

Algoritmitika I

By Abdan Hafidz

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Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int f(int x, int y, int z) {  
    int a = x + y;  
    int b = y + z;  
    int c = x + z;  
    return a + b - c;  
}
```

1. Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan $f(2,9,11)$
2. Diketahui pemanggilan fungsi $f(5,y,2) = 6$ tentukan nilai y yang memenuhi!

$f(x, y, z)$

$$a = x + y \leftrightarrow 2 + 9 = 11$$

$$b = y + z \leftrightarrow 9 + 11 = 20$$

$$c = x + z \leftrightarrow 2 + 11 = 13$$

$$\underline{a = 11}, \underline{b = 20}, \underline{c = 13}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(2, 9, 11) &= 11 + 20 - 13 \\ &= 11 + 7 \\ &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

Substitusi Nilai

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int f(int x, int y, int z){
    int a = x + y;
    int b = y + z;
    int c = x + z;
    return a + b - c;
}
```

1. Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan $f(2,9,11)$

2. Diketahui pemanggilan fungsi $f(5,y,2) = 6$ tentukan nilai y yang memenuhi!

$$f(5, y, 2) = 2y = 6$$

$$2y = 6$$

$$y = 3$$

Persamaan , Substitusi Var

$$f(x, y, z) = \bar{a} + \bar{b} - \bar{c}$$

$$\bar{a} = x + y$$

$$\bar{b} = y + z$$

$$\bar{c} = x + z$$

$$\therefore a + b - c$$

$$\rightarrow (x + y) + (y + z) - (x + z)$$

$$\cancel{x} + y + y + \cancel{z} - \cancel{x} - \cancel{z}$$

$$= 2y$$

$$f(x, y, z) = 2y$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int g(int x, int y){  
    int a = x;  
    int b = a + y;  
  
    x = x + 1;  
    y = y + 1;  
  
    a = a + x;  
    b = a + b;  
  
    return a + b  
}
```

→ update Name

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan g(2000,25)!

$$g(2000, 25) = 4001 + 6026 = 10027$$

Increment

Salah

~~$$a = a + x \rightarrow a - a = x : x = 0$$~~

$$\underline{x} = 2000, \quad y = 25$$

$$a = x, \quad b = a + y$$

$$a = 2000, \quad b = 2000 + 25 = 2025$$

$$\underline{x}' = x + 1 = 2000 + 1 = \underline{2001}$$

$$y' = y + 1 = 25 + 1 = 26$$

$$a' = a + x' = 2000 + 2001$$

$$b' = a' + b = 4001 + 2025 = 6026$$

$$a = a + 1 \rightarrow a' = a + 1$$

↪ $a += 1$

$$\boxed{\text{ }} \overset{-}{+} = \Delta \rightarrow \boxed{\text{ }} = \boxed{\text{ }} \overset{-}{+} \Delta \quad (\text{increment})$$

*
%
/

$$\boxed{\text{ }} \overset{-}{+} = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\text{ }} \overset{-}{++}$$

*

$$a = 5$$

$$a++ \rightarrow a += 5 \rightarrow a' = 5 + 1$$

$$a_{\text{avg}} = 6$$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

$a = 20$, $b = 3$

```
int a, b;  
void h() {  
    a++;  
    b++;  
    a+=b;  
    b-=a;  
    a*=2;  
    b/=a;  
    a%=3;  
}
```

$a = 21$

$b = 4$

$a = 25$ ✓

$b = -21$

$a = 50$ ✓

$b = -21 / 50 = 0$

$a = 50 \text{ mod } 3 = 2$

answer

$a = 2$, $b = 0$

Jika mula – mula nilai $a = 20$, dan $b = 3$, tentukan nilai akhir a dan b setelah prosedur $h()$ dijalankan!

$$\left\lfloor \frac{-21}{50} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor -0.42 \right\rfloor = 0$$

-1 0

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y){  
    return x / y;  
}  
  
int der(double x, double y){  
    return dar(x,y) * y;  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z){  
    return dar(x * z, y * z);  
}
```

$L_{0.5} = 0$

Handwritten diagram showing a bracket from 1 to 0.5 labeled "atas" (above) and a bracket from 0.5 to 0 labeled "bawah" (below). The 0 is circled in red.

