

$$\frac{3 \text{ mod } 2}{\downarrow \text{ terbagi} \downarrow \text{ Pembagi}} =$$

terbagi
Numerus

A hand-drawn diagram of a division problem. It shows a horizontal line with a '3' above it and a '2' below it. A curved arrow points from the '3' to the '2'. Above the '2' is a 'x' with a small circle, indicating multiplication. Below the '2' is a '2' with a small circle, indicating squaring. To the right of the '2' is a horizontal line with a '1' below it, representing the remainder.

Sisa < Pembagi

$$* \quad a \mod n \equiv k$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}^+ < N$$

$$a \mod 5 \equiv k$$

$$k < 5 \rightarrow k = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$a \mod n \equiv k$$

$$xn + k$$

Menentuin' a

$$x = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots\}$$

$$x \bmod 5 = 3$$

$\frac{x}{5}$ bisa bagi

$$x \equiv \frac{5k}{\downarrow} + 3 \quad (k = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, \dots\})$$

Bil Keiparan 5

Siang bilangan buat positif a
dan a Keiparan n

$$(a + c) \bmod n \equiv c$$

$a | n$

$$x \bmod 5 \equiv 3$$

$$x \equiv 5k + 3 \quad (k=0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots)$$

$$5. 0 + 3 \bmod 5 = 3$$

$$5. 1 + 3 \bmod 5 = 3$$

⋮

$$1 \leq x \leq 2024 \quad 5k + 3 \leq 2024$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5k &\leq 2021 \\ k &\leq \left\lfloor \frac{2021}{5} \right\rfloor \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ada } 404 + 1 \text{ x} \quad k = 404$$

Yang memerlui

```

int n;
int ret = 0;
int k = 1;
while (k <= 100)
{

```

40

- 1) if ((n + 2 * k) % 5 == 0) { → $29 + 2k \bmod 5 \equiv 0$ C1
ret++;
k++;
- 2) } else if ((n + 5 * k) % 3 == 0) { → $29 + 5k \bmod 3 \equiv 0$ C2
- 3) if ((n * k) % 4 != 0) { → $29k \bmod 4 \neq 0$ C3
ret++;
k++;
} else{
 k++;
}
} else{
 k++;
}

n = 29, ret berapa?

If \wedge {
 If { } }] If (a and b)
 } \leftarrow

$$29 + 2k \bmod 5 \equiv 0 \quad C1$$

$\nwarrow \times 12$

$$29 + 5k \bmod 3 \equiv 0 \quad C2$$

$$29k \bmod 4 \neq 0 \quad C3$$

(If 1) true and xor
 (If 2) and If 3 true

Inclusion exclusion

Banyak & yg memenuhi

$$C_1 \cup (C_2 \cap C_3)$$

$$|A \cup B| = |A| + |B| - |A \cap B|$$

$$C_1 : 2g + 2k \bmod 5 \equiv 0 \rightarrow 2g + 2k \mid 5$$

$$(a \stackrel{*}{\pm} b \bmod n) \equiv (a \bmod n \stackrel{*}{\pm} b \bmod n) \bmod n$$

kecuali $S \rightarrow$ digit terakhir $S \neq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2g + 2k}{\cancel{2}} \bmod \cancel{5} \equiv 0 & 35 \bmod 5 \equiv 0 \\ & k = \{3, 8, 13, 18, \dots, \} & g = \frac{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 1}{3 \cdot 2} \\ & \underline{+5} & \end{aligned}$$

Kot Penbagi

$$K = \{3, 8, 13, 18, \dots, \\ K \leq 100 \dots ?\}$$

$$K = \{5n - 2\}$$

$$5n - 2 \leq 100 \Leftrightarrow 5n \leq 102 \\ n = \left\lfloor \frac{102}{5} \right\rfloor \\ n = 20$$

ada 20 yang memenuhi $2q + 2k \mid 5$
 $(0 \leq k \leq 100)$

$$x \bmod n \equiv 0$$

$$x \equiv \{ kn \} \quad k = \{ 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \}$$

