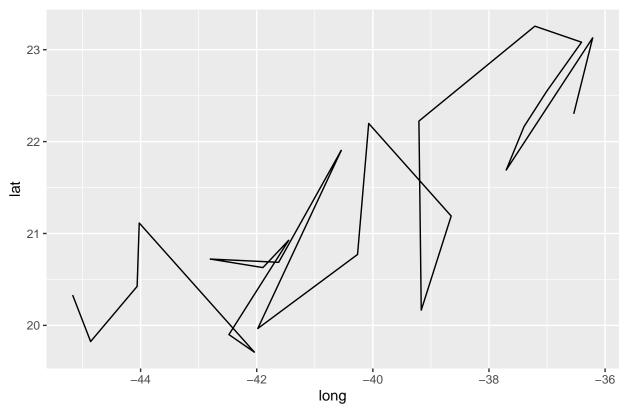
collar-data-F6-2016-02-26.txt



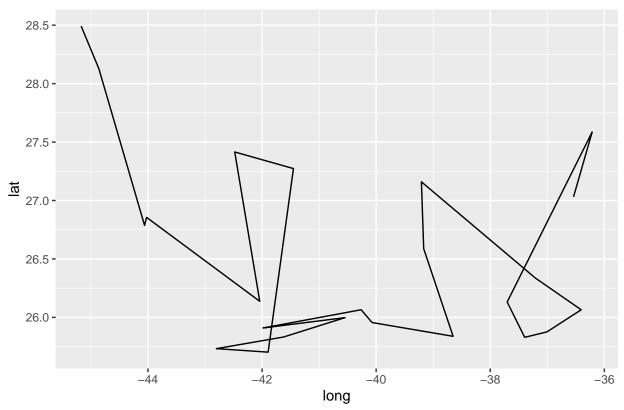
collar-data-G7-2016-02-26.txt



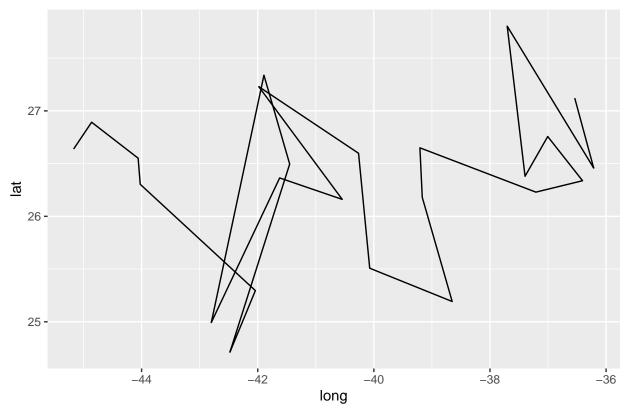
collar-data-H8-2016-02-26.txt



collar-data-I9-2016-02-26.txt



collar-data-J10-2016-02-26.txt



```
min_max_data <- data.frame(collar_data_files, min_results, max_results)
min_max_data</pre>
```

```
##
                   collar_data_files min_results max_results
       collar-data-A1-2016-02-26.txt
## 1
                                         25.21080
                                                     31.76912
## 2
       collar-data-B2-2016-02-26.txt
                                         26.70509
                                                     30.89907
## 3
       collar-data-C3-2016-02-26.txt
                                         28.86998
                                                     33.44421
## 4
       collar-data-D4-2016-02-26.txt
                                         21.34315
                                                     24.66598
## 5
       collar-data-E5-2016-02-26.txt
                                         21.85565
                                                     27.54663
       collar-data-F6-2016-02-26.txt
## 6
                                         17.90788
                                                     25.23623
       collar-data-G7-2016-02-26.txt
## 7
                                         27.67120
                                                     31.63272
## 8
       collar-data-H8-2016-02-26.txt
                                         19.70875
                                                     23.25601
## 9
       collar-data-I9-2016-02-26.txt
                                         25.70252
                                                     28.49172
## 10 collar-data-J10-2016-02-26.txt
                                         24.71200
                                                     27.80325
```

