**Shashank Kumar Pandey**

**RDBMS ASSIGNMENT**

**Required Tables Creation:**

MariaDB [(none)]> create database rdbms;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.005 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> use rdbms;

Database changed

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Emp(Empno int(4) not null,Ename varchar(10),job varchar(9),mgr int(4),Hiredate date,Sal numeric(7,2),Comm numeric(7,2),Deptno int(2));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.132 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table designation\_master(Design\_code int(3) not null,Design\_name varchar(50));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.175 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Department\_Master(Dept\_Code int(2) not null,Dept\_name varchar(50));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.139 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Student\_Master(Student\_Code int(6) not null,Student\_name varchar(50) not null,Dept\_Code int(2),Student\_dob Date,Student\_Address varchar(240));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.222 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Student\_Marks(Student\_Code int(6),Student\_Year int not null,Subject1 int(3),Subject2 int(3),Subject3 int(3));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.105 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Staff\_Master(Staff\_code int(8) not null,Staff\_Name varchar(50) not null,Design\_code int,Dept\_code int,HireDate date,Staff\_dob date,Staff\_address varchar(240),Mgr\_code int(8),Staff\_sal numeric(10,2));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.094 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Book\_Master(Book\_Code int(10) not null,Book\_Name varchar(50) not null);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.105 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table book\_master add Book\_pub\_year int;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.104 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table book\_master add Book\_pub\_author varchar(50) not null;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.049 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Book\_Transactions(book\_code int,Student\_code int,Staff\_code int,Book\_Issue\_Date date not null,Book\_expected\_return\_date date not null,Book\_actual\_return\_date date);

Query OK, 0 rows affected(0.215 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES(7369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 7902,'1990-12-11', 800, NULL, 20);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.135 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> truncate table emp;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.215 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES(7369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 7902,'1980-12-17', 800, NULL, 20);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.016 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> use rdbms

Database changed

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES(7654, '03TIN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-09-28', 1250, 1400, 30);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES

-> (7788, 'SCOTT', 'ANALYST', 7566,

-> '1982-12-09', 3000, NULL, 20);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.026 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES

-> (7839, 'KING', 'PRESIDENT', NULL,

-> '1981-11-17', 5000, NULL, 10);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES

-> (7844, 'TURNER', 'SALESMAN', 7698,

-> '1981-09-8', 1500, 0, 30);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES

-> (7876, 'ADAMS', 'CLERK', 7788,

-> '1983-01-12', 1100, NULL, 20);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES

-> (7900, 'JAMES', 'CLERK', 7698,

-> '1981-12-3', 950, NULL, 30);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES

-> (7902, 'FORD', 'ANALYST', 7566,

-> '1981-12-3', 3000, NULL, 20);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO EMP VALUES

-> (7934, 'MILLER', 'CLERK', 7782,

-> '1982-01-23', 1300, NULL, 10);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO designation\_master VALUES(101,'HOD');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO designation\_master VALUES(102,'Professor');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO designation\_master VALUES(103,'Reader');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.038 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO designation\_master VALUES(104,'Sr.Lecturer');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO designation\_master VALUES(105,'Lecturer');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO designation\_master VALUES(106,'Director');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO department\_master VALUES(10,'Computer Science');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.023 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO department\_master VALUES(20,'Electricals');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO department\_master VALUES(30,'Electronics');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.039 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO department\_master VALUES(40,'Mechanics');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO department\_master VALUES(50,'Robotics');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1001,'Amit',10,'1980-01-11','chennai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.056 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1002,'Ravi',10,'1981-11-1','New Delhi');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.014 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1003,'Ajay',20,'1982-01-13',null);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.028 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1004,'Raj',30,'1979-01-14','Mumbai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1005,'Arvind',40,'1983-01-15','Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1006,'Rahul',50,'1981-01-16','Delhi');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1007,'Mehul',20,'1982-01-17','Chennai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1008,'Dev',10,'1981-03-11','Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1009,'Vijay',30,'1980-01-19','Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1010,'Rajat',40,'1980-01-20','Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1011,'Sunder',50,'1980-01-21','Chennai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1012,'Rajesh', 30,'1980-01-22',null);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.012 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1013,'Anil',20,'1980-01-23','Chennai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1014,'Sunil',10,'1985-02-15',null);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1015,'Kapil',40,'1981-03-18','Mumbai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.024 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1016,'Ashok',40,'1980-11-26',null);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1017,'Ramesh',30,'1980-12-27',null);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1018,'Amit Raj',50,'1980-09-28','New Delhi');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1019,'Ravi Raj',50,'1981-05-29','New Delhi');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1020,'Amrit',10,'1980-11-11',null);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_master VALUES(1021,'Sumit',20,'1980-01-1','Chennai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1001,2010,55,45,78);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1002,2010,66,74,88);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1003,2010,87,54,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.034 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1004,2010,65,64,90);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1005,2010,78,88,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.012 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1006,2010,65,86,54);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1007,2010,67,79,49);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1008,2010,72,55,55);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1009,2010,71,59,58);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1010,2010,68,44,92);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1011,2010,89,96,78);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.012 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1012,2010,78,56,55);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1013,2010,75,58,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.020 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1014,2010,73,74,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.016 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1015,2010,66,45,74);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1016,2010,68,78,74);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1017,2010,69,44,52);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.012 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1018,2010,65,78,56);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1019,2010,78,58,74);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1020,2010,45,55,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.014 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1021,2010,78,79,78);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1001,2011,68,44,92);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1002,2011,89,96,78);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.016 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1003,2011,78,56,55);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.023 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1004,2011,75,58,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1005,2011,73,74,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1006,2011,66,45,74);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.012 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1007,2011,68,78,74);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1008,2011,69,44,52);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1009,2011,65,78,56);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.016 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1010,2011,78,58,74);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1011,2011,45,55,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.014 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1012,2011,78,79,78);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1013,2011,66,74,88);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1014,2011,65,64,90);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1015,2011,78,88,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1016,2011,65,86,54);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.019 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1017,2011,67,79,49);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.016 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1018,2011,72,55,55);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1019,2011,71,59,58);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1020,2011,55,45,78);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO student\_marks VALUES(1021,2011,87,54,65);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.030 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master(Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100001,'Arvind',102,30,'1980-01-15','2003-01-15',100006,17000,'Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.034 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100002,'Shyam',102,20,'1980-02-18','2002-02-17',100007,20000,'Chennai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.032 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100003,'Mohan',102,10,'1980-03-23','2002-01-19',100006,24000,'Mumbai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.035 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100004,'Anil',102,20,'1977-04-22','2001-03-11',100006,20000,'Hyderabad');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100005,'John',106,10,'1976-05-22','2001-01-21',100007,32000,'Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100006,'Allen',103,30,'1980-01-22','2001-04-23',100005,42000,'Chennai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100007,'Smith',103,20,'1973-07-19','2002-03-12',100005,62000,'Mumbai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100008,'Raviraj',102,40,'1980-06-17','2003-01-11',100006,18000,'Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100009,'Rahul',102,20,'1978-01-16','2003-12-11',100006,22000,'Hyderabad');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO staff\_master (Staff\_code,staff\_name,design\_code,dept\_code,staff\_dob,hiredate,mgr\_code,staff\_sal,staff\_address)

-> VALUES(100010,'Ram',103,30,'1979-01-17','2002-01-17',100007,32000,'Bangalore');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000001,'Let Us C++',2000,'Yashavant Kanetkar');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.022 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000002,'Mastersing VC++',2005,'P.J Allen');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.012 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000003,'JAVA Complete Reference',2004,'H.Schild');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.045 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000004,'J2EE Complete Reference',2000,'H. Schild');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000005,'Relational DBMS',2000,'B.C. Desai');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.012 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000006,'Let Us C',2000, 'Yashavant Kanetkar');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000007,'Intoduction To Algorithams',2001,'Cormen');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.016 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000008,'Computer Networks',2000,'Tanenbaum');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_master VALUES(10000009,'Introduction to O/S',2001,'Millan');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

-> VALUES(10000006,1012,NULL,'2011-02-02','2011-02-09',NULL);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.022 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

-> VALUES(10000008,NULL,100006,'2011-03-10','2011-03-17','2011-03-15');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.018 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

-> VALUES(10000009,NULL,100010,'2011-04-01','2011-04-08','2011-04-10');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.024 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

-> VALUES(10000004,1015,NULL,'2011-02-12','2011-02-19',NULL);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

-> VALUES(10000005,NULL,100007,'2011-03-14','2011-03-21','2011-03-21');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

-> VALUES(10000007,NULL,100007,'2011-04-01','2011-04-07','2011-04-06');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]>

MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

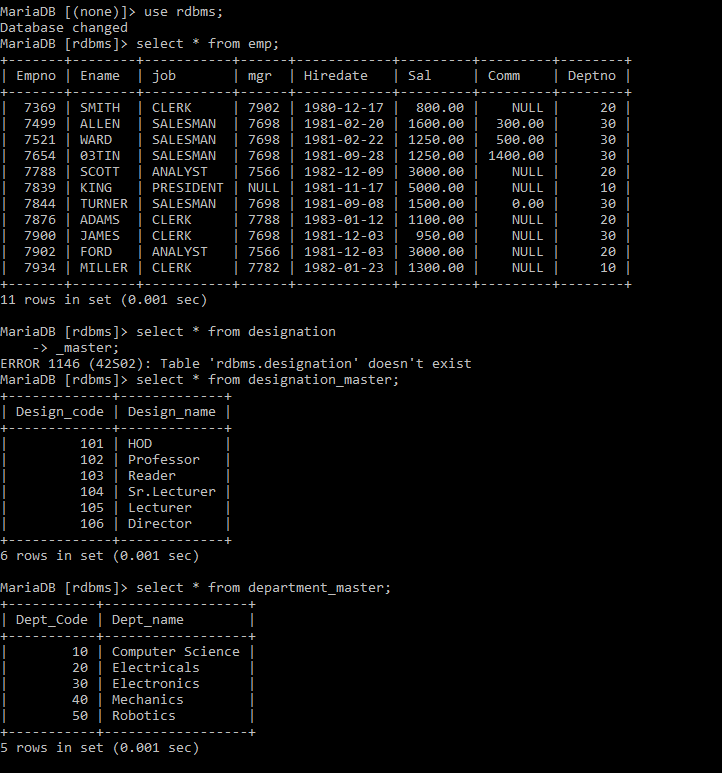
-> VALUES(10000007,NULL,100006,'2010-04-01','2010-04-07','2010-04-06');

