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**Également disponible en français.

Introduction

The purpose of this session is to acquaint participants with the census geographic code as it appears in the various products of this division (geographic maps, summary tapes, geographic file tapes and geocoding Query Area Library), and to introduce to them the documentation that we make available to our users as an aid to the use of this code.

The code is, in effect, the key to the geographic units.(1) It makes it possible to define each unit precisely and facilitates mechanical handling. The names of the geographic units have always been in current use, especially on printed publications, but the increasingly widespread use of statistical data on summary tapes has given greater importance to the geographic code.

For this reason, the geographic code will appear in its entirety on the summary tapes, and, upon request of our users, we shall also make available a separate file containing the complete geographic code as well as some additional geographic codes (the Standard Geographic Code (SGC), geocoding coordinates and the codes of the enumeration area aggregates which will be the base for the second level summary tapes).

This outline is divided into 3 parts:

- I. The codes and their hierarchies; II. Documentation; III. Extraction and manipulation.

Part I. The Codes and their Hierarchies

1. The Census Geographic Code (on EA summary tapes) (Fig. 1)

The geographic code is dealt with in detail in the "Planning and Procedural Memorandum" prepared by Messrs. Hamm and Lefebvre.(2) Since Dr. Ricour-Singh(1) has already defined the geographic units represented by the code, we shall restrict ourselves here to describing separately each of the sets making up the code, mentioning: the number of digits it contains and the order in which the units in the set are numbered, the proportion of the Canadian population covered by it (if the units of a set cover only a part of the Canadian population, the space reserved for the code will be left blank for the other part of the population), the code hierarchy under which the set concerned is classified, and finally, how to form a separate and complete code for each unit within the set. The plan given below will be of assistance in this (Fig. 2).

1.1 The five regions and the territories of Canada (R)

The population of Canada is divided into 6 parts, i.e., 5 large regions

- (1) Ricour-Singh, F., Les unités géostatistiques de recensement (Census Geostatistical Units), paper prepared for the workshop, October 1971, Ottawa.
- (2) Hamm, W. and Lefebvre, J.J., 1971 Census of Canada, Geographic Coding Systems. Planning and Procedural Memorandum No. 71-Geo-1. Dominion Bureau of Statistics - Census Division, April 1970.

FIGURE 1 - The Census Geographic Code (on EA summary tapes)

	REGION	PROV	ED	EA	COUNTY	MUN & C.S.D.	CMA and CA	CT	CMA PART
No 1. Toronto	5	81	012	54	17402	007		129	1
" 2. Hastez Subd-D Armadale rural	2	08	321	08	01011	002		050	4
" 3. Hastez Subd-D Armadale urban	2	08	322	08	01013	002		050	2
" 4. St-Timothée rural	4	03	011	06	06401	062			4
" 5. St-Timothée urban	4	03	013	06	06403	062			2
" 6. 458 Kinross	7	13	117	15	16401				
" 7. Indian Reserve	7	13	113	15	23A21				
" 8. Kinross (Town)	7	13	124	15	36402				
" 9. Unorganized	7	13	107	15	22A11				

	CLASS BY SEX	SEX GROUP	REFERENCE C.	REGION - (F.C.O.)	CANADIAN STATISTICS DIVISION
No 1. Toronto	A	A		01	J8
" 2. Hastez Subd-D Armadale rural	2	1	01	01	89
" 3. Hastez Subd-D Armadale urban	2	1	01	01	89
" 4. St-Timothée rural	6	1	06	06	E7
" 5. St-Timothée urban	6	1	06	06	E7
" 6. 458 Kinross	7	1	16	07	V2
" 7. Indian Reserve	8	1	16	07	V2
" 8. Kinross (Town)	4	1	16	07	V2
" 9. Unorganized	8	1	22	07	V2

and the Northern Territories (the latter are regarded as equivalent to the former for the purposes of the code). Each region is represented by one digit in the code and they are numbered from east to west.

<u>Code</u>	<u>5 regions and the territories</u>
1 -	Atlantic
2 -	Quebec
3 -	Ontario
4 -	Prairies
5 -	British Columbia
6 -	Northern Territories

This code is the highest in the hierarchy and it is used to form most of the other codes on the summary tapes.

1.2 Provinces (P)

Canada's population is spread over 10 provinces and 2 territories represented by a one-digit code; the territories being regarded as equivalent to the provinces. The 10 provinces are numbered 0 to 9, from east to west, and form 5 of the regions described above. The territories bear the numbers 0 and 1 and are differentiated in the hierarchy by the prefix number 6 denoting the region in which they are located.

The code for the provinces and territories is situated hierarchically after the region code. Thus, identification of a single province requires first the code of the region in which it is found (1 digit) and then the code for the province itself (1 digit). This 2-digit code, which appears on the summary tapes, is often used as a basis for forming many of the codes of the other sets. It is called the "Standard Geographic Code" for the provinces, as opposed to the provinces' census code (see "Note").

Note: To make the coding simpler, the Census is dispensing with the region code when identifying the provinces. This is possible for all the provinces, but not for the territories. In the latter case the code "9" is used, i.e. the same as for British Columbia, but they are differentiated by means of the Electoral District number or the Census Division.

This point is important, since the publications put out by us will often use the census code for the province.

The following table gives the complete list of the two codes which can be used for each province:

Province	Codes	
	Census	Standard
Newfoundland	0	10
Prince Edward Island	1	11
Nova Scotia	2	12
New Brunswick	3	13
Quebec	4	24
Ontario	5	35
Manitoba	6	46
Saskatchewan	7	47
Alberta	8	48
British Columbia	9	59
Yukon	9	60
Northwest Territories	9	61

1.3 Electoral Districts (ED)

There are 264 federal electoral districts covering the whole population of Canada. Their code consists of two digits, used to identify each district within a province. The electoral districts are numbered in alphabetical order.

The electoral district code comes hierarchically after the province code and before that of the enumeration areas comprising them; thus, identification of a particular ED requires first the standard geographic code for the province in which it is found (2 digits, one for the region and the other for the province) and then, the two digits for the ED code itself. This gives a total of four digits.

Note: In many of the documents put out by the Census Geography Section only three digits are used to identify the ED's throughout Canada, i.e., one digit for the province (see province code) and two digits for the ED.

Example: The code for the Bonaventure ED in Québec is 08. The complete code for this ED is 24 08 on the magnetic tapes available to users, and 408 in the documentation. The "24" and "4" indicate the province in which the ED is located according to the standard geographic code and the census code, respectively.

1.4 Enumeration Areas (EA)

The entire population of Canada is divided among approximately 42,000 EA's. Their code consists of three digits, used to identify each EA within the ED to which it belongs. They are numbered in zigzag pattern within each Census Commissioner District, beginning with the south-east corner. A block of 50 EA numbers is set aside for each Commissioner's District but, since these always contain less than 50 enumeration areas, we normally have EA numbers which jump, for example, from 001 to 018 and then from 051 to 075.

The EA code comes hierarchically after the ED code; thus identification of a particular EA requires first the standard geographic code of the province (2 digits), followed by that of the ED (2 digits) and then the 3 digits of the EA code itself, giving a total of 7 digits.

Example: The complete code of an EA in Bonaventure, Québec, would be 24 08 001 or, according to the census code, 408 001.

1.5 Counties or census divisions (Co. or CD)

There are 256 of these covering the whole population of Canada. Their code consists of 2 digits for each Co. or CD within a province. The counties are numbered in alphabetical order, while the numbering of the divisions follows a zigzag pattern.

