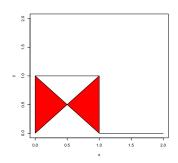
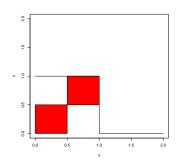
14.310x: Data Analysis for Social Scientists Describing Data, Joint and Conditional distributions - Part 2

Suppose two sisters, Caroline and Anna, sleep in adjoining rooms. Each has a speaker over which she plays music, and each speaker has a volume dial going from 0 to 1. The joint distribution of the volumes of the two speakers is $f_{XY}(x,y) = c(x+y^2)$ over the unit square, 0 otherwise. (Caroline's volume is denoted by X, Anna's by Y.)

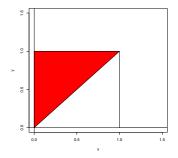
- 1) Which of the following figures represent the domain in which the density function is defined as $f_{XY}(x,y) = c(x+y^2)$?
 - (a) The domain is:



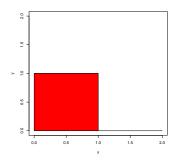
(b) The domain is:



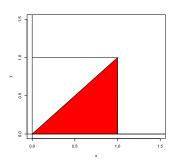
(c) The domain is:



(d) The domain is:



(e) The domain is:



2) What does the constant c represent? (Select all that apply)

(a) The constant c is a parameter whose value assures that the joint PDF integrates to 1.

(b) The constant c represents a parameter that changes both the joint PDF and the joint CDF of the random variables X and Y.

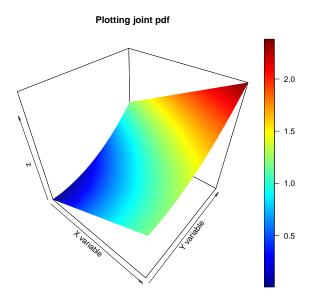
(c) The constant c is an irrelevant parameter in the shape of the joint CDF of the random variables X and Y.

(d) The constant c is a parameter that helps to infer whether the random variables X and Y are independent.

3) What is the value of the constant c in this case?

Now we are going to work in R to plot the bivariate PDF. Take a look at the following code in order to create a grid and a 3-dimensional plot of the PDF. Please note that you might need to install the package plot3D.

4) The following plot was created by running the code. A student is claiming that this plot is wrong since there are certain regions in which the PDF shows values larger than 1. Is this student correct that there is a mistake and therefore the plot does not correspond to the information given in the problem?



- (a) Yes
- (b) No
- 5) Are the volumes of the two speakers independent random variables?
 - (a) Yes
 - (b) No
- 6) What is the formula for the marginal distribution of Anna's speaker volume?

- a) $f_Y(y)$ is given by $\frac{5}{6}\left(\frac{1}{2}+y^2\right)$
- b) $f_Y(y)$ is given by $\frac{6}{5}\left(\frac{1}{2}+y^2\right)$
- c) $f_Y(y)$ is given by $\frac{6}{5} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{y} \right)$
- d) $f_Y(y)$ is given by $\frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{y} \right)$
- 7) What is the conditional distribution of Caroline's volume as a function of Anna's?
 - (a) This is given by $\frac{\left(x+y^2\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}+y^2\right)}$
 - (b) This is given by $\frac{\frac{5}{6}\left(x+y^2\right)}{\frac{6}{5}\left(\frac{1}{2}+y^2\right)}$
 - (c) This is given by $\frac{\left(x+\sqrt{y}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}+y^2\right)}$
 - (d) This is given by $\frac{\frac{6}{5}\left(x+y^2\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}+y^2\right)}$
- 8) From this conditional distribution can you infer whether Caroline likes Anna's music or not? (think whether Caroline's stereo volume is lower when Anna's is higher)

Hint: Think whether Caroline's stereo volume is lower when Anna's is higher

- (a) Caroline does like Anna's music.
- (b) Caroline does not like Anna's music
- 9) What is the probability that Caroline's volume is less than $\frac{1}{2}$ if Anna's volume is $\frac{1}{2}$?
- 10) Now, what is the marginal distribution of Caroline's speaker volume?
 - (a) It is given by $\frac{5}{6}\left(x+\frac{2}{3}\right)$
 - (b) It is given by $\frac{5}{6}\left(x+\frac{1}{3}\right)$
 - (c) It is given by $\frac{6}{5}\left(x+\frac{2}{3}\right)$

- (d) It is given by $\frac{6}{5}\left(x+\frac{1}{3}\right)$
- 11) Is there a First Order Stochastic Dominance relationship between the random variables X and Y? (We suggest you compute the CDF's of both variables and plot them in R.)
 - (a) The distribution of X FOSD the distribution of Y
 - (b) The distribution of Y FOSD the distribution of X
 - (c) There is no clear relationship
- 12) Can we say that Anna or Caroline prefer higher volumes?
 - a) Anna
 - b) Caroline
 - c) We can't say