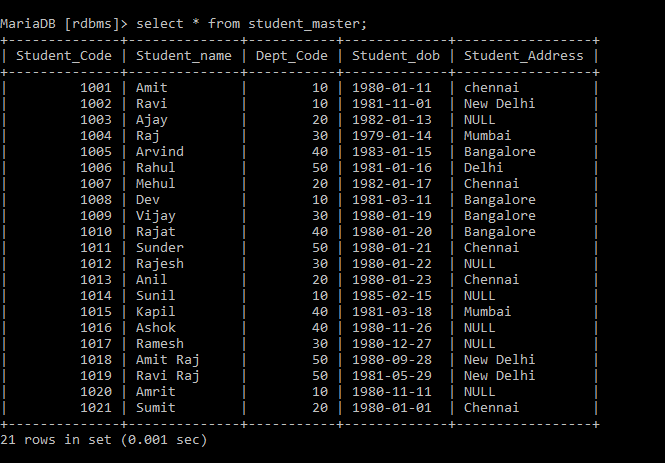
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.015 sec)

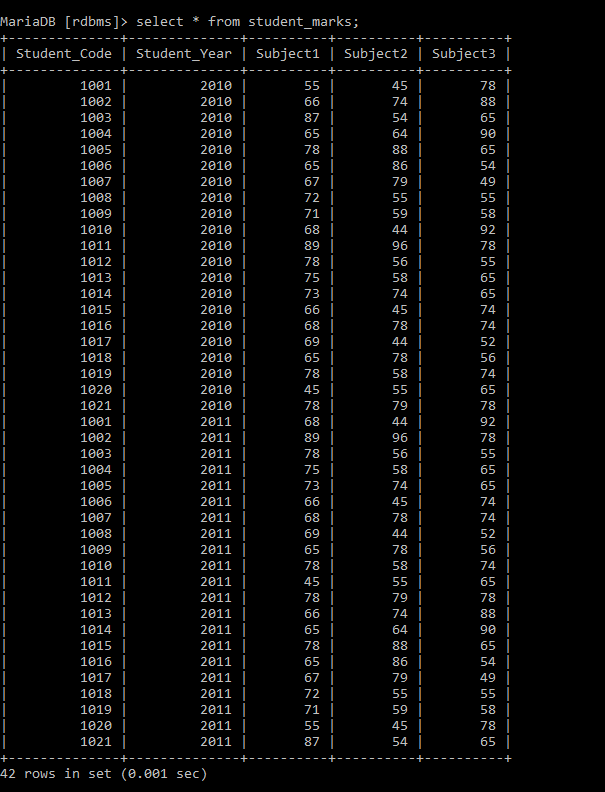
MariaDB [rdbms]> INSERT INTO book\_transactions

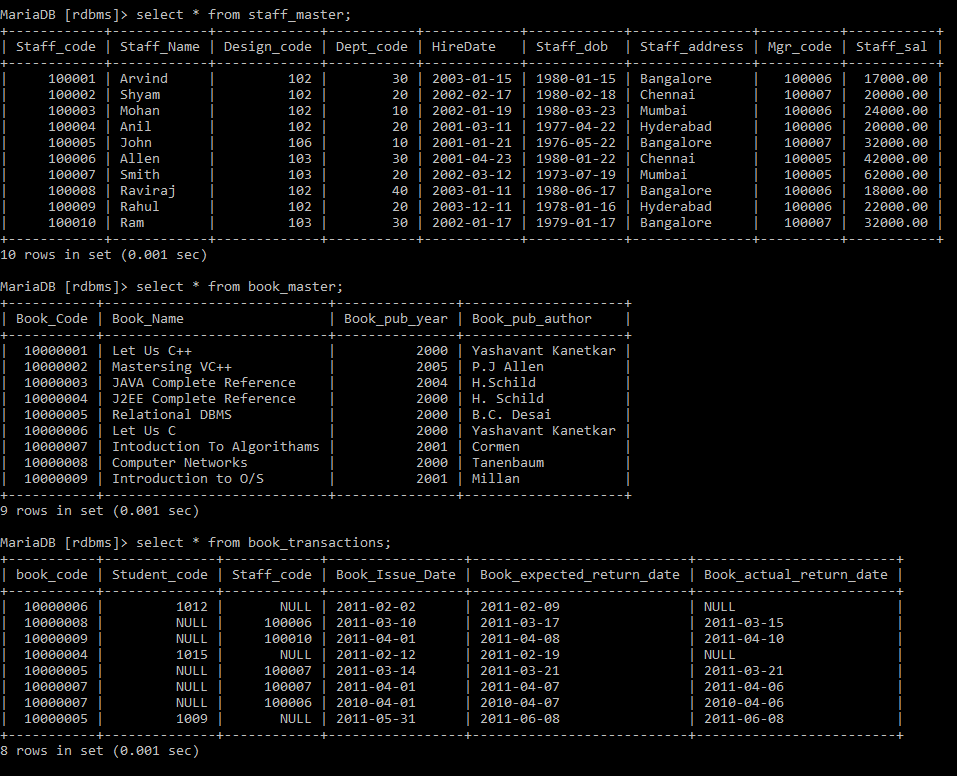
-> VALUES(10000005,1009,NULL,'2011-05-31','2011-06-08','2011-06-08');

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.014 sec)







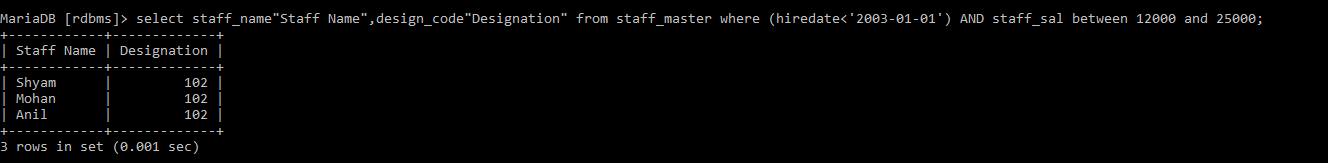


**Queries:**

**1.1: Data Query Language**

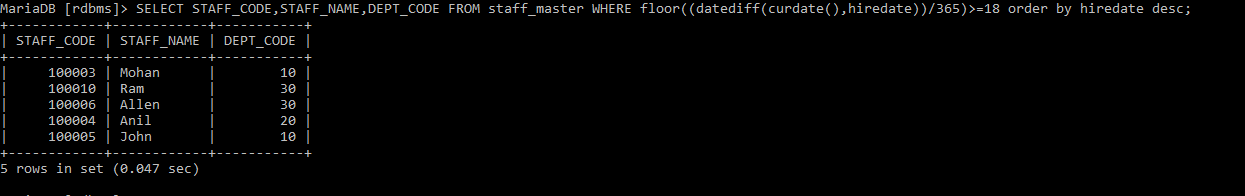
1. List the Name and Designation code of the staff who have joined before Jan 2003 and whose salary range is between 12000 and 25000. Display the columns with user defined Column headers. Hint: Use As clause along with other operators

MariaDB [rdbms]> select staff\_name"Staff Name",design\_code"Designation" from staff\_master where (hiredate<'2003-01-01') AND staff\_sal between 12000 and 25000;



2. List the staff code, name, and department number of the staff who have experience of 18 or more years and sort them based on their experience.

MariaDB [rdbms]> SELECT STAFF\_CODE,STAFF\_NAME,DEPT\_CODE FROM staff\_master WHERE floor((datediff(curdate(),hiredate))/365)>=18 order by hiredate desc;



3. Display the staff details who do not have manager. Hint: Use is null

MariaDB [rdbms]> select \* from staff\_master where mgr\_code is NULL;



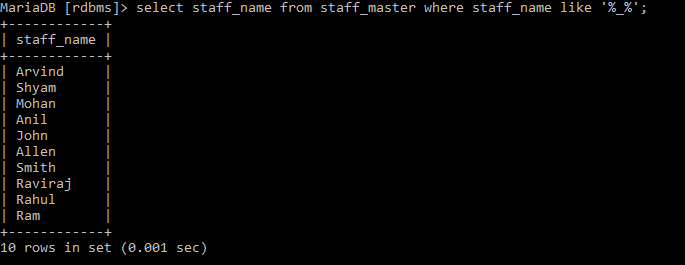
4. Display the Book details that were published during the period of 2001 to 2004. Also display book details with Book name having the character ‘&’ anywhere.