The Co. and CD codes come hierarchically after that of the province in which they are located, and before that of their constituent municipalities; thus, identification of a particular Co. or CD requires first the standard geographic code of the province (2 digits), followed by the 2 digits of the Co. or CD itself, i.e., a total of 4 digits.

Example: The code for Queen's County in Prince Edward Island is 03; the complete code for this county is 11 03.

The code for Census Division No. 1 in Newfoundland is 01; the complete code for this division is 10 01.

1.6 Municipalities or census subdivisions (Mun. or CS)

There are about 4,500 of these covering the whole population of Canada. In principle, all municipalities or similar organizations within a county or division are coded with 2 digits. They are numbered in ascending order, from rural municipalities, to unorganized territories, Indian Reserves, and cities, towns and villages.

The municipal code occupies 5 alphanumeric positions, as explained in the following diagram (Fig. 3).

From this explanation, it can be concluded that to identify a particular municipality, subdivision or section for which tables have been published, it is sufficient to use the first 4 digits of the municipal code (preceded by the hierarchical codes).

The code for the municipalities and subdivisions comes hierarchically after that of the county or census division. Thus, identification of a particular unit in this group requires first the standard geographic code of the province (2 digits), next that of the county or CD (2 digits), and then the 4 digits for the municipality, subdivision or section concerned; in all, 8 digits.

Example: The rural municipality of Aberdeen in Carleton County, New Brunswick, is identified solely by the 8-digit code 13 02 01A0; likewise the Inverness - Port Hood subdivision in Inverness County, Nova Scotia, is identified solely by 12 10 01B0.

Note: In certain cases, where municipalities straddle provincial boundaries (e.g., Lloydminster), the code treats the two parts as two different municipalities: the part in Saskatchewan has the code 47 17 15A0, the part in Alberta 48 10 10A0.

1.7 Census metropolitan areas (CMA) and census agglomerations (CA)

These 112 units identified by the census cover only about 70% of the Canadian population, which means that there must be EA's which do not belong to any CMA or CA, and the space reserved for this code will be blank.

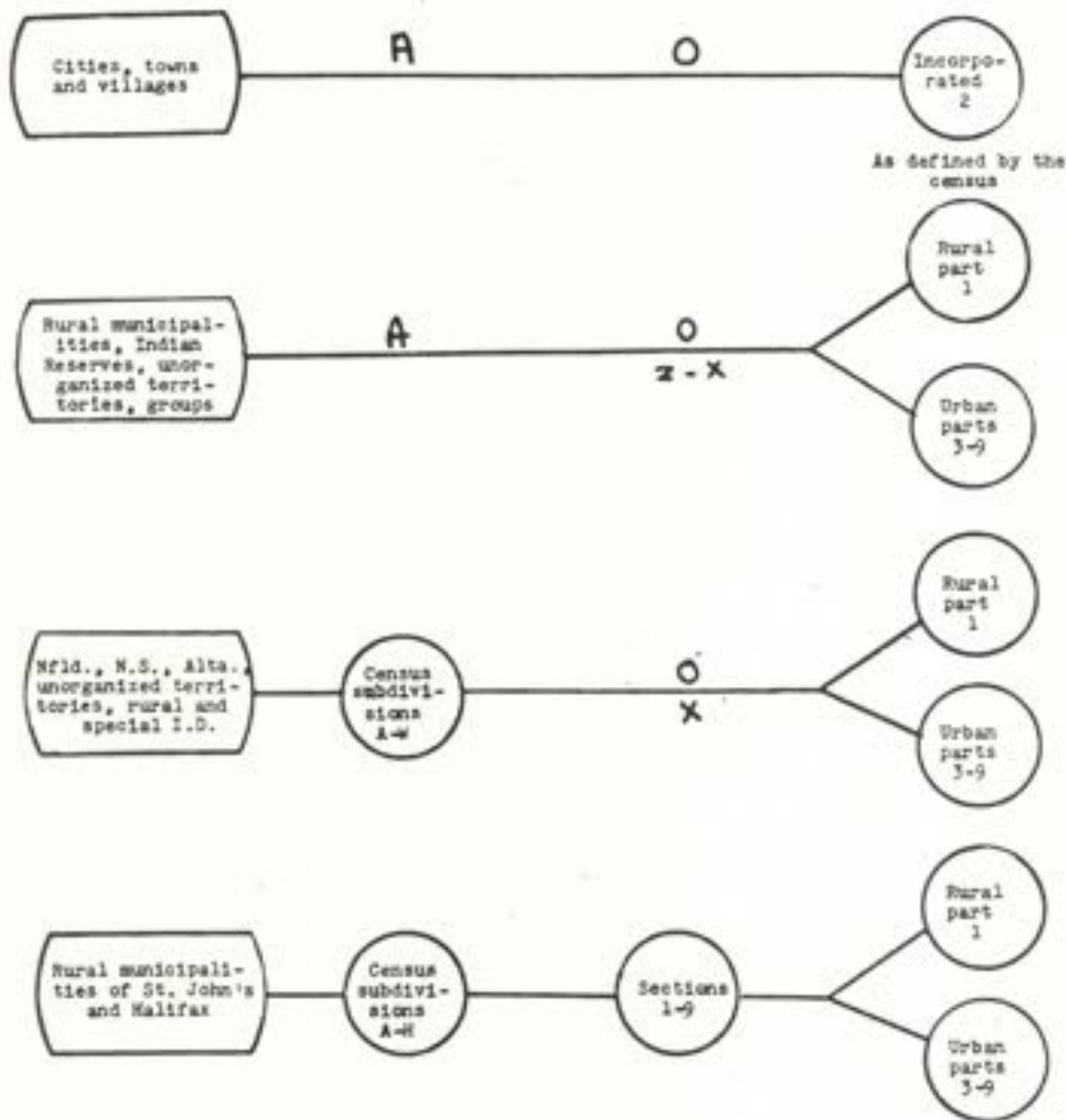
Their code consists of 3 digits, which identify each unit throughout Canada. The code is divided into blocks according to population size, as follows:

Codes 001-030	Population of 100,000 and over (CMA)			
031-049	"	"	50,000-99,999	(CA)
050-099	"	"	25,000-49,999	(")
100-199	"	"	10,000-24,999	(")
200-299	"	"	5,000- 9,999	(")
300+	"	"	2,000- 4,999	(")

and the numbers are assigned in alphabetical order within each block.

The CMA and CA code sets up a separate hierarchy serving as a basis not only for the components of the CMA's and CA's, but also for the census tracts. A total of 3 digits is sufficient to identify them throughout Canada.

FIGURE 3



Number of
characters
in code } 2 num.

1 alphab.

1 alphanumerical

1 numerical

Example: The code for the Ottawa - Hull metropolitan area is 010.

1.8 CMA-CA parts

Each CMA and CA is divided into 4 parts identified by a digit from 1 to 4: 1, largest city; 2, remainder of urbanized core; 3, urban fringe; 4, rural fringe.

Their code depends hierarchically on the code of the CMA-CA to which they belong; thus, identification of a particular component part requires first the complete code of the CMA or CA to which it belongs (3 digits) and then the code of the part concerned (1 digit). This gives a total of 4 digits.

Example: The code of the largest city in the Ottawa - Hull CMA is 0101 = Ottawa.

1.9 Census Tracts (CT)

There are approximately 2,200 of these, covering some 60% of the population of Canada; consequently, there will be some EA's which do not belong to any CT and the space reserved for this code will be blank.

