Chapter 8 Qno1

[org 0x0100]

jmp start isTSR: dw 0 oldISR: dd 0

·______

myISR: cmp ah, 0x31 ;Agar tw 0x31 wali service call

huwi tw kuch kaam karo, nahi tw humein koi kaam karney ki zaroorat

;hi nahi

because hum ne tw sirf 31h wali service pe kaam karna hai

jnz chain

cmp word [cs:isTSR], 0 ;Agar tw humari myISR TSR ban chuki hai, phir

ab kisi aur naye program ko TSR nahi banney dena

jz makeitTSR ;Lekin agar humari myISR TSR nahi bani, tw pehley

usey TSR banao

mov ah, 0x4c

chain: jmp far [cs:oldISR]

makeitTSR: mov word [cs:isTSR], 1

jmp far [cs:oldISR]

start: xor ax,ax

mov es,ax

;Saving the OLD ISR mov ax, [es:21h*4] mov [oldISR], ax

mov ax, [es:21h*4 + 2] mov [oldISR + 2], ax

;Hooking our ISR

mov word [es:21h*4], myISR mov word [es:21h*4+2], cs

mov dx, start add dx, 15 mov cl, 4 shr dx, cl

exit: mov ax, 0x3100

int 21h

<u>qno2</u> [org 0x0100] jmp start dd 0 address: ;Clear Screen clrscr: push bp mov bp, sp pusha push es mov ax, 0xb800 mov es, ax xor di,di mov ax,0x0720 mov cx,2000 cld rep stosw pop es return: mov ax, 0 mov cx, 0 cmp ax, [bp+4] jz nearReturn cmp ax, [bp+6] jz farReturn cmp ax, [bp+8] jz interruptReturn nearReturn: popa pop bp

pop bp

ret 2

popa

retf 2

interruptReturn: mov ax, [bp + 6]

farReturn:

mov [bp + 8], ax

mov ax, [bp + 4] mov [bp + 6], ax mov ax, [bp + 2] mov [bp + 4], ax

popa pop bp

add sp, 2

iret

start: xor ax, ax

mov es, ax

;Hooking the interrupt mov word [es:80h*4], clrscr mov word [es:80h*4+2], cs

;Saving address for far call mov word [address], clrscr mov word [address + 2], cs

push 0

call cirscr ;Near Call

push 0

call far [address] ;Far Call

push 0 int 80h

;Interrupt Call (Extended Far Call)

mov ax, 0x4c00

int 21h

Qno3

[org 0x0100]

jmp start

XISR_Offset: dw 0x0000 XISR_Segment: dw 0x0000

N: dw 0x80

;------

hooker: push bp

mov bp, sp

```
sub sp, 4 ;Making two local variables, one for old offset and one for old segment of the ISR previously hooked at N
```

pusha push es

;bp - 2 ;Old segment ;bp - 4 ;Old offset

;bp + 4 ;XISR Offset ;bp + 6 ;XISR Segment ;bp + 8 ;Interrupt No. 'N'

xor ax, ax mov es, ax

mov di, [bp + 8] ;Interrupt No. 'N'

;First of all saving the offset, segment of the ISR previously hooked at N

shl di, 2 ;Multiplying by 4

;Saving the offset mov bx, [es:di] mov [bp - 4], bx

;Saving the segment mov bx, [es:di + 2] mov [bp - 2], bx

;Loading the segment of XISR in es mov es, [bp + 6]

;Chaining the XISR to the old ISR previously hooked at N

mov bx, [bp + 4] ;Offset of XISR

mov ax, [bp - 4] ;Offset mov dx, [bp - 2] ;Segment

mov [es:bx + 2], ax mov [es:bx + 4], dx

;Now hooking XISR at N

mov ax, 0 mov es, ax

```
mov di,[bp + 8]
                       shl di, 2
                                                                       ;Multiplying by 4
                       mov ax,[bp + 4]
                                                       ;Offset of XISR
                       mov [es:di], ax
                       mov ax, [bp + 6]
                                                               ;Segment of XISR
                       mov [es:di+ 2], ax
return:
               pop es
                       popa
                       add sp, 4
                       pop bp
                       ret 6
XISR:
          pushf
                       call 0:0
                       popf
                       ret
start:
               push word [N]
                       mov word [XISR_Offset], XISR
                       mov word [XISR_Segment], cs
                       push word [XISR_Segment]
                       push word [XISR_Offset]
                       call hooker
                       mov ax, 0x4c00
                       int 21h
```

CHAPTER NO 9

Qno 3

;Write a program to make an asterisk travel the border of the screen,

;from upper left to upper right to lower right to lower left and back to upper left indefinitely.

