

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Trade name : ETHYLENE OXIDE

CAS Number: : 75-21-8
Chemical characterization : Ethylene Oxide
Chemical name : Ethylene Oxide

Synonyms : 1,2-Epoxyethane, Oxirane, EO

Identified uses : Monomer; Intermediate

Prohibited uses : Fumigants; Sterilants; Pesticides; Munitions

Company Address

Address Company Telephone

Equistar Chemicals, LP Customer Service 888 777-0232 LyondellBasell Tower, Suite 300 product.safety@lyb.com

1221 McKinney St. P.O. Box 2583

Houston Texas 77252-2583

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC USA 800-424-9300 EQUISTAR 800-245-4532

E-mail address : product.safety@lyb.com

Responsible/issuing person

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable gases Category 1 Gases under pressure Liquefied gas Acute toxicity; Oral Category 3 Acute toxicity; Inhalation Category 2 Skin irritation Category 2 Category 2A Eye irritation Respiratory sensitization Category 1B Skin sensitization Category 1B Category 1B Carcinogenicity Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2

Eyes, Respiratory Tract, Nervous system, Testes

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Category 3

Simple Asphyxiant

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

Label elements

Hazard symbols











Signal word : Danger

Hazard Statements: H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.H330 Fatal if inhaled.H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer. H360F May damage fertility.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Blood, Respiratory Tract, Testes) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements

: Prevention

P201 + P202 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 + P312 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.



SDS No.: 3268

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019

Print Date 09/10/2024

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) May cause frostbite.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Weight %	Component Type
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	>= 99.9 %	Α

Key:

(A) Substance

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

: Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. If unconscious place in recovery position. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.

If inhaled : Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has

stopped, perform artificial respiration. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist the affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in

freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected

area.

Call a physician.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15

minutes and see a doctor.

Direct contact with liquified gas may cause severe and possibly

permanent eye injury due to frostbite from rapid liquid

evaporation.

If swallowed : Ingestion unlikely.

However, if ingested, obtain emergency medical attention.

Notes to physician

Symptoms : High concentrations can displace oxygen and cause

drowsiness, dizziness, unconsciousness and/or suffocation by

asphyxiation. irritant effects sensitizing effects Respiratory irritation

central nervous system effects

Contact with rapidly evaporating liquid may cause frostbite, with redness, skin color change to gray or white, and blistering.

Hazards : Toxic if swallowed.

Fatal if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties

if inhaled.

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ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Simple Asphyxiant.

Rapid release of compressed gas may cause frostbite.

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

There is no specific antidote.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemicals, CO2, water spray or alcohol-

resistant foam

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, water fog or alcohol-resistant

foam

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Vapors may travel long distances along the ground before

reaching a source of ignition and flashing back.

Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose

holders or monitor nozzles.

Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after

fire is out.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing

may occur.

Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting

safety devices or discoloration of tank.

Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Always stay away from tanks engulied

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA).

Structural firefighter's protective clothing will only provide

limited protection.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods for containment / Methods for cleaning up

: Extremely flammable gas.

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Let evaporate. If possible, turn leaking container so that gas escapes rather than liquid.



SDS No.: 3268

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019

Print Date 09/10/2024

Do not direct water at spill or source. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or

confined areas.

Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Additional advice : See Section 15: Regulatory Information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not handle near heat, sparks, or flame. Avoid contact with

incompatible agents. Use only with adequate

ventilation/personal protection. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not enter storage area unless adequately ventilated. Metal containers involved in the transfer of this

material should be grounded and bonded.

Fire-fighting class : Flammable Gas

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage

areas and containers

: Store containers in a cool, dry, ventilated, fire resistant area away from sources of ignition and incompatible materials.

Specific end use(s)

: See Section 1.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Туре	Limit Value	Basis	Additional
				Revision Date	Information
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	TWA	1 ppm	US (ACGIH)	
				2012	



ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	IDLH	800 ppm	NIOSH September 2007	
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	STEL	5 ppm	US (OSHA) June 23, 2006	
	Remarks: See	29 CFR 19	910.1047		
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	TWA	1 ppm	US (OSHA) June 23, 2006	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves such as:

Butyl rubber.

Eye and face protection : Eye protection, including both chemical splash goggles and

face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to splashing/spraying liquid, airborne particles, or

vapor.

Skin and body protection : Use PPE that is chemical resistant to the product and

prevents skin contact.

Hygiene measures : Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should

be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the hazards and/or potential hazards that may be encountered

during use.

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet

facilities.

Wash clothing frequently.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : gaseous Color : Colorless.

Odor : Sweet.

Ether-like odor.

Odor Threshold : 260 ppm

Odor is not an adequate warning of potentially hazardous

ambient air concentrations.

Flash point : $<= -18 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Lower explosion limit : 2.6 vol%

Upper explosion limit : 99.99 vol%

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable gas.

Oxidizing properties : Not considered an oxidizing agent.

Autoignition temperature : 429 °C

Decomposition temperature : not determined

Melting point/freezing point : -112.5 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: 11 °C

Vapor pressure : 1,436 - 1,733 hPa

at 20 °C

Density : 0.89 g/cm3

(Water = 1)

Water solubility : completely soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -0.3

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.

Viscosity, kinematic : 0.27 mm2/s

at 10 °C

Relative vapor density : 1.5

(Air = 1.0)

Explosive properties : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Other Information : No additional information available.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Hazardous reactions : Polymerizes violently in presence of traces of metals or acids.

May polymerize in the presence of acids or bases.

This material is stable when properly handled and stored.

Conditions to avoid : High temperature and pressure.

Materials to avoid : Metal oxides, metal powders, and oxidants.

Acids Bases.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon Monoxide and Carbon dioxide.

Toxic vapors are generated when heated.

Thermal decomposition : Gives off irritating and/or toxic gases in a fire.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity : Classified

Toxic if swallowed.

: 270 mg/kg

Species: Guinea pig

Ingestion is not an expected route of exposure.

Accidental ingestion may cause severe discomfort and pronounced irritation of the gastrointestinal tract as well as CNS depression (drowsiness, loss of consciousness and

possibly death).

Acute inhalation toxicity : Classified

Fatal if inhaled.

: LC50 (vapor): 1.2 mg/l

660 ppm

Exposure time: 4 HOURS

Species: Mouse

Exposure to vapor or aerosol will result in irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract as well as gastrointestinal disturbances, headache, and CNS depression (including intoxication, drowsiness, convulsions, loss of consciousness and possible



ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

death).

Acute dermal toxicity : Not classified

No study available.

Skin corrosion/irritation : Classified

Causes skin irritation.

