

24-623/12-623 2015 HW#4

Total points: 50

Assigned: October 14, 2015.

Due: October 29, 2015, 8 PM to Blackboard. Please use the Blackboard discussion board to ask questions of the instructor or the other students.

1. (10 points) To perform MD simulations in the NVT ensemble using the Nose-Hoover thermostat, the following equations of motion are used:

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\mathbf{r}}_i &= \mathbf{v}_i \\ \dot{\mathbf{v}}_i &= \mathbf{F}_i/m_i - \eta \mathbf{v}_i \\ \dot{\eta} &= \frac{1}{\tau_T^2} \left(\frac{T}{T_{set}} - 1 \right).\end{aligned}$$

Prove that the implementation for the velocity Verlet algorithm is:

$$\begin{aligned}1. \mathbf{v}_i(t + \Delta t/2) &= \mathbf{v}_i(t) + [\mathbf{F}_i(t)/m_i - \eta(t)\mathbf{v}_i(t)]\Delta t/2 \\ 2. \mathbf{r}_i(t + \Delta t) &= \mathbf{r}_i(t) + \mathbf{v}_i(t + \Delta t/2)\Delta t \\ 3. \eta(t + \Delta t) &= \eta(t) + \frac{\Delta t}{\tau_T^2} \left[\frac{T(t)}{T_{set}} - 1 \right] \\ 4. \mathbf{v}_i(t + \Delta t) &= \frac{\mathbf{v}_i(t + \Delta t/2) + \mathbf{F}_i(t + \Delta t)\Delta t/(2m_i)}{1 + \eta(t + \Delta t)\Delta t/2}.\end{aligned}$$

2. (25 points) Modify your MD code so that it controls temperature using the Nose-Hoover scheme discussed in class and summarized in the file `NVT.pdf` on Blackboard. Perform your simulations using the 256-atom liquid LJ system provided in HW#3. Use a thermostat time constant of 0.05. Make sure that your system has equilibrated before extracting data.

(a) Plot the average pressure as a function of density, ρ , for $950 \text{ kg/m}^3 < \rho < 1150 \text{ kg/m}^3$ at an argon temperature of 100 K. Estimate the density that gives zero pressure. Compare to your result from HW#3. Explain how you determined when your system is equilibrated.

(b) The thermodynamic temperature in the NVT ensemble is given by

$$\langle T \rangle = \left[\frac{\langle (E - \langle E \rangle)^2 \rangle}{3(N-1)k_B c_v} \right]^{1/2}.$$

Run a sufficiently long simulation so that $\bar{T} = \langle T \rangle = 100 \text{ K}$, then use the energy fluctuations to find the heat capacity. Report the result in J/kg-K for argon. Note that $3c_v$ is the heat capacity per atom. Explain what you did using words, plots, tables, etc. Just giving the answer is not sufficient.

3. (15 points) Read the paper: L. Hu and A. J. H. McGaughey, "Energy accommodation between noble gases and carbon nanotubes." *Journal of Physical Chemistry C* **117** (2013) 18804-18808, available at <http://ntpl.me.cmu.edu/pubs/>.

Pretend that you are reviewing this paper for *Journal of Chemical Physics C*. Prepare a 1-2 page review where you describe: (a) the objective(s), (b) the important conclusions, (c) concerns you have with the MD simulations and/or data analysis. Based on your review, comment on whether or not the paper is suitable for publication and what changes you want the authors to make in a revised version.