##Solution 2

```
all_min <- vector()
all_max <- vector()
length(all_min)</pre>
```

[1] 0

```
file_name <- vector()</pre>
for(i in collar_data_files){
  print(i)
  print(getwd())
  file_name <- c(file_name,i)</pre>
  collar_data_table <- read.csv(file = i )</pre>
  min lat <- min (collar data table[,"lat"])</pre>
  all_min <- c(all_min,min_lat)</pre>
  max_lat <- max(collar_data_table[,"lat"])</pre>
  all_max <- c(all_max, max_lat)</pre>
  print(all_min)
 print(all max)
## [1] "collar-data-A1-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.2108
## [1] 31.76912
## [1] "collar-data-B2-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907
## [1] "collar-data-C3-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421
## [1] "collar-data-D4-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598
## [1] "collar-data-E5-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663
## [1] "collar-data-F6-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623
## [1] "collar-data-G7-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272
## [1] "collar-data-H8-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120 19.70875
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272 23.25601
## [1] "collar-data-I9-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120 19.70875
## [9] 25.70252
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272 23.25601
## [9] 28.49172
```

```
## [1] "collar-data-J10-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] "/Users/atziri/Bio 195-197/Data Science/documents"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120 19.70875
## [9] 25.70252 24.71200
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272 23.25601
## [9] 28.49172 27.80325
min_max_dataframe <- data_frame(file_name, all_min, all_max)</pre>
## Warning: 'data_frame()' was deprecated in tibble 1.1.0.
## i Please use 'tibble()' instead.
min max dataframe
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
##
     file_name
                                     all_min all_max
##
      <chr>
                                       <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
## 1 collar-data-A1-2016-02-26.txt
                                        25.2
                                                31.8
## 2 collar-data-B2-2016-02-26.txt
                                        26.7
                                                30.9
## 3 collar-data-C3-2016-02-26.txt
                                       28.9
                                             33.4
## 4 collar-data-D4-2016-02-26.txt
                                        21.3
                                             24.7
## 5 collar-data-E5-2016-02-26.txt
                                        21.9
                                              27.5
## 6 collar-data-F6-2016-02-26.txt
                                      17.9
                                              25.2
## 7 collar-data-G7-2016-02-26.txt
                                      27.7 31.6
## 8 collar-data-H8-2016-02-26.txt
                                      19.7 23.3
## 9 collar-data-I9-2016-02-26.txt
                                        25.7
                                                28.5
## 10 collar-data-J10-2016-02-26.txt
                                        24.7
                                                27.8
#solution 3
library(stringr)
all_min_lat <- vector(mode = "integer", length = length(collar_data_files))</pre>
all_max_lat <- all_min_lat</pre>
all file names <- all min lat
length(all_min)
## [1] 10
length(all_max)
## [1] 10
all file names
## [1] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
for (i in 1:length(collar_data_files)){
 file_name_and_path <- str_c("../raw-data/",collar_data_files[i])</pre>
  all_file_names[i] <- file_name_and_path</pre>
 print(file name and path)
  collar_data_table <- read.csv(file = file_name_and_path)</pre>
```

```
all_min_lat[i] <- min_lat</pre>
 max_lat <- max(collar_data_table$lat)</pre>
 all_max_lat[i] <- max_lat</pre>
 print(all_min_lat)
 print(all_max_lat)
}
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-A1-2016-02-26.txt"
   [1] 25.2108 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
## [10] 0.0000
   [1] 31.76912 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
## [9] 0.00000 0.00000
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-B2-2016-02-26.txt"
##
  [1] 25.21080 26.70509 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
## [9] 0.00000 0.00000
  [1] 31.76912 30.89907 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
##
  [9] 0.00000 0.00000
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-C3-2016-02-26.txt"
##
  [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
## [9] 0.00000 0.00000
  [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
##
   [9] 0.00000 0.00000
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-D4-2016-02-26.txt"
   [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
##
   [9] 0.00000 0.00000
   [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
## [9] 0.00000 0.00000
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-E5-2016-02-26.txt"
  [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
##
##
   [9] 0.00000 0.00000
  [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
##
  [9] 0.00000 0.00000
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-F6-2016-02-26.txt"
  [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 0.00000 0.00000
## [9] 0.00000 0.00000
##
  [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 0.00000 0.00000
   [9] 0.00000 0.00000
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-G7-2016-02-26.txt"
   [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120 0.00000
##
   [9] 0.00000 0.00000
   [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272 0.00000
  [9] 0.00000 0.00000
##
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-H8-2016-02-26.txt"
   [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120 19.70875
##
   [9] 0.00000 0.00000
##
##
  [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272 23.25601
   [9] 0.00000 0.00000
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-I9-2016-02-26.txt"
##
   [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120 19.70875
## [9] 25.70252 0.00000
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272 23.25601
## [9] 28.49172 0.00000
```

