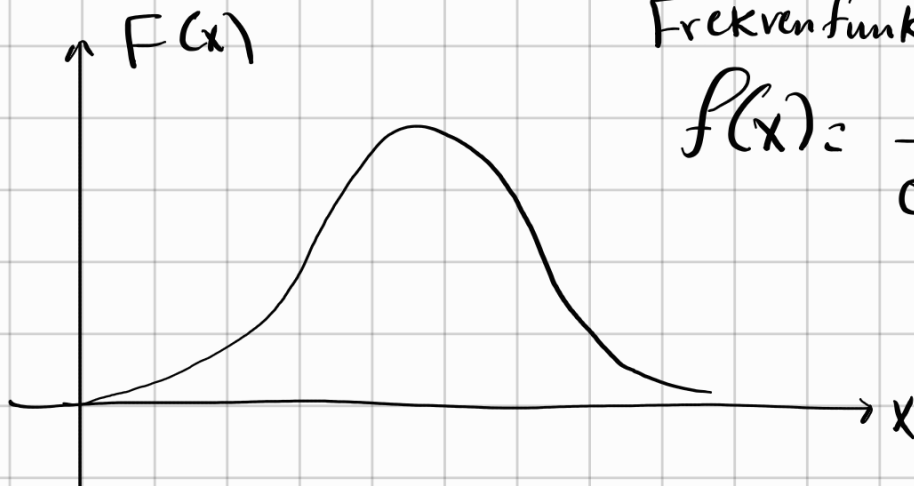


3/10

Normalfordeling

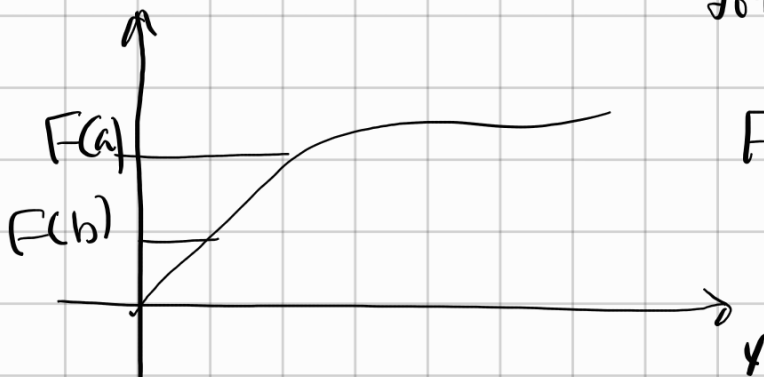
$$X \in N(\mu, \sigma)$$



Frekvensfunks

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$-\infty < x < \infty$$



Fordelning funks:

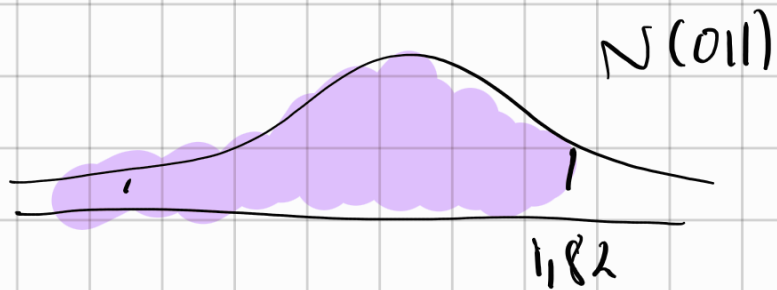
$$F(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^x e^{-\frac{(t-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dt$$

Satz 1 $X \in N(\mu, \sigma) \Leftrightarrow Y = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}$

6.1) $X \in N(0, 1)$

Standard normal forklaring.

a) $P(\bar{X} \leq 1,82) = \Phi(1,82)$



b) $P(\bar{X} \leq -0,35) = \Phi(-0,35)$
 $= 1 - \Phi(0,35)$
 $= 1 - 0,6368 = 0,3632$

c) $P(-1,2 < \bar{X} < 0,5) = \Phi(0,5) - \Phi(-1,2)$
 $= \Phi(0,5) - (1 - \Phi(1,2))$
 $= 0,6915 - (1 - 0,8849)$