Tentukan kembalian fungsi jika dipanggil dar(27.354929893, 8.298399)!

double X = 0.25 → int X = 0

↓
decimal

double y = x (int) double → int

y = 0

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y){  
    return x / y;  
}  
  
int der(double x, double y){  
    return dar(x,y) * y (int);  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z){  
    return dar(x * z, y * z);  
}
```

Tentukan kembalian fungsi jika dipanggil der(27.354929893, 8.298399)!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y){  
    return x / y;  
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int der(double x, double y){  
    return dar(x,y) * y (int);  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z){  
    return dar(x * z, y * z);  
}
```

Jika hasil pemanggilan fungsi $\text{dor}(36, y, z) = 9$ tentukan nilai y yang memenuhi

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int dar(double x, double y){  
    return x / y;  
}  
  
int der(double x, double y){  
    return dar(x,y) * y (int);  
}  
  
int dor(double x, double y, int z){  
    return dar(x * z,y * z);  
}
```

Jika hasil pemanggilan fungsi $\text{dor}(36, y, z) = 9$ untuk y dan z bilangan bulat , serta $1 \leq z \leq 1000$ ada berapa banyak pasangan y dan z yang memenuhi?

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int kwak(int x, int y){  
    if(x % y ==0) return 1;  
    return 0;  
}
```

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan $\text{kwak}(100000, 1) + \text{kwak}(100000, 2) + \text{kwak}(100000, 3) + \dots + \text{kwak}(100000, 100000)$

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int aduk(int x, int y){  
    while(x > 0){  
        y++;  
        x--;  
    }  
    return (y);  
}
```

$x = 0$

Pengulangan

y++
sebanyak

$19.10 - 20.10$
pengulangan x

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan `aduk(20, 2024)`!

$x = 20$

`aduk(20, 24)` → kurangi x sampai 0

$x --$
 $x --$
 \vdots
Sampai $x = 0$

hasil = $y + 1x = y + x$

$aduk(x, y) = x + y$
 $= 20 + 2024$
 $= 2044$

y++ sebanyak 20 kali
x kali

$20 - 1 + \boxed{?} = 0$
↓
20

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int campur(int x, int y){  
    int ret = 0;  
    for(int i = 1; i<=x; i++){  
        ret+=i;  
    }  
    for(int j = 1; j<=y; j++){  
        ret-=i;  
    }  
    return ret;  
}
```

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan campur(13, 15)!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int tumpah(int x, int y) {  
    int ret = 0;  
    for(int i = 1; i<=x; i++){  
        for(int j = 1; j<=y; j++){  
            ret++;  
        }  
    }  
    return ret;  
}
```

Tentukan berapa hasil pemanggilan `campur(13, 15)`!

Perhatikan Potongan Program di bawah ini!

```
int a,b,c;  
cin>>a>>b>>c;  
int x = 3,y = 2,z = 1;  
a = a + x;  
b = b + y;  
c = c + z;  
  
cout<<a+b+c<<endl;
```

Jika keluaran yang dihasilkan sama dengan 12 tentukan ada berapa banyak triplet masukan berupa bilangan bulat non-negative $\langle a,b,c \rangle$ yang mungkin diinput pada program sehingga keluarannya sesuai!


```
int merah(int a,int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return merah(a+1,b-1);
}
int biru(int a, int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return biru(a-1,b-1);
}
int kuning(int a, int b){
    if(b == 1) return a;
    return (a+kuning(a,b-1));
}
int hijau(int a, int b){
    if(a - b == 0) return 1;
    return (1+hijau(a-b,b));
}
```

```
int merah(int a,int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return merah(a+1,b-1);
}
int biru(int a, int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return biru(a-1,b-1);
}
int kuning(int a, int b){
    if(b == 1) return a;
    return (a+kuning(a,b-1));
}
int hijau(int a, int b){
    if(a - b == 0) return 1;
    return (1+hijau(a-b,b));
}
```

```
int merah(int a,int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return merah(a+1,b-1);
}
int biru(int a, int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return biru(a-1,b-1);
}
int kuning(int a, int b){
    if(b == 1) return a;
    return (a+kuning(a,b-1));
}
int hijau(int a, int b){
    if(a - b == 0) return 1;
    return (1+hijau(a-b,b));
}
```

```
int merah(int a,int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return merah(a+1,b-1);
}
int biru(int a, int b){
    if(b == 0) return a;
    return biru(a-1,b-1);
}
int kuning(int a, int b){
    if(b == 1) return a;
    return (a+kuning(a,b-1));
}
int hijau(int a, int b){
    if(a - b == 0) return 1;
    return (1+hijau(a-b,b));
}
```

```
int main() {  
    int res = 0, x;  
    for(int i = 1; i<=100 ;i++){  
        for(int j = 1; j<=i; j++){  
            x = merah(i,j) + biru(i,j);  
            res += hijau(x,2);  
        }  
    }  
    cout<<res<<endl;  
}
```



```
int arr[11] = {0,0,4,6,1,2,5,3,9,7,8};  
int cari(int x,int y=0){  
    if(x == 0) return y;  
    return cari(arr[x],y+1);  
}
```