UD4. Activity 4

CUSTOMIZING THE USERINTERFACE BY USINGCSS STYLES



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UD4. Activity 4

You need to create 2 versions of the same web structure without using Bootstrap.

- The first one using only the display and position propierties in order to review some basic CSS.
- The second one using flex properties (and grid layout if you want to).

You have a video, html and images attached to this activity. The idea is to have the same structure:

- A **header** with an icon in the central part, and underneath a menu and a search engine positioned like the example.
- Then, the main part of the page will be formed by a sidebar and a section where there will be: a title, a menu with options to filter (which will always be seen, despite scrolling) and the main section where there will be the products or posts.
- Finally, at the bottom there will be a **footer**, where you can add the typical options (privacy policy, copyright, social networks, etc.).

You can:

- Use the given code to do the activity.
- Create a new and better version of it with a different colour palette and images.
- Use your own post design colours, but following this structure.

You have to do do a desktop version and a mobile version using media queries on both versions.



Source Github project

If you clone the project, you will have all the activities I have done so far sorted by folders in "activities" root directory.

Source project:

https://github.com/abarcelogarcia/abarcelogarcia.github.io

Root folder for this activity: UD4. Activity 3 activities/UD4A4_FLEX_GRID

github-pages (latest version)

https://abarcelogarcia.github.io/

The website structure

Directory	Files	Concept
root	ud4a4.html	main website file.
	ud4a4_flex.css	structure css file with flex
	ud4a4_position.css	structure css file with position
	DIW_UD4_A4.webm	Example video file
fonts	BAHNSCHRIFT.TTF	typography chosen in the guide style.
img	*.png, *.jpg	images directory for the web.



Anotations:

- I have decided to use the same structure but in the style of my own blog.
- In the html file there are two links to css files. One for **position** structure and one for **flex** structure. Just **comment and uncomment** to use of each type.
- According to the characteristics and elements of the website, I have considered that the mobile versions are those that are below 1000 pixels.



GENERAL

Fonts, colors and variables

First, I add the colors and fonts of my project to variables.

Position and flex

There are general styles that apply in both structures in the desktop and mobile versions, with the exception of the main

Position

Flex

```
/* Skip general margins */
  * {
    margin: 0;
    padding: 0;
    font-family: var(--texto);
}

main {
    display: flex;
    flex: 1;
    background-color: var(--blanco-corp);
}

h1{
    font-family: var(--titulo);
}

a {
    text-decoration: none;
    color: □black;
}

a:hover {
    color: var(--amarillo-corp);
    text-decoration: underline;
}

li {
    list-style: none;
}
```

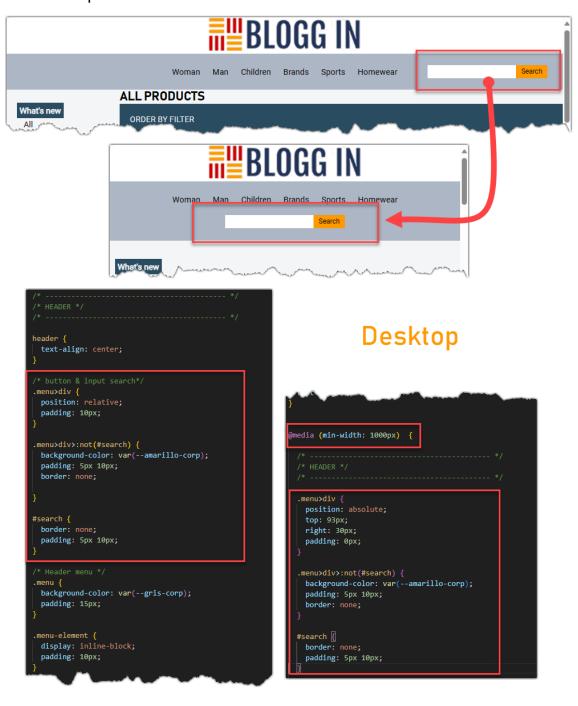


Header

Input & button search

Position and flex

All the elements are centred. In the mobile version¹ the search button and input are located below the main bar while in the desktop version it is located next to it in absolute position.



