



Section:

All (Four) Semesters

Reg. No

Exam:

Sessional II

Instruction/Notes:

This is an open note/book exam. All the answers should be written in provided space on this paper. Rough sheets can be used but will not be collected and checked. In case of any ambiguity, take reasonable assumption. Questions during exam are not allowed.

Question 1: Find the physical address of the following given the values of registers and variables. You answers should be in hex (Show calculations on given space, no marks without calculations) [5 marks]

CS= FFF3h DS= 00BFh SS= 0A77h ES=F810h  
BX= FF20h IP= 0020h SP= EE00h SI=0010h num= 8954h

1. [num] DS: Num = 00BF0 + 8954 = 09544

2. [BX+0200h] 00BF0 + (FF20 + 200) = 00BF0 + 0120  
= 00D10

3. [CS:BX+SI] FFF30 + (FF20 + 10h) = FFF30 + FF30  
= 0FE60

4. [IP] FFF30 + 0020h = FFF50h

5. [SP] 0A770 + EE00 = 19570

Question 2: The following code is to print a blinking "7" in red color with blue background on the 5th row and 10th column of screen. Fill in the blanks with correct screen offset and word is to be written on it. [5 marks]

Mov ax, 0xb800

Mov es, ax

Mov di, 820

Mov [es:di], 9C37 or 9437

Show calculations of Q2 here

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1 di  
1 '7'  
1 blink  
1 BG color  
1 FG color

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**Question 3:** Following function `print_str` takes a string address in `bx`, and string's length in `cx` and prints it on the top left corner of screen. Change the function such that the whole string is printed in upper case.

Assume that string will only have characters from a-z or A-Z or space

**Note:** You cannot change the Start code or the data, you can only change the body of the function.

You can also not change the way input is being passed to the function. [5 marks]

```
; function before change
print_str:
;body
;es:di point to top left corner of screen
push 0xb800
pop es
mov di,0
mov ah,07h ; attribute of printing
l1:
    mov al, [bx]; read a char of string
    mov [es:di],ax
    inc bx
    add di,2
    loop l1
;end of body
ret
```

Write required changes in function here

*Handwritten changes:*  
~~mov~~ `cmp al, 64h or 97d`  
`jle print`  
~~mov~~ `sub al, 20h or 32d`  
`print: j`

*you will loose marks*

*4- you have subtracted 32d from all characters.*

**Sample run of function `print_str`:**

string: db "This is COAL exam"

length: dw 17

start:

```
mov bx, string
mov cx, [length]
call print_str
mov ax, 0x4c00
int 21h
```

Result of the given function is

**This is COAL exam**

Result of the function after changes should be

**THIS IS COAL EXAM**

Ascii Table

000 (nul)	016 (dle)	032 sp	048 0	064 @	080 P	096 ,	112 p
001 (soh)	017 (dcl)	033 !	049 1	065 A	081 Q	097 a	113 q
002 (stx)	018 (dc2)	034 "	050 2	066 B	082 R	098 b	114 r
003 (etx)	019 (dc3)	035 #	051 3	067 C	083 S	099 c	115 s
004 (eot)	020 (dc4)	036 \$	052 4	068 D	084 T	100 d	116 t
005 (enq)	021 (nak)	037 %	053 5	069 E	085 U	101 e	117 u
006 (ack)	022 (syn)	038 &	054 6	070 F	086 V	102 f	118 v
007 (bel)	023 (etb)	039 .	055 7	071 G	087 W	103 g	119 w
008 (bs)	024 (can)	040 (	056 8	072 H	088 X	104 h	120 x
009 (tab)	025 (em)	041 )	057 9	073 I	089 Y	105 i	121 y
010 (lf)	026 (eof)	042 *	058 :	074 J	090 Z	106 j	122 z
011 (vt)	027 (esc)	043 +	059 ;	075 K	091 [	107 k	123 {
012 (np)	028 (fs)	044 ,	060 <	076 L	092 \	108 l	124
013 (cr)	029 (gs)	045 -	061 =	077 M	093 ]	109 m	125 }
014 (so)	030 (rs)	046 .	062 >	078 N	094 ^	110 n	126 ~
015 (si)	031 (us)	047 /	063 ?	079 O	095		

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Question 4: The following code is of custom ISR to hook interrupt 0. Identify the errors, if any, and make corrections in given space. Only give correction in given space don't copy correct part again. [5 marks]

```
;Current code
Jmp start
my_custom_ISR:
; body if ISR
Ret ; return after ISR
```

Your corrections go in this column

Start:

```
xor ax, ax
mov es, ax ; load zero in es
mov word [es:0*4+2], my_custom_ISR; store offset at n*4
mov [es:0*4], cs ; store segment at n*4+2
mov ax, 0x4c00 ; terminate program
int 0x21
```

→ iret

→ mov word [es:0x4, 2], cs  
→ mov word [es:0x4], my-custom\_ISR

Question 5: [5 marks]

```
[org 0x0100]
jmp start
num1: db 10, 20, 30, 40, 50
num2: db 0, 0, 0, 0, 0;
len: dw 5
```

start:

```
mov si, num1
mov di, num2
add di, [len]
dec di
mov ax, ds
mov es, ax
mov cx, [len]
```

cld; clear direction flag

loopC:

```
movsb
sub di, 2
loop loopC
```

Dry run the code given in Left column and find the values of array num2, and registers si and di at the end of code?