Their code consists of 3 digits, which identify each CT within the CMA or CA to which it belongs. Blocks of numbers are assigned to each municipality within the CMA or CA and the numbering follows a zigzag pattern.

The CT code is situated hierarchically after the CMA-CA code; thus, identification of a particular CT requires first the complete code of the CMA or CA in which it is located (3 digits), followed by the CT code itself (3 digits). This gives a total of 6 digits.

Example: A CT in Ottawa - Hull: 010 021.

1.10 Classes of municipalities

This one-digit code classifies all individual municipalities of Canada into rural or urban population size groups. Urban municipalities are coded A to H, rural municipalities, 1 to 8. This code is calculated by computer based on the total population in a municipality (the first two digits of the five-digit municipality code). If all of the parts within this municipality are urban (the fifth or low-order digit of the five-digit municipality code is in the range from 2 to 9), then municipality is given an urban size code. However, if one of the parts is rural (code 1 in the fifth digit), then the municipality is assigned a rural code. The municipality size codes are as follows:

Population	Incorporated city, town or village and urban municipalities	Rural municipalities
500,000+	A	1
100,000-499,999	B	2
30,000- 99,999	C	3
10,000- 29,999	D	4
5,000- 9,999	E	5
2,500- 4,999	F	6
1,000- 2,499	G	7
Under 1,000	H	8

Note: In 1971, unorganized parts within a county or census division will be grouped together under one municipality code (digits 1 and 2) with the fourth digit identified by the letter "X". Indian Reserves within a county or census division will also be grouped under one municipality code and identified by a "Z" in the fourth digit. For these areas, the municipality size code will always be "8" (rural municipality, under 1,000) regardless of actual population size.

1.11 Rural urban (as defined by the census)

Rural is always assigned code 1.

Urban is divided into size groups code A to G. This code is calculated by computer based on the total population within a municipality part (the first two digits of the five-digit municipality code plus the fifth digit) and using the fifth or low-order position to determine if the municipality part is rural (code 1 in the fifth digit) or urban (codes 2 to 9 in the fifth digit).

One exception to the general rule is when a municipality part lies within the urbanized core. The municipality part is then assigned a U size group code equivalent to the size of the urbanized core of that CMA or CA as a whole and it will always be an urban code (alphabetical). In this context, rural municipalities may receive an urban size group code for the part lying within the urbanized core. For example, Nepean Township as a municipality is rural with a municipality size code of 3 (pop. 43,919), Hull as a municipality is urban with a municipality size code of C (pop. 60,176). Both would have an urban size group code of B since they are part of Ottawa CMA which has a population in the urbanized core in excess of 100,000.

The rural and urban size group codes are as follows:

Population	Urban	Rural
500,000+	A	1
100,000-499,999	B	1
30,000- 99,999	C	1
10,000- 29,999	D	1
5,000- 9,999	E	1
2,500- 4,999	F	1
1,000- 2,499	G	1
Under 1,000	-	1

1.12 Reference code

There are approximately 2,000 of these, covering only 80% of the population of Canada.

This code is used to identify the rural municipality in which a city, town, village or Indian Reserve is located. It consists of 2 digits and makes it possible to identify all the municipalities located within a rural municipality. It thus enables the user to obtain quickly the real population of a given area.

The reference code comes hierarchically after the county or CD code; thus, identification of a particular reference code requires first the province's standard geographic code (2 digits) followed by the complete county or CD code (2 digits), followed by the reference code itself (2 digits), giving a total of 6 digits.

Example: In Manitoba, Census Division No. 2, the rural municipality of Rhineland contains the town of Altona, as well as the villages of Gretna and Plum Coulee. These four municipalities, which have different municipal codes, all have the same reference code (04). Thus, to obtain speedily the total population living within the boundaries of Rhineland municipality, the following code must be used: 46 02 04.

1.13 Economic region code

There are approximately 60 of these regions covering all the provinces of Canada. Their code consists of 2 digits, identifying each region within a province.

The region code comes hierarchically after that of the provinces; thus, identification of a particular region requires first the complete code of the province in which it is located (2 digits), followed by the code of the region itself (2 digits). This gives a total of 4 digits.

Example: In Nova Scotia, the counties of Annapolis, Hants and Kings form the Economic Region 03. The complete code for this region is 12 03.

1.14 Manpower centre regions

About 210 of these cover the whole of Canada's population. Their code consists of 2 characters (1 letter and 1 digit) which are used to identify each centre throughout the country.

Example: The Nanaimo Manpower Centre in British Columbia has the code W9.

2. Additional Geographic Codes (on the geographic tape file)

2.1 Area Aggregates (AA)

There are about 4,000 of these for all of Canada. Their code consists of 4 digits which make it possible to identify any aggregate in Canada. Numbering is in zigzag pattern within each province, all the provinces being assigned blocks of numbers; for example, 0001 to 0099 for Newfoundland.

The AA code forms a separate hierarchy; thus, identification of a particular AA requires only its complete 4-digit code.

2.2 UTM co-ordinates of EA centroids

For each EA the geocoding programme has chosen a point (centroid) situated at approximately the centre of gravity of the enumeration area's population. The UTM co-ordinates of these points consist of 15 digits, 2 for the UTM zone, 6 for the abscisses and 7 for the ordinates (to within one metre). Using these co-ordinates it is possible (1) to group the EA's into ad hoc areas simply by marking and defining (in terms of UTM co-ordinates) the boundaries of such zones. A "PIPAP" programme enables the centroids within the zone concerned to be identified; and (2) to produce the thematic maps by using programmes such as SYMAPV. There are also a variety of other uses (e.g., census weighting areas, redrawing of electoral boundaries, etc. ...).

2.3 Standard geographic code

This code is different from the census code, but it is just as important, since it is used in a number of publications put out by Statistics Canada. It consists of 7 digits: the first two for the province (we described these earlier under the name standard geographic code for the province), the next two for the county or CD, the following two for the municipal subdivisions and the final digit to define the type of municipality (city, town, village, etc.). This code is described in the manual of the same name.

3. Special Note

It can be seen that the code contains a number of hierarchies. However, the table giving the relations between the different units enables the user to identify them without following the code hierarchy, by using the conversion tables for this hierarchy (e.g. the CT's can be coded without having to code manually the CMA in which the former occur, but by going through the hierarchy of municipalities, counties and provinces; obviously, a municipality - CMA conversion table, prepared in advance, is indispensable).

The user can also add his own codes in order to make the information as rapidly accessible as possible.

Part II. Documentation

The task here is to give the user the means with which to find the right code for a particular unit, or vice versa. Plans have been made for special documentation for each set of codes, to complement our cartography programme which shows on maps the codes of statistical units.

All the documents put out in list form will be preceded by an explanatory introduction.

1. Description of the Geographic File

This document will serve to clarify the definition of the statistical units and the structure of the geographic code. P & P - Ham and Lefebvre.(2)

2. Alphabetical List of Municipalities, Census Subdivisions and Localities

This list will provide in a separate bulletin and in alphabetical order, for each province, the names of the cities, towns, villages, municipalities of all categories and non-incorporated localities retained by the enumeration areas. Care will be taken to give the complete names, so as to avoid any confusion. They will be followed by the census, county and municipality codes (1, 2 and 4 digits), the ED code and the EA code (in localities consisting of one or more EA's) (2 and 3 digits). To make this correspond in so far as possible with the standard geographic code, we shall add at the end 2 digits for the county and 2 digits for the municipality standard code. (Indian Reserves will be excluded from this list.) The list will enable a user who is interested in a certain number of municipalities or localities to find their code (see Appendix 1).

