# KUBH/GH Network Training Network Administration 101

Day 3

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## **Training Contents**

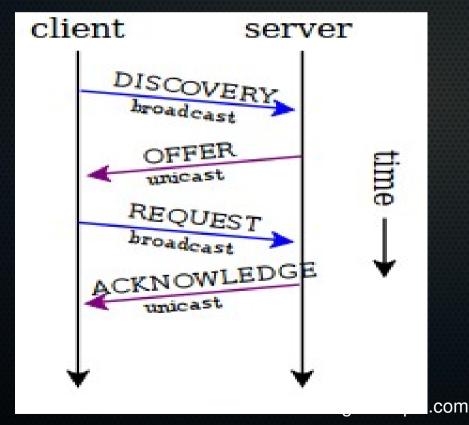
- Introduction to Networking [1]
- Clamping & Network Devices[2]
- Centos Installation & Basic Linux Commands[3]
- Commands & Configuring Network[3]
- DHCP Server[2]
- Bandwith Management [1]
- DNS & Proxy Server[2]
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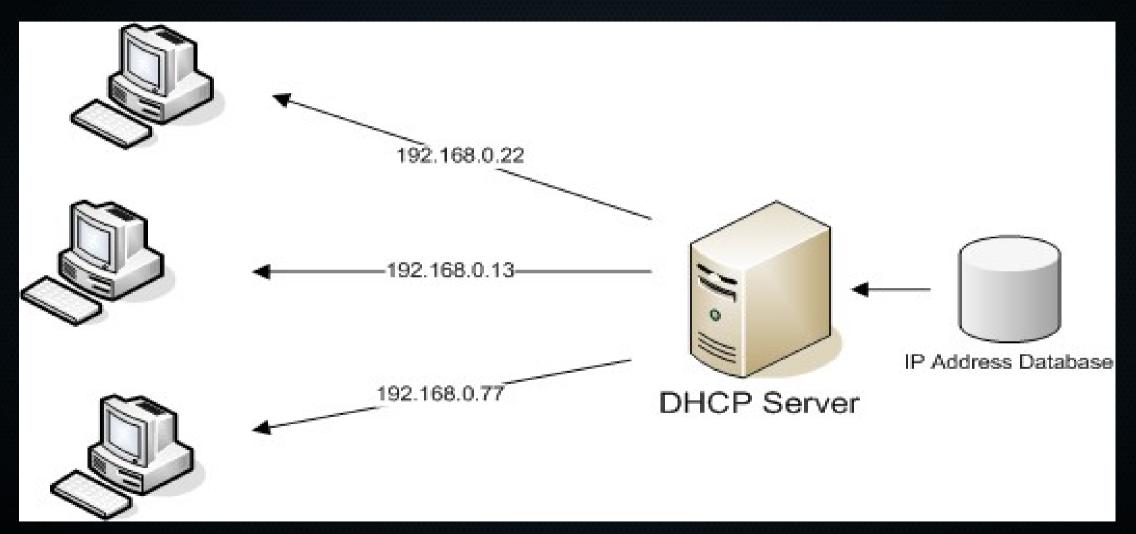
- Securing Server with Firewall & NAT [2]
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#### Day 3

- Setting up DHCP Server
- DHCP Clients
- Traffic Shaping
- Bandwidth Management

- enables a server to automatically assign an IP
- Dynamic IP





- yum -y install dhcp
- /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0
- vi /etc/sysconfig/dhcpd

- open /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf file and paste the below lines and save it.
- #specify domain name
- option domain-name "geeknepal.com";
- #specify DNS server ip and additional DNS server ip
- option domain-name-servers 192.168.1.1, 8.8.8.8;
- #specify default lease time
- default-lease-time 600;
- #specify Max lease time
- max-lease-time 7200;
- #specify log method
- log-facility local7;
- #Configuring subnet and iprange
- subnet 192.168.1.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
- range 192.168.1.50 192.168.1.254;
- option broadcast-address 192.168.1.255;
- #Default gateway ip
- option routers 192.168.1.1;
- }