¹ below 1000 pixels



Header menu bar

Position

In the header menu bar I have used the inline-block attribute on .menu-element class so that it does not jump from line to line at each *li* tag. Both the mobile and desktop versions behave in the same way.

```
/* Header menu */
.menu {
  background-color: var(--gris-corp);
  padding: 15px;
}
.menu-element {
  display: inline-block;
  padding: 10px;
}
```

Flex

In the flex version, I have made the menu *ul* list to be a flex container, centre justified and the wrap value to scape lines if the resolution is low and not cut off.

```
/* Header menu */
.menu {
   background-color: var(--gris-corp);
   padding: 15px;
}

/* list menu */
.menu>ul {
   display: flex;
   justify-content: center;
   flex-wrap: wrap;
}

.menu>ul>li {
   padding: 10px;
}
```



MAIN

Aside

Position **Desktop**

In the desktop version the position is absolute (on a relative main) with zero values on top, left and bottom to fit between header and footer.

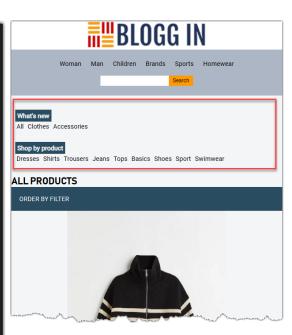




Mobile

In the mobile version, position is static so that it is below the header but above the section.

```
box-sizing: border-box;
 width: 100%;
 padding: 20px 20px 20px 0;
 background-color: var(--blanco-corp);
.list-group {
   display: block;
 padding: 10px;
margin-top: 10px;
list-group>ul {
 margin-top: 5px;
.list-group>ul>li {
 display: inline-block;
.list-group strong {
 background-color: var(--verde-corp);
 color: var(--blanco-corp);
 width: 100%;
 padding: 5px;
.menu2-element {
 padding: 3px;
```





Flex

Desktop

The flex container requires a column format and a fixed width of 200px.

```
@media (min-width: 1000px){
    aside {
        width: 200px;
        padding: 10px;
    }

    .menu2-element {
        padding: 3px;
        margin-left: 10px;
    }

    /* Change menu aside direction */
    .list-group>ul{
        flex-direction: column;
     }
}
```

Mobile

In the mobile version, the direction list group element must be row.

```
/*
/* ASIDE */
/* ASIDE */
/*
aside {
    padding: 10px;
}

.list-group{
    padding: 10px;
    margin-top: 10px;
}

.list-group>ul{
    display: flex;
    flex-direction: row;
    margin-top: 5px;
    flex-wrap: wrap;
}

.list-group>strong{
    background-color: var(--verde-corp);
    color: var(--blanco-corp);
    width: 100%;
    padding: 5px;
}

.menu2-element {
    padding: 8px;
}
```



Section

Position

The product section has the sticky position and article has the inline-block property so that it does not make the line break between articles.

Mobile

Desktop

Flex



Load More

Position

```
/* Load more */
#load-more-products {
  text-align: center;
  padding: 30px;
}

#load-more-products>button {
  background-color: var(--rojo-corp);
  color: var(--blanco-corp);
  padding: 10px 32px;
  border: none;
  border-bottom-left-radius: 50px;
  border-bottom-right-radius: 50px;
}
```

Flex

```
/* Load more */

#load-more-products {

    display: flex;
    justify-content: center;
    align-items: center;
    padding: 24px;
}

#load-more-products>button {

    background-color: var(--rojo-corp);
    color: var(--blanco-corp);
    padding: 10px 32px;
    border: none;
    border-bottom-left-radius: 50px;
    border-bottom-right-radius: 50px;
}
```

Back to top button

Position & Flex

In both versions the position is fixed so that it is displayed by scrolling.

```
#back-to-top {

position: fixed;
bottom: 80px;
right: 20px;
background-color: var(--amarillo-corp);
padding: 10px 32px;
border: none;
border-top-left-radius: 50px;
border-top-right-radius: 50px;
}
```



Footer

Footer bar

The footer bar simply requires centring the elements. A *ul* list and a div element. Depending on the structure it requires *text-align* for position or *justify-content* for flex. Both desktop and mobile have the same design.

Position

Flex

```
/* -----*/
/* FOOTER */
/* -----*/

footer{
    background-color: var(--gris-corp);
}

footer>ul>li{
    display: flex;
    justify-content: center;
}

footer>div{
    display: flex;
    justify-content: center;
}
```