# 2022 Personal Tax Credits Return

Read page 2 before filling out this form. Your employer or payer will use this form to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

Fill out this form based on the best estimate of your circumstances.

If you do not fill out this form, your tax deductions will only include the basic personal amount, estimated by your employer or payer based on the income they pay you.

Last name Bartella	First name and initial(s) Alexander J	Date of birth (YYYY/MM/DD) 2002/11/14	Employee numbe	Social insurance number 568709133			
Address 31 Diana Drive	Postal code LOG1N0	For non-residents only Country of permanent reside	nce				
1. Basic personal amount – Every resident of Canad from all sources will be greater than \$155,625 and you return at the end of the tax year. If your income from a partial claim. To do so, fill in the appropriate section of the calculated amount here.	ı enter \$14,398, you may h Il sources will be greater th	nave an amount owing on your in nan \$155,625, you have the optio	come tax and benet n to calculate a				
2. Canada caregiver amount for infirm children und born in 2005 or later, that resides with both parents the year, the parent who is entitled to claim the "Amount for amount for that same child who is under age 18.	roughout the year. If the ch	nild does not reside with both pare	ents throughout the	d			
<b>3. Age amount</b> – If you will be 65 or older on Decembor less, enter \$7,898. If your net income for the year was get Form TD1-WS, Worksheet for the 2022 Personal	ill be between \$39,826 and	d \$92,480 and you want to calcul					
<b>4. Pension income amount</b> – If you will receive regul Plan, Quebec Pension Plan, Old Age Security, or Gua annual pension income, whichever is less.							
5. Tuition (full time and part time) – If you are a student enrolled at a university or college, or an educational institution certified by Employment and Social Development Canada, and you will pay more than \$100 per institution in tuition fees, fill in this section. If you are enrolled full time or part time, enter the total of the tuition fees you will pay.							
<b>6. Disability amount</b> – If you will claim the disability at Tax Credit Certificate, enter \$8,870.	mount on your income tax	and benefit return by using Form	T2201, Disability				
7. Spouse or common-law partner amount – If you whose net income for the year will be less than Line 1 and their estimated net income for the year. If their ne infirm), you cannot claim this amount. In all cases, if t go to Line 9.	(Line 1 plus \$2,350 if they tincome for the year will be	are <b>infirm</b> ), enter the difference e Line 1 or more (Line 1 plus \$2,3	between this amou 350 if they are	nt			
8. Amount for an eligible dependant – If you do not who lives with you and whose net income for the year claim the Canada caregiver amount for children ur their estimated net income. If their net income for the yearnot claim this amount. In all cases, if their net incolder, go to Line 9.	will be less than Line 1 (Li nder age 18 for this depender will be Line 1 or more	ne 1 plus \$2,350 if they are <b>infirr</b> ndant), enter the difference betw (Line 1 plus \$2,350 or more if the	n and you cannot een this amount an ey are infirm), you	<u> </u>			
9. Canada caregiver amount for eligible dependant an infirm eligible dependant (aged 18 or older) or an \$25,195 or less, get Form TD1-WS and fill in the approximation.	infirm spouse or common-						
10. Canada caregiver amount for dependant(s) age age 18 or older (other than the spouse or commonor could have claimed an amount for if their net in less, enter \$7,525. If their net income for the year will Form TD1-WS and fill in the appropriate section. You are sharing this amount with another caregiver appropriate section.	law partner or eligible de come were under \$16,74t be between \$17,670 and \$ can claim this amount for r	ependant you claimed an amou B) whose net income for the year 25,195 and you want to calculate nore than one infirm dependant a	nt for on Line 9, will be \$17,670 or a a partial claim, get age 18 or older.				
11. Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner – If your spouse or common-law partner will not use all of their age amount, pension income amount, tuition amount, or disability amount on their income tax and benefit return, enter the unused amount.							
12. Amounts transferred from a dependant – If you benefit return, enter the unused amount. If your or you all of their tuition amount on their income tax and ber	ir spouse's or common-law	partner's dependent child or gra					
13. TOTAL CLAIM AMOUNT – Add Lines 1 to 12. Your employer or payer will use this amount to determ	ine the amount of your tax	deductions.		21583.46			

### Filling out Form TD1

Fill out this form **only** if any of the following apply:

- you have a new employer or payer and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, employment insurance benefits, or any other remuneration
- you want to change amounts you previously claimed (for example, the number of your eligible dependants has changed)
- you want to claim the deduction for living in a prescribed zone
- you want to increase the amount of tax deducted at source

Sign and date it, and give it to your employer or payer.