min_lat <- min(collar_data_table\$lat)</pre>

```
## [1] "../raw-data/collar-data-J10-2016-02-26.txt"
## [1] 25.21080 26.70509 28.86998 21.34315 21.85565 17.90788 27.67120 19.70875
## [9] 25.70252 24.71200
## [1] 31.76912 30.89907 33.44421 24.66598 27.54663 25.23623 31.63272 23.25601
## [9] 28.49172 27.80325

min_max_dataframee <- data_frame(all_file_names, all_min_lat, all_max_lat)
min_max_dataframee</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
##
      all_file_names
                                                  all_min_lat all_max_lat
##
      <chr>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                    <dbl>
   1 ../raw-data/collar-data-A1-2016-02-26.txt
##
                                                         25.2
                                                                     31.8
   2 ../raw-data/collar-data-B2-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         26.7
                                                                     30.9
## 3 ../raw-data/collar-data-C3-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         28.9
                                                                     33.4
## 4 ../raw-data/collar-data-D4-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         21.3
                                                                     24.7
## 5 ../raw-data/collar-data-E5-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         21.9
                                                                     27.5
## 6 ../raw-data/collar-data-F6-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         17.9
                                                                     25.2
## 7 ../raw-data/collar-data-G7-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         27.7
                                                                     31.6
## 8 ../raw-data/collar-data-H8-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         19.7
                                                                     23.3
## 9 ../raw-data/collar-data-I9-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         25.7
                                                                     28.5
## 10 ../raw-data/collar-data-J10-2016-02-26.txt
                                                         24.7
                                                                     27.8
```

#Exercise 3: A function for the UHURU data set

##1. Explain what each line of code in the body of the function is doing. Add the explanations to your Rmd file as comments, before each line of code.

```
report_rsquared <- function(data, species, formula){
  subset <- dplyr::filter(data, ANT == species)
  test <- lm(formula, data = subset)
  rsquared <- round(summary(test)$r.squared, 3)
  output <- data.frame(species = species, r2 = rsquared)
  return(output)
}</pre>
```

##2. Execute the function using the UHURU data and specifying species = "CM" and formula = "AXIS1~CIRC".

```
UHURU_data <- read.csv(file = "../raw-data/ACACIA_DREPANOLOBIUM_SURVEY.txt", sep = "\t")
report_rsquared(UHURU_data, "CM", "AXIS1~CIRC")</pre>
```

```
## species r2
## 1 CM 0.866
```

##3. Modify the function so that it also determines if() the rsquared is significant based on a given threshold. The modified function should return() the species, rsquared and a significance value of "S" for a relationship with an rsquared > threshold or "NS" for an rsquared < threshold.

```
report_rsquared_modified <- function(data, species, formula){
  subset <- dplyr::filter(data, ANT == species)
  test <- lm(formula, data = subset)
  rsquared <- round(summary(test)$r.squared, 3)
  output <- data.frame(species = species, r2 = rsquared)
  return(output)
}</pre>
```

##4. Execute your modified function for species of "CM", "CS", and "TP" given a threshold = 0.667.