3. Alphabetical and Numerical List of the Electoral Districts

This will consist of an alphabetical list of all the Electoral Districts in Canada, together with their 3-digit code, and a list in ascending order of the District numbers, grouped automatically by province (see Appendix 2).

(2) For footnote, see page 2.

4. Official List (divided into 3 parts):

- (a) Counties — For each region of Canada and for each province, the names of the counties appear in alphabetical order with those of their constituent municipalities, subdivisions and unincorporated places. The list also shows the standard geographic and census codes for the counties and municipalities, as well as the codes of the enumeration areas. It is also the only one which shows the economic regions and reference codes (see Appendix 3).
- (b) Centres with census tracts — For each such centre, the constituent municipalities, census tracts and enumeration areas are listed (see Appendix 4).
- (c) Census agglomerations — For each of these units, the constituent municipalities and the enumeration area codes are listed (see Appendix 5).

5. Numerical List of the Area Aggregates

This list makes it possible to identify the county in which a particular AA is located and the enumeration areas of which it consists (see Appendix 6).

6. Alphabetical List of Manpower Centre Regions

The names of manpower centre regions, listed alphabetically, enable the code to be rapidly identified (see Appendix 7).

7. Historical Correspondence Tables

(a) EA

A list will be prepared giving in ascending order the EA numbers for 1966 together with the corresponding 1971 number, noting by means of the abbreviation "pt.", where necessary, the cases where the EA corresponds to only a part of the new one (see Appendix 8).

(b) CT conversion table

This table, drawn up by metropolitan area or agglomeration, makes it possible to find for a 1971 CT number the number of the same CT in 1966, and vice versa. In cases where municipal annexations have caused a CT to be included in a different CMA or CA than in the previous census, this is indicated beside the name of the annexed part (see Appendices 9 and 10).

Part III. Extraction and Manipulation

The object of this third part is to give those taking part in this workshop some practical illustrations of the use of the geographic code for geographic manipulation of data.

1. Standard Statistical Units of the Census

If, for example, a table has to be produced for these units, all that is necessary is to look in the documentation for the hierarchically complete code of the unit concerned and carry out the programming for the table required; it is also possible to use for the same purpose the conversion tables already set up and use a hierarchy other than that given.

2. Areas for Specific Users

If these areas are in frequent use, it would be advisable to include their code on the tape of the geographic file or to set up a conversion file. Otherwise, one or other of the solutions described above could be used on each occasion.

3. Ad hoc Query Areas

If tables have to be produced for an ad hoc area, two courses can be followed:

- Identify the area and its component units (municipalities or enumeration areas) on a map. Write the complete codes of the component units and programme production of the table for the total of these units.
- Mark out the area on the map and calculate by means of an electronic reader, or manually, the co-ordinates of the vertices of this area. Put these through the PIPAP programme to identify the constituent EA's by means of the centroid co-ordinates provided. Programme the production of the required tables.

4. Reverse Operation

Since the geographic code appears on the summary tapes, it is possible to carry out calculations on certain variables and establish indexes on the basis of which specified geographic units can be automatically listed.

5. Selection of EA's Having a Special Geographic Code

By referring to the space reserved for the 5th digit of the municipal code, it is possible to automatically identify all the cities, towns and villages (code 2) or all the urban EA's according to the census definition (codes 3 to 9). The same type of operation can be carried out by using the classification code, for municipalities, etc.

6. Automatic Cartographic Techniques

As can well be appreciated, a number of applications for automatic cartographic techniques are possible through the use of geographic code and, in particular, the EA centroid co-ordinates.

Conclusion

The geographic code is as complex as the differences found in our country, differences which it attempts to standardize and make comparable. We believe that the explanations, diagrams and documentation we have prepared for you form an integrated whole facilitating its use in meeting your many census data requirements.

APPENDIX 1

Alphabetical list of municipalities, census subdivisions and unincorporated places

Liste alphabétique des municipalités, subdivisions de recensement et localités non constituées

Names — Noms	Census Code — Code de recensement		Standard geographical code — Code géographique type	
	Division	Subdivision	Division	Subdivision
<u>Ontario 35</u>				
Albemarle, mun.	03	01	41	59
Anabel, mun.	03	02	41	54
Angus (P-U)	44	02	43	21
Bowmanville, t.	07	07	17	14
Brant, mun.	03	04	41	34
Brantford, c.	02	07	29	06
Carrick, mun.	03	06	41	01
Chatham, c.	20	12	36	42
Chesley, t.	03	18	41	39
Darling, mun.	22	05	09	44
Dresden, t.	20	15	36	39
Dunwich, mun.	08	04	34	29
Eastnor, mun.	03	08	41	62
Essex, t.	09	18	37	54
Exeter, t.	18	18	40	08
Foley, mun.	35	05	49	06
Fort Erie, t.	28	07	27	03
Fredericksburgh, North, mun.	24	06	11	16
Galt, c.	51	06	30	06
Gaittán, mun.	42	09	47	38
Guelph, c.	52	13	23	08
Hilton Beach, vl.	01	23	57	06
Huntsville, t.	27	07	44	42
Huron, mun.	03	11	41	16
Indian Reserves	01	18	57	81
Ingersoll, t.	34	13	32	18
Iron Bridge, vl.	01	24	57	31
Jarvis, vl.	14	16	28	36
Jocelyn, mun.	01	04	57	01
Joly, mun.	35	10	49	51
Kerns, mun.	48	15	54	24
Killaloe Station, vl.	42	37	47	34
Kitchener, c.	51	07	30	12

APPENDIX 2

List of Electoral Districts

Liste des circonscriptions électorales

Alphabetical order - Ordre alphabétique

Names - Noms	Code	
	Province	ED - C.É.
Annapolis Valley	2	01
Bonavista - Trinity	0	01
Burin - Burgeo	0	02
Cape Breton - East Richmond	2	02
Cardigan	1	01
Egmont	1	02
Gloucester	3	03
etc.		

List of Electoral Districts

Liste des circonscriptions électorales

Numerical order - Ordre numérique

Names - Noms	Code	
	Province	ED - C.É.
Bonavista - Trinity	0	01
Burin - Burgeo	0	02
Cardigan	1	01
Egmont	1	02
Annapolis Valley	2	01
Cape Breton - East Richmond	2	02
Gloucester	3	03
etc.		