d) bestäm a så att

$$P(\bar{X} < a) = 0,05$$

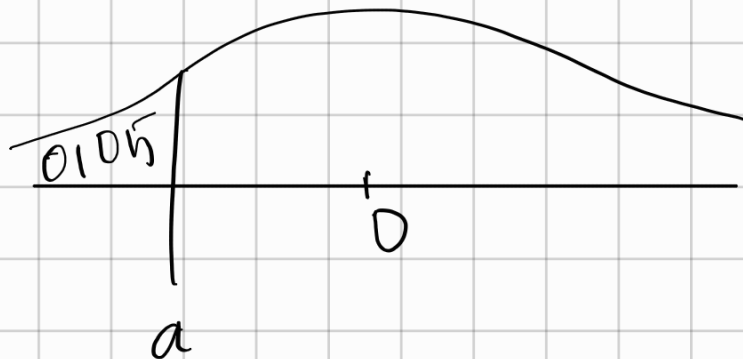
tabell

$$\Leftrightarrow a = 1,6449$$

finns inte i boken

Bestäm a så att

$$P(\bar{X} < a) = 0,05$$



$$\Leftrightarrow a = -1,6449$$

$$\Phi(-x) = 1 - \Phi(x)$$

$$P(\bar{X} > a) = 0,95 \Rightarrow a = -1,6449$$

G, 4

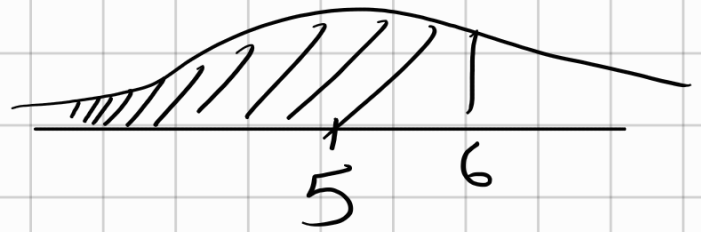
$$\bar{X} \in N(5, 2)$$

$$P(\bar{X} \leq 6) = P\left(\frac{\bar{X} - 5}{2} \leq \frac{6 - 5}{2}\right)$$

$$\hookrightarrow N(0, 1)$$

$$= \Phi(0,5) = 0,6915$$

Standardisering.



$$P(1,8 < \bar{X} < 7,2) = \Phi\left(\frac{7,2-5}{2}\right) - \Phi\left(\frac{1,8-5}{2}\right)$$

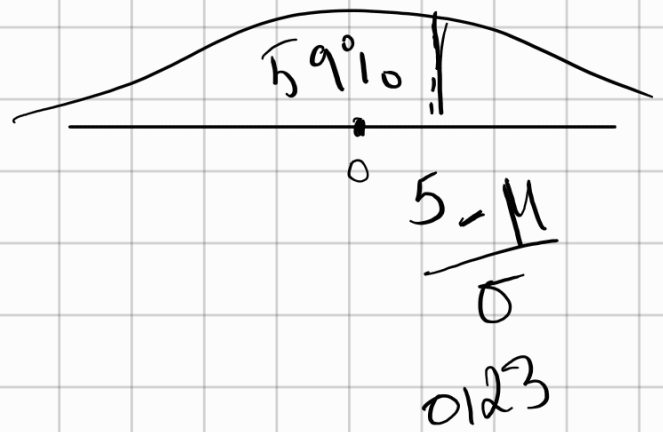
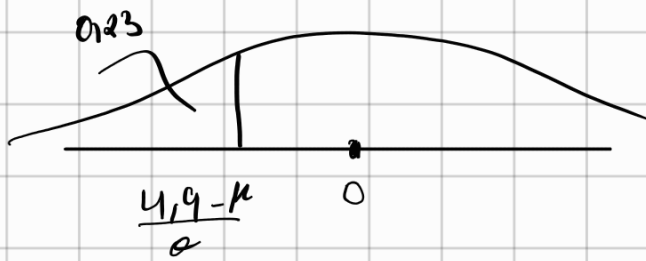
$$= \Phi(1,1) - \Phi(-1,6) = \Phi(1,1) - (1 - \Phi(1,6)).$$

6.10 \bar{X} = diamerten på en kula

$$\bar{X} \sim N(\mu, \sigma)$$

$$\begin{cases} P(\bar{X} \leq 4,5) = 0,23 \\ P(\bar{X} \leq 5,0) = 0,59 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \Phi\left(\frac{4,5-\mu}{\sigma}\right) = 0,23 \\ \Phi\left(\frac{5-\mu}{\sigma}\right) = 0,59 \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} \frac{5 - \mu}{\sigma} = 0.23 \\ \frac{4.9 - \mu}{\sigma} = -0.74 \end{cases}$$

Ges.

X_i = Wert Kunde nr i

$X \in N(70, 10)$, Oberbrenn
S.V.

$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^{10} X_i \quad E(Y) =$$

$$E\left(\sum_{i=1}^{10} X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{10} E(X_i)$$

$$= n \cdot \mu = 10 \cdot 70 = 700$$

$$V(Y) = \\ = V\left(\sum_{i=1}^{10} X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{10} V(X_i) = 10 \cdot 10^2 = 10^3$$

$$Y \in N(700, \sqrt{1000})$$

$$P(\text{overlast}) = P(Y > 800) \\ = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{800-700}{10\sqrt{10}}\right)$$

$$= 1 - \Phi(\sqrt{10}) = 1 - \Phi(3.17).$$

$$\approx 1 - 0.999 = 0.001.$$

$$X_i = \text{kropp vikt} \quad X_i \in N(70, 10)$$

Sannolikhet kund överstiger 75 kg?

$$P(\bar{X} > 75) = E(\bar{X}) = 70$$

$$V(\bar{X}) = \frac{10^2}{10}$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sigma^2}{n} \right]$$

$$= 10$$

$$\bar{X} \in N(70, \sqrt{10})$$

✓
PS

$$1 - \Phi\left(\frac{75 - 70}{\sqrt{10}}\right) = 1 - \Phi(1,58).$$

$$= 1 - 0,9429 = 0,0571.$$