

Table E10. Residential Sector Energy Expenditure Estimates, 2019
(Million Dollars)

State	Primary Energy								Electricity Retail Sales	Total Energy ^e
	Coal ^a	Natural Gas ^b	Petroleum				Biomass	Total ^e		
			Distillate Fuel Oil	HGL ^c	Kerosene	Total	Wood ^d			
Alabama	—	479	(s)	144	(s)	144	7	629	4,061	4,691
Alaska	—	199	133	11	(s)	144	27	370	442	812
Arizona	—	568	(s)	151	(s)	151	26	745	4,317	5,062
Arkansas	—	373	(s)	92	(s)	93	23	488	1,835	2,323
California	—	6,018	10	698	10	718	130	6,866	16,764	23,630
Colorado	—	1,109	4	276	(s)	280	64	1,453	2,363	3,815
Connecticut	—	763	1,000	270	1	1,272	28	2,062	2,733	4,795
Delaware	—	141	49	72	1	122	2	265	628	893
Dist. of Col.	—	155	1	(s)	(s)	1	—	156	331	487
Florida	—	360	1	235	(s)	236	1	597	14,883	15,480
Georgia	—	1,833	1	244	1	246	9	2,088	6,979	9,067
Hawaii	—	25	—	22	—	22	(s)	47	885	932
Idaho	—	200	8	121	(s)	129	76	406	860	1,266
Illinois	—	3,522	7	464	2	473	17	4,012	5,891	9,903
Indiana	—	1,240	24	287	3	314	35	1,589	4,183	5,772
Iowa	—	585	15	349	1	365	15	964	1,806	2,770
Kansas	—	629	(s)	152	(s)	152	11	793	1,733	2,526
Kentucky	—	529	9	190	3	203	34	766	2,869	3,636
Louisiana	—	415	(s)	51	(s)	52	2	468	3,035	3,503
Maine	—	50	570	235	33	838	91	980	858	1,838
Maryland	—	1,027	219	223	3	446	18	1,491	3,611	5,102
Massachusetts	—	1,989	1,438	360	6	1,804	42	3,835	4,233	8,068
Michigan	—	2,685	56	830	2	889	101	3,674	5,273	8,948
Minnesota	—	1,165	64	514	2	579	57	1,802	2,907	4,708
Mississippi	—	238	(s)	150	(s)	150	5	393	2,109	2,502
Missouri	—	1,151	1	331	1	333	53	1,537	3,976	5,513
Montana	—	170	7	183	(s)	190	68	427	591	1,018
Nebraska	—	329	1	108	(s)	109	8	447	1,110	1,556
Nevada	—	455	6	54	(s)	60	13	529	1,545	2,073
New Hampshire	—	127	439	307	12	759	56	941	904	1,845
New Jersey	—	2,326	492	164	1	657	11	2,994	4,535	7,529
New Mexico	—	271	(s)	114	(s)	114	63	448	860	1,308
New York	—	5,972	2,035	848	73	2,956	147	9,075	8,995	18,070
North Carolina	—	875	75	508	19	602	30	1,507	6,834	8,341
North Dakota	—	92	15	126	(s)	141	2	234	528	762
Ohio	—	2,779	153	535	6	695	58	3,531	6,464	9,996
Oklahoma	—	638	(s)	145	(s)	146	14	798	2,430	3,228
Oregon	—	478	26	82	3	112	130	720	2,124	2,844
Pennsylvania	—	2,769	1,374	620	26	2,020	138	4,927	7,509	12,435
Rhode Island	—	306	227	58	(s)	285	7	598	648	1,246
South Carolina	—	379	8	124	3	135	5	520	4,048	4,568
South Dakota	—	108	10	91	(s)	101	6	214	584	799
Tennessee	—	649	3	159	5	167	25	841	4,629	5,470
Texas	—	2,420	(s)	535	(s)	535	9	2,965	18,287	21,252
Utah	—	594	3	67	(s)	69	20	684	1,013	1,697
Vermont	—	54	221	204	9	434	60	548	369	917
Virginia	—	1,033	177	380	9	567	41	1,640	5,632	7,272
Washington	—	883	78	251	1	329	153	1,366	3,545	4,910
West Virginia	—	236	30	90	3	123	32	391	1,255	1,646
Wisconsin	—	1,164	88	501	2	591	79	1,834	3,118	4,952
Wyoming	—	113	2	74	(s)	76	21	210	318	529
United States	—	52,667	9,082	12,802	245	22,128	2,071	76,866	187,436	264,302

^a Consumption data are no longer collected and are assumed to be zero.

^b Includes supplemental gaseous fuels that are commingled with natural gas.

^c Hydrocarbon gas liquids, assumed to be propane only.

^d Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^e There are no direct fuel costs for geothermal or solar energy.

— = No consumption.

Where shown, (s) = Value less than 0.5 million dollars.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Web Page: All data are available at <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.php>.

Sources: Data sources, estimation procedures, and assumptions are described in the Technical Notes.