APPENDIX 3

Official list by counties

Liste officielle par comté

NOVA SCOTIA — NOUVELLE-ÉCOSSE

No.	Mun.	SGC	Census subdivision — Subdivision de recensement	Ref	R	ED — C.É.	Enumeration area — Secteur de dénombrement
01		12 05	<u>Annapolis County —</u> <u>Comté d'Annapolis</u>		03		
			Annapolis, mun.				
		12 05 04	Subdivision A — Annapolis Royal Area				
	01A01		Rural	01	1	211	257-269
	01A03		Urban (P-U)	01	1	211	272
	01B01	12 05 09	Subdivision B — Bridgetown Area	02	1	201	309-317
	01C01	12 05 14	Subdivision C — Middleton Area	03	1	201	266, 267, 301-305
	01D01	12 05 01	Subdivision D — Milford — Dalhousie	04	1	201	262-265
			Towns — Villes				
	02A02	12 05 08	Annapolis Royal	01	1	211	270, 271
	03A02	12 05 12	Bridgetown	02	1	201	318, 319
	04A02	12 05 16	Middleton	03	1	201	306-308

APPENDIX 4

Census-tracted Centres

Centres subdivisées en secteurs de recensement

Locality - Localité		ED - C.É.	Enumeration areas - Secteurs de dénombrement
004. <u>Halifax Census Metropolitan Area</u>			
Halifax County (part)			
Halifax, c. (QMA-UC-1)			
CT No.	1	209	16-21
	2	209	7-15
	3	208	2-6
	4	208	7-22, 51-53
	5	208	54-57
	6	208	58-69
	7	208	115-126
	8	208	101-108
	9	208	109, 111, 113, 114
	10	208	251-264
	11	208	156-172
	12	208	70, 71, 151-155
	13	209	151-157
	14	209	54-60
	15	209	22-24, 51-53
	16	209	61-65
	17	209	70-73
	18	209	66-69, 158-164
	19	208	202-216
	20	208	201, 265-273
	21	208	301-312
	22	208	217-220, 313-320
	23	209	165-173, 201, 202
	24	209	101-112
	25	209	113-123, 203-209
	26	209	210-216
	27	209	217-220
Dartmouth, c. (QMA-UC-2)			
CT No.	100	207	101-108
	101	207	109-111, 151-155
	102	207	156-169
	103	207	112-118
	104	207	119-124, 301, 302
	105	207	303-308
	106	207	315-322
	107	207	309-314
	108	207	221-225, 273, 277
	109	207	201-210
	110	207	170-174
	111	207	211-218, 226
	112	207	259-262, 274
	113	207	263, 275, 279
	114	207	219, 220, 264-272, 276

APPENDIX 5

Official list - Census Agglomerations
 -
 Liste officielle - Agglomérations de recensement

Locality - Localité	ED - C.É.	Enumeration areas - Secteurs de dénombrement
<u>302. Beauceville (Québec)</u>		
Beauce, Comté de (partie)		
Beauceville, v. (AR-NU-1)	404	205-208
Beauceville-Est, v. (AR-NU-2)	404	209-211
<u>304. Dunville (Newfoundland)</u>		
Division No. 1 (part)		
Dunville, t. (CA-UC-1)	007	215, 216
Freshwater, t. (CA-UC-2)	007	212, 213
Jerseyside, t. (CA-UC-2)	007	214
<u>305. East Broughton Station (Québec)</u>		
Beauce, Comté de (partie)		
East Broughton, mun. (AR-NU-2)	418	13, 14
East Broughton Station, vl. (AR-NU-1)	418	68, 69
<u>306. Forestville (Québec)</u>		
Saguenay, Comté de (partie) ..		
St-Luc-de-Laval, mun. (AR-BR)	412	169, 171, 172
(AR-NU-2) ...	412	170
Forestville, v. (AR-NU-1)	412	173-175
<u>308. Fruitvale - Montrose (British Columbia)</u>		
Kootenay Boundary Regional District		
Fruitvale, vl. (CA-UC-1)	910	164, 165

APPENDIX 6

Official list - Area aggregates (AA)

Liste officielle - Agrégats de secteurs (A.S.)

AA No. — A.S. n°	Co.	ED — C.É.	EA's — S.D.
0061	25	501	5-19
0060	01	501	153-156 163-167, 169, 170
0059	01	501	251-265
0058	01	501	107-118
0057	01	501	203-210, 215-217
	07	501	266-268
0056	02	507	221-231

APPENDIX 7

Canadian Manpower Centre Regions

Régions des centres de main-d'oeuvre du Canada

Names - Noms	Code
<u>Colombie-Britannique</u>	
Abbotsford	V3
Campbell River	V4
Chilliwack	V5
Courtenay	V6
Cranbrook	V7
Dawson Creek	V8
Fort St. John	V9
Kamloops	W1
Kelowna	W2
Nanaimo	W3
Nelson	W4
Penticton	W5
Port Alberni	W6
Well River	W7
Prince George	W8
Prince Rupert	W9
Quesnel	X1
Terrace	X2
Trail	X3
Metro Vancouver	X4
Vernon	X5
Victoria	X6
Williams Lake	X7
Whistler	X8

APPENDIX B

1966 Census

Recensement de
1966

Corresponding 1966-1961 EA Numbers

Numéros de S.D. de 1966-1961 correspondants

ED
= 601
C.E.

1966	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961
1	1	59	30	119	76
2	2	60	31	120	119
3	3	61	32	121	36pt.
4	4	62	25		
5	5	63	26	151	50
6	6	64	27	152	51pt.
7	7	65	28	153	52
8	8	66	74	154	53
9	9	67	75	155	54
10	10	68	77	156	55
11	11	69	78	157	56
12	12			158	57
13	13			159	58
14	14	101	33	160	59
15	17	102	34	161	67
16	16	103	35	162	68
17	15	104	36pt.	163	69
18	73	105	40	164	113
19	72	106	41	165	51pt.
20	71	107	42	166	107, 127
21	114	108	43	167	108
		109	37	168	109
		110	38	169	110
51	18	111	39	170	111
52	19	112	60	171	112
53	20	113	61	172	120
54	21	114	64		
55	22	115	65		
56	23	116	62	201	44
57	24	117	63	202	45
58	29	118	66	203	46

Geography Section - Census Division

Section de géographie - Division du recensement

1971

APPENDIX 9

Census Metropolitan Area

Région métropolitaine de recensement

TORONTO

1971		1966		1971		1966		1971		1966					
Toronto, S.				Toronto, S. - Continued				Toronto, S. - Concluded				York, S.			
CT	1	CT	105(part) 119(part) 134(part)	CT	50	CT	1(part) 4(part) 19 149	CT	99	CT	10	CT	150	CT	247
									100		9		151		245
									101		5		152		246
2			65						102		6		153		243
3			34	31			20		103		4(part)		154		240
4			30	32			21		104		1(part)		155		299
5			31	33			22		105		3		156		242
6			33	34			23		106		2		157		241
7			32	35			40		107		7		158		236
8			50	36			41		108		8		159		235
9			48	37			42		109		15		160		232
10			49	38			43		110		13		161		298
11			63	39			57		111		11		162		231
12			64	60			56		112		12		163		230
13			77	61			58(part)		113		14		164		229
14			75	62			58(part)		114		35		165		297
15			76				71		115		302		166		228
16			103	63			72		116		36		167		296
17			105(part) 119(part)	64 65			96(part) 96(part)		117		53		168		227
18			117	66			98		118		52		169		226
19			118	67			97		119		51(part) 153(part)		170		233
20			134(part)	68			100		120		68		171		234
21			135	69			112		121		67		172		237
22			133	70			109		122		66(part)		173		238
23			132	71			110		123		90(part)		174		239
24			131	72			111		124		91		175		305
25			130	73			113		125		92		176		139
26			129	74			125		126		89				
27			116	75			122				90(part)				
28			115	76			123	127			88				
29			114	77			126	128			87				
30			304	78			127	129			86				
31			102	79			128	130			51(part)				
32			99	80			124				66(part)				
33			101	81			121				153(part)				
34			74	82			120	131			152				
35			73	83			108				153(part)				
36			62	84			107	132			150				
37			60	85			106	133			83(part)				
38			59	86			93				151				
39			61	87			94	134			83(part)				
40			67	88			95	135			84				
41			65	89			70	136			303				
42			64	90			69	137			85				
43			66	91			55	138			82				
44			29	92			54	139			81				
45			24	93			39	140			80				
46			28	94			38	141			78				
47			27	95			37	142			79				
48			26	96			18								
49			25	97			17								
				98			16								
York, East, S.															