: Skin contact with liquid ethylene oxide may result in frostbite due to rapid evaporative cooling. Neat liquid may cause chemical burns (especially if contact is prolonged), while dilute solutions have been reported to cause irritation and dermatitis.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: Classified

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: Respiratory sensitization

Classified

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

Chronic toxicity

Component Name	NTP	IARC	OSHA
Ethylene Oxide	known as a human carcinogen	1	Present

Carcinogenicity : Classified

May cause cancer.

Ethylene oxide is a multi-site animal carcinogen, producing

tumors active in a range of tissues (primarily the

hematopoietic system, lung, peritoneal cavity and brain) after chronic inhalation exposure. Epidemiology studies indicate it is a human carcinogen, causing primarily lymphatic and hematopoeitic cancer. An association between ethylene oxide exposure and other human cancers has been suggested but

any causal link remains tentative.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Classified

May cause genetic defects.

Reproductive toxicity

Effects on fertility / : Classified

Effects on or via lactation May damage fertility.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

Effects on Development : Not classified

No adverse effect observed.

Target Organ Systemic
Toxicant - Single exposure

Classified, May cause respiratory irritation., May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

: Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Respiratory system, Nervous system

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure : Classified, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

: Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Eyes, Respiratory system, Nervous system,

Testes

Inflammation of the respiratory tract, mineralization (opacity) of the eye as well as behavioral and degenerative changes affecting the nervous system have been observed in laboratory animals following long term repeated exposure. Similar changes may also occur in the human nervous

system, especially in over-exposure situations.

Aspiration hazard : Not applicable.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Long-term (chronic)

aquatic hazard

: Classified, Harmful to aquatic life.

: Not classified, based on readily biodegradability and low acute

toxicity.

Toxicity to fish : Harmful to fish.

: LC50: 57 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 HOURS Species: Pimephales promelas

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

: Low acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

Toxicity to algae : Low toxicity to algae.

Toxicity to bacteria : Moderately toxic to sewage treatment plant microbes

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS_US_GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

: EC50: 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 HOURS Species: Activated sludge

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Toxicity)

other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

: No study available.

: No study available.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : Rapidly degradable.

: Biodegradation: 93 - 100 %

(After 28 days in a ready biodegradability test)

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation : This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.16 Method: (QSAR calculated value)

Mobility in soil

Distribution among environmental compartments

: Type: Stability in soil Koc: 3.2 - 4.7

Low absorption to soil particulates predicted

(QSAR calculated value)

: Type: Stability in water

Expected to hydrolyse under environmental conditions Half-life in river or salt water 9-14.2 days at pH 7-7.4 and 25C

Other adverse effects

Environmental fate and

pathways

: No additional information available.

Other information

Additional ecological

information

: No additional information available.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product : Disposal should be conducted through a facility equipped with

and operating an air emission control device in accordance with requirements of applicable Clean Air Act regulations. Air emission control devices include but are not limited to vent

scrubbers, on-line analyzers, and flare systems. Assure emissions comply with applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CFR_RAIL

UN number : 1040

Description of the goods : Ethylene oxide with nitrogen

Class : 2.3 Subsidiary hazard class : 2.1 Labels : 2.3 (2.1)

Marine pollutant : no

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA 12b

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Significant New Use Rules (SNUR)

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

SARA 302/304

The following substance(s) is/are regulated under SARA 302/304:

Component	CASRN	TPQ	RQ	
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	1000lbs	10 lbs	l

SARA 311/312

yondellbasell
Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019

Print Date 09/10/2024

SDS No.: 3268

Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical hazards according to Section 311 & 312:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Gases under pressure

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Carcinogenicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated

exposure)

Simple Asphyxiant

Hazard not otherwise classified (health hazards)

SARA 313

This product contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:

Component	CASRN	Reporting Threshold
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	0.1%

State Reporting

This material contains the following chemical substance which is regulated under California Proposition 65. However, it is the responsibility of the California business owner to develop his or her own regulatory compliance plan. Contact Product Safety for further information at product.safety@lyb.com.

Substance	CASRN	Type of Toxicity				
		Carcinogen Developmental Repro-Male Repro- Female				
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	Х	Х	X	X	

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by New Jersey's Worker and Community Right to Know Act:

75-21-8 Ethylene Oxide

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Massachusetts' Right to Know Law:

75-21-8 Ethylene Oxide

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Pennsylvania's Right to Know Act:



ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

75-21-8 Ethylene Oxide

Other international regulations

Global Inventory Status

The ingredients of this product are compliant with the following chemical inventory requirements or exemptions.

*Additional Explanatory Status Statements follow the table, as necessary.

Country/Region	Inventory	Status Description
Australia	AICS	Compliant
Canada	DSL	Compliant
China	IECSC	Compliant
Europe	REACH	See REACH Compliance Statement
Japan	ENCS	Compliant
Korea	KECI	Compliant
New Zealand	NZIoC	Compliant
Philippines	PICCS	Compliant
United States of America	TSCA	Compliant
Taiwan	TCSCA	Compliant

REACh status

If the product has been purchased from any company of the LyondellBasell group of companies registered in the European Union, we confirm that the chemical substance in this product has been registered under REACh, in accordance with the deadlines set forth in REACh. (Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006)

Contact product.safety@lyb.com for additional global inventory information.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Material safety datasheet sections which have been updated:

Revised Section(s): 15 16

HMIS Classification : Health Hazard: 3

Chronic Health Hazard: *

Flammability: 4 Physical hazards: 3



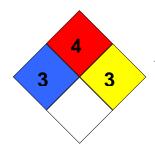


ETHYLENE OXIDE

Version 1.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: 3268

NFPA Classification : Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 4 Instability: 3



Further information

HMIS rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard) NFPA rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard)

Disclaimer

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Numerical Data Presentation

The presentation of numerical data, such as that used for physical and chemical properties and toxicological values, is expressed using a comma (,) to separate digits into groups of three and a period (.) as the decimal marker. For example, 1,234.56 mg/kg = 1 234,56 mg/kg.

Language Translations

The information presented in this document has been translated from English by a vendor LyondellBasell believes to be reliable. LyondellBasell and its vendor have made a good-faith effort to verify the accuracy of the translation, but assume no liability or other responsibility for any errors that may have occurred. Please refer to our web site (www.lyondellbasell.com) for the original document written in English.

End of Material Safety Data Sheet

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Trade name : Glycol Ether DPM CAS Number: : 34590-94-8

Chemical characterization : Propylene Glycol Ethers

Chemical name : Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether

Synonyms : DPM, Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether, DPGME

Identified uses : Solvent

Company Address

Lyondell Chemical Company LyondellBasell Tower, Suite 300 1221 McKinney St. P.O. Box 2583

Houston Texas 77252-2583

Company Telephone

Customer Service 888 777-0232

product.safety@lyb.com

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC USA 800-424-9300 LYONDELL 800-245-4532

E-mail address : product.safety@lyb.com

Responsible/issuing person

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids Category 4
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

Label elements

Hazard symbols



Signal word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary : Prevention

Statements P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot

surfaces. No smoking.

