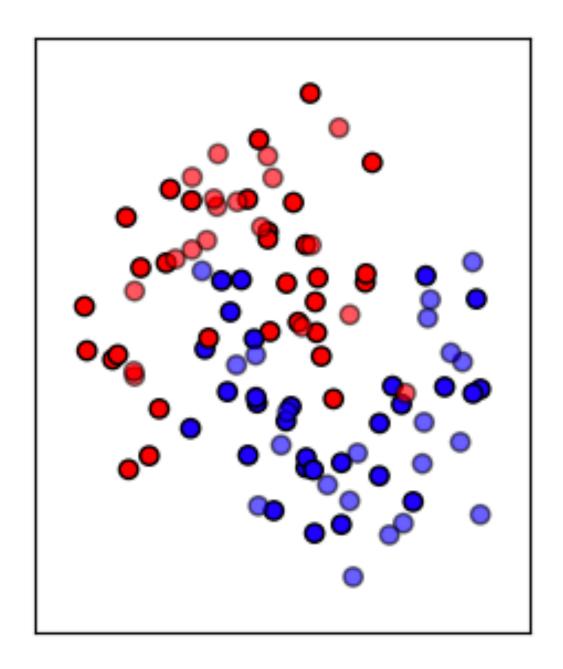
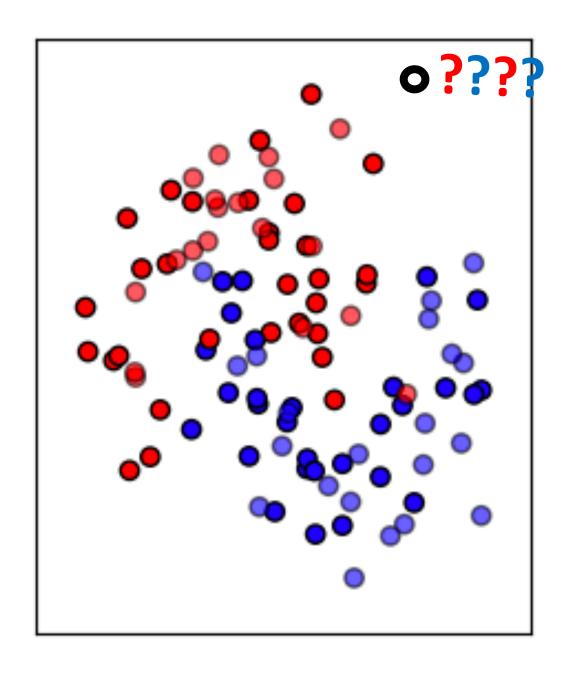
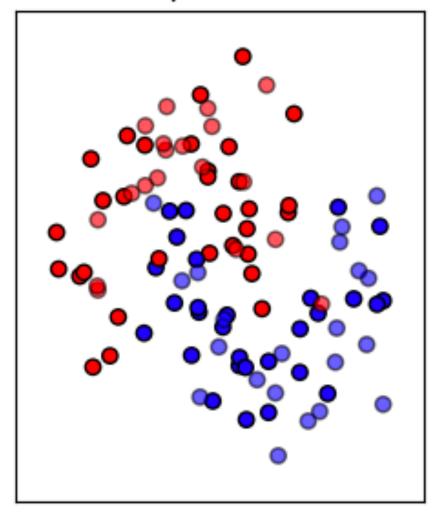
# Intro to Machine Learning: Supervised Learning Classification and k-Nearest Neighbors

