

# Package ‘rmelting’

April 7, 2018

**Title** R Interface to MELTING 5

**Version** 0.0.0.9000

**Description** R interface to the MELTING 5 program  
(<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/biomodels/tools/melting/>) to compute melting  
temperatures of nucleic acids along with other thermodynamic parameters.

**Depends** R (>= 3.4.3),  
rJava (>= 0.5-0)

**Imports** rJava,  
melting5jars

**License** GPL-2 | GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 6.0.1

**Remotes** github::hrbrmstr/melting5jars

**RdMacros** Rdpack

**URL** <https://github.com/aravind-j/rmelting>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/aravind-j/rmelting/issues>

## R topics documented:

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## Description

R interface to the **MELTING 5 software** (Le Novère, 2001; Dumousseau et al., 2012) for computation of enthalpy and entropy of the helix-coil transition, and then the melting temperature of a nucleic acid duplex.

## Usage

```
melting(sequence, comp.sequence = NULL,
        nucleic.acid.conc,
        hybridisation.type = c("dnadna", "rnarna", "dnarna",
                                "rnadna", "mrnarna", "rnamrna"),
        Na.conc, Mg.conc, Tris.conc, K.conc,
        dNTP.conc, DMSO.conc, formamide.conc,
        size.threshold = 60, self = FALSE, correction.factor,
        method.approx = c("ahs01", "che93", "che93corr",
                           "marschdot", "owe69", "san98",
                           "wetdna91", "wetrna91", "wetdnarna91"),
        method.nn = c("all97", "bre86", "san04", "san96", "sug96",
                       "tan04", "fre86", "xia98", "sug95", "tur06"),
        method.GU = c("tur99"),
        method.singleMM = c("allsanpey", "tur06", "zno07", "zno08"),
        method.tandemMM = c("allsanpey", "tur99"),
        method.single.dangle = c("bom00", "sugdna02", "sugrna02", "ser08"),
        method.double.dangle = c("sugdna02", "sugrna02", "ser05", "ser06"),
        method.long.dangle = c("sugdna02", "sugrna02"),
        method.internal.loop = c("san04", "tur06", "zno07"),
        method.single.bulge.loop = c("tan04", "san04", "ser07", "tur06"),
        method.long.bulge.loop = c("san04", "tur06"),
        method.CNG = c("bro05"),
        method.inosine = c("san05", "zno07"),
        method.hydroxyadenine = c("sug01"),
        method.azobenzenes = c("asa05"),
        method.locked = c("mct04"),
        correction.Na = c("ahs01", "kam71", "marschdot",
                           "owc1904", "owc2004", "owc2104", "owc2204",
                           "san96", "san04", "schlif",
                           "tanna06", "tanna07", "wet91"),
        correction.Mg = c("oxcmg08", "tanmg06", "tanmg07"),
        correction.NaMg = c("oxcmix08", "tanmix07"),
        method.Naeq = c("ahs01", "mit96", "pey00"),
        correction.DMSO = c("ahs01", "cul76", "esc80", "mus80"),
```

## Arguments

sequence	Sequence (5' to 3') of one strand of the nucleic acid duplex as a character string.
comp.sequence	Complementary sequence (3' to 5') of the nucleic acid duplex as a character string.
nucleic.acid.conc	Concentration of the nucleic acid strand ( $\text{mol L}^{-1}$ ) in excess as a numeric value.
hybridisation.type	The hybridisation type. Either "dnadna", "rnarna", "dnarna", "rnadna", "mrnarna" or "rnamrna" (see <b>Hybridisation type options</b> ).
Na.conc	Concentration of Na ions (M) as a numeric value (see <b>Ion and agent concentrations</b> ).
Mg.conc	Concentration of Mg ions (M) as a numeric value (see <b>Ion and agent concentrations</b> ).

