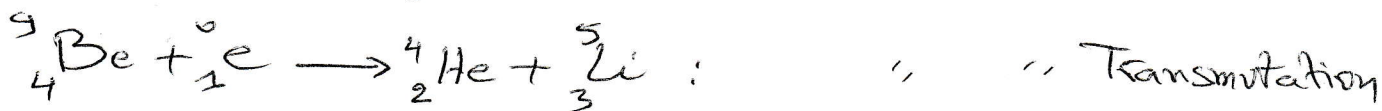
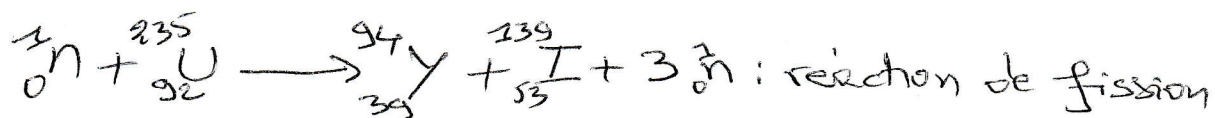
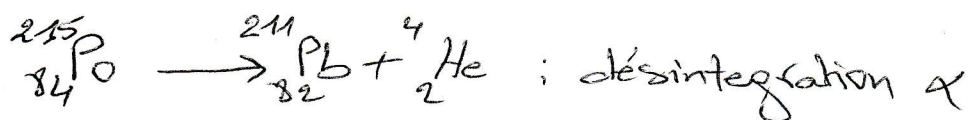
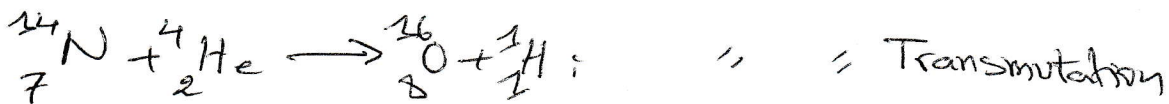
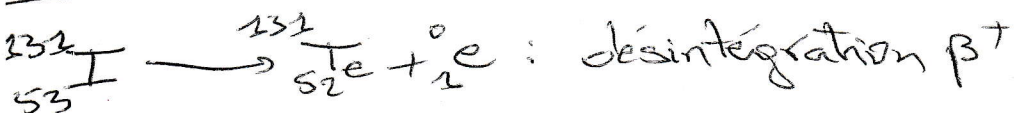


corrigé - type série 03

Exo 1



Exo 2

1) $N_t = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$

N_0 = nbre de noyaux initiaux = 100%

N_t = nbre de noyaux restant = 100 - nbre de noyaux désintégrés

$$= 100 - 35,38$$

$$= 64,62\%$$

$$\frac{N_t}{N_0} = e^{-\lambda t} \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{\ln \frac{N_0}{N_t}}{t} = \frac{\ln \frac{100}{64,62}}{1000}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = 0,436 \times 10^{-3} \text{ ans}^{-1}$$

2) $A = \lambda N_t$

$$1 \text{ Ci} = 3,7 \times 10^{10} \text{ d.p.s} = A$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{T} = \frac{1,38 \times 10^{-11} \text{ s}^{-1}}{\ln 2} = 1589,8 \text{ ans}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 1 \text{ mol} \longrightarrow N_A \text{ noyaux} \\ \frac{m}{M_m} \longrightarrow N_t \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow N_t = \frac{m}{M_m} N_A$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \lambda \frac{m}{M_m} N_A \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{A \cdot M_m}{\lambda \cdot N_A} = \frac{37 \times 10^{-2} \times 226}{1,38 \times 10^{-11} \times 6,023 \times 10^{23}}$$

$$3) \quad \Rightarrow m \approx 1g$$

$$A = \lambda N_t = \lambda \frac{m}{M_m} N_A$$

$$T = \ln \frac{2}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{T} = \frac{\ln 2}{28}$$

$$\lambda = 2,47 \times 10^{-2} \text{ ans}^{-1}$$

$$= 7,83 \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$A = 7,83 \times 10^{-10} \times \frac{0,5}{90} \times 6,023 \times 10^{23}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = 2,62 \times 10^{12} \text{ d.p.s}$$

$$A \approx 71 \text{ Ci}$$

$$2) \text{ Un an plus tard: } A = A_0 e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$= 71 e^{-2,47 \times 10^{-2} \times 1}$$

$$= 69,4 \text{ Ci}$$

$$3) \text{ réduction de } 10\% \Rightarrow \frac{A}{A_0} = 0,9 \Rightarrow A = 0,9 A_0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_0 e^{-\lambda t} = 0,9 A_0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = -\frac{\ln 0,9}{\lambda}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 4,3 \text{ ans}$$

$$\frac{203}{1) \quad \lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{T} = \frac{\ln 2}{5,5 \times 10^3} = 1,26 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ans}^{-1}$$

$$90\% \text{ de l'élément soit désintégré} \Rightarrow A = 0,1 A_0$$

$$0,1 A_0 = A_0 e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = -\frac{\ln 0,1}{\lambda}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 1,8 \times 10^4 \text{ ans}$$

EX04

1)

$$\lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{T} = \frac{\ln 2}{38}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = 1,82 \times 10^{-2} \text{ ans}^{-1}$$

$$\approx 5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ jours}^{-1}$$

2)

$$m = m_0 e^{-\lambda t} ; m_0 = 1 \text{ g}$$

Pour $t = 1 \text{ jour} \Rightarrow m = e^{-5 \times 10^{-5} \times 1}$

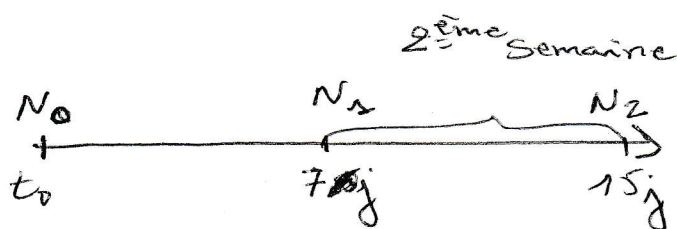
$$\Rightarrow m \approx 1 \text{ g}$$

Pour $t = 1 \text{ an} \Rightarrow m = e^{-1,82 \times 10^{-2}}$

$$\Rightarrow m \approx 0,982 \text{ g}$$

EX05

$$\lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{T} = \frac{\ln 2}{7,5} = 9,24 \times 10^{-2} \text{ jours}^{-1}$$



noyaux désintégrés pendant la 2^{ème} semaine = $N_1 - N_2$

$$N_1 = N_0 e^{-\lambda t_1}$$

$$N_2 = N_0 e^{-\lambda t_2}$$

$$N_0 = \frac{m_0}{M_m} N_A = \frac{0,32 \times 10^{-3} \times 6,023 \times 10^{23}}{110,723}$$

$$\Rightarrow N_0 = 1,74 \times 10^{18}$$

$$N_1 = 1,74 \times 10^{18} e^{-9,24 \times 10^{-2} \times 7} = 9,11 \times 10^{17} \text{ noyaux}$$

$$N_2 = 1,74 \times 10^{18} e^{-9,24 \times 10^{-2} \times 15} = 4,77 \times 10^{17} \text{ noyaux}$$

$$N = N_1 - N_2 = 4,34 \times 10^{17} \text{ noyaux désintégrés}$$