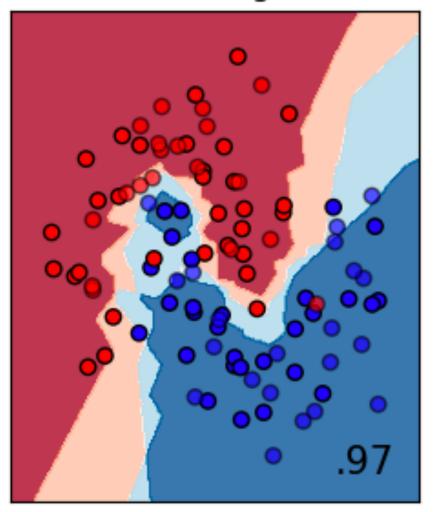


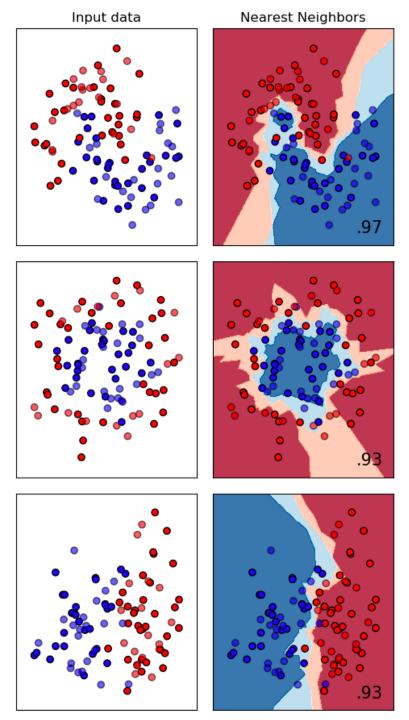


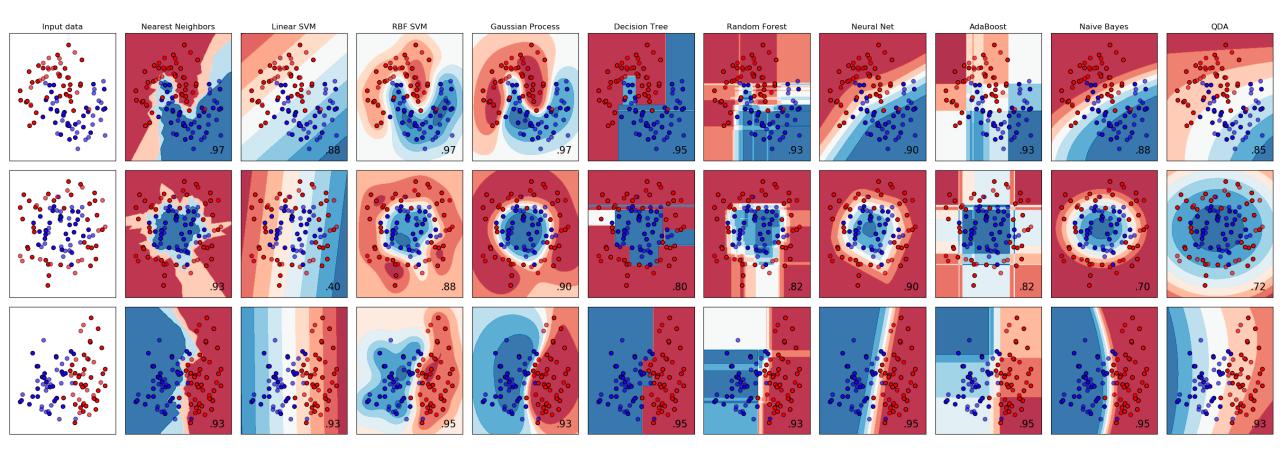
Input data

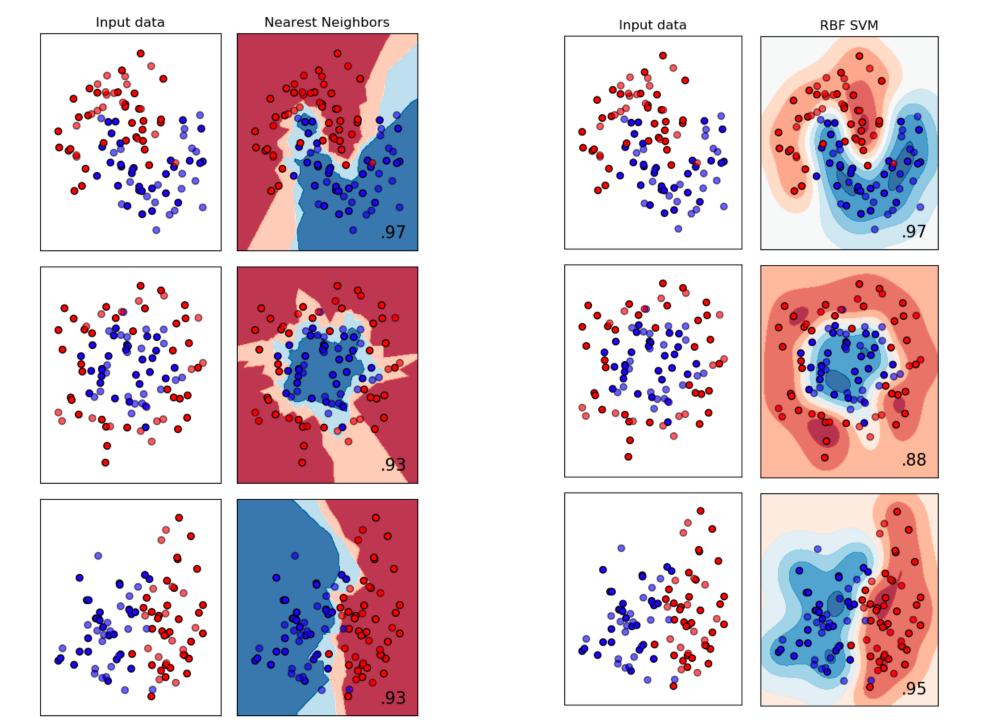


#### **Nearest Neighbors**

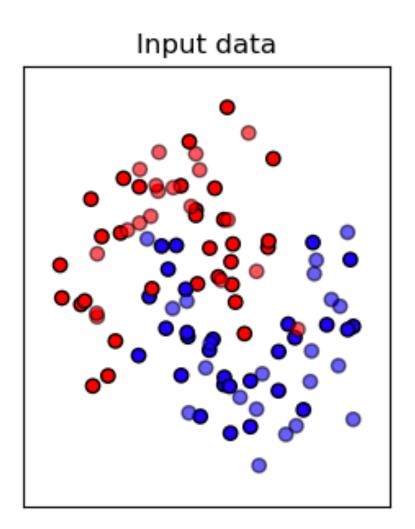




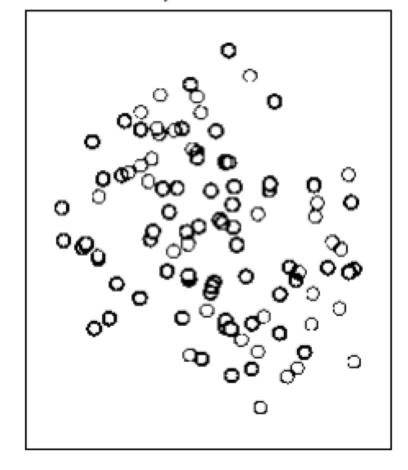




## Supervised vs Unsupervised Learning

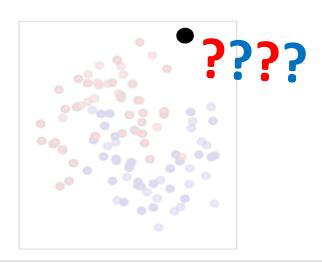


Input data



# **Nearest Neighbor Classifier**

Attributes of an example

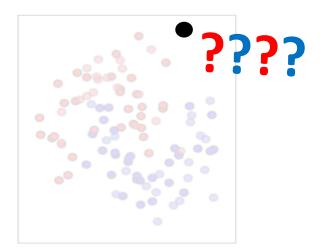


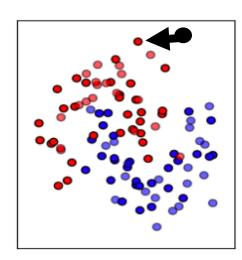
# **Nearest Neighbor Classifier**

Attributes of an example

#### **NN Classifier**

Use the label of the most similar training example





# Nearest Neighbor Classifier

**NN Classifier** Attributes of Predicted label Use the label of of the example an example the most similar training example

#### The Classifier

#### To classify a point:

- Find its *k* nearest neighbors
- Take a majority vote of the k nearest neighbors to see which of the two classes appears more often
- Assign the point the class that wins the majority vote

(Demo)

### Evaluation

## Accuracy of a Classifier

The accuracy of a classifier on a labeled data set is the proportion of examples that are labeled correctly

Need to compare classifier predictions to true labels

If the labeled data set is sampled at random from a population, then we can infer accuracy on that population