Tris.conc	Concentration of Tris ions (M) as a numeric value (see <b>Ion and agent concentrations</b> ).
K.conc	Concentration of K ions (M) as a numeric value (see <b>Ion and agent concentrations</b> ).
dNTP.conc	Concentration of dNTP (M) as a numeric value (see <b>Ion and agent concentrations</b> ).
DMSO.conc	Concentration of DMSO (%) as a numeric value (see <b>Ion and agent concentrations</b> ).
formamide.conc	Concentration of formamide (M or % depending on correction method) as a numeric value (see <b>Ion and agent concentrations</b> ).
size.threshold	Sequence length threshold to decide approximative or nearest-neighbour approach for computation. Default is 60.
self	logical. Specifies that sequence is self complementary and complementary sequence is not required (see <b>Self complementary sequences</b> ). Default is FALSE.
correction.factor	Correction factor to be used to modulate the effect of the nucleic acid concentration (nucleic.acid.conc) in the computation of melting temperature (see <b>Correction factor for nucleic acid concentration</b> ).
method.approx	Specify the approximative formula to be used for melting temperature calculation for sequences of length greater than size.threshold. Either "ahs01", "che93", "che93corr", "schdot", "owe69", "san98", "wetdna91", "wetrna91" or "wetdnarna91" (see <b>Approximative formulas</b> ).
method.nn	Specify the nearest neighbor model to be used for melting temperature calculation for sequences of length lesser than size.threshold. Either "all97", "bre86", "san04", "san96", "sug96", "tan04", "fre86", "xia98", "sug95" or "tur06" (see <b>Nearest neighbor models</b> ).
method.GU	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of GU base pairs to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Available method is "tur99" (see <b>GU wobble base pairs effect</b> ).
method.singleMM	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of single mismatch to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "allsanpey", "tur06", "zno07" or "zno08" (see <b>Single mismatch effect</b> ).
method.tandemMM	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of tandem mismatches to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "allsanpey" or "tur99" (see <b>Tandem mismatches effect</b> ).
method.single.dangle	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of single dangling end to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "bom00", "sugdna02", "sugrna02" or "ser08" (see <b>Single dangling end effect</b> ).
method.double.dangle	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of double dangling end to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "sugdna02", "sugrna02", "ser05" or "ser06" (see <b>Double dangling end effect</b> ).
method.long.dangle	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of long dangling end to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "sugdna02" or "sugrna02" (see <b>Long dangling end effect</b> ).

<code>method.internal.loop</code>	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of internal loop to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "san04", "tur06" or "zno07" (see <b>Internal loop effect</b> ).
<code>method.single.bulge.loop</code>	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of single bulge loop to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "san04", "tan04", "ser07" or "tur06" (see <b>Single bulge loop effect</b> ).
<code>method.long.bulge.loop</code>	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of long bulge loop to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "san04" or "tur06" (see <b>Long bulge loop effect</b> ).
<code>method.CNG</code>	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of CNG repeats to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Available method is "bro05" (see <b>CNG repeats effect</b> ).
<code>method.inosine</code>	Specify the specific nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of inosine bases (I) to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Either "san05" or "zno07" (see <b>Inosine bases effect</b> ).
<code>method.hydroxyadenine</code>	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of hydroxyadenine bases (A*) to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Available method is "sug01" (see <b>Hydroxyadenine bases effect</b> ).
<code>method.azobenzenes</code>	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of azobenzenes (X_T for trans azobenzenes and X_C for cis azobenzenes) to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Available method is "asa05" (see <b>Azobenzenes effect</b> ).
<code>method.locked</code>	Specify the nearest neighbor model to compute the contribution of locked nucleic acids (AL, GL, TL and CL) to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition. Available method is "mct04" (see <b>Locked nucleic acids effect</b> ).
<code>correction.Na</code>	Specify the correction method for Na ions. Either "ahs01", "kam71", "owc1904", "owc2004", "owc2104", "owc2204", "san96", "san04", "schlif", "tanna06", "wetdna91", "tanna07", "wetrna91" or "wetdnarna91" (see <b>Sodium corrections</b> ).
<code>correction.Mg</code>	Specify the correction method for Mg ions. Either "owcmg08", "tanmg06" or "tanmg07" (see <b>Magnesium corrections</b> ).
<code>correction.NaMg</code>	Specify the correction method for mixed Na and Mg ions. Either "owcmix08", "tanmix07" or "tanmix07" (see <b>Mixed Sodium and Magnesium corrections</b> ).
<code>method.Naeq</code>	Specify the ion correction which gives a sodium equivalent concentration if other cations are present. Either "ahs01", "mit96" or "pey00" (see <b>Sodium equivalent concentration methods</b> ).
<code>correction.DMSO</code>	Specify the correction method for DMSO. Specify the correction method for DMSO. Either "ahs01", "mus81", "cul76" or "esc80" (see <b>DMSO corrections</b> ).
<code>correction.formamide</code>	Specify the correction method for formamide. Specify the correction method for formamide Either "bla96" or "lincorr" (see <b>Formamide corrections</b> ).