MariaDB [rdbms]> SELECT \* FROM BOOK\_MASTER WHERE BOOK\_PUB\_YEAR BETWEEN 2001 AND 2004 AND BOOK\_NAME LIKE '%[&]%';



5. List the names of the staff having ‘\_’ character in their name.

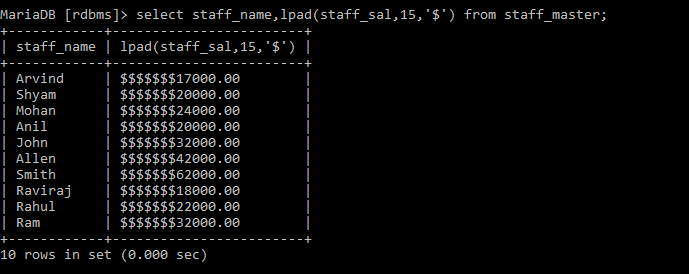
MariaDB [rdbms]> select staff\_name from staff\_master where staff\_name like '%\_%';



**2.1: Single Row Functions:**

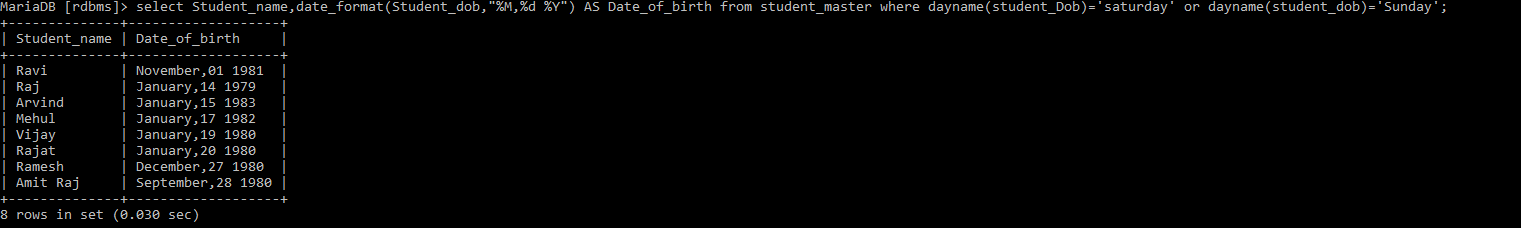
1. Create a query which will display Staff Name, Salary of each staff. Format the salary to be 15 characters long and left padded with ‘$’.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select staff\_name,lpad(staff\_sal,15,'$') from staff\_master;



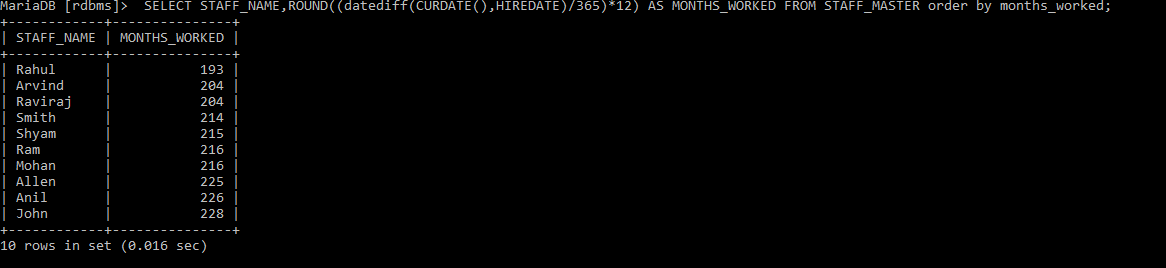
2. Display name and date of birth of students where date of birth must be displayed in the format similar to “January, 12 1981” for those who were born on Saturday or Sunday

MariaDB [rdbms]> select Student\_name,date\_format(Student\_dob,"%M,%d %Y") AS Date\_of\_birth from student\_master where dayname(student\_Dob)='saturday' or dayname(student\_dob)='Sunday';



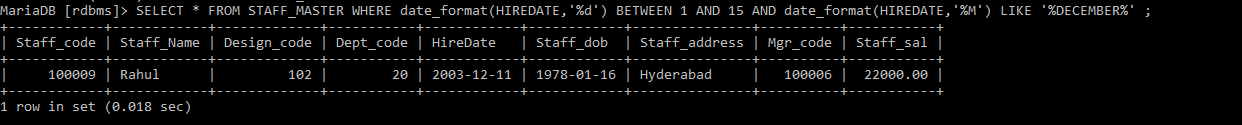
3. Display each Staff name and number of months they worked for the organization. Label the column as ‘Months Worked’. Order your result by number of months employed. Also Round the number of months to closest whole number.

MariaDB [rdbms]> SELECT STAFF\_NAME,ROUND((datediff(CURDATE(),HIREDATE)/365)\*12) AS MONTHS\_WORKED FROM STAFF\_MASTER order by months\_worked;

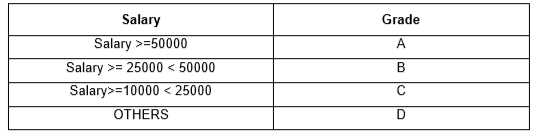


4. List the details of the staff who have joined in first half of December month (irrespective of the year).

MariaDB [rdbms]> SELECT \* FROM STAFF\_MASTER WHERE date\_format(HIREDATE,'%d') BETWEEN 1 AND 15 AND date\_format(HIREDATE,'%M') LIKE '%DECEMBER%' ;



5. Write a query that displays Staff Name, Salary, and Grade of all staff. Grade depends on the following table.



MariaDB [rdbms]> SELECT STAFF\_NAME,STAFF\_SAL ,

-> CASE

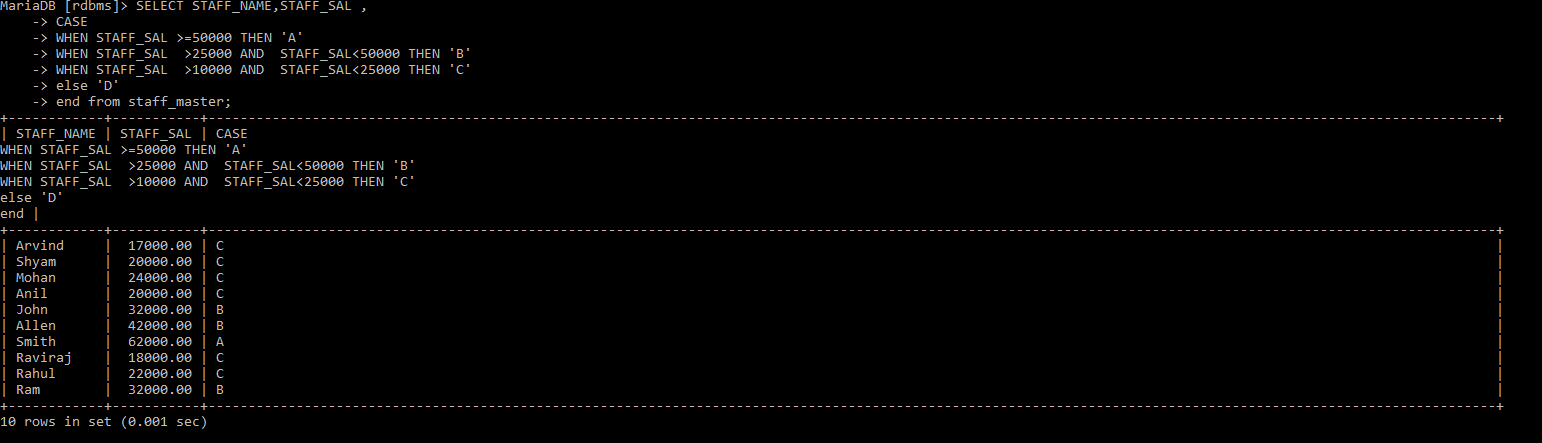
-> WHEN STAFF\_SAL >=50000 THEN 'A'

-> WHEN STAFF\_SAL >25000 AND STAFF\_SAL<50000 THEN 'B'

-> WHEN STAFF\_SAL >10000 AND STAFF\_SAL<25000 THEN 'C'

-> else 'D'

-> end from staff\_master;



6. Display the Staff Name, Hire date and day of the week on which staff was hired. Label the column as DAY. Order the result by the day of the week starting with Monday. Hint :Use to\_char with hiredate and formats ‘DY’ and ’D’

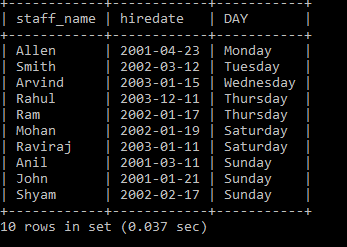
MariaDB [rdbms]> select staff\_name,hiredate,dayname(hiredate) as DAY from staff\_master order by (

-> case dayofweek(hiredate)

-> when 1 then 7

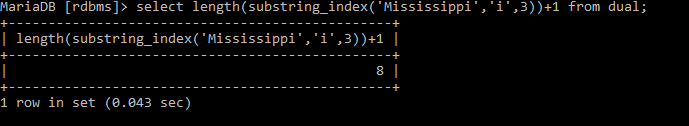
-> else dayofweek(hiredate)-1

-> end);



7.Write a query to find the position of third occurrence of ‘i’ in the given word ‘Mississippi’

select length(substring\_index('Mississippi','i',3))+1 from dual;



8. Write a query to find the pay date for the month. Pay date is the last Friday of the month. Display the date in the format “Twenty Eighth of January, 2002”. Label the heading as PAY DATE. Hint: use to\_char, next\_day and last\_day functions.

