

# **ATLAS NOTE**

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# Users guide to the ATLAS LATEX package

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### Abstract

The usage of the ATLAS LATEX templates and style files is documented here. The options that are available are given, as well as the packages that can be loaded using these files. Information on the setups used to test the packages is given and some help with the conversion of the document to the LATEX format needed for journal submission is being added

This document was generated using version 00-97-00 of the ATLAS LATEX package.

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### 1 Introduction

This collection of ATLAS LATEX templates, style files and documentation can be used for papers, preprints and notes. All necessary files are collected in a single package called atlaslatex. The package is available from the web pages of the Publication Committee [1] and from SVN [2].

The collection replaces and hopefully improves on the previous packages. In particular it supersedes:

- atlasnote-00-04-05
- atlascover-00-00-11
- atlaspreprint-00-00-05
- atlasbib-00-00-04

Section 8 summarises the changes that have been made and how you can adapt your documents to use the new package. Section 9 summarises the changes to the cover macros.

The package includes the atlasdoc class, useful style files and documentation of the package. The documentation is provided as both PDF files and LATEX documents that should provide examples of how to use the package and how to write good LATEX.

The design principle is that you have a main document and the style files and atlasdoc class are in a subdirectory style. This subdirectory can of course be a link to a centrally maintained style directory.

The usual procedure is that for each document that you create, you first unpack the latest version of atlaslatex and then create your main document in the top-level directory. This structure means that it is easier to update the style files if a new version of atlaslatex is released. Each document can then be independent of the atlaslatex release.

To create a new document you can issue the commands:

### make new BASENAME=mydocument

This command copies atlas-document.tex, atlas-document-metadata.tex and atlas-document-contribute.tex to mydocument.tex, mydocument-metadata.tex and mydocument-contribute.tex. It also creates empty files mydocument-defs.sty and mydocument.bib.

In the Makefile you should change the BASENAME to the name of your document. You can then compile your document with the command: make.

Note that you have to specify the language of your document as an option in the \documentclass command. Typical settings are

- UKenglish (or british)
- USenglish (or american)

### 2 Title, author and document numbers

An ATLAS document usually collects a series of labels over time. These include the reference code of the analysis, e.g. BPHY-2013-04, the ATLAS note number and the CERN preprint number. In addition the abstract and title are needed on the front page of the document and also on various cover pages. The editors of the document, the editorial board members and the contributors to the analysis also need to be specified at some point.

While all this information can be collected in the main file of he document, it is probably better to put it all in a separate document. By default this file is called mydocument-metadata.tex.

#### 2.1 Metadata commands

The standard list of metadata commands are given below. More are available for the draft cover page when a paper, CONF note or PUB note draft is circulated to the collaboration. See template/atlas-document-metadata.tex for more details.

- \title{<Title>} typesets the paper title. If not given, a dummy title will be produced.
- \author{<Author>} typesets the paper author. If not explicitly given, *The ATLAS Collaborations* will be used by default. Note that the \author{} command is pretty limited in case you want to display multiple author names and multiple affiliations. For this use case the authblk.sty package is provided; this is a typical example of its use:

```
\usepackage{authblk}
\renewcommand\Authands{, } % avoid ''. and'' for last author
\renewcommand\Affilfont{\itshape\small} % affiliation formatting

\author[a]{First Author}
\author[a]{Second Author}
\author[b]{Third Author}

\affil[a]{One Institution}
\affil[b]{Another Institution}
```

- \AtlasAbstract{<The abstract text>} typesets the abstract on the front page and cover page.
- \date{<Date>} typesets the paper date. If not explicitly given, the current date (\today) will be used.
- \AtlasVersion{<Draft Version>} displays the draft version on the front page, a DRAFT banner on all the other page headings, and adds line numbers to all text to easy commenting and reviewing. Can be omitted.
- \AtlasJournal {<Journal Name>} displays the phrase *to be submitted to Journal Name* at the bottom of the front page and on the cover page. Can be omitted.
- \AtlasRefCode{<Reference code>} displays the ATLAS standard reference code, e.g. BPHY-2014-03, on the front page and the cover page. Not shown on the front page if the note number is given.
- \AtlasNote{<Note number>} displays the note number for a CONF, PUB, INT or COM note, e.g. ATLAS-CONF-2014-23, on the front page and cover page. If the note number is given, the reference code is not shown.
- \PreprintIdNumber{<Preprint number>} displays the CERN preprint number on the front page.
- \skipbeforetitle{<length>} sets the distance between the title page header and the note title. The default value should be fine for most notes, but in case you have a long list of authors or a lengthy abstract you can use this command to buy some extra space. Note that <length> can also be negative (use it at your own risk!).

atlas-document.tex contains a basic skeleton that can be used to start typing a new note using the atlasdoc class. Many of the custom commands described above are used in this example file, in order to demonstrate their use.

### 3 The atlasdoc class

This document has been typeset using the atlasdoc.cls class.

