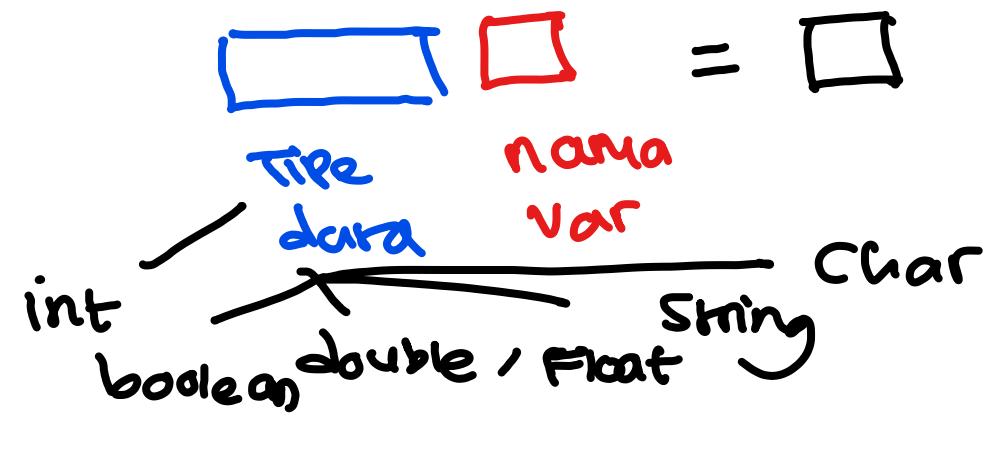


$$\underline{x = 3} \quad , \quad y = 2 \rightarrow x + y = 3 + 2 = 5$$

x bernilai 3
T = 3

Variable



Algoritmitika

By Abdan Hafidz

int: bil bulat
... -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, ...

Boolean: Proposisi
True False

$(5 > 2) = \text{True}$

double / Float: decimal

String: kata
"Raihan"

Char = huruf / karakter
' ', ',', ;

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int f(int x, int y, int z){  
    int a = x + y; Domain  
    int b = y + z;  
    int c = x + z;  
    return a + b - c;  
}
```

1. Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan $f(2,9,11)$
2. Diketahui pemanggilan fungsi $f(5,y,2) = 6$ tentukan nilai y yang memenuhi!

$$f(x) = \dots$$

$$f(x, y, z) \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} a = x + y \\ = 2 + 9 \\ = \underline{\underline{11}} \end{array}$$

Parameter $\underline{\underline{2 \quad 9 \quad 11}}$

$$b = y + z \\ = 9 + 11 \\ = \underline{\underline{20}}$$
$$c = x + z \\ = 2 + 11 \\ = \underline{\underline{13}}$$

$$f(2,9,11) = \dots$$

return value

$$\text{return} = \underline{\underline{11 + 20 - 13}}$$
$$\text{answer} = \underline{\underline{11 + 7 = 18}}$$

$$(2 \cdot y = \underline{\underline{18}})$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int f(int x, int y, int z) {  
    int a = x + y;  
    int b = y + z;  
    int c = x + z;  
    return a + b - c;  
}
```

1. Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan $f(2,9,11)$?

2. Diketahui pemanggilan fungsi $f(5,y,2) = 6$

tentukan nilai y yang memenuhi!

$$f(x,y,z) = 2y$$

$$f(5,y,2) = 6$$

$$f(y) = 6 \rightarrow 2y = 6$$

$$\text{answer} \rightarrow y = 3 //$$

$$f(x,y,z) = 6$$
$$a = x + y$$
$$b = y + z$$
$$c = x + z$$

$$y+z = (x+z)$$
$$\cancel{y+z} - \cancel{x} - \cancel{z}$$

$$\text{return} = a+b-c$$
$$\text{return} = (x+y) + \cancel{(y+z)} - \cancel{(x+z)}$$
$$= \cancel{x} + y + y - \cancel{x} = 2y$$