9. Display Student code, Name and Dept Name. Display “Electricals” if dept code = 20, “Electronics” if Dept code =30 and “Others” for all other Dept codes in the Dept Name column. Hint : Use Decode

MariaDB [rdbms]> select student\_code,student\_name,

-> case

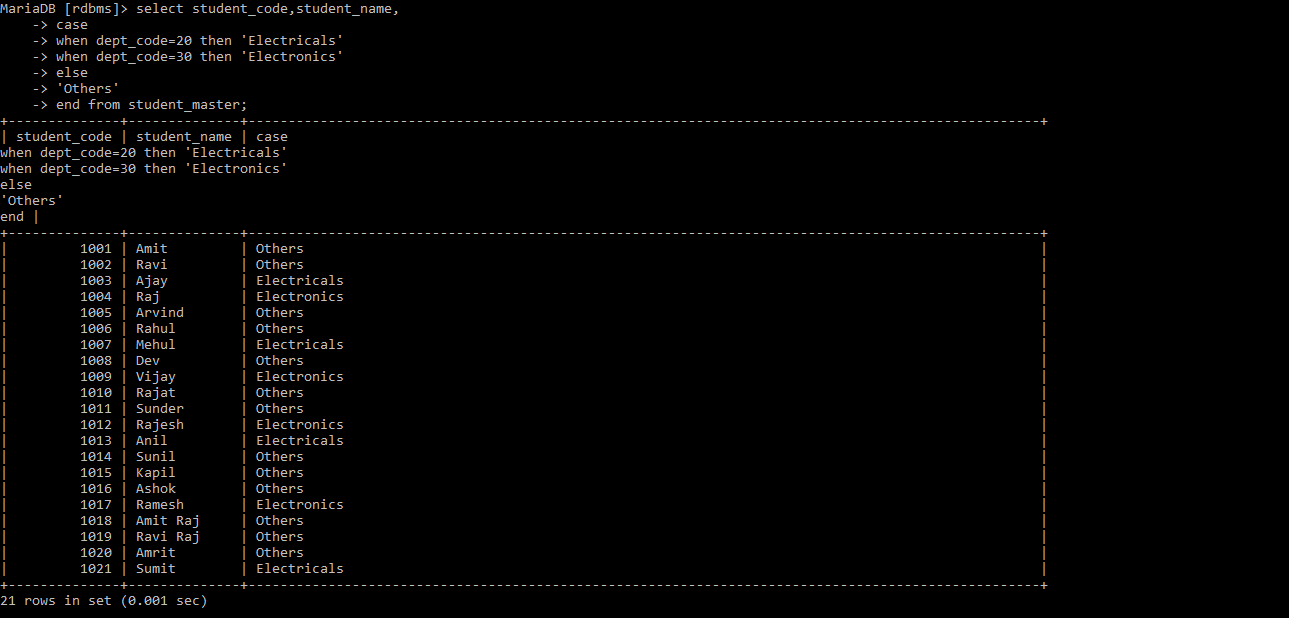
-> when dept\_code=20 then 'Electricals'

-> when dept\_code=30 then 'Electronics'

-> else

-> 'Others'

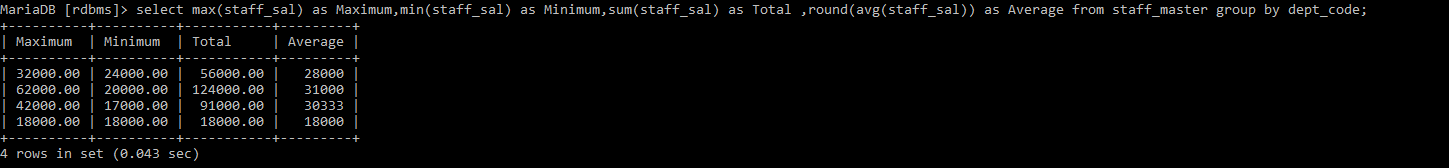
-> end from student\_master;



**2.2: Group Functions:**

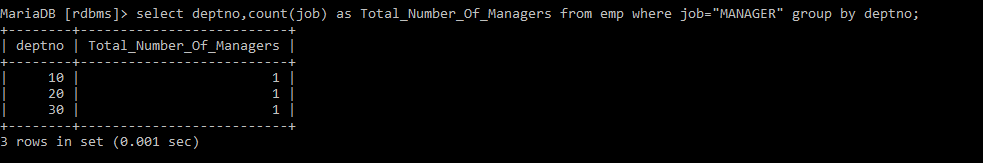
1. Display the Highest, Lowest, Total & Average salary of all staff. Label the columns Maximum, Minimum, Total and Average respectively for each Department code. Also round the result to the nearest whole number.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select max(staff\_sal) as Maximum,min(staff\_sal) as Minimum,sum(staff\_sal) as Total ,round(avg(staff\_sal)) as Average from staff\_master group by dept\_code;



2. Display Department code and number of managers working in that department. Label the column as ‘Total Number of Managers’ for each department.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select deptno,count(job) as Total\_Number\_Of\_Managers from emp where job="MANAGER" group by deptno;



3. Get the Department number, and sum of Salary of all non-managers where the sum is greater than 20000.

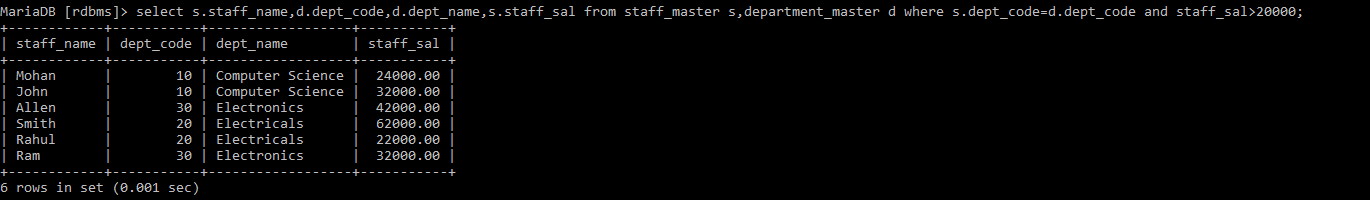
MariaDB [rdbms]> select deptno,sum(sal) as sum from emp where job not like "manager" group by deptno having sum(sal)>20000;



**3.1: Joins and Subqueries**

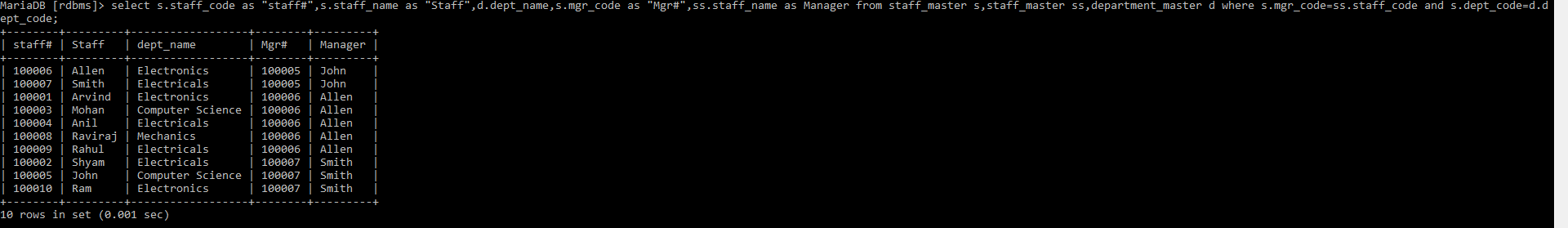
1. Write a query which displays Staff Name, Department Code, Department Name, and Salary for all staff who earns more than 20000.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.staff\_name,d.dept\_code,d.dept\_name,s.staff\_sal from staff\_master s,department\_master d where s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code and staff\_sal>20000;



2. Display Staff Code, Staff Name, Department Name, and his manager’s number and name. Label the columns Staff#, Staff, Mgr#, Manager

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.staff\_code as "staff#",s.staff\_name as "Staff",d.dept\_name,s.mgr\_code as "Mgr#",ss.staff\_name as Manager from staff\_master s,staff\_master ss,department\_master d where s.mgr\_code=ss.staff\_code and s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code;



3. Create a query that will display Student Code, Student Name, Book Code, and Book Name for all students whose expected book return date is today.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.student\_code,s.student\_name,b.book\_code,b.book\_name from student\_master s,book\_transactions bb,book\_master b where s.student\_code=bb.student\_code and bb.book\_code and bb.book\_expected\_return\_date=curdate();

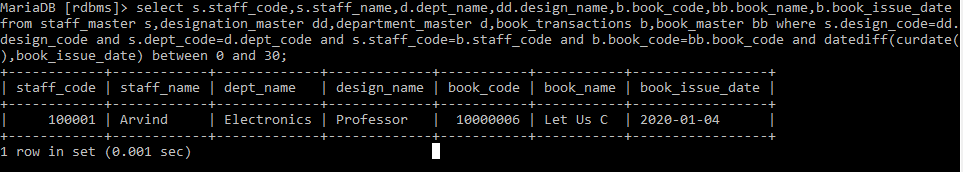


4. Create a query that will display Staff Code, Staff Name, Department Name, Designation name, Book Code, Book Name, and Issue Date for only those staff who have taken any book in last 30 days. . If required, make changes to the table to create such a scenario.

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into book\_transactions values(10000006,1012,100001,'2020-01-04','2020-01-21',NULL);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.027 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.staff\_code,s.staff\_name,d.dept\_name,dd.design\_name,b.book\_code,bb.book\_name,b.book\_issue\_date from staff\_master s,designation\_master dd,department\_master d,book\_transactions b,book\_master bb where s.design\_code=dd.design\_code and s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code and s.staff\_code=b.staff\_code and b.book\_code=bb.book\_code and datediff(curdate(),book\_issue\_date) between 0 and 30;



5. Generate a report which contains the following information.

Staff Code, Staff Name, Designation Name, Department, Book Code, Book Name,

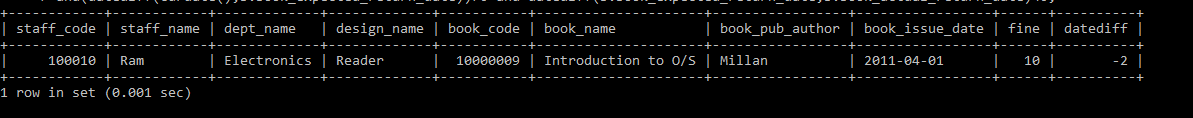
Author, Fine For the staff who has not returned the book. Fine will be calculated as Rs. 5 per day.

