$4 \text{ M SRAM} (512\text{-kword} \times 8\text{-bit})$ 

# **HITACHI**

ADE-203-903D (Z) Rev. 3.0 Aug. 24, 1999

#### **Description**

The Hitachi HM628512B is a 4-Mbit static RAM organized 512-kword  $\times$  8-bit. It realizes higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing 0.35  $\mu$ m Hi-CMOS process technology. The device, packaged in a 525-mil SOP (foot print pitch width) or 400-mil TSOP TYPE II or 600-mil plastic DIP, is available for high density mounting. The HM628512B is suitable for battery backup system.

#### **Features**

• Single 5 V supply

• Access time: 55/70 ns (max)

Power dissipation

— Active: 50 mW/MHz (typ)— Standby: 10 μW (typ)

• Completely static memory. No clock or timing strobe required

• Equal access and cycle times

• Common data input and output: Three state output

• Directly TTL compatible: All inputs and outputs

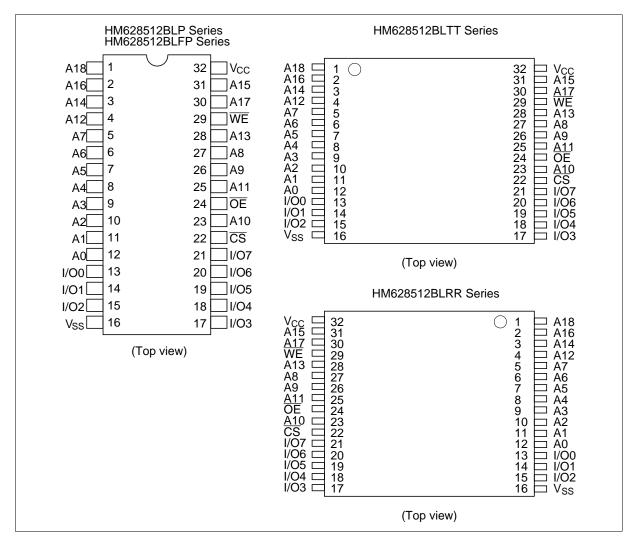
Battery backup operation



## **Ordering Information**

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM628512BLP-5 HM628512BLP-7	55 ns 70 ns	600-mil 32-pin plastic DIP (DP-32)
HM628512BLP-5SL HM628512BLP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512BLP-5UL HM628512BLP-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512BLFP-5 HM628512BLFP-7	55 ns 70 ns	525-mil 32-pin plastic SOP (FP-32D)
HM628512BLFP-5SL HM628512BLFP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512BLFP-5UL HM628512BLFP-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512BLTT-5 HM628512BLTT-7	55 ns 70 ns	400-mil 32-pin plastic TSOP II (TTP-32D)
HM628512BLTT-5SL HM628512BLTT-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512BLTT-5UL HM628512BLTT-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512BLRR-5 HM628512BLRR-7	55 ns 70 ns	400-mil 32-pin plastic TSOP II reverse (TTP-32DR)
HM628512BLRR-5SL HM628512BLRR-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512BLRR-5UL HM628512BLRR-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	

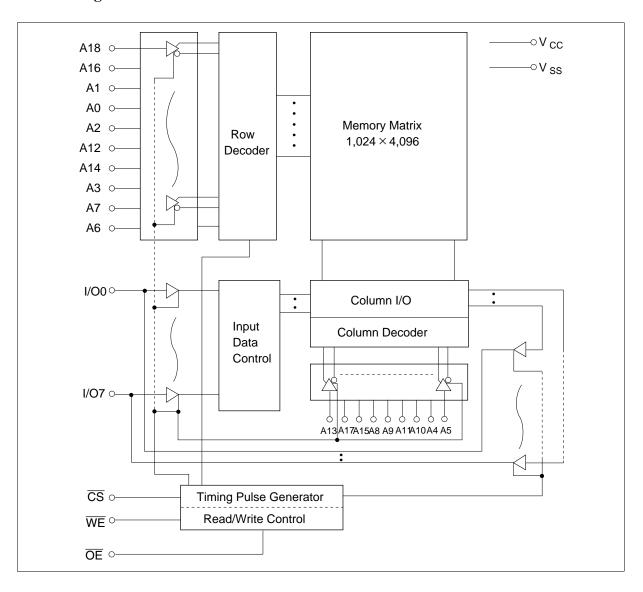
#### **Pin Arrangement**



#### **Pin Description**

Function
Address input
Data input/output
Chip select
Output enable
Write enable
Power supply
Ground