- #Fixed ip address based on MAC id
- host abgeek{
- hardware ethernet 02:34:37:24:c0:a5;
- fixed-address 192.168.1.55;
- }

service dhcpd restart

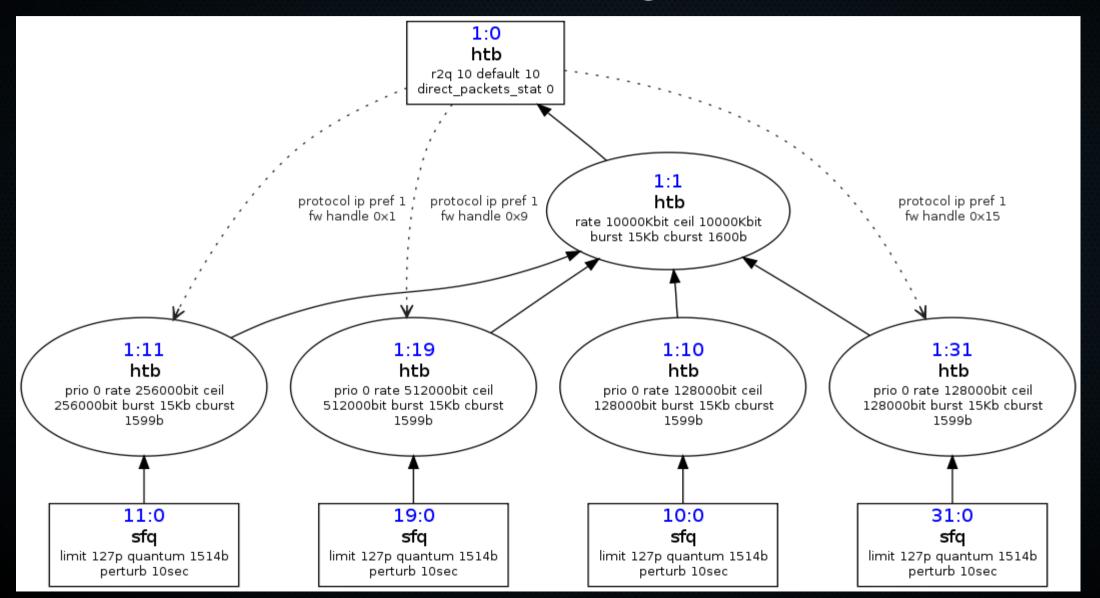
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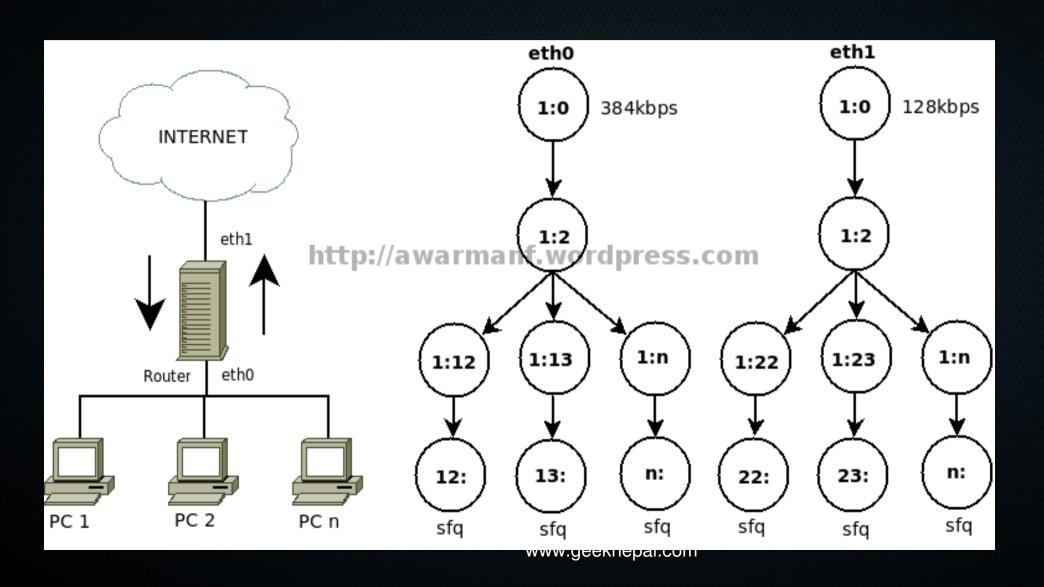
- Limited Bandwidth & High Reliability
- Traffic Shaping: (1) control network services, (2) limit bandwidths and (3) guarantee Quality Of Service (QoS).