[org 0x0100]		
jmp start		
start:	call cirscr	
	call borderAsterisk	

mov ax, 0x4c00

int 21h

;Clear Screen

clrscr: mov ax, 0xb800

mov es, ax xor di,di mov ax,0x0720 mov cx,2000

cld

rep stosw

ret

;Delay

delay: pusha

mov cx, 0xFFFF

loop b1 b1:

> popa ret

borderAsterisk: push bp

> mov bp, sp pusha

;Loading the video memory

mov ax, 0xb800 mov es, ax

mov di, 0

mov ah, 01110000b

mov al, '*'

mov bh, 0x07 mov bl, 0x20

LefttoRight: mov cx, 80

I1: mov [es:di], ax

call delay

mov [es:di], bx

call delay

add di, 2

loop I1

sub di, 2

RightToBottom: mov cx, 25

I2: mov [es:di], ax

call delay

mov [es:di], bx

call delay

add di, 160

loop I2

sub di, 160

BottomToLeft: mov cx, 80

i3: mov [es:di], ax

call delay

mov [es:di], bx

call delay

sub di, 2

loop I3

add di, 2

```
LefttoTop:
                                mov cx, 25
14:
                                        mov [es:di], ax
                                        call delay
                                        mov [es:di], bx
                                        call delay
                                        sub di, 160
                                        loop 14
                                        add di, 160
                                        ;Then repeat the whole process again resulting in an infinite loop
                                        jmp LefttoRight
return:
                                popa
                                        pop bp
                                        ret
; ALTERNATE SOLUTION
; Solution to this problem was developed by https://github.com/farhana1i
; ; to display asterick movement every after 1 second
; [org 0x0100]
; jmp main
; seconds: dw 0 ; number of seconds
; ticks: dw 0 ; count of ticks
; isLeft: db 0 ; left movement flag
; isRight: db 0 ; right movement flag
; isTop: db 0 ; up movement flag
; isBottom: db 0 ; down movement flag
; col:
         db 0 ; current row number
          db 0 ; current column number
; row:
; ; to clear video screen
; clrscr:
; push es
; push ax
; push di
; mov ax, 0xb800
; mov es, ax
; mov di, 0
```

```
; nextchar:
        word [es:di], 0x720
; mov
; add
        di, 2
       di, 4000
; cmp
; jne
       nextchar
; pop
       di
; pop
       ax
; pop
       es
; ret
; ; to print asteric
; ; DI == position
; printAsterick:
; push ax
; push es
; mov
        ax, 0xb800
; mov
        es, ax
                    ; points to video memory
        word [es: di], 0x0720 ; clear previous location
; mov
        byte [col], 0
; cmp
; JNE
        nextCmp
        byte [row], 0
; cmp
; JNE
         checkUp
        byte [isLeft], 1
; mov
; mov
        byte [isRight], 0
; mov
        byte [isTop], 0
        byte [isBottom], 0
; mov
; jmp
       update
; checkUp:
        byte [row], 24
; cmp
; JNE
        nextCmp
        byte [isLeft], 0
; mov
; mov
        byte [isRight], 0
; mov
        byte [isTop], 1
; mov
       byte [isBottom], 0
; jmp
       update
; nextCmp:
; cmp
        byte [col], 158
; JNE
        update
; cmp
        byte [row], 0
; JNE
        checkRight
; mov
        byte [isLeft], 0
        byte [isRight], 0
; mov
        byte [isTop], 0
; mov
; mov
        byte [isBottom], 1
; jmp
       update
```