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Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235 Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

No additional information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Weight %	Component
	EC-No.		Type
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	> 99.0 %	Α

Key:

(A) Substance

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Consult a physician/doctor if necessary.

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety

before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

Obtain emergency medical attention.

Prompt action is essential.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing as needed.

Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Flush with lukewarm water for 15 minutes.

If sticky, use waterless cleaner first. Seek medical attention if discomfort persists.

In case of eye contact : Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally

lifting the upper and lower eyelids.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : This material may be a slight health hazard if ingested in large

quantities.

If large quantity swallowed, give lukewarm water (pint/ 1/2 liter)

if victim completely conscious/alert.

Do not induce vomiting. Risk of damage to lungs exceeds

poisoning risk.

Obtain emergency medical attention.

Notes to physician

Symptoms : Nasal irritation

Respiratory irritation

Hazards : May cause respiratory irritation.

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Treatment : Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular

foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, water fog or regular

foam. Do not use straight streams.

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Do not use solid water stream.

: Heat from fire can generate flammable vapor.

When mixed with air and exposed to ignition source, vapors

can burn in open or explode if confined.

Flammable vapors may be heavier than air and travel long distances along the ground before igniting and flashing back to

vapor source.

Fine sprays/mists may be combustible at temperatures below

normal flash point.

Heat may build enough pressure to rupture closed containers/spreading fire/increasing risk of burns/injuries. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after

fire is out.

Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire

burn.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus and firefighter turnout gear.

Structural firefighter's protective clothing will only provide

limited protection.

Further information : Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after

fire is out.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Ensure adequate ventilation.
Use personal protective equipment.
Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Clean-up to be performed only by trained and properly

equipped personnel.

Methods for containment /

Methods for cleaning up

: Eliminate all sources of ignition.

All equipment used when handling this product must be

grounded.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas.

A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

material and transfer to containers.

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

Additional advice : Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage.

See section 8 for additional PPE information. See section 13 for disposal information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

The potential for peroxide formation is enhanced when this

solvent is used in processes such as distillation.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Properly ground containers before beginning transfer. When transferring propylene glycol ethers with flash points at or below 60 °C (140 °F) into fixed site vessels, the vessel

should be purged and inerted prior to transfer.

Propylene glycol ethers may be transferred into air atmospheres if the temperature of the product and the ambient temperature within the shipping container are both at least 16.7 °C (30 °F) less than the product's flash point. After loading, nitrogen blanketing is required if the contents of the transportation container could exceed a temperature of 16.7 °C (30 °F) less than the product flash point during any subsequent transportation activities.

If the product flash point is less than 16.7 °C (30 °F) above either the ambient temperature of the transportation container or the storage temperature of the product, the container should be purged and inerted with nitrogen prior to loading

and nitrogen blanketed after loading. Handle empty containers with care.

Flammable/combustible residue remains after emptying. The purging of all empty shipping containers, regardless of the

flashpoint, is recommended when received with air

atmospheres.

Isolate, vent, drain, wash and purge systems or equipment

before maintenance or repair.

Use adequate personal protective equipment.

Observe precautions pertaining to confined space entry.

Fire-fighting class : OSHA/NFPA Class IIIA Combustible Liquid.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store only in tightly closed, properly vented containers away from heat, sparks, open flame and strong oxidizing agents. Storage under nitrogen atmosphere is recommended to



Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

minimize potential for moisture condensation in the vapor

space, and the formation of peroxides.

Store in properly lined steel/stainless steel to avoid slight

discoloration from mild steel/copper.

Aluminum (5000 series alloys - U.S. Aluminum Association Standard) showed no corrosion after 30 days contact with PM

Acetate, DPM, TPM, PTB, or PM at 71°C (160°F).

Some plastics/rubbers are attacked by Glycol Ethers/Ether

Esters.

This product will absorb water if exposed to air.

Advice on common storage : Carbon steel

Store in properly lined steel/stainless steel to avoid slight

discoloration from mild steel/copper.

Some plastics/rubbers are attacked by Glycol Ethers/Ether

Esters.

Other data : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Specific end use(s)

: See Section 1.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Туре	Limit Value	Basis Revision Date	Additional Information
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	STEL	150 ppm	US (ACGIH) 2012	
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	TWA	100 ppm	US (ACGIH) 2012	
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	IDLH	600 ppm	NIOSH September 2007	
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	TWA	100 ppm 600 mg/m3	US (OSHA) June 23, 2006	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Local exhaust in addition to general room ventilation may be required to meet exposure limit(s).

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

If exposure can exceed the occupational exposure limit(s),

use approved respiratory protection equipment.

Hand protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves such as:

Neoprene.

Eye and face protection : Use splash goggles when eye contact due to splashing or

spraying liquid is possible.

Skin and body protection : Depending on the conditions of use, protective gloves, apron,

boots, head and face protection should be worn.
Use PPE that is chemical resistant to the product and

prevents skin contact.

Hygiene measures : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be

available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet

facilities.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Use care in walking on spilled material.

Protective measures : Wear suitable protective equipment.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : Clear, colorless.

Odor : Ether-like odor.

Odor Threshold : No Data Available.

Flash point : 75 °C

at 1,013 hPa (760 mm Hg)

Lower explosion limit : 1.1 vol%

Upper explosion limit : 14 vol%

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

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Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

Oxidizing properties : Not considered an oxidizing agent.

Autoignition temperature : 206.5 °C

at 1,013 hPa

Molecular weight : 148.2 g/mol

Decomposition temperature : not determined

Melting point/freezing point : -83 °C

at 1,013 hPa

Boiling point/boiling range : 189.6 °C

at 1,013 hPa

Vapor pressure : ~ 0.37 hPa

at 20 °C

Density : 0.95 g/cm3

at 20 °C

Water solubility : 25 °C

completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.004

at 25 °C

Viscosity, dynamic : 4.000 mPa.s

at 25 °C (Brookfield).

Viscosity, kinematic : 4.55 mm2/s

at 20 °C (static)

Relative vapor density : ~ 5.1

at 16 - 32 °C (Air = 1.0)

Evaporation rate : 0.02

(butyl acetate = 1)

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Other Information : Hygroscopic.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Will not occur.

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Hazardous reactions : Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Extended contact with air or oxygen.

The potential for peroxide formation is enhanced when this

solvent is used in processes such as distillation.

Heat, sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and oxidizing

conditions.

Ignition may occur at temperatures below those published in

the literature as autoignition or ignition temperatures.

: Not expected to decompose under normal conditions.

Materials to avoid : Air or oxygen.

Moisture and humidity. Strong oxidizing agents.

