```
In [1]:
         import pandas as pd
In [2]:
          #1
         df = pd.read_csv("federalist.csv") ## read in the csv
         df['author'] = df.author.astype('category') ## convert the author column to categorical
         df.head() ## display the first few rows
Out[2]:
               author
                                                           text
         0 HAMILTON
                        FEDERALIST. No. 1 General Introduction For the...
         1
                  JAY FEDERALIST No. 2 Concerning Dangers from Forei...
         2
                  JAY FEDERALIST No. 3 The Same Subject Continued (C...
         3
                  JAY FEDERALIST No. 4 The Same Subject Continued (C...
                 JAY FEDERALIST No. 5 The Same Subject Continued (C...
In [3]:
         df['author'].value counts() ## Display the counts by author
Out[3]: HAMILTON
                                  49
        MADISON
                                  15
        HAMILTON OR MADISON
                                  11
         JAY
                                   5
        HAMILTON AND MADISON
                                   3
        Name: author, dtype: int64
In [4]:
         #2
         x = df.text ## x var
         y = df.author ## y var
In [5]:
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, train_size=0.8
         ## display the shapes of the trains and tests
         print('Shape of x_train : ' + str(x_train.shape))
         print('Shape of y_train : ' + str(y_train.shape))
         print('Shape of x_test : ' + str(x_test.shape))
         print('Shape of y_test : ' + str(y_test.shape))
         Shape of x_{train}: (66,)
        Shape of y_train : (66,)
         Shape of x test : (17,)
        Shape of y_test : (17,)
In [6]:
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         import re
         from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
          stopwords = set(stopwords.words('english')) ## set the stopwords
In [7]:
         ## preprocessing function
```

```
global stopwords
              text.replace('[\d][\d]+', ' num ', regex=True, inplace=True) ## remove the digits
              text.replace('[!@#*][!@#*]+', ' punct ', regex=True, inplace=True) ## remove the pu
              text.replace('[A-Z][A-Z]+', ' caps ', regex=True, inplace=True) ## remove the capit
              return text ## return the processed text
 In [8]:
          x_train = preprocess(x_train) ## preprocess the training
          x_test = preprocess(x_test) ## preprocess the test
 In [9]:
          vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop words=stopwords) ## create the vectorizor
          x_train_vec = vectorizer.fit_transform(x_train) ## vectorize the training
          x_test_vec = vectorizer.transform(x_test) ## vectorize the test
In [10]:
          ## display the new shapes
          print('Shape of x_train : ' + str(x_train_vec.shape))
          print('Shape of x_test : ' + str(x_test_vec.shape))
         Shape of x train : (66, 7757)
         Shape of x_test : (17, 7757)
In [11]:
          #4
          from sklearn.naive_bayes import BernoulliNB
          naive bayes = BernoulliNB() ## create the model
          naive bayes.fit(x train vec, y train) ## train the model
Out[11]: ▼ BernoulliNB
         BernoulliNB()
In [12]:
          from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, precision score, recall score, f1 score, co
          pred = naive_bayes.predict(x_test_vec) ## predict on the test data
          print('Accuracy for Bernoulli Naive Bayes: ', accuracy_score(y_test, pred)) ## output t
         Accuracy for Bernoulli Naive Bayes: 0.5882352941176471
In [13]:
          vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words=stopwords, max_features = 1000, ngram_range = (
          x_train_vec = vectorizer.fit_transform(x_train) ## vectorize the train
          x test vec = vectorizer.transform(x test) ## vectorize the test
In [14]:
          naive_bayes = BernoulliNB() ## create the model
          naive_bayes.fit(x_train_vec, y_train) ## train the model
          pred = naive_bayes.predict(x_test_vec) ## predict on the test data
          print('Accuracy for Bernoulli Naive Bayes with max features and ngrams: ', accuracy_sco
         Accuracy for Bernoulli Naive Bayes with max features and ngrams: 0.9411764705882353
In [15]:
          from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
```

from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer

def preprocess(text):

In [16]:

Accuracy for Neural Network regression: 0.8823529411764706