; checkRight:

```
; cmp
        byte [row], 24
; JNE
        update
; mov
        byte [isLeft], 0
        byte [isRight], 1
; mov
        byte [isTop], 0
; mov
        byte [isBottom], 0
; mov
; jmp
       update
; update:
; cmp
        byte [isLeft], 1
        checkRightFlag
; JNE
        di, 2
; add
; add
        byte [col], 2
; jmp
       printScreen
; checkRightFlag:
; cmp
        byte [isRight], 1
; JNE
        checkUpFlag
; sub
       di, 2
; sub
       byte [col], 2
; jmp
       printScreen
; checkUpFlag:
; cmp
        byte [isTop], 1
; JNE
        checkDownFlag
; sub
       di, 160
; sub
       byte [row], 1
       printScreen
; jmp
; checkDownFlag:
; cmp byte [isBottom], 1
; JNE
       printScreen
; add
       di, 160
; add
       byte [row], 1
       printScreen
; jmp
; printScreen:
; mov
        ah, 0x07 ; attribute
        al, '*'
; mov
; mov
        word [es: di], ax
; pop es
; pop ax
; ret
; ; hook timer interrupt service routine
; timer:
; push ax
       word [cs: ticks]
; inc
; cmp
        word [cs: ticks], 18
                                ; 18.2 ticks per second
; ine
       exitTimer
```

```
; inc word [cs: seconds]
                               ; increase total seconds by 1
; mov word [cs: ticks], 0
; CALL printAsterick
; exitTimer:
; mov al, 0x20
                     ; send EOI
; out 0x20, al
; pop
       ax
; iret
; main:
; ;call clrscr
                ; to clear screen
; mov di, 0
; xor
       ax, ax
; mov es, ax
; ; hook interrupt
; cli
        word [es: 8*4], timer
; mov
; mov
        [es: 8*4+2], cs
; sti
; ; to make program TSR
; mov dx, main
; add dx, 15
; mov cl, 4
; shr dx, cl
; mov ax, 0x3100
; INT 0x21
<u>Qno 8</u>
; Solution to this problem was developed by https://github.com/farhana1i
[org 0x0100]
  jmp main
               ; old isr offset and segment
buffer: times 2000 dw 0; buffer to save video memory
; to clear video screen
clrscr:
```

push es push ax push di

ax, 0xb800

word [es:di], 0x720

es, ax

di, 0

di, 2

mov

mov

mov

mov add

nextchar:

```
cmp di, 4000
ine nextchar
pop
     di
pop
     ax
pop
     es
ret
; to add some delay
delay:
push cx
push di
mov cx, 0xFF
delay1:
mov di, 0xFFF
delay2:
dec di
jnz delay2
loop delay1
     di
pop
pop
     CX
ret
; to store video memory in buffer
store_buffer:
push bp
mov
     bp, sp
push ax
push cx
push si
push di
push es
push ds
      ax, 0xb800 ; points to video memory
mov
mov
      ds, ax
      si, 0
mov
mov
     ax, cs
     es, ax
mov
mov di, buffer
mov cx, 2000
cld
     movsw ; move data from video memory to buffer
rep
pop
     ds
pop
     es
pop
     di
pop
     si
pop
     CX
pop
     ax
     bp
pop
ret
```

```
; load buffer
load buffer:
push bp
mov
      bp, sp
push ax
push cx
push si
push di
push es
push ds
      ax, 0xb800
                   ; points to video memory
mov
      es, ax
mov
      di, 0
mov
; points to buffer
mov
     ax, cs
mov ds, ax
mov si, buffer
mov cx, 2000
cld
rep
     movsw
               ; load buffer in video memory
      ds
pop
pop
      es
      di
pop
pop
     si
pop
     CX
pop
     ax
pop
     bp
ret
; hook key board interrupt with interrupt chaining
kbISR:
push ax
in al, 0x60; read a char from keyboard
     al, 00011101b; snap code of ctrl == 29
cmp
JNE nextCmp
CALL store_buffer ; store video memory in a buffer
CALL clrscr ; clear screen
jmp exit
nextCmp:
cmp
      al, 10011101b ; snap code of ctrl == 29
JNE
      noMatch
CALL delay ; add some delay
CALL load_buffer ; load buffer in video memory
jmp exit
noMatch:
pop
jmp far [cs:oldisr]; CALL the original ISR
```

```
exit:
mov
       al, 0x20
                   ; send EOI
     0x20, al
out
pop
      ax
iret
main:
xor ax, ax
mov es, ax
; save old keyboard isr
mov ax, [es:9*4]
mov [oldisr], ax
mov
      ax, [es:9*4+2]
mov
      [oldisr+2], ax
; hook keyboard interrupt
cli
       word [es:9*4], kbISR
mov
       [es:9*4+2], cs
mov
sti
; to make program TSR
mov dx, main
add
      dx, 15
mov
      cl, 4
shr dx, cl
      ax, 0x3100
mov
INT
      0x21
<u>Qno11</u>
;Write a TSR to calculate the current typing speed of the user.
;Current typing speed is the number of characters typed by the user in the last five seconds.
;The speed should be represented by printing asterisks at the right border (80th column) of the screen
;starting from the upper right to the lower right corner (growing downwards).
;Draw n asterisks if the user typed n characters in the last five seconds. The count should be updated
every second.
;CTS - Current Typing Speed
[org 0x0100]
       jmp start
```