### **Block Diagram**



#### **Function Table**

WE	CS	ŌĒ	Mode	V <sub>cc</sub> current	Dout pin	Ref. cycle
×	Н	×	Not selected	$I_{SB}, I_{SB1}$	High-Z	_
Н	L	Н	Output disable	I <sub>cc</sub>	High-Z	_
Н	L	L	Read	I <sub>cc</sub>	Dout	Read cycle
L	L	Н	Write	I <sub>cc</sub>	Din	Write cycle (1)
L	L	L	Write	I <sub>cc</sub>	Din	Write cycle (2)

Note: x: H or L

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>ss</sub>	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3^{*2}$	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W
Operating temperature	Topr	-20 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature under bias	Tbias	-20 to +85	°C

Notes: 1. -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 30 ns

2. Maximum voltage is 7.0 V

## **Recommended DC Operating Conditions** ( $Ta = -20 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	V <sub>SS</sub>	0	0	0	V
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	_	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3 <sup>*1</sup>	_	0.8	V

Note: 1. -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 30 \text{ ns}$ 

## DC Characteristics (Ta = -20 to +70°C, $V_{CC}$ = 5 V $\pm 10\%$ , $V_{SS}$ = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ*1	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$Vin = V_{SS} to V_{CC}$
Output leakage current	I <sub>LO</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$\overline{\frac{CS}{WE}} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{OE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{WE} = V_{IL}, V_{I/O} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC}$
Operating power supply current: DC	I <sub>CC</sub>	_	8	15	mA	$\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}},$ others = $\text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA}$
Operating power supply current	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	40	60	mA	$\label{eq:min_cycle} \begin{split} & \underbrace{\text{Min cycle, duty}}_{\text{CS}} = V_{\text{IL}}, \text{ others} = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}} \\ & I_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA} \end{split}$
Operating power supply current	I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	10	20	mA	$\begin{split} & \text{Cycle time} = 1 \; \mu\text{s}, \\ & \text{duty} = 100\% \\ & I_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \; \text{mA}, \; \overline{\text{CS}} \leq 0.2 \; \text{V} \\ & V_{\text{IH}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \; \text{V}, \; V_{\text{IL}} \leq 0.2 \; \text{V} \end{split}$
Standby power supply current: DC	I <sub>SB</sub>	_	1	3	mA	$\overline{\text{CS}} = V_{\text{IH}}$
Standby power supply current (1): DC	I <sub>SB1</sub>	_	2*2	100*2	μΑ	Vin $\geq$ 0 V, $\overline{\text{CS}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$
		_	2*3	50*3	μΑ	_
		_	2*4	20*4	μΑ	_
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA
Output high voltage	$V_{OH}$	2.4	_	_	V	$I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$

Notes: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{cc} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and specified loading, and not guaranteed.

- 2. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L version.
- 3. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L-SL version.
- 4. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L-UL version.

### **Capacitance** (Ta = +25°C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input capacitance*1	Cin	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V
Input/output capacitance*1	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_	10	pF	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Characteristics (Ta = -20 to +70°C,  $V_{CC} = 5$  V  $\pm 10$ %, unless otherwise noted.)

#### **Test Conditions**

• Input pulse levels: 0.8 V to 2.4 V

• Input rise and fall time: 5 ns

• Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5 V

• Output load:  $1 \text{ TTL Gate} + C_L (100 \text{ pF}) (HM628512B-7)$ 

 $1 \text{ TTL Gate} + C_L (50 \text{ pF}) (HM628512B-5)$ 

(Including scope & jig)

#### **Read Cycle**

		11W1020312D						
		-5		-7				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes	
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	55	_	70	_	ns		
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>	_	55	_	70	ns		
Chip select access time	t <sub>co</sub>	_	55	_	70	ns		
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>OE</sub>	_	25	_	35	ns		
Chip selection to output in low-Z	t <sub>LZ</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns	2	
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2	
Chip deselection to output in high-Z	t <sub>HZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2	
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2	
Output hold from address change	t <sub>OH</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns		