### Mandatory arguments

The following are the arguments which are mandatory for computation.

- `sequence`
- `comp.sequence`: Mandatory if there are mismatches, inosine(s) or hydroxyadenine(s) between the two strands. If not specified, it is computed as the complement of sequence. Self-complementarity in sequence is detected even though there may be (are) dangling end(s) and `comp.sequence` is computed (see **Self complementary sequences**).
- `nucleic.acid.conc`
- `Na.conc`, `Mg.conc`, `Tris.conc`, `K.conc`: At least one cation (Na, Mg, Tris, K) concentration is mandatory, the other agents(dNTP, DMSO, formamide) are optional.
- `hybridisation.type`

### Hybridisation type options

The details of the possible options for hybridisation type specified in the argument `hybridisation.type` are as follows:

Option	Sequence	Complementary sequence
<code>dnadna</code>	DNA	DNA
<code>rnarna</code>	RNA	RNA
<code>dnarna</code>	DNA	RNA
<code>rnadna</code>	RNA	DNA
<code>mrnarna</code>	2-o-methyl RNA	RNA
<code>rnamrna</code>	RNA	2-o-methyl RNA

This parameter determines the nature of the sequences in the arguments `sequence` and `comp.sequence`.

### Ion and agent concentrations

These values are used for different correction functions which approximately adjusts for effects of these ions(Na, Mg, Tris, K) and/or agents(dNTP, DMSO, formamide) on thermodynamic stability of nucleic acid duplexes. Their concentration limits depends on the correction method used. All the concentrations must be in M, except for the DMSO (%) and formamide (%) or M depending on the correction method). Note that Tris+ concentration is about half of the total tris buffer concentration.

### Self complementary sequences

Self complementarity for perfect matching sequences or sequences with dangling ends is detected automatically. However it can be specified by the argument `self`.

### Correction factor for nucleic acid concentration

For self complementary sequences (Auto detected or specified in `self`) it is 1. Otherwise it is 4 if the both strands are present in equivalent amount and 1 if one strand is in excess.

### Approximative estimation formulas

The calculation is increasingly incorrect when the length of the duplex decreases. Moreover, it does not take into account nucleic acid concentration.

Formula	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
ahs01	DNA	No mismatch	von Ahsen et al., 2001
che93	DNA	No mismatch; Na=0, Mg=0.0015, Tris=0.01, K=0.05	Marmur and Doty, 1962
che93corr	DNA	No mismatch; Na=0, Mg=0.0015, Tris=0.01, K=0.05	Marmur and Doty, 1962
marschdot	DNA	No mismatch	Wetmur, 1991; Marmur and Doty, 1962; Chester and Marshak, 1993; Schildkraut and Lifson, 1965; Wahl et al., 1987; Britten et al., 1974; Hall et al., 1980
owe69	DNA	No mismatch	Owen et al., 1969; Frank-Kamenetskii, 1971; Blake, 1996; Blake and Delcourt, 1998
san98	DNA	No mismatch	SantaLucia, 1998; von Ahsen et al., 2001
wetdna91*	DNA		Wetmur, 1991
wetrna91*	RNA		Wetmur, 1991
wetdnarna91*	DNA/RNA		Wetmur, 1991