The atlasdoc class can use either the standard LATEX article class as its basis or the KOMA-Scriptsctartcl class. All the usual commands and options you usually use with article or scrartcl should work with it. You turn on the use of KOMA-Scriptwith the option koma. For instance, this document has been produced using this very simple preamble:

```
\documentclass[koma,UKenglish]{style/atlasdoc}
\usepackage{style/atlaspackage}
\usepackage{style/atlasphysics}
\graphicspath{{../},{figures/}}
```

Note that the document language must be specified, otherwise babel will complain.

The LATEX packages that are used in the document are mostly specified in style/atlaspackage.sty. The style file style/atlasphysics.sty defines a lot of useful macros for particles and more. See the separate document atlas-physics.pdf [3] for details.

If you want to use \biblatex you need to add the option biblatex when you include atlaspackage. Have a look at the style/atlaspackage.sty to see how biblatex is included. In your main document you use \addbibresource in the preamble to include your .bib files.

s mentioend above, you have to specify the document language as an option to atlasdoc. Several more options can be set:

```
a4paper Set paper size to A4 (default);
```

**letter** Set paper size to letter;

**coverpage** Include an ATLAS draft cover page;

**preprint** Make the front page for a CERN preprint;

**CONF** The document is a CONF note:

**PUB** The document is an PUB note;

nomaketitle Do not create a title page; to make it yourself give the command \maketitle after
\begin{document}

**koma** Use the KOMA-Script base class scrartcl instead of article. Note that some tuning of the KOMA-Script options still needs to be done.

Note that the options CONF and PUB get passed to atlascover.sty as they only influence the cover pages.

### 3.1 Dependencies

The atlasdoc class depends on these packages, whose presence in your system is required:

- color
- babel
- graphicx
- lineno: Add line numbers to documents
- txfonts: The standard ATLAS document font

These should be installed in any modern LATEX installation.

atlascover also needs hyperref. Have a look at templates/atlas-draft-cover.tex to see how to include it by hand. You can also simply use atlaspackage.sty

The style file atlaspackage.sty includes further packages. You can steer how mnay by using the option minimal, default or full. The minimal set is:

- amsmath: Extra useful maths environments
- inputenc: Allow \(\text{a}\), \(\phi\), \(\text{g}\), \(\text{be}\) input directly
- fontenc: Output font encoding
- hyperref: Add hyperlinks and ability to click on cross-references

The default set adds in addition:

- booktabs:
- footmisc: Extra footnote options
- mhchem: Chemical elements and molecules
- siunitx: Units package with extra functionality for tables
- subfig: More than one plot in a figure
- tocloft: Extra options for typesetting table of contents etc.

Finally the full set includes further packages that may be useful:

- csquotes
- longtable
- rotating
- xfrac

lineno.sty and authblk.sty are also provided in style/other. They should be part of a standard LATEX installation though.

There used to be a problem using the tikz package with atlasnote. With atlasdoc this problem seems to have gone away. tikz is not included in atlaspackage. If you want to use it, just add the usual \usepackage{tikz to your preamble.

### 3.2 Cover pages

The package also provides cover pages for the circulations of ATLAS drafts and for the CERN preprint version of an ATLAS paper. The style can be found in style/atlascover.sty.

If you wish to use the atlascover package with the atlasdoc class, you should usually use the coverpage option of the class:

\documentclass[coverpage,UKenglish]{style/atlasdoc}

instead of the usual usepackage command: this will ensure that the cover page is produced before the note title page.

You can include atlascover with \usepackage if you prefer. In this case you need the option nomaketitle in the atlasdoc class (if you are using it) and you include the \maketitle command after \begin{document}.

The following options can be passed on to the atlascover package:

paper The docment is an ATLAS paper draft (default);

**CONF** The document is a CONF note;

**PUB** The document is an PUB note;

**preprint** The fornt page should be in the form of a CERN preprint.

#### 3.3 ATLAS notes

If you include the macro \AtlasNote in your preamble, the note number will be printed under "AT-LASNOTE" at the top of your document. This can be used for any sort of ATLAS note, including CONF, PUB and INT notes.

### 4 Symbols in atlasphysics.sty

Many useful symbols are defined in atlasphysics.sty. While this used to be a very long file, it has now been split into several smaller files, which can be included or not using options.

# 5 Platforms and LATEX Versions

The package should work under Linux, MacOS and Windows. It has been tested on:

**Ubuntu 14.04** The standard TeX Live installation (package texlive). The following extra packages had to be installed: texlive-latex-extra (footmisc), texlive-humanities (lineno), texlive-science (siunitx), texlive-bibtex-extra and biber (biblatex and biber);

**Ixplus** It works out of the box, with the PATH recommendation given below;

CentOS 7 I install the "Technical Writing" collection. In addition I needed texlive-booktabs (booktabs), texlive-tocloft (tocloft). However, I still got complaints about lineno.sty and siunitx.sty. I was not able to find these in the standard RPM repositories. You can either get and install them from CTAN (lineno.sty is also available in style/other), or install your own TeX Live distribution.