HM628512B

#### Write Cycle

#### HM628512B

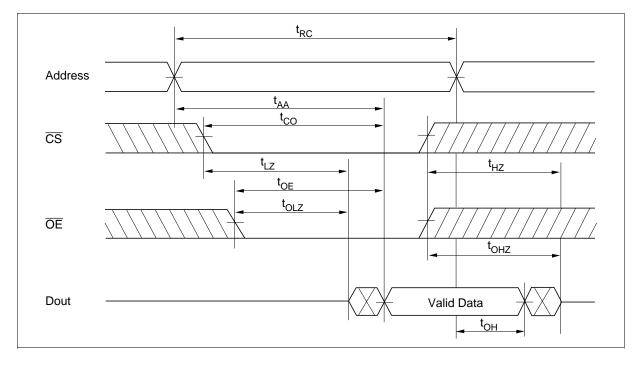
		-5		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>wc</sub>	55	_	70	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>cw</sub>	50	_	60	_	ns	4
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	5
Address valid to end of write	$\mathbf{t}_{AW}$	50	_	60	_	ns	
Write pulse width	t <sub>WP</sub>	40	_	50	_	ns	3, 12
Write recovery time	t <sub>wR</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	6
WE to output in high-Z	$\mathbf{t}_{WHZ}$	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 7
Data to write time overlap	$t_{\scriptscriptstyle DW}$	25	_	30	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	
Output active from output in high-Z	t <sub>ow</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 7

Notes: 1.  $t_{HZ}$ ,  $t_{OHZ}$  and  $t_{WHZ}$  are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

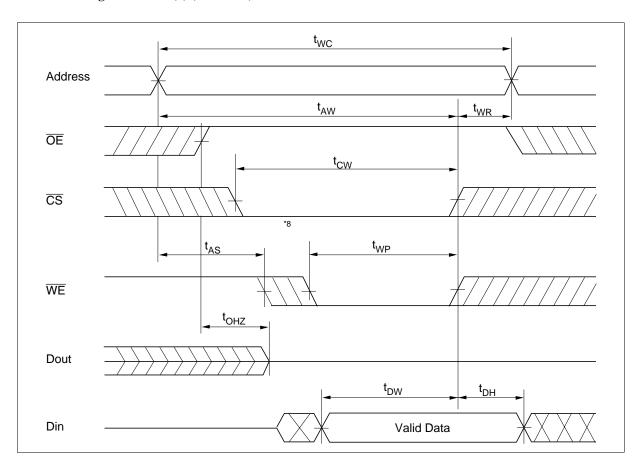
- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 3. A write occurs during the overlap  $(t_{WP})$  of a low  $\overline{CS}$  and a low  $\overline{WE}$ . A write begins at the later transition of  $\overline{CS}$  going low or  $\overline{WE}$  going low. A write ends at the earlier transition of  $\overline{CS}$  going high or  $\overline{WE}$  going high.  $t_{WP}$  is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 4.  $t_{cw}$  is measured from  $\overline{CS}$  going low to the end of write.
- 5.  $t_{\rm AS}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 6.  $t_{WR}$  is measured from the earlier of  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CS}$  going high to the end of write cycle.
- 7. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
- 8. If the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low transition occurs simultaneously with the  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  low transition or after the  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  transition, the output remain in a high impedance state.
- 9. Dout is the same phase of the write data of this write cycle.
- 10. Dout is the read data of next address.
- 11. If  $\overline{CS}$  is low during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Therefore, the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
- 12. In the write cycle with  $\overline{OE}$  low fixed,  $t_{WP}$  must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention.  $t_{WP} \ge t_{DW}$  min +  $t_{WHZ}$  max

