Final Report

Intelligent Systems Project Ivan Pavlyk, Abay Kulamkadyr August 20th, 2022

Improved Conflict-Based Search With Heuristics

Introduction

For our project, we expanded on our previous individual project on Multi-Agent Path Finding algorithms. We decided to improve our high-level conflict-based search algorithm by applying heuristics. The theoretical basis for our project is *Improved Heuristics for Multi-Agent Path Finding with Conflict-Based Search* [Li et al.,2019]. We first implemented heuristics based on cardinal conflicts to guide the high-level algorithm, applied the technique for CBS with standard and disjoint splitting, and measured their performances in terms of the number of expanded and generated nodes and the runtime of the algorithms. Then we implemented improved heuristics as proposed in the paper and measured the performance in a similar matter for standard and disjoint splitting.

Implementation

We closely followed the paper [Li et al.,2019] so our implementation of the algorithms closely follows the descriptions of the algorithms in the paper.

ICBS

```
for each agent among agents involved in the problem:
    path, mdd = find initial paths and mdds using a_star
h = compute heuristic
while open list is not empty:
    get the next node from the open list
    if node has no collisions
        return solution
    else
        choose the first collision and convert to a list of
        constraints
        add a new child node to the open list for each constraint
end while
```

CG heuristic

The high level of CBS always chooses to expand the CT node N with the smallest N.cost.

```
if N.solution contains 1 cardinal conflict then
    h value = 1
```

if N.solution contains multiple cardinal conflicts then
 CG = build_conflict_graph

DG heuristic

h = minimum vertex cover(CG)

```
if N.solution contains 1 cardinal conflict then
          h_value = 1
if N.solution contains multiple cardinal conflicts then
          DG = build_dependency_graph
h = minimum vertex cover(DG)
```

WDG heuristic

if N.solution contains 1 cardinal conflict then
 h_value = 1
if N.solution contains multiple cardinal conflicts then
 WDG = build_edge_weighted_dependency_graph

build_conflict_graph

for each collision among collisions:

h = minimum weighted vertex cover(WDG)

build_dependency_graph

for each collision among collisions:

build_edge_weighted_dependency_graph

for each collision among collisions:

if 2 agents for collision are dependent:
 find sum of minimal conflict-free paths for both agents
 find sum of individual optimal path costs for both agents
 cost = sum_optimal - sum_conflict_free
 weighted_dependency_graph(agent_1, agent_2) = cost
return weighted_dependency_graph

```
minimum_vertex_cover
result = empty set
while set E has edges do
     Pick an arbitrary edge (u, v) from set E and add 'u' and 'v'
     to result
     Remove all edges from E which are either incident on u or v
end while
return result
minimum_edge_weighted_vertex_cover
while set E has edges do
     for i = 1 to n
           for j = 1 to n
                 d(v_i) = \Sigma(a_{ij})
```

for
$$i = 1$$
 to n
for $j = 1$ to n

$$s(v_i) = d_G(v_j)$$

for
$$i = 1$$
 to n

$$r(v_i) = s(v_i)d(v_i)/w(v_i)$$

add the vertex v_i , having the maximum value of $r(v_i)$, into the vertex cover V_{c}

 $V_c = V_c union v_i$ delete N[v] from G

for
$$i$$
 = 1 to n if v_i in V_c
$$v_i = 1$$
 else
$$v_i = 0$$

end while

Methodology

<u>First experiment</u>: we are going to run ICBS with <u>standard splitting</u> with the following heuristics:

- Prioritizing Cardinal Conflicts
- CG heuristic
- DG heuristic
- WDG heuristic

We are going to compare their running times, the number of nodes expanded and the number of nodes generated.

<u>Second experiment:</u> similar to the first but here we are going to use ICBS with <u>disjoint splitting</u>.

Instances that we are going to use are stored in custominstances folder.

Experimental Setup

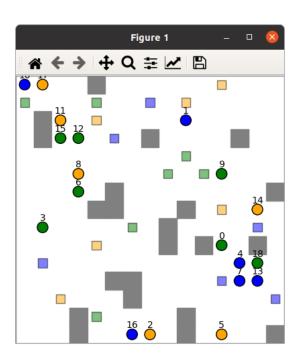
• Programming language: Python 3

• Operating system: Windows 10 Home

• Processor: Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-4790 3.60 GHz

• <u>RAM</u>: 16 GB

Input Instance



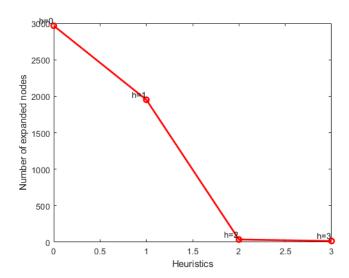
Experimental Results

Experiment 1:

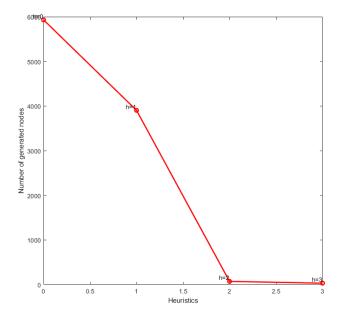
We ran the instance for each heuristic once because for standard splitting the values for running time, expanded nodes and generated nodes would not change because there is no splitting based on randomness.