Fine = 5 \* (No. of days = Current Date – Expected return date). Include records in the table to suit this problem statement

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.staff\_code,s.staff\_name,d1.dept\_name,d2.design\_name,b.book\_code,b1.book\_name,b1.book\_pub\_author,b.book\_issue\_date,datediff(b.book\_actual\_return\_date,b.book\_expected\_return\_date)\*5 as fine,datediff(b.book\_expected\_return\_date,b.book\_actual\_return\_date) as datediff from department\_master d1,designation\_master d2,book\_master b1,staff\_master s inner join book\_transactions b on

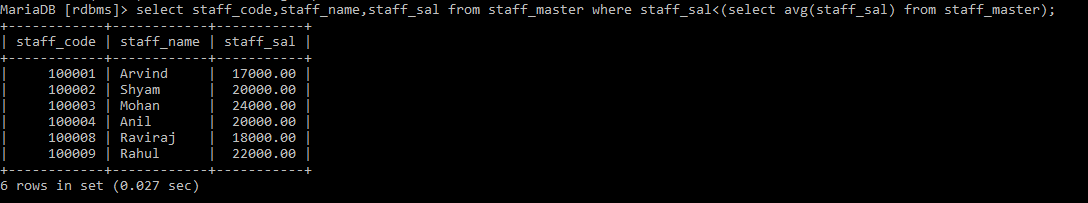
-> s.staff\_code=b.staff\_code where s.dept\_code=d1.dept\_code and s.design\_code=d2.design\_code and b.book\_code=b1.book\_code

-> and(datediff(curdate(),b.book\_expected\_return\_date))>0 and datediff(b.book\_expected\_return\_date,b.book\_actual\_return\_date)<0;



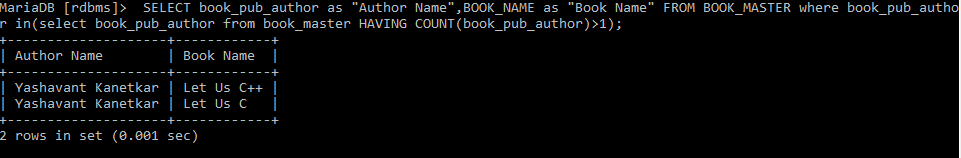
6. List Staff Code, Staff Name, and Salary for those who are getting less than the average salary of organization.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select staff\_code,staff\_name,staff\_sal from staff\_master where staff\_sal<(select avg(staff\_sal) from staff\_master);



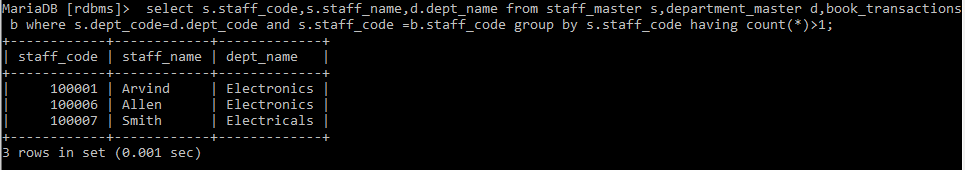
7. Display Author Name, Book Name for those authors who wrote more than one book.

MariaDB [rdbms]> SELECT book\_pub\_author as "Author Name",BOOK\_NAME as "Book Name" FROM BOOK\_MASTER where book\_pub\_author in(select book\_pub\_author from book\_master HAVING COUNT(book\_pub\_author)>1);



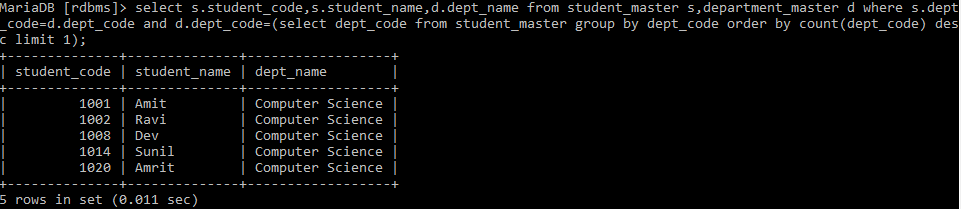
8. Display Staff Code, Staff Name, and Department Name for those who have taken more than one book.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.staff\_code,s.staff\_name,d.dept\_name from staff\_master s,department\_master d,book\_transactions b where s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code and s.staff\_code =b.staff\_code group by s.staff\_code having count(\*)>1;



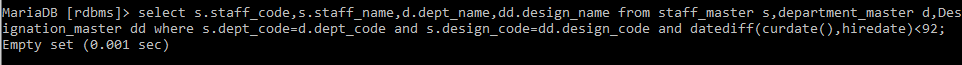
9. Display the Student Code, Student Name, and Department Name for that department in which there are maximum number of student studying.

select s.student\_code,s.student\_name,d.dept\_name from student\_master s,department\_master d where s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code and d.dept\_code=(select dept\_code from student\_master group by dept\_code order by count(dept\_code) desc limit 1);



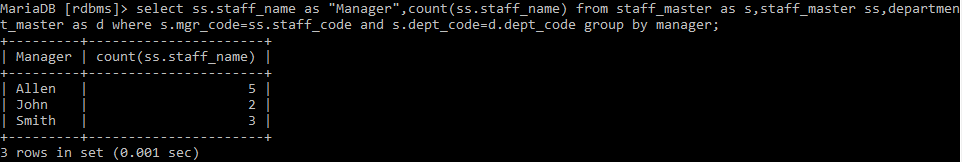
10. Display Staff Code, Staff Name, Department Name, and Designation name for those who have joined in last 3 months.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.staff\_code,s.staff\_name,d.dept\_name,dd.design\_name from staff\_master s,department\_master d,Designation\_master dd where s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code and s.design\_code=dd.design\_code and datediff(curdate(),hiredate)<92;



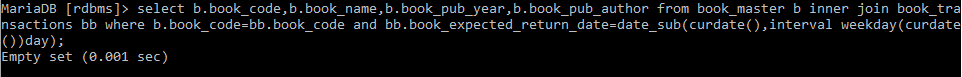
11. Display the Manager Name and the total strength of his/her team.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select ss.staff\_name as "Manager",count(ss.staff\_name) from staff\_master as s,staff\_master ss,department\_master as d where s.mgr\_code=ss.staff\_code and s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code group by manager;



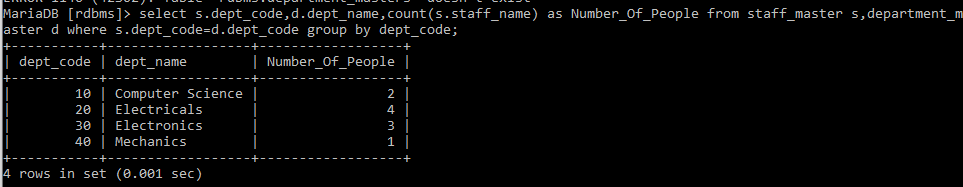
12. Display the details of books that have not been returned and expected return date was last Monday. Book name should be displayed in proper case.. Hint: You can change /add records so that the expected return date suits this problem statement

MariaDB [rdbms]> select b.book\_code,b.book\_name,b.book\_pub\_year,b.book\_pub\_author from book\_master b inner join book\_transactions bb where b.book\_code=bb.book\_code and bb.book\_expected\_return\_date=date\_sub(curdate(),interval weekday(curdate())day);



13. Write a query to display number of people in each Department. Output should display Department Code, Department Name and Number of People.

MariaDB [rdbms]> select s.dept\_code,d.dept\_name,count(s.staff\_name) as Number\_Of\_People from staff\_master s,department\_master d where s.dept\_code=d.dept\_code group by dept\_code;



**4.1: Database Objects**

1. Create the Customer table with the following columns.

CustomerId int(5)

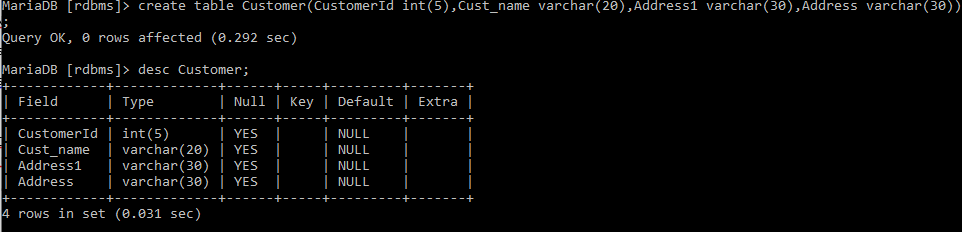
Cust\_Name varchar(20)

Address1 Varchar(30)

Address2 Varchar(30

MariaDB [rdbms]> create table Customer(CustomerId int(5),Cust\_name varchar(20),Address1 varchar(30),Address varchar(30));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.292 sec)

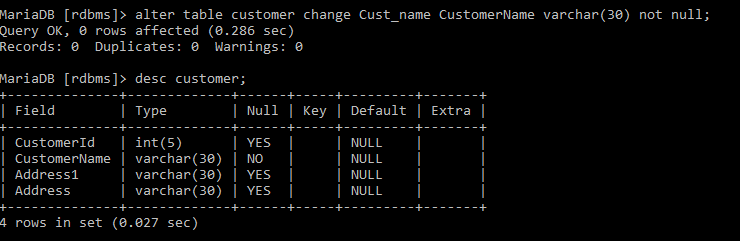


2. Modify the Customer table Cust\_Name column of datatype with Varchar2(30), rename the column to CustomerName and it should not accept Nulls.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table customer change Cust\_name CustomerName varchar(30) not null;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.286 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



3. a) Add the following Columns to the Customer table.