May react with oxygen to form peroxides.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Thermal decomposition : Carbon Monoxide and other toxic vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Summary : The below given information is based on the assessment of

the product including impurities.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity : Based on acute toxicity values, not classified.

: LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Acute inhalation toxicity : Based on acute toxicity values, not classified.

: LC0: > 275 ppm

Exposure time: 7 HOURS

Species: Rat

Acute dermal toxicity : Based on acute toxicity values, not classified.

LD50: > 9,500 mg/kg Species: Rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on skin irritation values, not classified.

lyondellbase Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: Based on eye irritation values, not classified.

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: Respiratory sensitization

no data available

: Skin sensitization

Based on skin sensitization values, not classified.

Chronic toxicity

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity

Effects on fertility /

Effects on or via lactation Effects on Development

: Not classified

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

: Classified

: Not classified

: May cause respiratory irritation.

: Exposure routes: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated

exposure

: Based on repeated exposure toxicity values, not classified.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

: Based on acute aquatic toxicity values, not classified.

Long-term (chronic)

aquatic hazard

: Not classified, based on readily biodegradability and low acute

toxicity.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

Toxicity to fish : Low acute toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

: Low acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

Toxicity to algae : Low toxicity to algae.

Toxicity to bacteria : Low toxicity to sewage microbes.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Chronic : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

: Low chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 76 - 92 %

Rapidly degradable.

(After 28 days in a ready biodegradability test)

Stability in soil

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Bioaccumulative potential

: Low absorption to soil particulates predicted

Bioaccumulation : This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Distribution among environmental compartments

: Type: Stability in water no data available

: Type: Stability in soil no data available

Low absorption to soil particulates predicted

Other adverse effects

Environmental fate and

pathways

: No additional information available.

Other information

Additional ecological

information

: No additional information available.

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product : Contaminated product, soil, or water may be hazardous

waste.

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved landfill.

Use registered transporters. Burn concentrated liquids.

Assure emissions comply with applicable regulations.

Dilute aqueous waste may biodegrade. Avoid overloading/poisoning plant biomass.

Assure effluent complies with applicable regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport

CFR_ROAD

UN number : NA1993

Description of the goods : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

: (DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER)

Class : ČL
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

Marine pollutant : no

CFR_RAIL

UN number : NA1993

Description of the goods : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

: (DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER)

Class : ČL Packing group : III Labels : 3

Marine pollutant : no

BLG (MARPOL Annex II)

Description of the goods : POLY(2-8)ALKYLENE GLYCOL MONOALKYL(C1-

C6)ETHER (CONTAINS DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL

ETHER)

Pollution category : Z

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

Ship type : 3

Other information : Not regulated for IMDG or IATA

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA 12b

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Significant New Use Rules (SNUR)

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

SARA 302/304

This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 302/304.

SARA 311/312

Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical hazards according to Section 311 & 312:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313

This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 313.

State Reporting

This material does not contain listed substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm that would require warning under the California Proposition 65 State Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act.

However, LyondellBasell has not tested for the presence of listed chemical substances.

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by New Jersey's Worker and Community Right to Know Act:

34590-94-8 Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Massachusetts' Right to Know Law:

34590-94-8 Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether



Glycol Ether DPM

 Version 1.6
 Revision Date 05/18/2021
 Print Date 09/10/2024
 SDS No.: BE640

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Pennsylvania's Right to Know Act:

34590-94-8 Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether

Other international regulations

Global Inventory Status

The ingredients of this product are compliant with the following chemical inventory requirements or exemptions.

*Additional Explanatory Status Statements follow the table, as necessary.

Country/Region	Inventory	Status Description
Australia	AICS	Compliant
Canada	DSL	Compliant
China	IECSC	Compliant
Europe	REACH	See REACH Compliance Statement
Japan	ENCS	Compliant
Korea	KECI	Compliant
New Zealand	NZIoC	Compliant
Philippines	PICCS	Compliant
United States of America	TSCA	Compliant
Taiwan	TCSCA	Compliant

REACh status

If the product has been purchased from any company of the LyondellBasell group of companies registered in the European Union, we confirm that the chemical substance in this product has been registered under REACh, in accordance with the deadlines set forth in REACh. (Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006)

Contact product.safety@lyb.com for additional global inventory information.

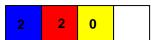
16. OTHER INFORMATION

Material safety datasheet sections which have been updated:

14

HMIS Classification : Health Hazard: 2

Flammability: 2 Physical hazards: 0



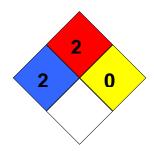


Glycol Ether DPM

Version 1.6 Revision Date 05/18/2021 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE640

NFPA Classification : Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 2 Instability: 0



Further information

HMIS rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard) NFPA rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard)

Disclaimer

Information in this document is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication. The document is designed to provide users general information for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and does not constitute any warranty or quality specification, either express or implied, including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose. Users shall determine whether the product is suitable for their use and can be used safely and legally.

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Numerical Data Presentation

The presentation of numerical data, such as that used for physical and chemical properties and toxicological values, is expressed using a comma (,) to separate digits into groups of three and a period (.) as the decimal marker. For example, 1,234.56 mg/kg = 1 234,56 mg/kg.

Language Translations

The information presented in this document has been translated from English by a vendor LyondellBasell believes to be reliable. LyondellBasell and its vendor have made a good-faith effort to verify the accuracy of the translation, but assume no liability or other responsibility for any errors that may have occurred. Please refer to our web site (www.lyondellbasell.com) for the original document written in English.

End of Material Safety Data Sheet



ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Trade name ALLYL ALCOHOL

CAS Number: 107-18-6

: Aliphatic alcohols Chemical characterization Chemical name Allyl Alcohol

Vinyl Carbinol, 1-Propen-3-ol, 2-Propen-1-ol, Propenyl **Synonyms**

Alcohol

Identified uses : Manufacture of substances; Use in polymer production

Company Address

Company Telephone

Customer Service 888 777-0232 Lyondell Chemical Company LyondellBasell Tower, Suite 300 product.safety@lyb.com

1221 McKinney St. P.O. Box 2583

Houston Texas 77252-2583

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC USA 800-424-9300 LYONDELL 800-245-4532

E-mail address : product.safety@lyb.com

Responsible/issuing person

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids Category 2 Acute toxicity: Oral Category 3 Acute toxicity: Dermal Category 2 Acute toxicity; Inhalation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure; Oral Category 1

Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Lungs

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure; Oral Category 1

Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Lungs, Nose, Throat

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard Category 3

Label elements

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ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Hazard symbols











Signal word : Danger

Hazard Statements: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H370 Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract,

Kidney, Liver, Lungs).

H372 Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Lungs, Nose, Throat) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

: Prevention

P201 + P202 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P262 Do not get in eves, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, or alcohol-resistant foam.