- Queue Discipline
  - Token bucket
  - Hierarchical Token bucket (HTB)
  - Leaky bucket
  - First In First Out (FIFO)
  - Hierarchical Fair Service Curve (HFSC)
- We'll do with both FIFO and HTB algorithms.

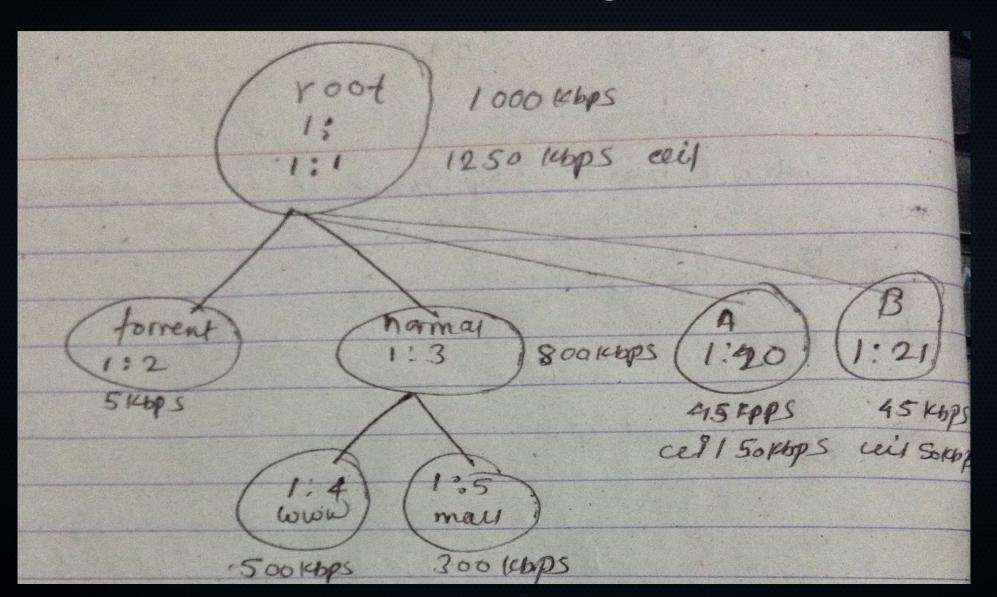
## Bandwidth Management - HTB



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## Bandwidth Management - HTB



- tc qdisc add dev eth1 root handle 1: htb default 12 #main node
- tc class add dev eth1 parent 1: classid 1:1 htb rate 1000kbps ceil 1250kbps
- tc class add dev eth1 parent 1:1 classid 1:2 htb rate 5kbps
- tc class add dev eth1 parent 1:1 classid 1:3 htb rate 800kbps
- tc class add dev eth1 parent 1:1 classid 1:20 htb rate 45kbps ceil 50kbps
- tc class add dev eth1 parent 1:1 classid 1:21 htb rate 45kbps ceil 50kbps

- Allocate Bandwidth Based on Ip
  - tc filter add dev eth1 parent 1:0 protocol ip prio 1 u32 match ip src 74.125.235.13/32 flowid 1:3 #youtube.com
  - Here we are assigning class 1:3 i.e. 800Kbps bandwidth to youtube.com server

- Bandwidth Allocation to Users
- At first assign a node to some limit
  - +bw allocate
  - tc class add dev eth1 parent 1:1 classid 1:21 htb rate
    45kbps ceil 50kbps
  - tc class add dev eth1 parent 1:1 classid 1:22 htb rate
    45kbps

- Now assign bandwidth to IP of user
  - tc filter add dev eth1 protocol ip parent 1:0 prio 1 u32 match ip dst 192.168.1.11 flowid 1:21 #
  - tc filter add dev eth1 protocol ip parent 1:0 prio 1 u32 match ip dst 192.168.1.12 flowid 1:22 #