#### Nearest neighbor models

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
all197*	DNA		Allawi and SantaLucia, 1997
tur06*	2'-O-MeRNA/ RNA	A sodium correction (san04) is automatically applied to convert the entropy (Na = 0.1M) into the entropy (Na = 1M).	Kierzek et al., 2006
bre86	DNA		Breslauer et al., 1986
san04	DNA		SantaLucia and Hicks, 2004
san96	DNA		SantaLucia et al., 1996
sug96	DNA		Sugimoto et al., 1996
tan04	DNA		Tanaka et al., 2004
fre86	RNA		Freier et al., 1986
xia98*	RNA		Xia et al., 1998
sug95*	DNA/ RNA		SantaLucia et al., 1996

#### GU wobble base pairs effect

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
tur99*	RNA		Mathews et al., 1999

**Single mismatch effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
allsanpey*	DNA		Allawi and SantaLucia, 1997; Allawi and SantaLucia, 1998; Allawi and SantaLucia, 1998; Allawi and SantaLucia, 1998; Peyret et al., 1999
tur06	RNA		Lu et al., 2006
zno07*	RNA		Davis and Znosko, 2007
zno08	RNA	At least one adjacent GU base pair.	Davis and Znosko, 2008

**Tandem mismatches effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
allsanpey*	DNA	Only GT mismatches and TA/TG mismatches.	Allawi and SantaLucia, 1997; Allawi and SantaLucia, 1998; Allawi and SantaLucia, 1998; Allawi and SantaLucia, 1998; Peyret et al., 1999
tur99*	RNA	No adjacent GU or UG base pairs.	Mathews et al., 1999

Tandem mismatches are not taken into account by the approximative mode. Note that not all the mismatched Crick's pairs have been investigated.

**Single dangling end effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
bom00*	DNA		Bommarito et al., 2000
sugdna02	DNA	Only terminal poly A self complementary sequences.	Ohmichi et al., 2002
sugrna02	RNA	Only terminal poly A self complementary sequences.	Ohmichi et al., 2002
ser08*	RNA	Only 3' UA, GU and UG terminal base pairs only 5' UG and GU terminal base pairs.	Miller et al., 2008

Single dangling ends are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

**Double dangling end effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
sugdna02*	DNA	Only terminal poly A self complementary sequences.	Ohmichi et al., 2002
sugrna02	RNA	Only terminal poly A self	Ohmichi et al., 2002

ser05	RNA	complementary sequences. Depends on the available thermodynamic parameters for single dangling end.	O'Toole et al., 2005
ser06*	RNA		O'Toole et al., 2006

Double dangling ends are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

#### Long dangling end effect

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
sugdna02*	DNA	Only terminal poly A self complementary sequences.	Ohmichi et al., 2002
sugrna02*	RNA	Only terminal poly A self complementary sequences.	Ohmichi et al., 2002

Long dangling ends are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

#### Internal loop effect

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
san04*	DNA	Missing asymmetry penalty. Not tested with experimental results.	SantaLucia and Hicks, 2004
tur06	RNA	Not tested with experimental results.	Lu et al., 2006
zno07*	RNA		Davis and Znosko, 2007

Internal loops are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

#### Single bulge loop effect

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
tan04*	DNA		Tan and Chen, 2007
san04	DNA	Missing closing AT penalty.	SantaLucia and Hicks, 2004
ser07	RNA	Less reliable results. Some missing parameters.	Blose et al., 2007
tur06*	RNA		Lu et al., 2006

Internal loops are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

#### Long bulge loop effect

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
san04*	DNA	Missing closing AT penalty.	SantaLucia and Hicks, 2004
tur06*	RNA	Not tested with experimental results.	Lu et al., 2006

Long bulge loops are not taken into account by the approximative mode.



**CNG repeats effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
bro05*	RNA	Self complementary sequences. 2 to 7 CNG repeats.	Broda et al., 2005

CNG repeats are not taken into account by the approximative mode. The contribution of CNG repeats to the thermodynamic of helix-coil transition can be computed only for 2 to 7 CNG repeats. N represents a single mismatch of type N/N.