$$6 = \cancel{x} + 2y - \cancel{x}$$
$$\frac{6}{5} = \frac{2y}{5}$$

$$6 = 5 + 2y - 5$$

int

Set

- a, b

$$a = 1, \quad b = 2$$

$$\text{ret} = a / b = 1 / 2 = \cancel{0.5}$$

↓
ret hasil jadi bulat (bulatkan ke bawah)

$$\left\lfloor \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor = \cancel{0.5} = 0 \rightarrow \text{ret} = 1 / 2 = 0$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int g(int x, int y) {
    int a = x;
    int b = a + y;

    x = x + 1;
    y = y + 1;

    a = a + x;
    b = a + b;

    return a + b
}
```

$$\cancel{x} = x + 1 \rightarrow \cancel{x - x} = 1$$
$$\cancel{\textcircled{1}} = \cancel{1}$$
$$x = 5$$
$$x' = \cancel{x + 1} \xrightarrow{\text{sebelum}} \rightarrow x_{\text{setelah}} = 5 + 1 = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow (2000, 25) \Rightarrow$$
$$\begin{matrix} a & = & \underline{2000} \\ b & = & 2000 + 25 = 2025 \end{matrix}$$
$$\begin{matrix} x & = & 2000 + 1 = 2001 \\ y & = & 25 + 1 = 26 \end{matrix}$$

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan $g(2000, 25)$!

$$\begin{aligned} \text{return} &= a + b \\ &= 2001 + 2025 \\ &= \underline{\underline{1026}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{a} &= 2000 + 2001 \\ \underline{b} &= 2001 \\ \underline{b} &= 2001 + 2025 \\ &= 6026 \end{aligned}$$

• Increment - Decrement

$$\underline{\underline{X}} = \underline{\underline{X}} + 1 \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Menyerahkan} \\ \text{Meningarkan} \end{array}$$

Nilaî X sekarang = X sebelumnya + 1

(Curved arrow from $\underline{\underline{X}}$ to $\underline{\underline{X}} + 1$)

$\underline{\underline{X}} ++$

$$\underline{\underline{X}} = \underline{\underline{X}} \boxplus a \rightarrow \underline{\underline{X}} \boxplus = a$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{Var}}} = \underline{\underline{\text{Var}}} \square a \rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{Var}}} \square = a$$

operator $\Rightarrow +, -, *, \%$

$$\underline{\underline{X}} = \underline{\underline{X}} - a \rightarrow \underline{\underline{X}} -= a$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int a,b;  
void h() {  
    a++; → +1  
    b++; → +1  
    a+=b; → a = 21  
    b-=a; → b = 7 - 21 = -21  
    a*=2; → a = 25  
    b/=a; → b = -21 / 25 = -50/25  
    a%=3; → a = 50 MOD 3 = 2  
}
```

$$a = 20, b = 3$$

$$a += b \rightarrow a = a + b$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a = 20, b = 3 \\ a += b & \rightarrow a = 20 + 3 = 23 \\ b -= a & \rightarrow b = 3 - 23 = -20 \\ a *= 2 & \rightarrow a = -20 * 2 = -40 \\ b /= a & \rightarrow b = -40 / -20 = 2 \\ a \% 3 & \rightarrow a = 2 \end{aligned}$$

Jika mula nilai $a = 20$, dan $b = 3$, tentukan nilai akhir a dan b setelah prosedur $h()$ dijalankan!

$$a = 2, b = 0$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y) {  
    return x / y;  
}  
  
int der(double x, double y) {  
    return dar(x, y) * y;  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z) {  
    return dar(x * z, y * z);  
}
```

$\text{dar} = \left[\begin{array}{c} 27, 3 \dots \\ \hline 8, 2 \dots \end{array} \right]$

$\text{dar} = \left[\begin{array}{c} 3, \cancel{x} \end{array} \right]$

= 3

Tentukan kembalian fungsi jika dipanggil $\text{dar}(27.354929893, 8.298399)$!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y) {  
    return x / y;  
}  
  
int der(double x, double y) {  
    return dar(x, y) * y (int);  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z) {  
    return dar(x * z, y * z);  
}
```