If you do not fill out this form, your tax deductions will only include the basic personal amount, estimated by your employer or payer based on the income they pay you.

#### More than one employer or payer at the same time

If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts on another Form TD1 for 2022. you cannot claim them again. If your total income from all sources will be more than the personal tax credits you claimed on another Form TD1, check this box, enter "0" on Line 13 and do not fill in Lines 2 to 12.

#### Total income less than total claim amount

Check this box if your total income for the year from all employers and payers will be less than your total claim amount on Line 13. Your employer or payer will not deduct tax from your earnings.

#### Non-residents (Only fill in if you are a non-resident of Canada.)

As a non-resident of Canada, will 90% or more of your world income be included in determining your taxable income earned in Canada in 2022? Yes (Fill out the previous page.) No (Enter "0" on Line 13, and do not fill in Lines 2 to 12 as you are not entitled to the personal tax credits.)

If you are unsure of your residency status, call the international tax and non-resident enquiries line at 1-800-959-8281.

#### Provincial or territorial personal tax credits return

If your claim amount on Line 13 is more than \$14,398, you also have to fill out a provincial or territorial TD1 form. If you are an employee, use the Form TD1 for your province or territory of employment. If you are a pensioner, use the Form TD1 for your province or territory of residence. Your employer or payer will use both this federal form and your most recent provincial or territorial Form TD1 to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

If you are claiming the basic personal amount only, your employer or payer will deduct provincial or territorial taxes after allowing the provincial or territorial basic personal amount.

Note: If you are a Saskatchewan resident supporting children under 18 at any time during 2022, you may be able to claim the child amount on Form TD1SK, 2022 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return. Therefore, you may want to fill out Form TD1SK even if you are only claiming the basic personal amount on this form.

#### Deduction for living in a prescribed zone

If you live in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon, or another prescribed northern zone for more than six months in a row beginning or ending in 2022, you can claim any of the following:

- \$11.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone
- \$22.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone if, during that time, you live in a dwelling that you maintain, and you are the only person living in that dwelling who is claiming this deduction

Employees living in a prescribed intermediate zone can claim 50% of the total of the above amounts.

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For more information, go to canada.ca/taxes-northern-residents.

## Additional tax to be deducted

You may want to have more tax deducted from each payment, especially if you receive other income, including non-employment income such as CPP or QPP benefits, or old age security pension. By doing this, you may not have to pay as much tax when you file your income tax and benefit return. To choose this option, state the amount of additional tax you want to have deducted from each payment. To change this deduction later, fill out a new Form TD1.

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#### Reduction in tax deductions

You can ask to have less tax deducted on your income tax and benefit return if you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed on this form (for example, periodic contributions to a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP), child care or employment expenses, charitable donations, and tuition and education amounts carried forward from the previous year). To make this request, fill out Form T1213, Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at Source, to get a letter of authority from your tax services office. Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if your employer deducts RRSP contributions from your salary.

## Forms and publications

To get our forms and publications, go to canada.ca/cra-forms-publications or call 1-800-959-5525.

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected for the purposes of the administration or enforcement of the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be used or disclosed for purposes of other federal acts that provide for the imposition and collection of a tax or duty. It may also be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial, or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties, or other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, or to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 120 on Info Source at canada.ca/cra-info-source.

## Certification

I certify that the information given on this form is correct and complete.

Signature

Alexander Bartella (May 14, 2022 00:03 EDT)

Date 2022/05/14

It is a serious offence to make a false return.