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Rinse mouth. P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.



ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

No additional information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Chemical nature : Substance

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Weight %	Component Type
Allyl Alcohol	107-18-6	>= 99.0 %	А

Key:

(A) Substance

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Assess rapidly and aggressively.

Prompt action is essential.

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety

before attempting rescue and providing first aid.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician/doctor if necessary.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

If inhaled : If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air

immediately.

Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

Obtain emergency medical attention.

In case of skin contact : Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Flush with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Obtain emergency medical attention.

In case of eye contact : Prompt action is essential.

Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with plenty of water and

continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Direct contact may result in corneal injury. Obtain emergency medical attention.

If swallowed : If even minor quantity swallowed, give lukewarm water (pint/

1/2 liter) and induce vomiting if victim completely

conscious/alert.

Obtain emergency medical attention.

Notes to physician

Symptoms : Ingestion of high doses may cause discomfort and irritation of

the gastrointestinal tract and CNS depression (fatigue, dizziness and possibly loss of concentration, with collapse, coma and death in cases of severe over-exposure).

May be absorbed through the skin and produce toxic effects

such as CNS depression.

Vapors may cause irritation of the eyes, nose and throat as well as CNS depression (fatigue, dizziness, loss of concentration, with collapse, coma and death possible in cases of severe overexposure). High vapor concentrations may be irritating to

the upper respiratory tract.

Hazards : Toxic if swallowed.

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Fatal in contact with skin.

Fatal if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Causes damage to organs.

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

If patient is comatose, post ictal, has a decreased level of consciousness, or depressed/absent gag reflex, perform gastric

lavage.

Treat burns or allergic reactions conventionally after

decontamination.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemicals, CO2, water spray or alcohol-

resistant foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, water fog or

alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Do not use solid water stream.

: On exposure to high temperature, may decompose, releasing

toxic/flammable vapors.

Fine sprays/mists may be combustible at temperatures below

normal flash point.

When mixed with air and exposed to ignition source, vapors

can burn in open or explode if confined.

Vapors may be heavier than air.

May travel long distances along the ground before igniting and

flashing back to vapor source.

Poisonous gas(es) may be generated without warning on release from confinement/high temperature decomposition or rupture of closed containers/water contact, all of which will

greatly increase hazards of firefighting.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Dike fire control water for later disposal; do not scatter material.

Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose

holders or monitor nozzles.

Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after

fire is out.

Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting

safety devices or discoloration of tank.

Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire

burn.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

: Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA).

Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no

thermal protection.

Structural firefighter's protective clothing will only provide

limited protection.

Further information : Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for containment /

Methods for cleaning up

: Flammable liquid.

Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn

for spills and leaks with no fire. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

All equipment used when handling this product must be

grounded.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas.

A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible

material and transfer to containers.

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Dike large spills and place materials in salvage containers. Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in

closed spaces.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : For industrial use only.

Use only non-sparking tools. Extinguish all ignition sources.

Carefully vent any internal pressure before removing closure.



ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Containers must be properly grounded before beginning

transfer.

Handle empty containers with care; vapor/residue may be

flammable.

If any residual product may be present, total encapsulating impervious protective suits, gloves, and boots should be worn.

Fire-fighting class : OSHA/NFPA Class IB Flammable Liquid.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store only in tightly closed, properly vented containers away from heat, sparks, open flame and strong oxidizing agents. Vapor space above stored liquid may be flammable/explosive unless blanketed with inert gas.

Storage and handling in stainless steel is preferred. Outside storage tanks should be diked to contain potential

spills.

Specific end use(s)

: See Section 1.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Type	Limit Value	Basis	Additional
				Revision Date	Information
Allyl Alcohol	107-18-6	TWA	0.5 ppm	US (ACGIH) 2012	
Allyl Alcohol	107-18-6	IDLH	20 ppm	NIOSH September 2007	
Allyl Alcohol	107-18-6	TWA	2 ppm 5 mg/m3	US (OSHA) June 23, 2006	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Exposure controls

Engineering measures

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Both local exhaust and general room ventilation are usually required.

Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable electrical code.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves such as:

Butyl rubber.

or Teflon.

Eye and face protection : Eye protection, including both chemical splash goggles and

face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to splashing/spraying liquid, airborne particles, or

vapor.

Skin and body protection : Complete suit protecting against chemicals

The equipment must be cleaned thoroughly after each use.

Hygiene measures : Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should

be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the hazards and/or potential hazards that may be encountered

during use.

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet

facilities.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid Color : clear

colorless

Odor : Sharp, mustard odor.

Odor Threshold : < 0.8 ppm

Odor is not an adequate warning of potentially hazardous

ambient air concentrations.

Flash point : ~ 21 °C

at 1,013 hPa (760 mm Hg) Method: (Closed Cup)

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS_US_GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Lower explosion limit : ~ 2.5 vol%

Upper explosion limit : ~ 18 vol%

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Autoignition temperature : ~ 375 °C

at 1,013 hPa

Molecular weight : 58.08 g/mol

Decomposition temperature : not determined

Melting point/range : ~ -129 °C

at 1,013 hPa

Boiling point/boiling range : ~ 97.4 °C

at 1,013 hPa

Vapor pressure : 100 hPa

at 44.5 °C

Density : 0.854 g/cm3

at 20 °C

Water solubility : Miscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.17

at 25 °C

Viscosity, kinematic : < 11.7 mm2/s

at 20 °C

Relative vapor density : ~ 2

at 15.5 - 32.2 °C

Surface tension : 73.1 mN/m

at 20 °C

Explosive properties : No Data Available.

Other Information : No additional information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Will not occur.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Hazardous reactions : Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

: Heat, sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and oxidizing Conditions to avoid

conditions.

Strong acids. Materials to avoid

Strong oxidizing agents.

Reacts violently with oxidizing substances.

Bases

Carbon tetrachloride.

Oleum.

Diallyl phosphate Potassium chloride Tribromolemine Metal alkyl

Thermal decomposition Thermal decomposition may produce oxides of carbon and

other toxic gases and liberate heat and pressure.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Summary : The below given information is based on the assessment of

the product including impurities.

Acute toxicity

: Classified **Acute oral toxicity**

Toxic if swallowed.

Ingestion of high doses may cause discomfort and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract and CNS depression (fatigue, dizziness and possibly loss of concentration, with collapse, coma and death in cases of severe over-exposure).

May damage lungs, liver, and kidneys.

LD50 (Oral): 99 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Acute inhalation toxicity : Classified

Fatal if inhaled.

Vapors may cause irritation of the eyes, nose and throat as well as CNS depression (fatigue, dizziness, loss of concentration, with collapse, coma and death possible in cases of severe overexposure). High vapor concentrations

may be irritating to the upper respiratory tract.

May damage lungs, liver, and kidneys.