$$x \equiv \{ (k+l)n \}$$

$$C_2 : 2q + sk \bmod 3 \equiv 0 \stackrel{+s}{\overbrace{\quad}} \quad$$

$$k_0 = 2 \quad - \quad k = \{ 2, 5, 8, 11, \dots \}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_n &= 2 + (n-1)s \\ &= 3n - 3 + 2 \\ &= 3n - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$(k \leq 100)$$

$$3n - 1 \leq 100 \rightarrow 3n \leq 101 \rightarrow n = \left\lfloor \frac{101}{3} \right\rfloor$$

$$n = 33$$

ada $\underbrace{33}_{\text{Memenuhi } C_2} \leftarrow yg$

$$C_3 \subseteq C_2 \rightarrow \leftarrow$$

$$C_2 \& C_3 \rightarrow 29 + 5k \mid 3 \quad C \leftarrow \text{bukan keiparan 4}$$

$$K_{C_2} = \{2, 5, \underline{8}, 11, 14, 17, \underline{20}, 23, \dots\}$$

$$\leftarrow C_3 \subseteq C_2 \quad K_{C_3} = \{8, \underbrace{20, 32}_{12}, 44, 56, 68, 80, 92\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}|C_2 \cap C_3| &= K_{C_2} - K_{C_3} \\ &= 33 - 8 \\ &= 25\end{aligned}$$

$$|C_1 \cup C_2 \cup C_3| = |C_1| + |C_2 \cup C_3| - |C_1 \cap C_2 \cup C_3|$$

$$C_1 = \{3, 8, 13, 18, \underline{23}, 28, 33, \underline{38}\}$$

$$C_2 \cup C_3 = \{2, 5, 11, 19, 17, \underline{23}, \dots, \underline{38}\}$$

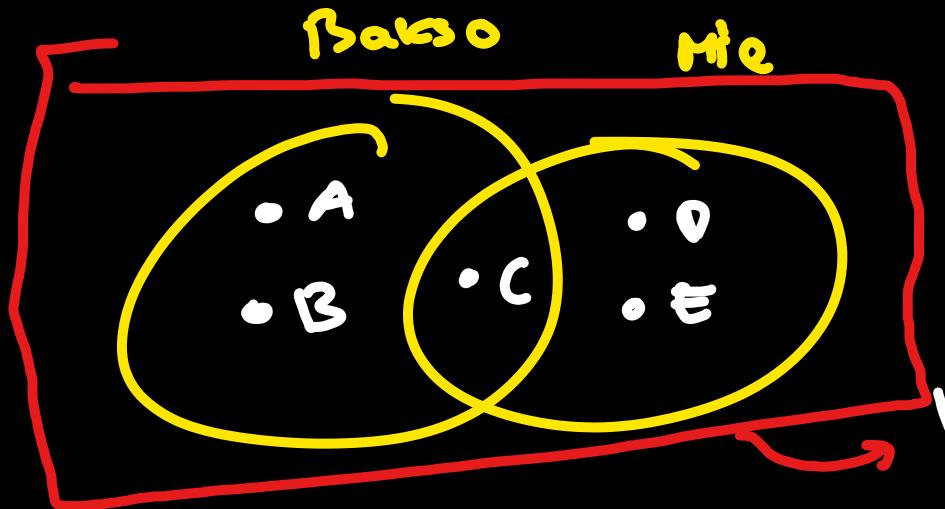
$$C_1 \cap C_2 \cup C_3 = \{23, \overbrace{38}^{+15}, \overbrace{53}^{+15}, \cancel{68}, \cancel{83}, \cancel{98}\}$$

19 obolen

$$= 5$$

$$\text{ans} = 20 + 25 - 5 = 40$$

≡



$$\text{Bakso} = \{A, B, C\}$$

$$\text{Mie} = \{C, D, E\}$$

$$\text{Bakso} \cup \text{Mie} = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$$

$$\text{Bakso} + \text{Mie} = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$$