Gender Varchar(1)

Age int(3)

PhoneNo int(10)

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table customer add column Gender varchar(1);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.105 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table customer add column Age int(3);

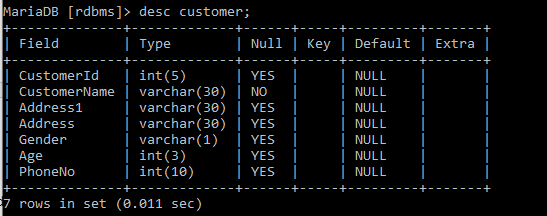
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.040 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table customer add column PhoneNo int(10);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.109 sec)

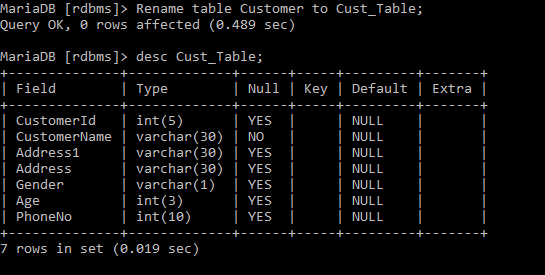
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



b) Rename the Customer table to Cust\_Table

MariaDB [rdbms]> Rename table Customer to Cust\_Table;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.489 sec)



4. Insert rows with the following data in to the Customer table.

Insert into customer values: (1000, ‘Allen’, ‘#115 Chicago’, ‘#115 Chicago’, ‘M’, ‘25, 7878776’)

In similar manner, add the below records to the Customer table:

1001, George, #116 France, #116 France, M, 25, 434524

1002, Becker, #114 New York, #114 New York, M, 45, 431525

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1000, 'Allen', '#115 Chicago', '#115 Chicago','M', 25, 7878776);

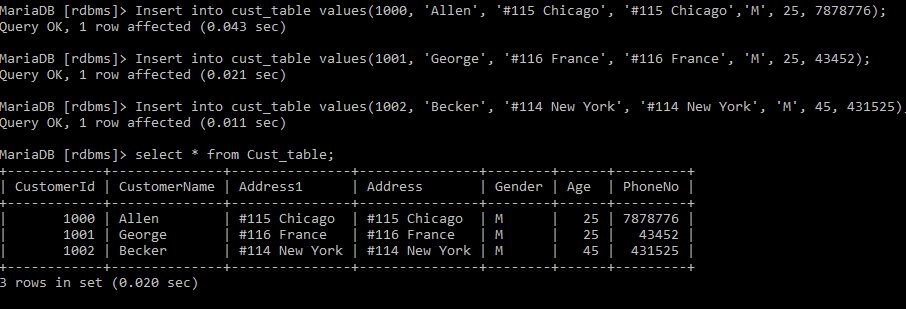
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.043 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1001, 'George', '#116 France', '#116 France', 'M', 25, 43452);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.021 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1002, 'Becker', '#114 New York', '#114 New York', 'M', 45, 431525);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)



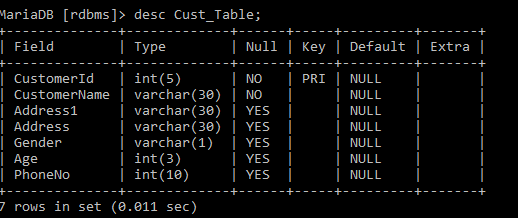
5. Add the Primary key constraint for Customerld with the name Custld\_Prim.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table Cust\_Table add constraint CustId\_Prim Primary Key(CustomerId);

Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.443 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 1





6. Insert the row given below in the Customer table and see the message generated by the Oracle server.

1002, John, #114 Chicago, #114 Chicago, M, 45, 439525

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1002, 'John', '#114 Chicago', '#114 Chicago','M', 45, 439525 );

ERROR 1062 (23000): Duplicate entry '1002' for key 'PRIMARY'



7. Disable the constraint on CustomerId, and insert the following data:

1002, Becker, #114 New York, #114 New york , M, 45, 431525

1003, Nanapatekar, #115 India, #115 India , M, 45, 431525

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table Cust\_Table drop Primary key;

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.451 sec)

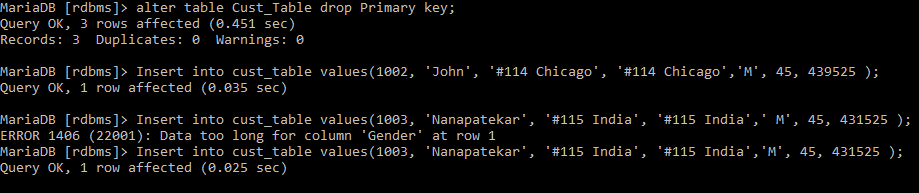
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1002, 'John', '#114 Chicago', '#114 Chicago','M', 45, 439525 );

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.035 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1003, 'Nanapatekar', '#115 India', '#115 India','M', 45, 431525 );

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.025 sec)



8. Enable the constraint on CustomerId of the Customer table, and see the message generated by the Oracle server.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table Cust\_Table add constraint CustId\_Prim Primary Key(CustomerId);

ERROR 1062 (23000): Duplicate entry '1002' for key 'PRIMARY'



9. Drop the constraint Custld\_Prim on CustomerId and insert the following Data. Alter Customer table, drop constraint Custid\_Prim.

1002, Becker, #114 New York, #114 New york , M, 45, 431525, 15000.50

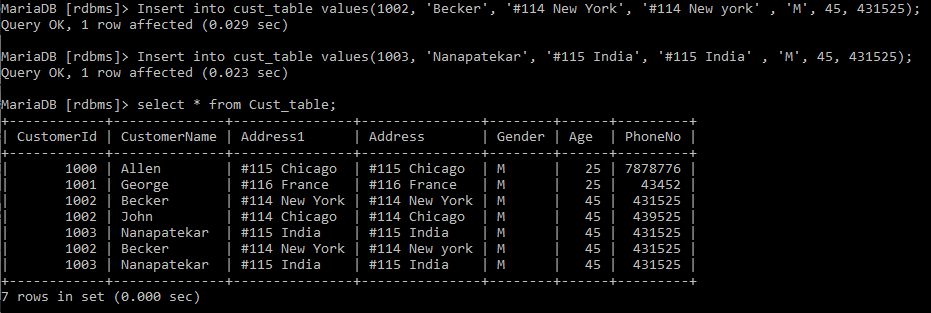
1003, Nanapatekar, #115 India, #115 India , M, 45, 431525, 20000.50

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1002, 'Becker', '#114 New York', '#114 New york' , 'M', 45, 431525);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.029 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> Insert into cust\_table values(1003, 'Nanapatekar', '#115 India', '#115 India' , 'M', 45, 431525);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.023 sec)



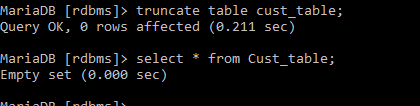
10.Delete all the existing rows from Customer table, and let the structure remain itself using TRUNCATE statement.

MariaDB [rdbms]> truncate table cust\_table;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.211 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> select \* from Cust\_table;

Empty set (0.000 sec)



11. In the Customer table, add a column E\_mail.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table Cust\_table add column E\_mail varchar(30);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.059 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



12. Drop the E\_mail column from Customer table

MariaDB [rdbms]> Alter table Cust\_Table Drop column E\_Mail;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.053 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



13. Create the Suppliers table based on the structure of the Customer table. Include only the CustomerId, CustomerName, Address1, Address2, and phoneno columns.

Name the columns in the new table as SuppID, SName, Addr1, Addr2, and Contactno respectively.

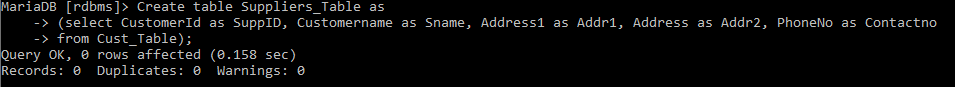
MariaDB [rdbms]> Create table Suppliers\_Table as

-> (select CustomerId as SuppID, Customername as Sname, Address1 as Addr1, Address as Addr2, PhoneNo as Contactno

-> from Cust\_Table);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.158 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



14. Drop the above table and recreate the following table with the name CustomerMaster.

CustomerId int(5) Primary key(Name of constraint is CustId\_PK)

CustomerName Varchar(30) Not Null

Addressl Varchar(30) Not Null

Address2 Varchar(30)

Gender Varchar(l)

Age int(3)

PhoneNo int(10)

MariaDB [rdbms]> drop table Suppliers\_Table;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.071 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> Create table CustomerMaster

-> (

-> CustomerId int(5),

-> CustomerName varchar(30) not null,

-> Address1 varchar(30) not null,

-> Address2 varchar(30),

-> Gender varchar(1),

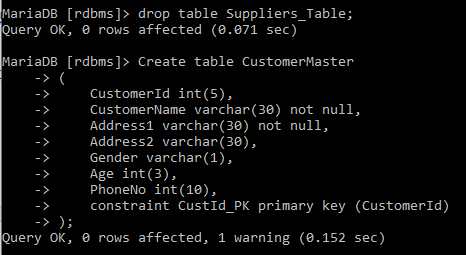
-> Age int(3),

-> PhoneNo int(10),

-> constraint CustId\_PK primary key (CustomerId)

-> );

Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.152 sec)



15. Create the AccountsMaster table with the following Columns. Use auto generate to generate Account number

Customerld int(5)

AccountNumber int(10,2) Primary key(Name of constraint is Acc\_PK)

AccountType Char(3)

LedgerBalance int(10,2) Not Null

MariaDB [rdbms]> Create table AccountMaster

-> (

-> CustomerID int(5),

-> AccountNumber int(10) Auto\_Increment,

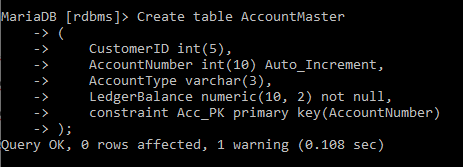
-> AccountType varchar(3),

-> LedgerBalance numeric(10, 2) not null,

-> constraint Acc\_PK primary key(AccountNumber)

-> );

Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.108 sec)