Assume that address of num1 is 0103h

Num2: \_\_\_\_\_

50, 40, 30, 20, 10

si: 108h

di: 107h



Question 6: [5 marks]

```
[org 0x0100]
jmp start
str1: db 'ABCDEF'
str2: db 'ABCDEF'
length: dw 6 ; length of the strings
```

```
start:
    mov si, str1
    mov di, str2
    mov cx, [length]
    cld
    repe cmpsb
```

Dry-run the code given in Left column and find the following values after the execution of complete code

CX= 108h 1

DI= 10Eh

SI= 108h

Given that  
Str1 address is 0103  
Str2 address is 0109

*most students  
have written  
2, 100, 107  
they only got  
2.5 marks*

Question 7: Write a subroutine DrawLine that takes four parameters r1, c1, r2 and c2; where r1, c1 are co-ordinates of Point1 and r2, c2 are co-ordinates of Point2. The function will draw a line between Point1 and Point2 on Display Memory. Assume that two points will always be connected through one of following lines: horizontal, vertical, right diagonal or left diagonal, depending upon the position of the points. Sample run for four different lines is shown below. [15 marks]

Note: The line in the sample run is drawn using character 'X' on a grid of 8x8 cells.

	X	X	X	X	X		

Input: Point1(r1=2, c1=1) and Point2(r2=2, c2=5)  
Output: Horizontal Line displayed

			X				
			X				
			X				
			X				
			X				

Input: Point1(r1=1, c1=3) and Point2(r2=6, c2=3)  
Output: Vertical Line displayed

		X					
			X				
				X			
					X		
						X	

					X		
			X				
		X					
	X						

Input: Point1(r1=2, c1=1) and Point2(r2=6, c2=5)

start your code here.  
You are required to write the complete program including the function call.

jump start:

start:

```
push r1
push c1
push r2
push c2
call drawline
mov ax, 4c00h
int 21h
```



; function to draw on char in line  
draw:

```
push bp
mov bp, sp
; push registers
mov bx, [bp+4] ; col
mov ax, [bp+6] ; row
; cal (80*ax+bx)*2
mul 80
add bx, ax
shl bx, 1
mov ax, b800h
mov es, ax
mov [es:bx], 0788h; 'X'
note
pop reg
pop bp
ret
```

draw line:

```
push bp
mov bp, sp
; push registers
call clr-screen
; read input
mov ax, [bp+10]; r1
mov bx, [bp+8]; c1
mov cx, [bp+6]; r2
mov dx, [bp+4]; c2
```

```
cmp ax, cx
je horizontal-line
cmp bx, dx
je vertical-line
```

```
cmp ax, cx
jl check-dia
mov si, ax
mov ax, cx
mov cx, si
mov si, bx
mov bx, dx
mov dx, si
```

make sure  
that for diagonal  
line r1, c1  
if not swap  
r1, c1 with r2, c2

check-dia:

```
cmp bx, dx
jl right-diagonal
cmp bx, dx
jg left-diagonal
```

```
end: ; pop registers
ret ; pop bp
```

horizontal-lines:

; make sure  $C_1 < C_2$

cmp bx, dx

jle loop-hl

mov si, bx

mov bx, dx

mov dx, si

; draw a line in loop in row ax  
; from bx to dx

loop-hl:

push ax

push bx

call draw

add bx, 1

cmp bx, dx

jne loop-hl

jmp end

vertical-lines:

; make sure  $V_1 < V_2$

cmp ax, cx

jle loop-vl

mov si, ax

mov ax, cx

mov cx, si

; draw a line in col bx  
; from row ax to cx

loop-vl:

push ax

push bx

call draw

add ax, 1

cmp ax, cx

jne loop-vl

jmp end

right-diagonal:

; draw a line from ax to cx row  
to bx to dx column

loop-rd

push ax

push bx

call draw

add ax, 1

add bx, 1

cmp ax, cx

jne loop-rd

jmp end

left-diagonal

; draw a line from ax to cx  
row & bx to dx column

loop-ld:

push ax

push bx

call draw

add ax, 1

sub bx, 1

cmp ax, cx

jne loop-ld

jmp end