remove
duplicate → intersect

$$|A \cup B| = |A| + |B| - |A \cap B|$$

$$a^b \bmod n \equiv (a \bmod n)^b \bmod n$$

$$a^b \bmod n \equiv a^{b \bmod \phi(n)} \bmod n$$

Digit Satuan

²⁰²⁵
2024

$$\underline{2024}^{2025} \bmod 10 \equiv 4 \bmod 10$$

$$(4^{\frac{2025}{}}) \bmod 10 \equiv$$

$$(4^{\frac{2022}{}} \cdot 4^{\frac{3}{}}) \bmod 10$$

$$(4^2)^{1011} \cdot 64 \bmod 10$$

$$(16)^{1011} \cdot 64 \bmod 10$$

$$t((6^{1011}) \cdot 4 \bmod 10)$$

$$(6 \cdot 1 \mod 10)$$

$$21 \mod 10 = 1$$

$$1^{2025} \mod 10 = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

$$9^1 \mod 10 = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

$$9^2 \mod 10 = \underline{\underline{6}}$$

$$9^3 \mod 10 = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

$$9^4 \mod 10 = \underline{\underline{6}}$$

⋮

$$9^{x \times 12} \mod 10 = 6$$

$$\frac{9^{2025} \mod 2}{\mod 10 \equiv}$$

$$9^1 \mod 10 = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

$$3^{\frac{2025}{\text{mod } 10}}$$

$3^{2025 \text{ mod } 4}$

$$\text{mod } 10 =$$

$$\vartheta(10) = 4$$

$\vartheta(n) = \text{Phi}(n)$ = banyaknya bil Relatif Prima

$$K_p(10) = \{1, 3, 7, 9 | \text{dgn } n \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ ada } q \text{ sed. } 10q + r = n \}$$

$$\vartheta(10) = 4$$

$$3^1 \text{ mod } 10 = 3$$

$$3^2 \text{ mod } 10 = 9$$

$$3^3 \text{ mod } 10 = 7$$

$$3^4 \text{ mod } 10 = 1$$

$$3^5 \text{ mod } 10 = 3$$

$$3^6 \text{ mod } 10 = 9$$

$$3^7 \text{ mod } 10 = 7$$

$$3^8 \text{ mod } 10 = 1$$

$$\mathcal{O}(100)$$

$$\mathcal{O}(n) = n * \left(1 - \frac{1}{P_1}\right) * \left(1 - \frac{1}{P_2}\right) * \dots$$

$$100 = (2 \cdot 5)^2 = 2 \cdot 5$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}(100) &= 100 * \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) * \left(1 - \frac{1}{5}\right) \\ &= 100 * \frac{1}{2} * \frac{4}{5} \\ &= \frac{400}{10} = 40\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}3^{2025} \mod 100 &= 3^{2025 \text{ mod } \mathcal{O}(100)} \\ &= 3^{2025 \mod 40} \mod 100 \\ &= 3^{\mod 100}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3^{50} \bmod 100 &= (3^5)^{10} \bmod 100 \\
 &= \underline{243}^{10} \bmod \underline{100} \\
 &= \underline{93}^{10} \bmod 100 \\
 &= (93^2)^5 \bmod 100 \\
 &= (99^5 \bmod 100)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 93 \\
 93 \\
 \times \\
 129 \\
 \hline
 2
 \end{array}$$

...

* Euler Totient Function

$$a^b \bmod n \equiv a^{b \bmod \phi(n)} \bmod n$$

F.P.B (a, n) = 1

* Fermat Little Theorem

$$a^b \bmod p \equiv a \quad P \text{ is } \underline{\text{Prime}}$$

$$a^p \bmod (p-1) \equiv 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 999999999 \\ \hline 99 \\ \hline 1 \\ 2029 \overline{P} \end{array} \mod \frac{3}{P} \equiv 9999$$
$$2029 \overline{P} \mod \frac{16}{P-1} \equiv 1$$

$$\gcd(4, 6) = \gcd(4 \bmod 4, 6 \bmod 4)$$

$$6 \bmod 4 = 2$$

\downarrow
factor

$$4 \bmod 2 = 0$$

$$6/2 = 6 - 2 - 2 - 2$$

$$5 \bmod 2 = 5 - 2 - 2 = 1$$

$$x/\text{Fpb}(x,y) + y/\text{Fpb}(x,y)$$

$$\frac{6 : \text{Frb}(6,3)}{3 : \text{Frb}(6,3)} = \frac{2}{1}^6$$