APPENDIX 9 — Continued

224970 - Continued

1971		1966		1971		1966		1971		1966	
<u>Alameda, B.</u>				<u>York, North, B.</u> <u>Concluded</u>				<u>Scarborough, B.</u> <u>Concluded</u>			
CT	100	CT	306(part)	CT	130	CT	313(part)	CT	338	CT	175(part)
			251(part)		171		190(part)		339		175(part)
	101		142(part)				313(part)				176
			251(part)		172		314		340		176
	102		143		173		194(part)		341		289(part)
	103		141(part)		173		195(part)		342		289(part)
	104		141(part)				198		343		175
			147		174		206		344		287
	105		146		176		207		345		311
	106		148(part)		177		208		346		167
	107		144		178		209(part)		347		288
			148(part)		179		209(part)		348		186
	108		145				225		349		183
	109		140		180		224		350		284
			251(part)		181		223		351		285
	110		251(part)		182		222		352		184
	111		252		183		221(part)		353		286
	112		253		184		221(part)		354		186
	113		254		185		225		355		309
	114		300		186		220		356		278(part)
	115		250		187		219		357		278(part)
	116		248		188		211(part)		358		156(part)
	117		249				292		359		156(part)
	118		256		189		219		360		135
	119		255		190		294(part)		361		154
	120		327(part)		191		294(part)		362		157(part)
	121		327(part)		192		217		363		157(part)
	122		264		193		218		364		280(part)
	123		325		194		219		365		280(part)
	124		263		195		320(part)		366		307
	125		262				212		367		308
	126		260		196		320(part)		368		281
	127		257		197		211(part)		369		282
	128		258		198		205		370		163
	129		259		199		204		371		283
	130		267		200		199		372		312
	131		301		201		291		373		162
	132		266		202		315(part)		374		161
	133		265(part)		203		315(part)		375		159(part)
	134		265(part)		204		315(part)		376		159(part)
	135		271		205		193(part)		377		160
	136		326		206		316		378		158
	137		270		207		200				

APPENDIX 9 - Concluded

TORONTO - Concluded

1971	1966	1971	1966	1971	1966	1971	1966
<u>Streetsville, t.</u>		<u>Oakville, t.</u>		<u>Oakville, t. - Concluded</u>		<u>Pickering, twp. - Concluded</u>	
CT 550	CT 407	CT 600	CT 450(part)	CT 612	CT 458(part)	CT 804	CT 552(part)
		601	450(part)	613	457(part)		plus other part
		602	450(part)	614	457(part)	805	552(part)
			451(part)	615	459		plus other part
<u>Chinguacousy, twp.</u>		603	452(part)			806	-
CT 560	CT -	604	451(part)			807	-
561	-	605	452(part)	<u>Milton, t.</u>			
562	-		453(part)			<u>Ajax, t.</u>	
563	-	606	452(part)	CT 620	CT 460(part)	CT 810	CT 550(part)
564	-		454(part)	621	460(part)	811	550(part)
			458(part)			812	550(part)
		607	454(part)				
<u>Brampton, t.</u>			455(part)	<u>Pickering, twp.</u>			
CT 570	CT -		458(part)	CT 800	CT 551(part)		
571	-	608	455(part)	801	551(part)	<u>Pickering, vl.</u>	
572	-		458(part)	802	551(part)	CT 820	CT 553
573	-	609	453(part)	803	552(part)		
574	-	610	456(part)		plus other part		
575	-	611	458(part)				
			456(part)				
			458(part)				

1971

Recensement du Canada

APPENDIX 10

Census Metropolitan Area

Région métropolitaine de recensement

TORONTO

Census Tract
Census Tract
1966-1971
Table de conversion
secteurs de recensement

1966				1971				1966				1971				1966				1971			
Toronto, C.				Toronto, C. - Continued				Toronto, C. - Concluded				Weston, T. (annexed to borough of York)				Mimico, T. (annexed to borough of Etobicoke)				New Toronto, T. (annexed to borough of Etobicoke)			
CT	1	CT	50(part)	CT	51	CT	119(part)	CT	99	CT	32	CT	139	CT	176	CT	140	CT	209(part)	CT	144	CT	203(part)
	2		106		52		120(part)		100		68		141		203		141		203		145		208
	3		105		53		117		101		33		142		204(part)		142		204(part)		146		205
	4		50(part)		54		92		102		31		143		202		143		202		147		204(part)
			103		55		91		103		18		206		200(part)		206		200(part)				
	5		101		56		60		105		1(part)												
	6		102		57		99		106		17(part)												
	7		107		58		61		107		85												
	8		108				62(part)		108		83												
	9		100		59		38		109		70												
	10		99		60		37		110		71												
	11		111		61		39		111		72												
	12		112		62		36		112		69												
	13		110		63		11		113		73												
	14		113		64		12		114		29												
	15		109		65		2		115		28												
	16		98		66		122		116		27												
	17		97				120(part)		117		18												
	18		96		67		121		118		19												
	19		50(part)		68		120		119		1(part)												
	20		51		69		90				17(part)												
	21		52		70		89		120		82												
	22		53		71		62(part)		121		81												
	23		54		72		63		122		75												
	24		45		73		35		123		76												
	25		49		74		36		124		80												
	26		48		75		14		125		74												
	27		47		76		13		126		77												
	28		46		77		12		127		78												
	29		44		78		141		128		79												
	30		4		79		142		129		24												
	31		5		80		140		130		25												
	32		7		81		139		131		24												
	33		6		82		138		132		23												
	34		3		83		133(part)		133		22												
	35		114				134		134		1(part)												
	36		116		84		135				20												
	37		95		85		137		135		21												
	38		94		86		129		302		113												
	39		93		87		128		303		136												
	40		55		88		127		304		30												
	41		56		89		126(part)																
	42		57		90		123																
	43		58				126(part)																
	44		42		91		124																
	45		41		92		125																
	46		43		93		86																
	47		40		94		87		CT	136	CT	196											
	48		9		95		88			137		195											
	49		10		96		64			138		196(part)											
	50		8				65					196											
					97		67																
					98		66																

TORONTO - Continued

1966		1971		1966		1971		1966		1971					
<u>Leithborough, b. -</u> <u>Continued</u>				<u>York, North, b. -</u> <u>Continued</u>				<u>York, North, b. -</u> <u>Continued</u>				<u>Eschicope, b. -</u> <u>Continued</u>			
CT	136	CT	358	CT	190	CT	261	CT	320	CT	293(part)	CT	321	CT	350
			359				262(part)				294(part)		322		341
	137		362				271(part)				311		323		343
			363(part)		191		268(part)						324		338
	138		378		192		268(part)						325		223
	139		375				269						326		236
			376		193		305						327		220
	140		377				323								221
	141		374		194		267								
	142		373				273(part)								
	143		370		195		264								
	144		352				273(part)								
	145		349		196		265								
	146		348		197		266								
	147		344		198		274								
	148		334		199		300								
	149		331		200		307								
	150		333		201		321								
	171		334				322								
			335		202		317								
	172		336				319								
	173		343				320								
	174		340		203		309								
	175		338		204		299								
			339(part)		205		298								
	176		339(part)		206		275								
	276		330		207		276								
	277		332		208		277								
	278		356		209		278								
			357				279(part)								
	279		367		210		287								
	280		363(part)		211		288(part)								
			364				297								
	281		368		212		296(part)								
	282		369		213		312								
	283		371				316								
	284		350		214		313								
	285		351		215		314								
	286		353				315								
	287		344		216		293								
	288		347		217		292								
	289		341		218		294								
			342		219		289								
	307		365		220		286								
	308		366		221		283								
	309		355				286								
	310		337		222		282								
	311		345		223		281								
	312		372		224		280								
					225		279(part)								
					290		263(part)								
					291		301								
					292		288(part)								
					293		310								
					294		290								
							291								
					295		285								
					313		242(part)								
							263(part)								
							248(part)								
							270								
							271(part)								
					314		272								
					315		302								
							303								
							304								
							324								
					316		306								
					317		308								
					318		318								
					319		295(part)								
<u>York, East, b.</u>				<u>York, East, b.</u>				<u>York, East, b.</u>				<u>Eschicope, b.</u>			
CT	177	CT	180												
			181												
	178		182												
	179		183												
	180		184												
	181		185												
	182		186(part)												
	183		187												
	184		193												
	185		188												
	186		189												
			190												
	187		191												
	188		192												
<u>York, North, b.</u>				<u>York, North, b.</u>				<u>York, North, b.</u>				<u>Eschicope, b.</u>			
												</			