**Inosine bases effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
san05*	DNA	Missing parameters for tandem base pairs containing inosine bases.	Watkins and SantaLucia, 2005
zno07*	RNA	Only IU base pairs.	Wright et al., 2007

**Hydroxyadenine bases effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
sug01*	DNA	Only 5' GA*C 3' and 5' TA*A 3' contexts.	Kawakami et al., 2001

Hydroxyadenine bases (A\*) are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

**Azobenzenes effect effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
asa05*	DNA	Less reliable results when the number of cis azobenzene increases.	Asanuma et al., 2005

Azobenzenes (X\_T for trans azobenzenes and X\_C for cis azobenzenes) are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

**Locked nucleic acids effect**

Model	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
mct04*	DNA		McTigue et al., 2004

Locked nucleic acids (AL, GL, TL and CL) are not taken into account by the approximative mode.

**Sodium corrections**

Correcion	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
ahs01	DNA	Na>0.	von Ahsen et al., 2001

schlif	DNA	Na>=0.07; Na<=0.12.	Schildkraut and Lifson, 1965
tanna06	DNA	Na>=0.001; Na<=1.	Tan and Chen, 2006
tanna07*	RNA	Na>=0.003; Na<=1.	Tan and Chen, 2007
	or		
	2'-O-MeRNA/RNA		
wet91	RNA, DNA and RNA/DNA	Na>0.	Wetmur, 1991
kam71	DNA	Na>0; Na>=0.069; Na<=1.02.	Frank-Kamenetskii, 1971
marschdot	DNA	Na>=0.069; Na<=1.02.	Marmur and Doty, 1962; Blake and Delcourt, 1998
owc1904	DNA	Na>0.	Owczarzy et al., 2004
owc2004	DNA	Na>0.	Owczarzy et al., 2004
owc2104	DNA	Na>0.	Owczarzy et al., 2004
owc2204*	DNA	Na>0.	Owczarzy et al., 2004
san96	DNA	Na>=0.1.	SantaLucia et al., 1996
san04	DNA	Na>=0.05; Na<=1.1; Oligonucleotides inferior to 16 bases.	SantaLucia and Hicks, 2004; SantaLucia, 1998

### Magnesium corrections

Correcion	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
owcmg08*	DNA	Mg>=0.0005; Mg<=0.6.	Owczarzy et al., 2008
tanmg06	DNA	Mg>=0.0001; Mg<=1; Oligomer length superior to 6 base pairs.	Tan and Chen, 2006
tanmg07*	RNA	Mg>=0.1; Mg<=0.3.	Tan and Chen, 2007

### Mixed Sodium and Magnesium corrections

Correcion	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
owcmix08*	DNA	Mg>=0.0005; Mg<=0.6; Na+K+Tris/2>0.	Owczarzy et al., 2008
tanmix07	DNA and RNA	Mg>=0.1; Mg<=0.3; Na+K+Tris/2>=0.1; Na+K+Tris/2<=0.3.	Tan and Chen, 2007

### Sodium equivalent concentration methods

Correcion	Type	Limits.Remarks	Reference
ahs01*	DNA		von Ahsen et al., 2001
mit96	DNA		Mitsuhashi, 1996
pey00	DNA		Peyret, 2000

**DMSO corrections**

<b>Correcion</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Limits.Remarks</b>	<b>Reference</b>
ahs01	DNA	Not tested with experimental results.	von Ahsen et al., 2001
cul76	DNA	Not tested with experimental results.	Cullen and Bick, 1976
esc80	DNA	Not tested with experimental results.	Escara and Hutton, 1980
mus80	DNA	Not tested with experimental results.	Musielski et al., 1981

**Formamide corrections**

<b>Correcion</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Limits.Remarks</b>	<b>Reference</b>
bla96	DNA	With formamide concentration in mol/L.	Blake, 1996
lincorr	DNA	With a formamide volume.	McConaughy et al., 1969; Record, 1967; Casey and Davidson, 1977; Hutton, 1977

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