FIS GAS SENSOR SP3S-AQ2

for AIR QUALITY CONTROLS (VOCs)

The SP3S-AQ2 series is a tin dioxide semi conductor gas sensor which has a high sensitivity to various air pollution sources (e.g. VOCs) with quick response speed. This series uses a compact plastic housing with 3 pins configuration achieving an excellent gas sensing performance with low cost. This model is ideal for various design of automatic air quality control systems; Ventilation Fans, air purifiers.



Gas sensitive semiconductor material is formed on the alumina substrate on which the gold electrodes are printed. A thick film heater of ruthenium oxide is printed on the reverse of the substrate and placed in the compact plastic housing (Fig 1).

Alumina substrate Sensing material Heater 2 mm Lead wires Electrodes

Fig 1a. Sensing element

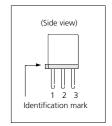


Fig 1c. Pin Layout

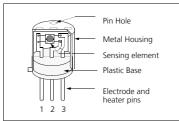


Fig 1b. Configuration

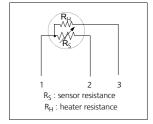


Fig 1d. Equivalent circuit

Operating conditions

Fig 2 shows the standard operating circuit for this model. The change of the sensor resistance (R_S) is obtained as the change of the output voltage across the fixed or variable resistor (R_L). In order to obtain the best performance and specified characteristics, the values of the heater voltage (V_H) circuit voltage (V_C) and load resistance (R_L) must be within the range of values given in the standard operating conditions shown in the Specification table on the next page.

Sensitivity characteristics

Fig 3 shows the sensitivity characteristics curves of the SP3S-AQ2 (typical data). Sensitivity characteristics of the FIS gas sensors are expressed by the relationship between the sensor resistance and gas concentration. The sensor resistance decreases with an increase of gas concentration based on a logarithmic function.

The sensitivity characteristics of the SP3S-AQ2 are specified by the following parameters.

- Sensor resistance level: in air
- Sensor resistance change ratio: between hydrogen 10 ppm and in air

Please see the Specification table on the back page for further details.

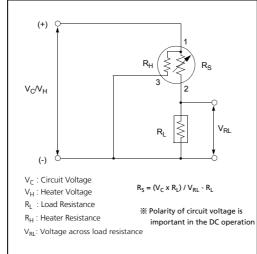
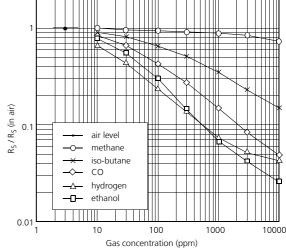


Fig 2. Standard circuit Fig 3. Sensitivity characteristics



Specifications

A. Standard Operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Specification | Conditions etc. |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| V _H | Heater voltage | 5.0 V ± 4% | AC or DC |
| V _C | Circuit voltage | 5.0 V ± 4% | AC or DC |
| R_L | Load resistance | Variable | P _S < 15 mW |
| R _H | Heater resistance | 86 Ω ± 5% | at room temperature |
| P _H | Heater power consumption | 210mW (Typical value) | $P_H = V_H^2 / R_H$ |
| P _S | Power dissipation of sensing element | Less than 15 mW | $P_S = \frac{(V_C - V_{RL})^2}{R_S}$ |

B. Environmental conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Specification | Conditions etc. |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Tao | Operating temperature | 0°C to 40°C | |
| Tas | Storage temp | -10 °C to 70 °C | Recommended range |
| RH | Relative humidity | Less than 95% RH | |
| (O ₂) | Oxygen concentration | 21% (Typical value) | Absolute minimum level: more than 18% |
| | | The sensitivity characteristics are influenced by the variation in oxygen concentration. | |

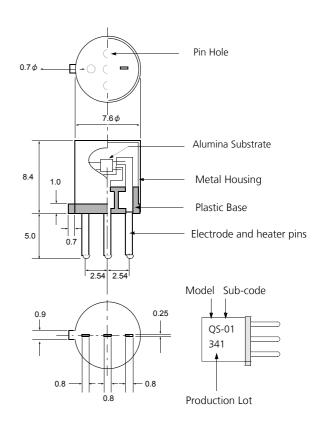
C. Sensitivity characteristics

| Model | SP3S-AQ2-01 | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Symbol | Parameter | Specification | Conditions etc. |
| R _S | Sensor resistance | $5k\Omega$ to $20k\Omega$ | in air |
| β | Sensitivity slope | 0.15 to 0.45 | R _S in 10ppm hydrogen |
| P | Sensitivity slope 0.13 to 0.43 | 0.13 (0 0.43 | R _S in air |
| Standard Test Conditions: | | Temp: $20 ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: $65\% \pm 5\%$ (in clean air) | V_C : 5.0 V \pm 1% V_H : 5.0 V \pm 1% R_L : 10 k Ω \pm 5% |
| Pre-heating time: more than 48 hours | | | |

E. Mechanical characteristics

| Items | Condition | ons | Specifications |
|-----------|--|---------------------------|---|
| Vibration | Frequency: Vertical amplitude: Duration: | 100 cpm 4 mm 1 hour | Should satisfy the specifications shown in the sensitivity characteristics. |
| Shock | Acceleration: Number of impacts: | 100 G 5 times | |

Dimensions



Scale: mm

Weight : 0.6g

F. Parts and Materials

| No. | Parts | Materials |
|-----|-----------------------|---|
| 1 | Sensing element | Tin dioxide (SnO ₂) |
| 2 | Substrate | Alumina (Al ₂ O ₃) |
| 3 | Lead wire | Gold alloy (Au-Pd-Mo) |
| 4 | Heater | Ruthenium oxide (RuO ₂) |
| 5 | Electrode | Gold (Au) |
| 6 | Metal housing | Nickel plated brass |
| 7 | Plastic base | PBT (Poly butylene terephthalate) |
| 8 | Heater/electrode pins | Iron-nickel alloy |

Please contact March 2010

FIS Inc. 3-36-3, Kitazono Itami, Hyogo 664-0891 Japan

Tel: +81-72-780-1800 Fax: +81-72-785-0073 http://www.fisinc.co.jp