We were using instance: custominstances/experiment1.txt

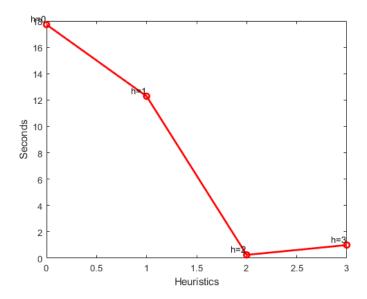
Number of expanded nodes for standard splitting using different heuristics:



Number of generated nodes for standard splitting using different heuristics:



Running time of standard splitting using different heuristics:

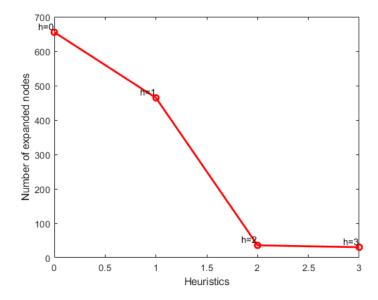


Experiment 2:

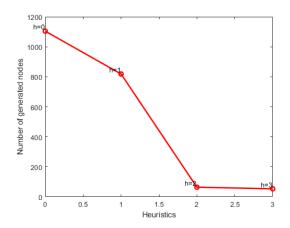
We ran the instance for each heuristic 20 times because there is splitting based on randomness so we need to take average values.

We were using instance: custominstances/experiment2.txt

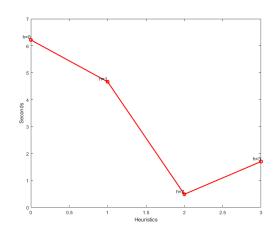
Number of expanded nodes for standard splitting using different heuristics:



Number of generated nodes for standard splitting using different heuristics:



Running time for standard splitting using different heuristics:



Output of the program:

/*Standard Splitting */

standard h = 0:

Run ICBS

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: v

Expanded nodes: 2966 Generated nodes: 5931

Average time: 17.71988296508789 Average expanded nodes: 2966.0 Average generated nodes: 5931.0

Average h-values: 0.0

standard h =1:

Run ICBS

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: 12.284494876861572

Expanded nodes: 1952 Generated nodes: 3903

Average time: 12.284494876861572 Average expanded nodes: 1952.0 Average generated nodes: 3903.0

Average h-values: 0.09684857801691008

standard h =2:

Run ICBS

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: 0.2497403621673584

Expanded nodes: 36
Generated nodes: 71

Average time:

0.2497403621673584

Average expanded nodes: 36.0 Average generated nodes: 71.0

Average h-values: 3.1971830985915495

standard h =3:

Run ICBS

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: 0.9964516162872314

Expanded nodes: 16
Generated nodes: 31

Average time: 0.9964516162872314 Average expanded nodes: 16.0 Average generated nodes: 31.0

Average h-values: 0.6129032258064516

/*Disjoint Splitting */

disjoint h = 0:

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: 124.33529853820801 Expanded nodes: 13103 Generated nodes: 22081

Average time: 6.2167649269104 Average expanded nodes: 655.15 Average generated nodes: 1104.05

Average h-values: 0.0
**Test paths on a simulation

disjoint h = 1:

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: 93.28594708442688 Expanded nodes: 9289 Generated nodes: 16373

Average time: 4.664297354221344 Average expanded nodes: 464.45 Average generated nodes: 818.65

Average h-values: 0.16982363180294804

Test paths on a simulation

disjoint h =2:

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: 9.739197254180908

Expanded nodes: 718
Generated nodes: 1287

Average time: 0.4869598627090454 Average expanded nodes: 35.9 Average generated nodes: 64.35

Average h-values: 3.190864028584857

Test paths on a simulation

disjoint h = 3:

Global average cost of paths: 198.0

Time: 34.03034520149231 Expanded nodes: 609 Generated nodes: 1073

Average time: 1.7015172600746156 Average expanded nodes: 30.45 Average generated nodes: 53.65

Average h-values: 0.3453120667266049

Test paths on a simulation

Conclusion

In this project we improved our high-level conflict-based search algorithm by applying heuristics. We incorporated MDD into our CBS to get ICBS algorithm based on cardinal conflicts to guide the high-level algorithm. We applied the technique for CBS with standard and disjoint splitting. We measured performances of the algorithms in terms of the number of expanded, generated nodes and the runtime. We implemented improved heuristics: CG, DG and WDG. We compared their performances in terms of the number of expanded, generated nodes and the runtime. As we can see from the results $h(0) \le h(CG) \le h(DG) \le h(WDG)$, i.e. the better the heuristic is, the less nodes it expands and generates, while for the WDG it is more expensive to compute the heuristic per node and it performs better on larger input maps.

References

[Li et al., 2019]: J. Li, A. Felner, E. Boyarski, H. Ma, S. Koenig. Improved Heuristics for Multi-Agent Path Finding with Conflict-Based Search. In *IJCAI-19*, 2019.

[Li et al., 2019]: J. Li. An optimal solver for Multi-Agent Path Finding. https://github.com/Jiaoyang-Li/CBSH2-RTC