$$y = \cancel{8,298399}$$

y (int) \rightarrow type casting

$$y = 8$$

$$\text{dar}(x, y) = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{der} &= 3 * 8 \\ &= 24 \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Tentukan kembalian fungsi jika dipanggil $\text{der}(27.354929893, 8.298399)$!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y) {  
    return x / y;  
}  
  
int der(double x, double y) {  
    return dar(x, y) * y (int);  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z) {  
    return dar(x * z, y * z);
```



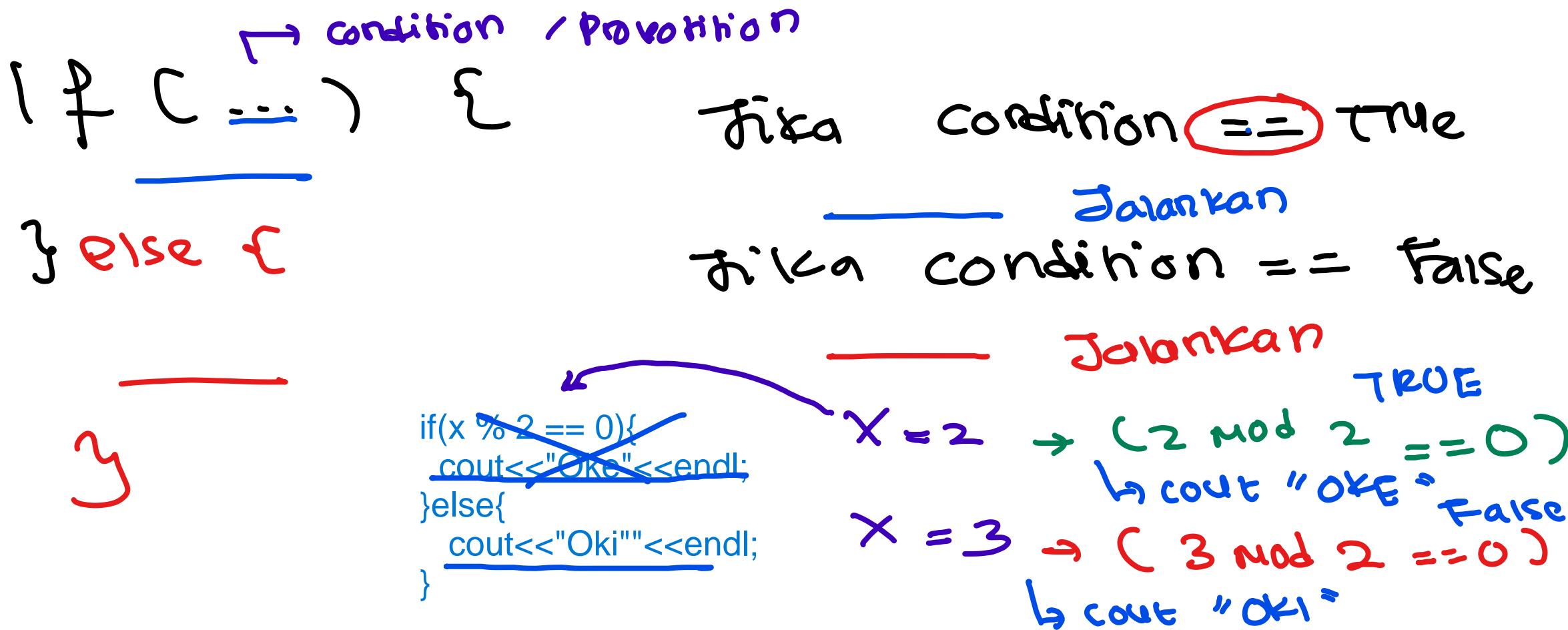
$$\begin{aligned} \text{dar}(x, y) &= x / y \\ \text{der}(x, y, z) &= \text{dar}(xz, yz) \\ \underline{\text{dor}(x, y, z)} &= \frac{xz}{yz} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{36}{y} = 9 \rightarrow y = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

Jika hasil pemanggilan fungsi dor(36, y, z) = 9 tentukan nilai y yang memenuhi

$$\text{dor}(36, y, z) = \frac{36}{y} = 9$$

$(\begin{matrix} x=5 \\ x == 5 \end{matrix})$



Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y) {  
    return x / y;  
}  
  
int der(double x, double y) {  
    return dar(x, y) * y (int);  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z) {  
    return dar(x * z, y * z);  
}
```