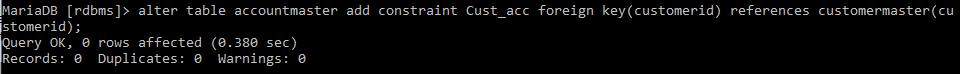


16. Relate AccountsMaster table and CustomerMaster table through Customerld column with the constraint name Cust\_acc.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table accountmaster add constraint Cust\_acc foreign key(customerid) references customermaster(customerid);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.380 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



17. Insert the following rows to the CustomerMaster table:

1000, Allen, #115 Chicago, #115 Chicago, M, 25, 7878776

1001, George, #116 France, #116 France, M, 25, 434524

1002, Becker, #114 New York, #114 New York, M, 45, 431525

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into cust\_table

-> values

-> (1000, "Allen", "115 Chicago", "115 Chicago", "M", 25, 7878776);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.024 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into cust\_table

-> values

-> (1001, "George", "116 France", "116 France", "M", 25, 434524);

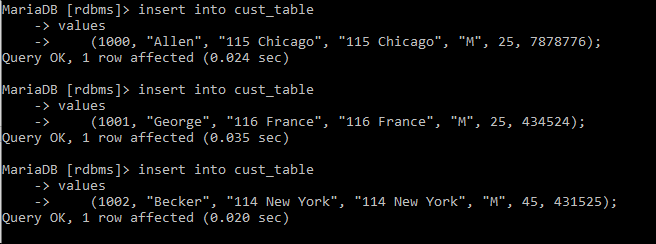
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.035 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into cust\_table

-> values

-> (1002, "Becker", "114 New York", "114 New York", "M", 45, 431525);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.020 sec)

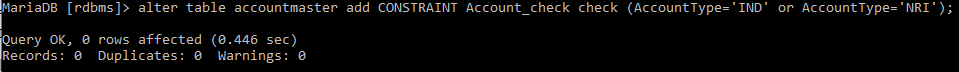


18. Modify the AccountMaster table with the Check constraint to ensure AccountType should be either NRI or IND.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table accountmaster add CONSTRAINT Account\_check check (AccountType='IND' or AccountType='NRI');

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.446 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



19. Modify the AccountsMaster table keeping a Check constraint with the name Balance\_Check for the Minimum Balance which should be greater than 5000.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table accountmaster add constraint Balance\_Check check (LedgerBalance > 5000);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.476 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



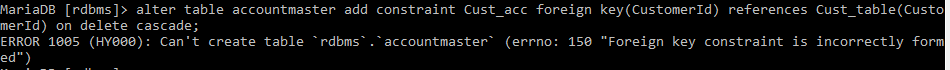
20. Modify the AccountsMaster table such that if Customer is deleted from Customer table then all his details should be deleted from AccountsMaster table.

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table accountmaster drop foreign key Cust\_acc;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.064 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table accountmaster add constraint Cust\_acc foreign key(CustomerId) references Cust\_table(CustomerId) on delete cascade;



21. Create Backup copy for the AccountsMaster table with the name ‘AccountDetails’

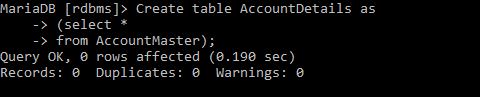
MariaDB [rdbms]> Create table AccountDetails as

-> (select \*

-> from AccountMaster);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.190 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0



22. Create a view ‘Acc\_view’ with columns Customerld, CustomerName, AccountNumber, AccountType, and LedgerBalance from AccountsMaster. In the view Acc\_view, the column names should be CustomerCode, AccountHolderName, AccountNumber, Type, and Balance for the respective columns from AccountsMaster table.

MariaDB [rdbms]> Create view Acc\_View

-> (

-> CustomerCode,

-> AccountHolderName,

-> AccountNumber,

-> Type,

-> Balance

-> )

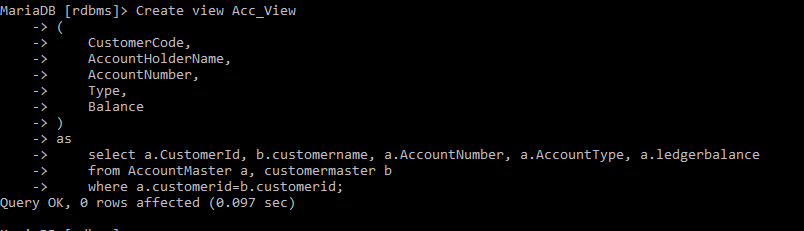
-> as

-> select a.CustomerId, b.customername, a.AccountNumber, a.AccountType, a.ledgerbalance

-> from AccountMaster a, customermaster b

-> where a.customerid=b.customerid;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.097 sec)



23. Create a view on AccountsMaster table with name vAccs\_Dtls. This view should list all customers whose AccountType is ‘IND’ and their balance amount should not be less than 10000. Using this view any DML operation should not violate the view conditions.

MariaDB [rdbms]> Create view vAccs\_Dtls

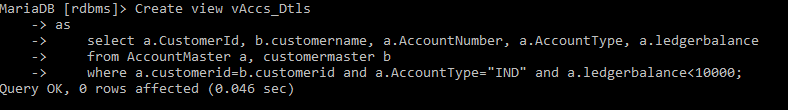
-> as

-> select a.CustomerId, b.customername, a.AccountNumber, a.AccountType, a.ledgerbalance

-> from AccountMaster a, customermaster b

-> where a.customerid=b.customerid and a.AccountType="IND" and a.ledgerbalance<10000;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.046 sec)



24. Create a view accsvw10 which will not allow DML statement against it.

MariaDB [rdbms]> Create view acccsvw10

-> as select \* from AccountMaster with check option;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.029 sec)



25. Insert three sample rows by using the above auto generate in Department\_Masters table

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table department\_master alter dept\_code set default '00';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.045 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [rdbms]> alter table department\_master modify dept\_code int (2) not null auto\_increment; insert into department\_master(dept\_name)

ERROR 1075 (42000): Incorrect table definition; there can be only one auto column and it must be defined as a key

-> values("IT");

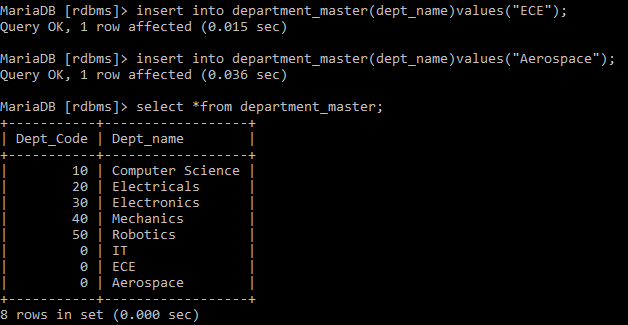
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.019 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into department\_master(dept\_name)values("ECE");

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into department\_master(dept\_name)values("Aerospace");

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.036 sec)



**5.1: Data Manipulation Language**

1. Create Employee table with same structure as EMP table.

MariaDB [rdbms]> CREATE TABLE Emp

-> (

-> EMPNO int(4) NOT NULL,

-> ENAME varchar(10),

-> JOB varchar(9),

-> MGR int(4),

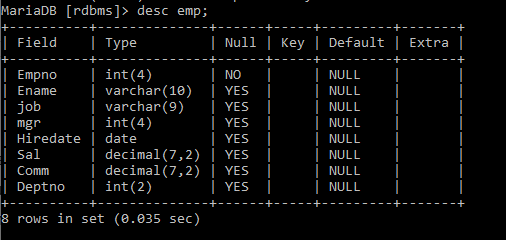
-> HIREDATE DATE,

-> SAL numeric(7, 2),

-> COMM numeric(7, 2),

-> DEPTNO int(2)

-> );



2. Write a query to populate Employee table using EMP table’s empno, ename, sal, deptno columns.

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7369,'SMITH',800,20);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7499,'ALLEN',1600,30);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7521,'WARD',1250,30);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7566,'JONES',2975,20);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7654,'MARTIN',1250,30);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7698,'BLAKE',2850,30);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7782,'CLARK',2450,10);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7788,'SCOTT',3000,20);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7839,'KING',5000,10);

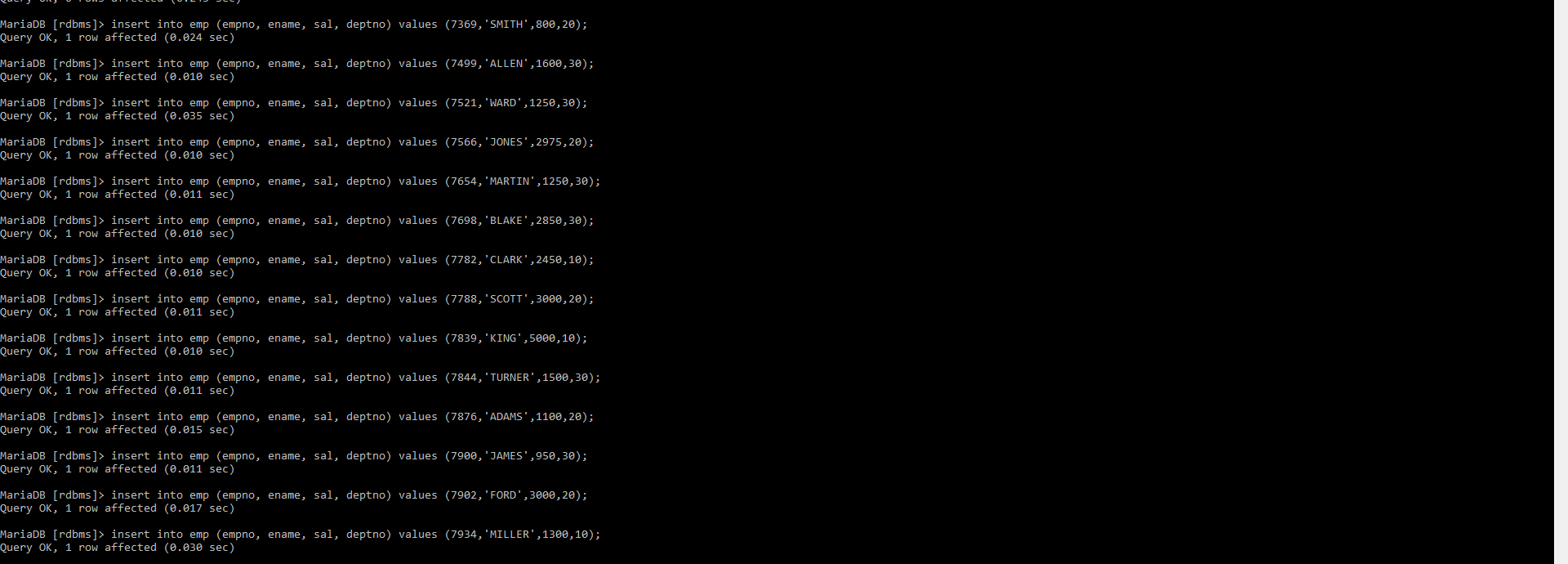
insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7844,'TURNER',1500,30);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7876,'ADAMS',1100,20);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7900,'JAMES',950,30);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7902,'FORD',3000,20);

insert into emp (empno, ename, sal, deptno) values (7934,'MILLER',1300,10);