APPENDIX 10 - Continued

TORONTO - Continued

1966		1971		1966		1971		1966		1971					
<u>Scarborough, b. -</u> <u>included</u>				<u>York, North, b. -</u> <u>Continued</u>				<u>York, North, b. -</u> <u>Continued</u>				<u>Etobicoke, b. -</u> <u>Continued</u>			
CT 134	CT 134	CT 134	CT 134	CT 190	CT 190	CT 190	CT 190	CT 320	CT 320	CT 320	CT 320	CT 321	CT 321	CT 321	CT 321
135	135	135	135	191	191	191	191	321	321	321	321	322	322	322	322
136	136	136	136	192	192	192	192	322	322	322	322	323	323	323	323
137	137	137	137	193	193	193	193	323	323	323	323	324	324	324	324
138	138	138	138	194	194	194	194	324	324	324	324	325	325	325	325
139	139	139	139	195	195	195	195	325	325	325	325	326	326	326	326
140	140	140	140	196	196	196	196	326	326	326	326	327	327	327	327
141	141	141	141	197	197	197	197	327	327	327	327				
142	142	142	142	198	198	198	198	328	328	328	328	<u>Toronto, Ont. (annexed to Mississauga)</u>			
143	143	143	143	199	199	199	199	329	329	329	329				
144	144	144	144	200	200	200	200	330	330	330	330	CT 400	CT 400	CT 400	CT 400
145	145	145	145	201	201	201	201	331	331	331	331	401	401	401	401
146	146	146	146	202	202	202	202	332	332	332	332	402	402	402	402
147	147	147	147	203	203	203	203	333	333	333	333				
148	148	148	148	204	204	204	204	334	334	334	334	403	403	403	403
149	149	149	149	205	205	205	205	335	335	335	335				
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211	211	211	211	267	267	267	267	397	397	397	397				
212	212	212	212	268	268	268	268								

APPENDIX 10 - Concluded

TORONTO - Concluded

1966		1971		1966		1971		1966		1971					
<u>Oakville, t. - Concluded</u>				<u>Vaughan, twp.</u>				<u>Woodbridge, vl.</u>				<u>Alex, t.</u>			
CT 453	CT 605(part)	CT 500	CT 421	CT 510	annexed to	CT 550	CT 810								
	609		423(part)		Vaughan, t.		811								
454	606(part)		424(part)				812								
	607(part)		plus other part												
455	607(part)														
	608(part)														
456	610(part)														
	611(part)														
457	613														
	614														
458	606(part)	CT 501	CT 402(part)												
	607(part)		420(part)												
	608(part)		424(part)												
	610(part)														
	611(part)														
	612														
459	615														
<u>Milton, t.</u>				<u>Markham, twp.</u>				<u>Pickering, twp.</u>							
CT 460	CT 620	CT 501	CT 402(part)	CT 513	CT 400(part)	CT 551	CT 800								
	621		422(part)		401(part)		801								
			423(part)				802								
			424(part)				803(part)								
							804(part)								
							805(part)								

GEOGRAPHY TAPE FILE RECORD CONT

FIELD NUMBER	RECORD DESCRIPTION	POSITION LOW-HIGH	FIELD DESCRIPTION
000001	01 GEOGRAPHIC MASTER FILE.	1-	01 GEOGRAPHIC MASTER FILE AS OF MARCH 21/73.
000002	10 SMFMASTCIR	10-	02 BASIC IDENTIFICATION.
000003	15 SMFSEQUENCE.	10-	03 SEQUENCE.
000004	20 SMFPROV	10-	04 PROVINCE (CENSUS CODE)
000005	20 SMFPROV	2-	05 ELECTORAL DISTRICT.
000006	20 SMFPROV	4-	06 ENUMERATION AREA.
000007	20 SMFPROV	7-	07 COUNTRY/CENSUS DIVISION
000008	15 SMFCOUNTY	9-	08 MUNICIPALITY CODES.
000009	15 SMFMUNTCFIVE.	9-	09 MUNICIPALITY.
000010	20 SMFMUNIC	11-	10 SUBDIVISION.
000011	20 SMFMUNIC	11-	11 RESERVED.
000012	20 SMFSSERVED	11-	12 RESERVED.
000013	15 SMFSTZCODES.	11-	13 RESERVED.
000014	20 SMFHA	11-	14 CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREA & CENSUS AGGL.
000015	20 SMFHA	11-	15 CENSUS TRACT.
000016	20 SMFMAPAST	11-	16 CHARTER PART.
000017	20 SMFHA	11-	17 MUNICIPALITY SIZE CODE.
000018	20 SMFHA	11-	18 RURAL/URBAN SIZE CODE.
000019	20 SMFHA	11-	19 REFERENCE CODE.
000020	20 SMFHA	11-	20 ECONOMIC REGION OF STATISTICS CANADA.
000021	20 SMFHA	11-	21 CANADA WORKPOWER CENTRE AREA CODE.
000022	10 SMFCENTROID.	11-	22 UTM CO-ORDINATES OF EA CENTROID.
000023	20 SMFPCORD	11-	23 UTM ZONE
000024	20 SMFPCORD	11-	24 X CO-ORDINATE (EASTING)
000025	20 SMFPCORD	11-	25 Y CO-ORDINATE (NORTHING)
000026	10 SMFAREAASPECT	11-	26 AREA AGGREGATE.
000027	10 SMFSTLOC	11-	27 STANDARD GEOGRAPHIC CODES.
000028	20 SMFPROV	11-	28 PROVINCE (STANDARD CODE)
000029	20 SMFCOUNTY	11-	29 COUNTY
000030	20 SMFMUNICIP	11-	30 MUNICIPALITY
000031	20 SMFTYPE	11-	31 TYPE CODE
000032	10 SMFPOPIND	11-	32 POPULATION INDICATOR
000033	10 SMFACOLDIV	11-	33 BC OLD CENSUS DIVISION.