$$\begin{aligned} \text{dor}(x, y, z) &= \frac{xz}{yz} \\ &= \frac{x}{y} \end{aligned}$$

z tidak Pengaruh

z berapapun hasil = $\frac{x}{y}$

Jika hasil pemanggilan fungsi $dor(36, y, z) = 9$ untuk y dan z bilangan bulat, serta $1 \leq z \leq 1000$ ada berapa banyak pasangan y dan z yang memenuhi?

$$y = 4, \quad z = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 1000\}$$

1000 Pasangan $\rightarrow (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), \dots, (4, 1000)$

- * Banyak Faktor $x \Rightarrow \varphi(x)$
 - * Faktorisasi: $x \rightarrow p_1^{e_1} \cdot p_2^{e_2} \cdot \dots \cdot p_i^{e_i}$
- $$\varphi(x) = \prod (e_i + 1)$$
- $$= (e_1 + 1) (e_2 + 1) \dots (e_i + 1)$$
- $$\varphi(10^5), \quad 10^5 = (2 \cdot 5)^5 = 2^5 \cdot 5^5$$
- $$\begin{aligned} \varphi(10^5) &= (5+1) \cdot (5+1) \\ &= 6 \cdot 6 \\ &= 36 \end{aligned}$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int kwak(int x, int y) {
    if(x % y == 0) return 1; ✓
    return 0;
}
```

Return 1 jika y Faktor x

$$x \bmod y = 0$$



$$x = 100.000$$

y nya faktor dari x

$$100.000 \bmod y = 0$$

$$y = \dots ?$$

$$y > x$$

$$y \leq x \rightarrow$$

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan $\text{kwak}(100000, 1) + \text{kwak}(100000, 2) + \text{kwak}(100000, 3) + \dots + \text{kwak}(100000, \underline{100000})$

$$1 \quad \text{Faktor} = \{1, 2, 4\}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 1 \bmod 1 \\ 1 \bmod 2 \\ 1 \bmod 4 \end{array} \right\} = 0$$

$y \leq x$

$$\frac{k(10^5, 1) + k(10^5, 2) + \dots + k(10^5, 10^5)}{1}$$

↑ faktor dari 10^5

$$1 * \text{banyak kondisi} \quad k(x, y) = 1$$

↓
y faktor dari x

$$= 1 * \frac{\text{banyak Faktor dari } x}{1}$$

$$= 1 * P(x) \quad = 1 * P(10^5)$$

$$= 36 //$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int aduk(int x, int y) {  
    while(x > 0) {  
        y++;  
        x--;  
    }  
}
```

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan aduk(20, 2024)!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int campur(int x, int y) {  
    int ret = 0;  
    for(int i = 1; i<=x; i++) {  
        ret+=i;  
    }  
    for(int j = 1; j<=y; j++) {  
        ret-=i;  
    }  
    return ret;  
}
```

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan campur(13, 15)!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int tumpah(int x, int y) {  
    int ret = 0;  
    for(int i = 1; i<=x; i++) {  
        for(int j = 1; j<=y; j++) {  
            ret++;  
        }  
    }  
    return ret;  
}
```

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan campur(13, 15)!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int a,b,c;  
cin>>a>>b>>c;  
int x = 3,y = 2,z = 1;  
a = a + x;  
b = b + y;  
c = c + z;  
  
cout<<a+b+c<<endl;
```

Jika keluaran yang dihasilkan sama dengan 12 tentukan ada berapa banyak triplet masukan berupa bilangan bulat non-negatif $\langle a, b, c \rangle$ yang mungkin diinput pada program sehingga keluarannya sesuai!