;Milli seconds

ms:

dw 0

```
count: dw 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
                                        ;Count of the characters typed
                               ;Note: The tCount of first second is initialized to -1 for one time because
tCount: dw -1
when you type the command and press ENTER
                                                         then the program gets loaded. And it takes you
a few milliseconds to release the ENTER key
                                                         and since the program was loaded before, it
counts this release of ENTER key as one. So this release count
                                                    is ignored by initializing the count to -1
iNo: dw 0
                                ;Location where the next star is to be printed
location: db 0
;Clear Screen
clrscr:
                        pusha
                                push es
                               mov ax, 0xb800
                               mov es, ax
                               xor di,di
                               mov ax,0x0720
                               mov cx,2000
                               cld
                               rep stosw
                                pop es
                                popa
;Program to print the stars
                       pusha
printStars:
                                push es
                                mov ax, 0xb800
                               mov es, ax
                               mov al, 80
                                mul byte [cs:location]
                               add ax, 159
                               shl ax, 1
                                mov di, ax
                                mov cx, [cs:tCount]
                                cmp cx, 0
                               jle return
```

11: mov byte [es:di], '*' inc byte [cs:location] add di, 160 loop I1 return: pop es popa ret CTS: pusha ;These lines will execute for the very first five seconds cmp word [cs:iNo], 10 jz I2 add word [cs:ms], 55 cmp word [cs:ms], 1000 il EOI2 ;Resetting the MilliSeconds to mov word [cs:ms], 0 zero call printStars ;Because the count is to be updated every second i.e ;the stars are to be printed after every second mov ax, [cs:tCount] mov bx, [cs:iNo] mov word [cs:count + bx], ax mov word [cs:tCount], 0 add word [cs:iNo], 2 jmp EOI2 12: add word [cs:ms], 55 cmp word [cs:ms], 1000 jl EOI2 ;Resetting the MilliSeconds to mov word [cs:ms], 0 zero ;Shifting the counts towards the right, to create a space for this current second

mov dx, 0

mov ax, [cs:count + 2] add dx, ax mov [cs:count], ax mov ax, [cs:count + 4] add dx, ax mov [cs:count + 2], ax mov ax, [cs:count + 6] add dx, ax mov [cs:count + 4], ax mov ax, [cs:count + 8] add dx, ax mov [cs:count + 6], ax mov ax, [cs:tCount] add dx, ax mov [cs:count + 8], ax jmp a1 jmp EOI ;Now dx contains the count of the last five seconds mov [cs:tCount], dx call clrscr mov byte [cs:location], 0 call printStars mov word [cs:tCount], 0 mov al, 0x20 out 0x20, al iret

exit: popa

;Keyboard ISR

EOI2:

a1:

EOI:

;Intermediate Jump

kbisr: push ax

in al, 0x60

shl al, 1
jnc EOI1

inc word [cs:tCount] ;If a key is released, only then increase the count

EOI1: mov al, 0x20
out 0x20, al
pop ax
iret
.

start: mov ax, 0

mov es, ax

mov bx, 0

call clrscr

;Hooking the interrupts

CII

mov word [es: 9*4], kbisr mov [es:9*4+2], cs

mov word [es:8*4], CTS mov [es:8*4+2], cs

sti

;Code for making it TSR

mov dx, start add dx, 15

next para

mov cl, 4

shr dx, cl ;number of

;End of resident portion

;round up to

paras

end: mov ax, 0x3100 ;terminate and stay resident

int 21h