LC50 (vapor): > 100 ppm Exposure time: 4 HOURS

Species: Rat

Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Acute dermal toxicity : Classified

Fatal in contact with skin.

May be absorbed through the skin and produce toxic effects

such as CNS depression.

May damage lungs, liver, and kidneys.

: LD50 (Skin): 89 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation : Based on skin irritation values, not classified.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: Classified

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: Respiratory sensitization

Not classified No study available.

Skin sensitization

Based on skin sensitization values, not classified.

Chronic toxicity

: Not classified Carcinogenicity

No adverse effect observed.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

No adverse effect observed.

Reproductive toxicity

Effects on fertility /

: Classified

Effects on or via lactation

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Effects on Development : Not classified

No adverse effect observed.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

: Classified, Causes damage to organs.

: Exposure routes: Oral, Dermal

Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Lungs

yondelbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

: May cause respiratory irritation.

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

: Classified, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

: Exposure routes: Oral, Inhalation

Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Lungs,

Nose, Throat

: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause severe irritation of the nose, throat and lungs, as well as liver, kidney, and

gastrointestinal damage.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Long-term (chronic)

aquatic hazard Toxicity to fish

: Classified, Very toxic to aquatic life.

: Classified, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

: Very toxic to fish.

: LC50: 0.32 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 HOURS

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

: Toxic to aquatic invertebrates.

: EC50: 1.65 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 HOURS

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

(immobilization)

Toxicity to algae : Toxic to algae.

: EC50: 5.38 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 HOURS

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

(growth rate)

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

: NOEC: 0.93 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 HOURS

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

(growth rate)

Toxicity to bacteria : Low toxicity to sewage microbes.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: No study available.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

: Harmful to aquatic invertebrates with long lasting effects.

NOEC: 0.919 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

(reproduction)

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : Rapidly degradable.

: Biodegradation: 86 %

(After 14 days in a ready biodegradability test)

Stability in water : Volatilization from water or soil surfaces is expected to be

limited, with allyl alcohol partitioning mainly to water and

showing high mobility in soil.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation : This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.16

Method: Predicted Bioconcentration Factor.

Mobility in soil

Distribution among environmental

: Type: Stability in soil

Low potential for soil adsorption expected

: Type: Stability in water no data available

Other adverse effects

compartments

Environmental fate and

pathways

: No additional information available.

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS_US_GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Other information

Additional ecological

information

: No additional information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product : Contaminated product, soil, water, container residues and spill

cleanup materials containing allyl alcohol are hazardous

wastes.

Containers or inner liners removed from a container holding

this product are also considered hazardous wastes. In addition to its acute toxicity, allyl alcohol is also an

extremely flammable material.

Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should

be followed.

Comply with applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CFR_ROAD

UN number : 1098

Description of the goods : Allyl alcohol

Class : 6.1
Subsidiary hazard class : 3
Packing group : I
Labels : 6.1 (3)

Marine pollutant : yes

CFR_RAIL

UN number : 1098
Description of the goods : Allyl alcohol

Class : 6.1
Subsidiary hazard class : 3
Packing group : I
Labels : 6.1 (3)

Marine pollutant : yes

IMDG

UN number : 1098

yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Description of the goods : ALLYL ALCOHOL

Class : 6.1 Subsidiary hazard class : 3 Packing group : I Labels : 6.1 (3)

EmS Number 1 : F-E EmS Number 2 : S-D

Marine pollutant : yes

ALLYL ALCOHOL

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA 12b

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Significant New Use Rules (SNUR)

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

SARA 302/304

The following substance(s) is/are regulated under SARA 302/304:

Component	CASRN	TPQ	RQ
Allyl Alcohol	107-18-6	1000lbs	100 lbs

SARA 311/312

Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical hazards according to Section 311 & 312:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated

exposure)

Reproductive toxicity

SARA 313

This product contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:

Component	CASRN	Reporting Threshold
	15 / 18	



ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Allyl Alcohol	107-18-6	1.0%

State Reporting

This material does not contain listed substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm that would require warning under the California Proposition 65 State Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act.

However, LyondellBasell has not tested for the presence of listed chemical substances.

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by New Jersey's Worker and Community Right to Know Act:

107-18-6 Allyl Alcohol 71-23-8 n-Propyl Alcohol

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Massachusetts' Right to Know Law:

107-18-6 Allyl Alcohol

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Pennsylvania's Right to Know Act:

107-18-6 Allyl Alcohol

Other international regulations

Global Inventory Status

The ingredients of this product are compliant with the following chemical inventory requirements or exemptions.

*Additional Explanatory Status Statements follow the table, as necessary.

Country/Region	Inventory	Status Description
Australia	AICS	Compliant
Canada	DSL	Compliant
China	IECSC	Compliant
Europe	REACH	See REACH Compliance Statement
Japan	ENCS	Compliant
Korea	KECI	Compliant
New Zealand	NZIoC	Compliant
Philippines	PICCS	Compliant
United States of America	TSCA	Compliant
Taiwan	TCSCA	Compliant

REACh status

If the product has been purchased from any company of the LyondellBasell group of companies registered in the European Union, we confirm that the chemical substance in this product has been registered under REACh, in accordance with the deadlines set forth in REACh. (Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006)



ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024

SDS No.: BE221

Contact product.safety@lyb.com for additional global inventory information.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Material safety datasheet sections which have been updated:

Revised Section(s): 15 16

HMIS Classification : Health Hazard: 4

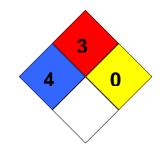
Chronic Health Hazard: *

Flammability: 3

Physical hazards: 0

NFPA Classification : Health Hazard: 4

Fire Hazard: 3 Instability: 0



Further information

NFPA rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard) HMIS rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard)

Disclaimer

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yondellbasell Gen. Variant: SDS US GHS

ALLYL ALCOHOL

Version 2.3 Revision Date 11/22/2019 Print Date 09/10/2024 SDS No.: BE221

Numerical Data Presentation

The presentation of numerical data, such as that used for physical and chemical properties and toxicological values, is expressed using a comma (,) to separate digits into groups of three and a period (.) as the decimal marker. For example, 1,234.56 mg/kg = 1 234,56 mg/kg.

Language Translations

The information presented in this document has been translated from English by a vendor LyondellBasell believes to be reliable. LyondellBasell and its vendor have made a good-faith effort to verify the accuracy of the translation, but assume no liability or other responsibility for any errors that may have occurred. Please refer to our web site (www.lyondellbasell.com) for the original document written in English.

End of Material Safety Data Sheet





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Trade name : METHANOL CAS Number: : 67-56-1

Chemical characterization : Aliphatic alcohols
Chemical name : Methyl alcohol
Synonyms : Wood Alcohol

Identified uses : Solvent; Intermediate

Prohibited uses : Formulation of hand sanitizers

Company Address

Equistar Chemicals, LP LyondellBasell Tower, Suite 300 1221 McKinney St.