## **Timing Waveforms**

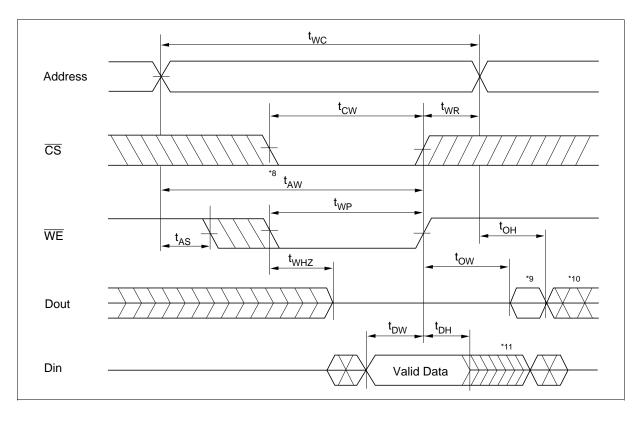
## Read Timing Waveform $(\overline{WE}=V_{IH})$



### Write Timing Waveform (1) $(\overline{OE} \ Clock)$



## Write Timing Waveform (2) $(\overline{OE} \text{ Low Fixed})$



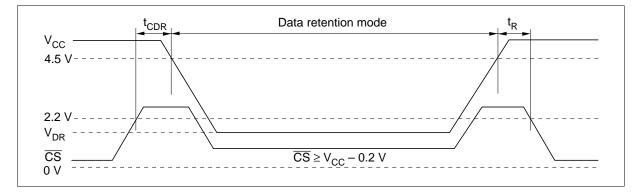
#### **Low V**<sub>CC</sub> **Data Retention Characteristics** (Ta = -20 to +70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions*4
V <sub>cc</sub> for data retention	$V_{DR}$	2	_	_	V	$\overline{\text{CS}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V, Vin} \ge 0 \text{ V}$
Data retention current	I <sub>CCDR</sub>	_	1* <sup>5</sup>	50* <sup>1</sup>	μΑ	$\frac{V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V, Vin} \ge 0 \text{ V}}{CS} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$
		_	1* <sup>5</sup>	15* <sup>2</sup>	μΑ	
		_	1* <sup>5</sup>	10* <sup>3</sup>	μΑ	
Chip deselect to data retention time	t <sub>CDR</sub>	0			ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>RC</sub> *6	_	_	ns	

Notes: 1. For L-version and 20  $\mu$ A (max.) at Ta = -20 to +40°C.

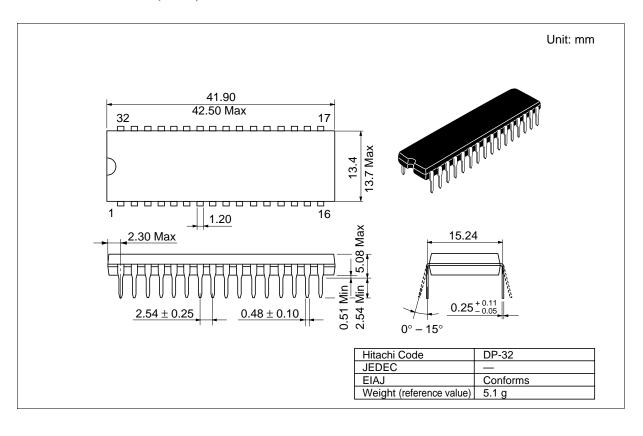
- 2. For L-SL-version and 3  $\mu$ A (max.) at Ta = -20 to +40°C.
- 3. For L-UL-version and 3  $\mu$ A (max.) at Ta = -20 to +40°C.
- 4.  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  controls address buffer,  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  buffer,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  buffer, and Din buffer. In data retention mode, Vin levels (address,  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$ , I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
- 5. Typical values are at  $V_{cc}$  = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C and specified loading, and not guaranteed.
- 6.  $t_{RC}$  = read cycle time.

#### Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Timing Waveform ( $\overline{CS}$ Controlled)



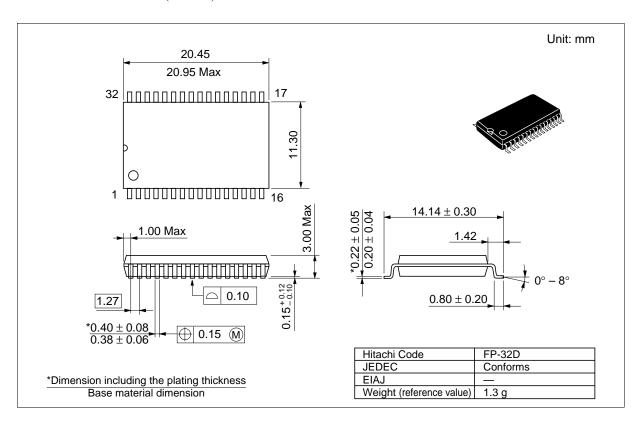
## **Package Dimensions**

#### **HM628512BLP Series** (DP-32)



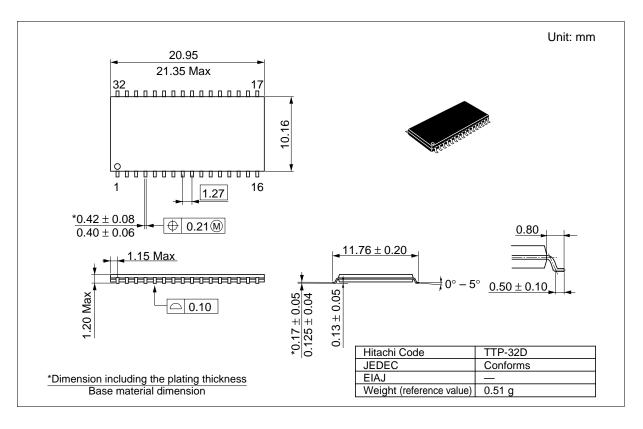
### Package Dimensions (cont.)

#### HM628512BLFP Series (FP-32D)



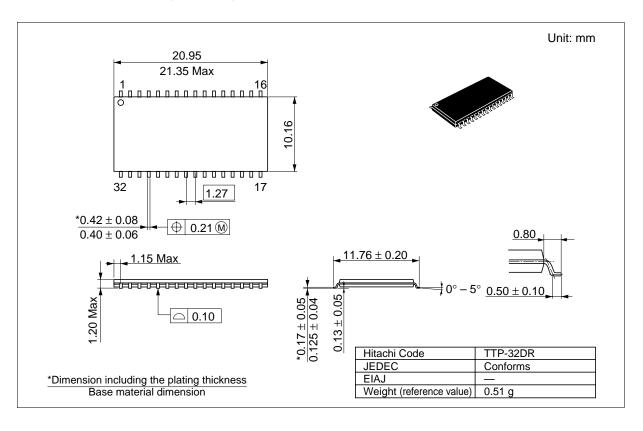
### Package Dimensions (cont.)

#### HM628512BLTT Series (TTP-32D)



### Package Dimensions (cont.)

#### HM628512BLRR Series (TTP-32DR)



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### **Revision Record**

Rev.	Date	Contents of Modification	Drawn by	Approved by
0.0	Apr. 24, 1998	Initial issue	M. Higuchi	K. Imato
0.1	Nov. 19, 1998	DC Characteristics $I_{SB1}$ max: $40/20~\mu A$ to $100/50~\mu A$ Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Characteristics $I_{CCDR}$ max: $20/10~\mu A$ to $50/15~\mu A$ Change of note1 and 2	S. kunito	K. Imato
1.0	Jan. 13, 1999	Deletion of Preliminary Features Change of Power dissipation Standby: TBD (typ) to 10 μW (typ) DC Characteristics I <sub>SB1</sub> typ: TBD/TBD to 2/2 μA Low V <sub>CC</sub> Data Retention Characteristics I <sub>CCDR</sub> typ: TBD/TBD to 1/1 μA	S. kunito	K. Imato
2.0	Apr. 8, 1999	Addition of L-UL-version DC Characteristics $I_{SB1}$ typ: 2/2 $\mu$ A to 2/2/2 $\mu$ A $I_{SB1}$ max: 100/50 $\mu$ A to 100/50/20 $\mu$ A Addition of note4 Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Characteristics $I_{CCDR}$ typ: 1/1 $\mu$ A to 1/1/1 $\mu$ A $I_{CCDR}$ max: 50/15 $\mu$ A to 50/15/10 $\mu$ A Addition of note3	S. kunito	K. Makuta
3.0	Aug. 24, 1999	Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Characteristics Correct error: $t_R$ unit ms to ns		