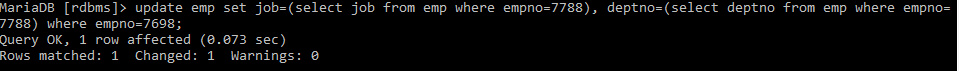


3. Write a query to change the job and deptno of employee whose empno is 7698 to the job and deptno of employee having empno 7788.

MariaDB [rdbms]> update emp set job=(select job from emp where empno=7788), deptno=(select deptno from emp where empno=7788) where empno=7698;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.073 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0



4. Delete the details of department whose department name is ‘SALES’.

MariaDB [rdbms]> delete from department\_master where dept\_name='Sales';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.019 sec)

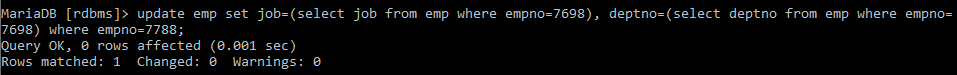


5. Write a query to change the deptno of employee with empno 7788 to that of employee having empno 7698.

MariaDB [rdbms]> update emp set job=(select job from emp where empno=7698), deptno=(select deptno from emp where empno=7698) where empno=7788;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 0 Warnings: 0



6. Insert the following rows to the Employee table through parameter substitution.

• 1000,Allen, Clerk,1001,12-jan-01, 3000, 2,10

• 1001,George, analyst, null, 08 Sep 92, 5000,0, 10

• 1002, Becker, Manager, 1000, 4 Nov 92, 2800,4, 20

• 1003, 'Bill', Clerk, 1002, 4 Nov 92,3000, 0, 20

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into emp values (1000,'Allen','Clerk',1001,'2001-01-12',3000,2,10);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.020 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into emp values (1001,'George','Analyst',null,'1992-09-08',5000,0,10);

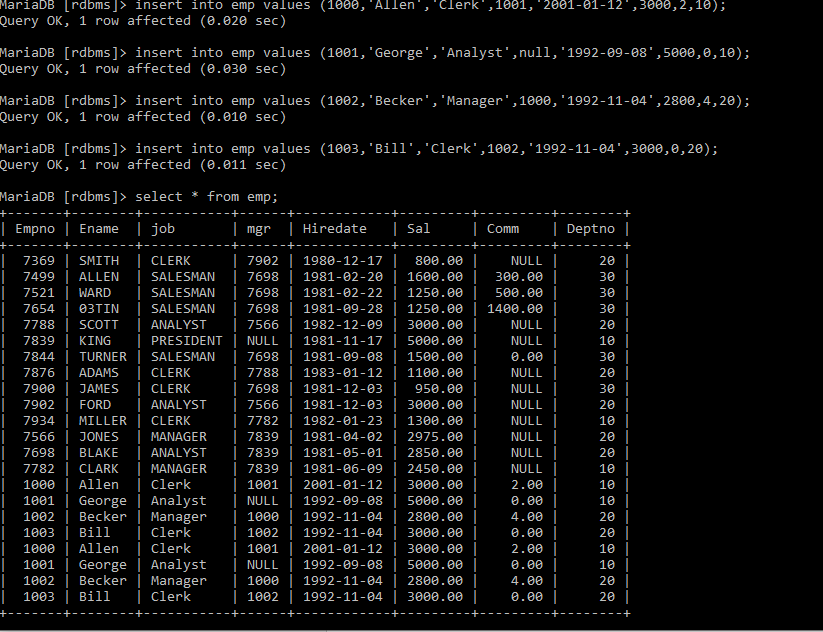
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.030 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into emp values (1002,'Becker','Manager',1000,'1992-11-04',2800,4,20);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.010 sec)

MariaDB [rdbms]> insert into emp values (1003,'Bill','Clerk',1002,'1992-11-04',3000,0,20);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.011 sec)



**6.1: Transaction Control Language Statements**

1. Insert rows with the following data into the Customer table. 6000, John, #115 Chicago, #115 Chicago, M, 25, 7878776, 10000 • 6001, Jack, #116 France, #116 France, M, 25, 434524, 20000 • 6002, James, #114 New York, #114 New York, M, 45, 431525, 15000.50

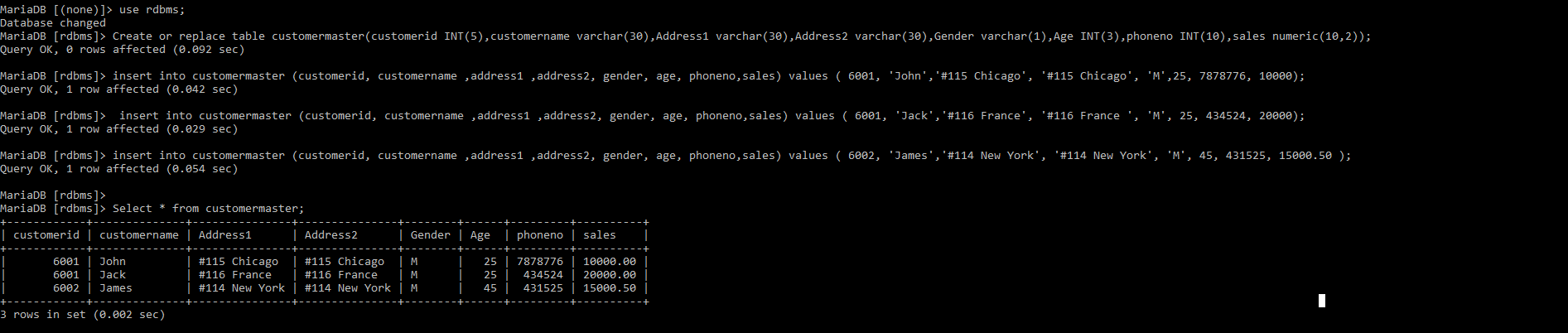
Use parameter substitution.

Create or replace table customermaster(customerid INT(5),customername varchar(30),Address1 varchar(30),Address2 varchar(30),Gender varchar(1),Age INT(3),phoneno INT(10),sales numeric(10,2));

insert into customermaster (customerid, customername ,address1 ,address2, gender, age, phoneno,sales) values ( 6001, 'John','#115 Chicago', '#115 Chicago', 'M',25, 7878776, 10000);

insert into customermaster (customerid, customername ,address1 ,address2, gender, age, phoneno,sales) values ( 6001, 'Jack','#116 France', '#116 France ', 'M', 25, 434524, 20000);

insert into customermaster (customerid, customername ,address1 ,address2, gender, age, phoneno,sales) values ( 6002, 'James','#114 New York', '#114 New York', 'M', 45, 431525, 15000.50 );



2. Create a Savepoint named ‘SP1’ after third record in the Customer table

MariaDB [rdbms]> Select \* from customermaster;

Empty set (0.143 sec)

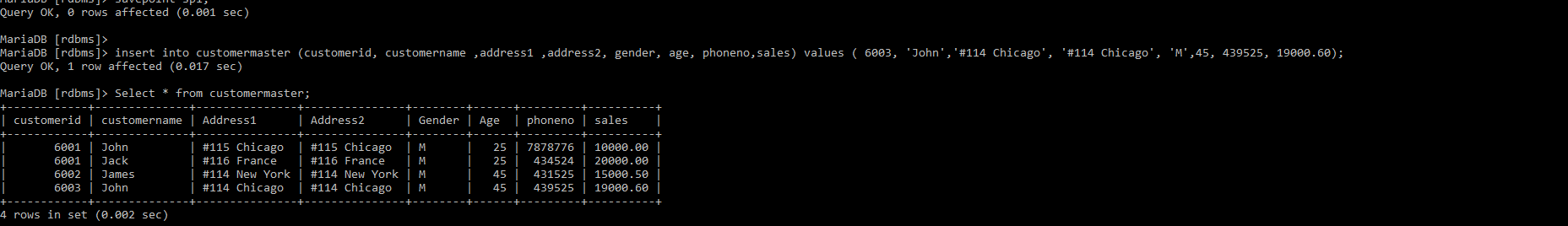


3. Insert the below row in the Customer table.

6003, John, #114 Chicago, #114 Chicago, M, 45, 439525, 19000.60

insert into customermaster (customerid, customername ,address1 ,address2, gender, age, phoneno,sales) values ( 6003, 'John','#114 Chicago', '#114 Chicago', 'M',45, 439525, 19000.60);

Select \* from customermaster;



4. Execute rollback statement in such a way that whatever manipulations done before Savepoint sp1 are permanently implemented, and the ones after Savepoint SP1 are not stored as a part of the Customer table.

rollback to sp1;

Select \* from customermaster;