P.O. Box 2583 Houston Texas 77252-2583 **Company Telephone**

Customer Service 888 777-0232 product.safety@lyb.com

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC USA 800-424-9300 EQUISTAR 800-245-4532

E-mail address : product.safety@lyb.com

Responsible/issuing person

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 2

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 3

Eye irritation : Category 2B

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Category 1 (Nervous system, Blood, Eyes)





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or

if inhaled.

H320 Causes eye irritation.

H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system, Blood,

Eyes).

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equip-

ment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/

physician.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alco-

hol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Substance name : Methyl alcohol

CAS-No. : 200-659-6 (EINECS)

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Methanol	67-56-1	> 99

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety

before attempting rescue and providing first aid.

Consult a physician/doctor if necessary.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

ance.

Side effect onset may be delayed. Prolonged observation may be indicated.

If inhaled : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position com-

fortable for breathing.

Do not leave the victim unattended. Immediately seek medical attention. Keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In the event of unconsciousness, apnea or cardiac arrest (no

pulse), apply cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Clothing that has become saturated with the product must be removed immediately because the product is absorbed

through the skin.

Flush with lukewarm water for 15 minutes.

Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse imme-

diately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least

15 minutes.

Obtain emergency medical attention.

Do not use eye ointment unless directed to by a physician.

If swallowed : DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, have victim

lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Get medical atten-

tion immediately.

Rinse mouth with water.

If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with

head down.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Prompt action is essential.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Methanol is a human poison. It can produce severe metabolic acidosis, blindness and death. The onset of symptoms may be delayed for 18 to 24 hours after ingestion. Toxicity is relat-

ed to the degree of acidosis produced.

Headache Dizziness

Respiratory disorders

Nausea Coma Blindness

Methanol itself is relatively non-toxic; however, it is metabolized to the highly toxic compounds formaldehyde and formic acid that are responsible for the acidosis and blindness char-

acteristic of methanol poisoning.

Risk of respiratory disorders

Risk of blindness

Notes to physician : Methanol is rapidly absorbed and emesis should be initiated

early to be effective.

Gastric lavage is indicated in those patients who require decontamination. Be sure that an endotracheal tube is in place prior to lavage; use cuffed tubes in patients over 7 years of

age.

Administration of an aqueous slurry of activated charcoal with magnesium citrate or sorbitol as a cathartic has been reported

helpful

Treatment of metabolic acidosis, administration of ethanol,

and hemodialysis may be indicated.

Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemicals, CO2, water spray or alco-





Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

04/26/2023 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023 1.0 BE124

> hol-resistant foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, water fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Extremely flammable well below ambient temperatures.

Vapor forms explosive mixture with air and may cause a flash

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas.

Flammable vapors may be heavier than air and travel long distances along the ground before igniting and flashing back

to vapor source.

When mixed with air and exposed to ignition source, vapors

can burn in open or explode if confined.

Diluting with water may not suffice to raise flash point above

ambient temperatures.

A methanol fire may not be visible to the naked eye.

Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires. Under some circumstances, may corrode certain metals, including aluminum and zinc, and generate hydrogen gas. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose

holders or monitor nozzles.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Dike fire control water for later disposal; do not scatter materi-

Heat may build enough pressure to rupture closed containers/spreading fire/increasing risk of burns/injuries.

Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after

Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.

Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Sustained fire attack on vessels may result in a Boiling Liquid

Expanding Vapour Explosion (BLEVE).

For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment: for fire-fighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

Structural firefighter's protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Clean-up to be performed only by trained and properly

equipped personnel.

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

An authoritative evaluation of environmental exposure and risk

indicates that no special risk management practices are

needed to control environmental release.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

All equipment used when handling this product must be

arounded.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas.

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in

closed spaces.

A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible

material and transfer to containers.

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

For large spills:

Contain spill with dike to prevent entry into sewers or water-

ways.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Do not handle near heat, sparks, or open flame.

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapors).

Use only non-sparking tools.

Avoid contact with incompatible agents.

Open and handle container with care.

Keep in properly labeled containers.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Do not enter storage areas unless adequately ventilated.

Metal containers involved in the transfer of this material

should be grounded and bonded.

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning

transfer operations.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

Handle empty containers with care; vapor/residue may be

extremely flammable.

Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame,

sparks, or heat.

Isolate, vent, drain, wash and purge systems or equipment

before maintenance or repair.

Observe precautions pertaining to confined space entry.

Conditions for safe storage

Do not store in aluminum, zinc (galvanized) or other corrodible

containers.

Carbon steel is satisfactory material of construction.

Store only in tightly closed, properly vented containers away from heat, sparks, open flame and strong oxidizing agents.

Store closed drums with bung in up position.

Blanket storage with dry inert gas. Will absorb atmospheric moisture.

Metal containers used to store this material should be ground-

ed.

Metal containers involved in the transfer of this material should be grounded and bonded. Keep containers tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Store away from oxidizers and other combustible material by a distance of at least 20 feet. Metal containers used to store this material should be grounded.

Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding explosive atmosphere, and handling and storage facilities of flammable

products are followed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

	<u> </u>			
Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Methanol	67-56-1	STEL	250 ppm	US (ACGIH)
		TWA	200 ppm	US (ACGIH)
		IDLH	6,000 ppm	NIOSH
		TWA	200 ppm	98/24/EC
			260 mg/m3	

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Methanol	67-56-1	methanol	urine	end of shift	15 mg/l	

Engineering measures

General room or local exhaust ventilation is usually required to meet exposure limit(s).





Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023 1.0

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection Do not use air-purifying respirators.

> If exposure can exceed the exposure limit(s), use only approved self-contained or supplied air respirator operated in a

positive pressure mode.

Eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face Eye protection

> shield must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to splashing or spraying liquid, airborne particles, or va-

Chemical splash goggles and/or face shield should be worn.

Skin and body protection When skin contact is possible, protective clothing including

gloves, apron, sleeves, boots, head and face protection

should be worn.

The equipment must be cleaned thoroughly after each use.

Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment Hygiene measures

> should be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the hazards and/or potential hazards that may be encountered

during use.

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential expo-

Clothing that has become saturated with the product must be removed immediately because the product is absorbed

through the skin.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance liquid

Color clear

Odor Characteristic, pungent odor

Odor Threshold 100 ppm

Odor is not an adequate warning of potentially hazardous

ambient air concentrations.

no data available pΗ





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

Melting point/freezing point : ~ -144 °F / -98 °C

(1013.0 hPa)

Boiling point/boiling range : ~ 149 °F / 65 °C

(1013.0 hPa)

Flash point : $49.5 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} / 9.7 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

(1013.0 hPa)

Method: (Closed Cup)

Evaporation rate : 2.1

(butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Self-ignition : ~

851 °F / 455 °C 101.3 kPa

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

36 vol%

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

6 vol%

Vapor pressure : 169.27 hPa (77 °F / 25 °C)

Relative vapor density : 1.1

(Air = 1.0)

Density : ~ 0.8 g/cm3 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Bulk density : No Data Available.