GEOGRAPHY TAPE FILE CODE DESCRIPTOR

FIELD NUMBER FIELD DESCRIPTION

000005 PROVINCE (CENSUS CODE)

VALID CODES AND MEANING

NEWFOUNDLAND	0	MANITONA	9
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	1	SASKATCHEWAN	8
NOVA SCOTIA	2	ALBERTA	7
NEW BRUNSWICK	3	BRITISH COLUMBIA	6
QUEBEC	4	TERRITORIES	5
ONTARIO	5	NORTHWEST TERR.	4
(1) PROVINCE = 9 & FIRST DIGIT OF C.D. NOT = 8 OR 9			
(2) PROVINCE = 9 & FIRST DIGIT OF C.D. = 8			
(3) PROVINCE = 9 & FIRST DIGIT OF C.D. = 9			

000006 ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

000007 ENUMERATION AREA.

000008 COUNTY/CENSUS DIVISION

000010 MUNICIPALITY.

000011 SUBDIVISION.

SEE OFFICIAL LIST

SEE OFFICIAL LIST

SEE OFFICIAL LIST

SEE OFFICIAL LIST

HIGH ORDER CHARACTER ALWAYS ALPHABETIC
LOW ORDER CHARACTER ALWAYS NUMERIC EXCEPT FOR
UNORGANIZED PARTS (1) AND INDIAN RESERVES (2).

000012 RESERVED.

000014 CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREA & CENSUS AGGL.

NEVER USED - ALWAYS BLANK.

BLANK NOT PART OF CENSUS MET. AREA & CENSUS AGGL.

001 THRU 030	CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREAS
031 THRU 040	C. AGGLOMERATIONS WITH CENSUS TRACTS
041 THRU 099	C. AGGLOMERATIONS 25000-49999 POPULATION.
100 THRU 199	C. AGGLOMERATIONS 10000-24999 POPULATION.
200 THRU 299	C. AGGLOMERATIONS 5000-9999 POPULATION.
300 THRU 399	C. AGGLOMERATIONS 1000-4999 POPULATION.

000015 CENSUS TRACT.

BLANK - NOT APPLICABLE
NUMERIC FOR CMA & CA CODES 001-049.
(EXCEPT FOR 002).

000016 CMA/CA PART.

BLANK - NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA

1- LARGEST CITY, URBANIZED CORE

2- REMAINDER URBANIZED CORE

3- FRINGE - URBAN

4- FRINGE - RURAL

000017 MUNICIPALITY SIZE CODE.

	INCORPORATED CITY.	POPULATION TOWN OR VILLAGE & URBAN MUN.	RURAL MUN.
000-000 AND UP	9		
100-000 TO 499-999	8		
500-000 TO 99-999	7		

FIELD NUMBER	FIELD DESCRIPTION	VALID CODES AND MEANING		
		10,000 TO 29,999		
		3,000 TO 9,999		
		1,000 TO 2,999		
		LESS THAN 1,000		
		NO POPULATION		
000018	RURAL/URBAN SIZE CODE.	POPULATION	URBAN	RURAL
		500,000 AND UP	A	
		100,000 TO 499,999	B	
		30,000 TO 99,999	C	
		10,000 TO 29,999	D	
		3,000 TO 9,999	E	
		1,000 TO 2,999	F	
		LESS THAN 1,000	G	
		NO POPULATION	H	
000019	REFERENCE CODE.	BLANK = NOT APPLICABLE		
		NUMERIC = USED TO LOCATE SMALL URBAN CENTRES AND INDIAN RESERVES IN RURAL MUNICIPALITIES.		
000020	ECONOMIC REGION OF STATISTICS CANADA.	BLANK = NOT APPLICABLE		
		NUMERIC = USED TO GROUP AREAS INTO ECONOMIC REGIONS OF STATISTICS CANADA		
000021	CANADA MANPOWER CENTRE AREA CODE.	ALPHA-NUMERIC = FIRST DIGIT ALPHABETIC, SECOND NUMERIC, USED TO GROUP SPECIAL AREAS INTO MANPOWER CENTRES FOR USE BY MANPOWER DEPARTMENT.		
000023	UTM ZONE	SEE OFFICIAL LIST		
000024	X CO-ORDINATE (EASTING).	SEE OFFICIAL LIST		
000025	Y CO-ORDINATE (NORTHING)	SEE OFFICIAL LIST		
000026	AREA AGGREGATE.	0001 THRU 9999 = VALID CODES.		
000028	PROVINCE (STANDARD CODE)	NEWFOUNDLAND 10	MANITOBA 46	
		PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND 11	SASKATCHEWAN 47	
		NOVA SCOTIA 12	ALBERTA 48	
		NEW BRUNSWICK 13	BRITISH COLUMBIA 50	
		QUEBEC 24	YUKON TERRITORY 60	
		ONTARIO 35	NORTH WEST TERRITORIES 61	
000029	COUNTY.	SEE OFFICIAL LIST.		
000030	MUNICIP.	SEE OFFICIAL LIST		

FIELD FIELD DESCRIPTION
NUMBER
000011 TYPE CODE.

VALID CODES AND MEANING

MARITIMES.		
1	CITY	NFLO, PEI, NS, NB
2	TOWN	NFLO, PEI, NS, NB
3	VILLAGE	PEI, NB
4	RURAL MUNICIPALITY	NS
5	TOWNSHIP	NR
6	LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	NFLO, NB
7	LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMUNITY	NFLO
8	RURAL DISTRICT	NFLO
9	TOWNSHIP OR LOT	PEI
10	ROYALTY	PEI
11	PARISH	NR
12	CENSUS SUBDIVISION	N, F, L, D, N, S.
13	INDIAN RESERVE	PEI, NS, NB
14	UNORGANIZED TERRITORY	NFLO
ONTARIO		
1	CITY	
2	TOWN	
3	VILLAGE	
4	TOWNSHIP	
5	IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	
6	INDIAN RESERVE	
7	INDIAN SETTLEMENT	
8	UNORGANIZED TERRITORY	
QUEBEC		
1	CITY	
2	TOWN	
3	VILLAGE	
4	RURAL MUNICIPALITY	
5	LOCAL AREA WITHOUT MUNICIPAL ORGANIZATION	
6	INDIAN RESERVE	
7	UNORGANIZED TERRITORY	
WESTERN PROVINCES		
1	CITY	MAN, SASK, ALTA, BC, YUK
2	TOWN	MAN, SASK, ALTA, BC, YUK, NWT
3	VILLAGE	MAN, SASK, ALTA, BC
4	SUMMER VILLAGE	SASK, ALTA
5	RURAL MUNICIPALITY	MAN, SASK, ALTA
6	COUNTY	ALTA
7	MUNICIPAL DISTRICT	ALTA
8	DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY	BC
9	TOWNSHIP MUNICIPALITY	BC
10	LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	SASK
11	LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMUNITY	SASK

FIELD
NUMBER FIELD DESCRIPTION

VALID CODES AND MEANING

RURAL DISTRICT	SASK
IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	ALTA
LOCAL GOVERNMENT DISTRICT	MAN
LOCAL DISTRICT	BC
SPECIAL AREA	ALTA
UNIVERSITY ENDOWMENT AREA	BC
SCHOOL DISTRICT	MAN.
NATIONAL PARK	MAN. SASK. ALTA
HOSPITAL AREA	SASK
C. SUBDIVISION	BC
UNINCORPORATED SETTLEMENT	NWT
INDIAN RESERVES	MAN. SASK. ALTA. BC
INDIAN SETTLEMENTS	YUK. NWT. ALTA
UNORGANIZED TERRITORY	MAN. SASK. ALTA.
	BC. YUK. NWT
HEALTH DISTRICT	YUK. NWT

000032 POPULATION INDICATOR.

1 = POPULATED ENUMERATION AREA.
2 = NO POPULATION.

000033 BC OLD CENSUS DIVISION.

BC CENSUS DIVISION USED IN 1966 CENSUS.