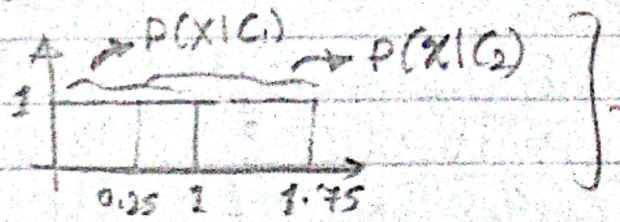
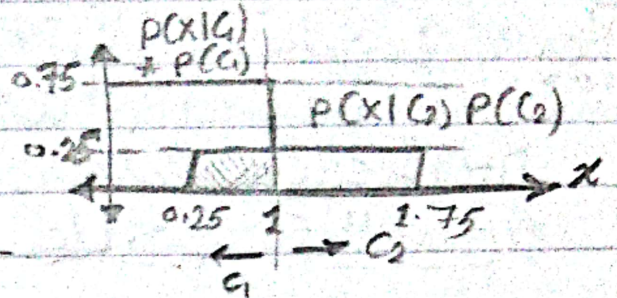


Sh 3 Bayes "Gaussian"

Q.1 $\begin{cases} P(C_1) = 0.75 \\ P(C_2) = 0.25 \end{cases}$



$$P(\text{error}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P(X|C_2)P(C_2)dx + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P(X|C_1)P(C_1)dx$$



$$= \text{Area} [\text{shaded area}]$$

$$= 0.25 \times 0.25$$

$$= 1/16$$

$$P(\text{correct}) = 1 - 1/16 = 15/16$$

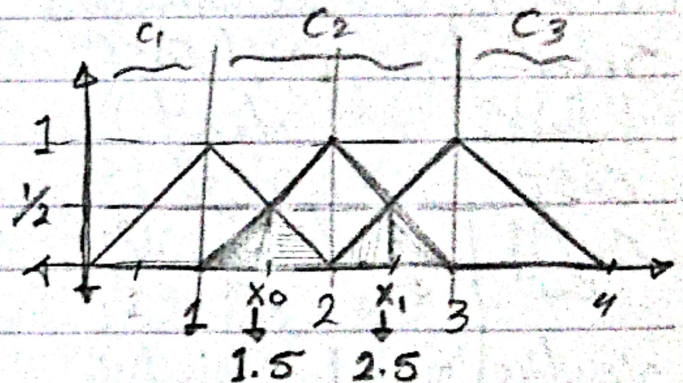
و این دو Given و جزئیات
 x=1 عند DB ال
 الی سو مکان ما ال max اتیر

Q.2 $P(C_1) = P(C_2) = P(C_3) = 1/3$

$$P(X|C_1)P(C_1) = P(X|C_2)P(C_2)$$

$$\frac{2-x}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{x-1}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

$$2-x = x-1 \Rightarrow 2x = 3 \Rightarrow x_0 = 1.5$$



$$x \in C_1 \text{ if } x \leq 1.5$$

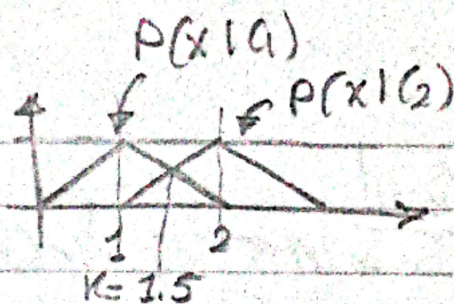
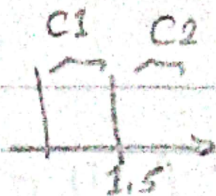
$$x \in C_2 \text{ if } 1.5 < x \leq 2.5$$

$$x \in C_3 \text{ if } x > 2.5$$

$$P(\text{error}) = \int_{1.5}^{2} P(X|C_1)P(C_1)dx + \int_{1.5}^{2.5} P(X|C_2)P(C_2)dx + \int_{2.5}^{3} P(X|C_3)P(C_3)dx$$

$$= 4 \times [1/2 \times 1/2 \times 1/2] \times 1/3 = 1/6$$

Q:3 $P(C_1) = P(C_2) = \frac{1}{2}$



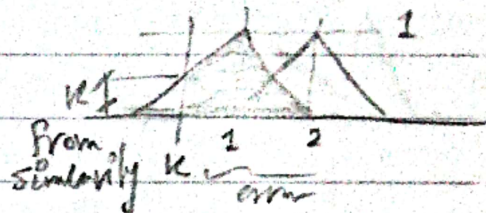
Show that any other class Rule
Results in a higher $P(\text{error})$

یعنی لو K ہائی جائے تو
ال $P(\text{error})$ کم ہوگا!

Case 1 let $K \leq 1$

$$P(\text{error}) = \left[\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 1 + \frac{1}{2} K \times K \right] \times P(C)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \frac{K^2}{2} \right]$$



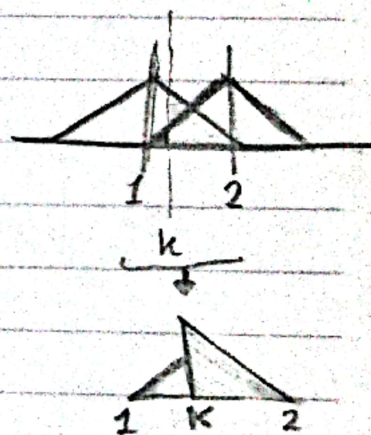
$K \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow P(e) = \frac{1}{2}$
 $K \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow P(e) = \frac{1}{4}$

Case 2 let $K \gg 2 \rightarrow$ Same as Case 1

Case 3 $1 \leq K \leq 2$

$$P(e) = \int_0^K P(x|C_2) P(C_2) dx + \int_K^2 P(x|C_1) P(C_1) dx$$

$$= \frac{(K-1)^2}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{(2-K)^2}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$
$$= \frac{1}{4} ((K-1)^2 + (2-K)^2)$$



$$\frac{dP(e)}{dK} = 0 \Rightarrow 2(K-1) = 2(2-K) \Rightarrow 2K = 3$$


$K = 1.5$

So the min value of $P(e)$ is at
 $K = 1.5$

$P(e)_{K=1.5} = \frac{1}{8}$

Q.4

$\leftarrow \rightarrow$

* AS μ_1 & μ_2 get further $\rightarrow P(e) \downarrow$ 

* AS σ_1 & σ_2 increases $\rightarrow P(e) \uparrow$ 

* AS $P(G_1)$ & $P(G_2)$ approaches 0.5 $\rightarrow P(e) \uparrow$