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : > 1,000 g/l Complete (In All Proportions). (68 °F / 20 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0.77 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Decomposition temperature : Incomplete combustion may produce carbon monoxide, for-

maldehydes, and other toxic gases.

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 0.68 - 0.74 mm2/s (77 °F / 25 °C)

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Not considered an oxidizing agent.

Molecular weight : 32.04 g/mol





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Will not occur.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Will not occur.

Stable.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and oxidizing

conditions.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents.

Coatings. Rubber.

Certain forms of plastics.

Aluminum metals.

Zinc.

Any reactive metal which will displace hydrogen.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Partial oxidation of methanol can lead to the formation of for-

maldehyde carbon monoxide, and formic acid.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Components:

Methanol:

Acute oral toxicity : (Humans): 300 - 1,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): 1,187 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is toxic after single in-

gestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : (Humans): 4.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 HOURS

LC50 (Rat): 128.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 HOURS Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The component/mixture is toxic after short term

inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : (Humans): 300 - 1,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit): 17,100 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is toxic after single con-





Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023 1.0

tact with skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Methanol:

Assessment No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Methanol:

Result Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Components:

Methanol:

Assessment Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Methanol:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Methanol:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

ment

IARC

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Methanol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

Methanol:

Target Organs : Nervous system, Blood, Eyes

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Methanol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Methanol:

The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity bazard

ration toxicity hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Methanol:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Low acute toxicity to fish

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus): 15,400 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 HOURS

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: Low acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

EC50 (Daphnia magna.): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 HOURS





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: Low toxicity to algae.

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 22,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 HOURS

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Low chronic toxicity to fish.

NOEC (Oryzias latipes): 7,900 mg/l

Exposure time: 200 HOUR

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: Low toxicity to sewage treatment plant microbes

expected.

IC50 (Activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 HOURS

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 76 %

Exposure time: 5 d

Remarks: Rapidly degradable.

Biotic Degradability: BOD 76% (5 day).

There is evidence that it is degraded under anaerobic condi-

tions.

Stability in water : Remarks: No hydrolysis is expected.

Components:

Methanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Biodegradable

Biodegradation: 76 % Exposure time: 5 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1 - 4.5

Remarks: This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Components:

Methanol:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1 - 4.5

Remarks: This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0.77 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Product:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: no data available

Stability in soil : Remarks: Low absorption to soil particulates predicted

Components:

Methanol:

Stability in soil : Remarks: Low potential for soil adsorption expected

Other adverse effects

Product:

Environmental fate and

pathways

Remarks: This material is volatile and water soluble.

: This material is likely to evaporate from soil and water.

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not applicable.

Components:

Methanol:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not applicable.

Additional ecological infor-

mation

No additional information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should

be followed.

Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Contaminated product, soil or water should be considered dangerous due to potential evolution of flammable vapor. Contaminated product, soil or water may be hazardous waste

due to potentially low flash point.

Comply with applicable local, state or international regulations





Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023 1.0

concerning solid or hazardous waste disposal and/or contain-

er disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CFR_ROAD

UN number : 1230

Description of the goods : METHANOL

Class : 3 Packing group : 11 Labels : 3 (6.1)

Marine pollutant : no

CFR RAIL

UN number : 1230

Description of the goods : METHANOL

Class : 3 Packing group : 11 Labels 3 (6.1)

Marine pollutant : no

IMDG

: 1230 UN number

Description of the goods : METHANOL

Class : 3 : 6.1 Subsidiary hazard class Packing group : 11 Labels : 3 (6.1) EmS Number 1 : F-E EmS Number 2 : S-D

Marine pollutant : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA 12b

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Significant New Use Rules (SNUR)

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

SARA 302/304

The following substance(s) is/are regulated under SARA 302/304:

Component	CASRN	TPQ	RQ
Methanol	67-56-1		5000 lbs

SARA 311/312

Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical hazards according to Section 311 & 312:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313

This product contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:

Component	CASRN	Reporting Threshold
Methanol	67-56-1	1.0%

State Reporting

This material contains the following chemical substance which is regulated under California Proposition 65. However, it is the responsibility of the California business owner to develop his or her own regulatory compliance plan. Contact Product Safety for further information at product.safety@lyb.com.

Substance	CASRN	Type of Toxicity				
		Carcinogen	Developmental	Repro-Male	Repro- Female	
Methanol	67-56-1		X			

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by New Jersey's Worker and Community Right to Know Act:

67-56-1 Methanol

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Massachusetts' Right to Know Law:





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

67-56-1 Methanol

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Pennsylvania's Right to Know Act:

67-56-1 Methanol

Other international regulations

Global Inventory Status

The ingredients of this product are compliant with the following chemical inventory requirements or exemptions.

Country/Region	Inventory	Status Description
Australia	AICS	Listed
Canada	DSL	Listed
China	IECSC	Listed
Europe	REACH	See Compliance Statement*
Japan	ENCS	Listed
Korea	K REACH	Pre-registration period *
New Zealand	NZIoC	Listed
Philippines	PICCS	Listed
United Kingdom	UK REACH	See Compliance Statement*
United States of America	TSCA	Listed
Taiwan	TCSCA	Listed
Turkey	KKDIK	Pre-registration period *

^{*} If the product has been purchased domestically from the notifying/registering legal entity of the LyondellBasell group of companies. We confirm that all substances (in this preparation) have been registered in accordance with the deadlines set forth in the applicable regulation. During the "Pre-registration period", we confirm that all substances in this preparation have been pre-registered or, where required under the regulation, registered, and that we have the intention to proceed with their registration in accordance with the deadlines set forth in the regulation. For more information, please contact reach@lyondellbasell.com.

† For more information on the status of this material, please contact chemical control at global.chemical.control@lyondellbasell.com.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

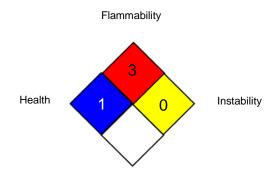




Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

98/24/EC : 98/24/EC
NIOSH : NIOSH (US)
US (ACGIH) : US (ACGIH)
98/24/EC / TWA : TWA

98/24/EC / TWA : TWA NIOSH / IDLH : IDLH US (ACGIH) / TWA : TWA US (ACGIH) / STEL : STEL

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Develop-





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 04/26/2023 BE124 Date of first issue: 04/26/2023

ment; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 04/26/2023

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