

- What is the one-time pad cryptosystem? What is it used for?
- What is the main drawback of the one-time pad?
- You can encrypt 220 values in 1 second:
 - If the key is 40 bits long:
 - How long does it take to break it?
 - Mention a scenario where it's practical, another one where it's not practical.
 - If the key is 80 bits long:
 - How long does it take to break it?
 - Mention a scenario where it's practical, another one where it's not practical.
- DES one round (**sketch**).
- Draw OFB diagram.
- Mentioned modes of operation of DES.
- Write Needham equations. What is an obvious attack against it? How to counter it?
- Needham suffers from man-in-the-middle attack, explain.
- HMAC: design goals, what is the overhead over just using a hash function, diagram
- SSL Stack Diagram.
- SSL Record Protocol operations and their security service.
- RSA Question.
- Diffie-Hellman methodology and derivation.
- Types of malicious software, their description, and whether or not they need a host.
- Diffie-Hellman problem with $q=71$ and $\alpha=7$
 - $X_a=5$ $X_b=12$ calculate Y_a and Y_b
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- Certificate requirements.
- Contents of certificate.
- What is an Audit record? Why is it used?
- What is a Honeypot? How is it used?
- Playfair question (key = monarchy).
- How can two parties share a session key without having public keys (diagram).
- Types of intruders and their descriptions.
- Mention the two techniques for detecting intruders and their description.
- Several MCQ and True or False questions (mistakes are penalized with negative marks):
- Which of the following is reducible in $GF(2)$:
 - $X^3 + X^2 + 1$
 - $X^3 + 1$
 - All of the above
 - None of the above
- Which 2 encryption modes permit the block cipher encryption function to be called before the data is available? **OFB & CTR**