Windows 7 MikTeX 2.9 (http://miktex.org) and TeXstudio 2.8.2 (http://texstudio.sourceforge.net). MikTeX has the advantage that it installs missing packages, provided you activated that option;

MacOSX 10.9 MacTeX (http://www.tug.org/mactex) and TeXstudio 2.8.2.

If you want to use the package on lxplus, you should make sure that you use a recent version of TeX Live. Set your PATH as follows:

export PATH=/afs/cern.ch/sw/XML/texlive/latest/bin/x86\_64-linux:\$PATH

The atlasdoc class works both with LATEX and PDFLATEX.

I would expect everything to work with TeXLive 2012 or later. Before that some option names for siunitx were different, and biblatex and biber were not really stable.

## 6 Miscellaneous LATEX tips

### 6.1 Graphics

Use the graphicx package [] to include your plots and figure. The use of older packages like espfig is deprecated. Since the graphicx package is required by the atlasnote class, it is automatically loaded when using it, and there is no need to explicitly included it in the document preamble.

Always include your graphics file without mentioning the file extension. For instance, if you want to include the figure.eps file, you should use a syntax like this:

```
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{figure}
```

This will allow you to compile your document using either LATEX or pdfLATEX without changing your source file: you can in fact have both figure.eps and figure.pdf in your working directory, and the proper one will be picked up according to the processing method you choose.

It is a good habit to keep you graphics file in a separate sub-directory (e.g. in figure/. In this case you can include them by mentioning it explicitly every time:

```
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{figures/figure}
```

or by telling the graphicx package where to look for them, by using this command:

```
\graphicspath{{figures/}}
```

#### 6.2 Definitions

You can use \ensuremath in definitions, so that they will work in both text mode and math mode, e.g.  $\mbox{newcommand{\UoneS}{\colored{VoneS}}}$  to get  $\Upsilon(1S)$  in either mode (\UoneS{}) or \$\UoneS\$).

## 7 Remarks on units and symbols

As discussed in the ATLAS Paper Template [atlas-paper], it is highly recommended to use a units package to format your units properly. The package siunitx works very well and is the package of choice. Alternatives include units and hepunits, which is based on SIunits.

The basic command to use in siunitx is \SI{20}{\GeV} to get 20 GeV. There are also several other useful commands for specifying ranges: \numrange for a range of numbers and SIrange for a range of numbers with a unit. Options exist for specifying how they are formatted. The options can be set for an individual command or for the whole document. For example, in this document I have specified the options: \sisetup{separate-uncertainty, range-units = repeat, detect-family = true}. and \sisetup{group-digits=integer, group-minimum-digits=4}.

In addition several extra units are defined:

- \micron for μm;
- \mrad for mrad;
- \nb for nb;
- \pb for pb;
- \fb for fb.

Use the syntax  $SI\{20.3\}\{\text{per}\fb}$  to get  $20.3 \,\text{fb}^{-1}$ .

Some things to note about using siunitx:

- It tries to isolate itself from other packages. If you just want to write GeV in your text, then you must write \si{\GeV}.
- It also contains two new column specifiers for tables "S" and "s", which are extremely useful for formatting tables properly.

### 7.1 $p_T$ or $E_T$ – that is the question

Bold math should be automatically invoked in titles. This short section tests whether that works properly. It is of course good if things like  $p_{\rm T}$  and  $E_{\rm T}$  are automatically in bold face in a header and normal font in the text (and table of contents).

#### 8 From at lashote to at lasdoc

The atlasdoc class replaces and supersedes atlasnote. The decision was taken to give the class a new name, as it is supposed to be able to be used for (almost) all ATLAS documents. Some small changes in the user setup are necessary to use the new class, style files and templates.

All style files are collected in the style subdirectory. It is assumed that this directory is a direct subdirectory of you main LATEX file. If you want to keep the style files in a central place you can either put them in \${HOME}/texmf/tex/latex or create a link from your main directoryto the location of your style directory.

The main changes the user has to make are:

- Change the class name from atlasnote to style/atlasdoc;
- Specify the document language as an option: UKenglish or USenglish;
- Add \usepackage{style/atlaspackage} at the beginning of the document;
- Change \usepackage{atlasphysics} to \usepackage{style/atlasphysics};

The language specification means that dates etc. are also formatted according to the document language. If you use the package \csquotes, quotation symbols are also consistently and properly set when you use \enquote.

All the documentation now uses biblatex and biber instead of BibTeX. The templates provide information on how to make the change in your own document.

As of atlascover-01-00-00 the same macro names are used in both atlasdoc and atlascover so that title, journal, version number and abstract only need to be specified once. This means that if you start from an old preamble the following changes should be made:

Old	New
\draftversion	\AtlasVersion
\atlasnote	\AtlasNote
\journal	\AtlasJournal
\abstracttext	\AtlasAbstract

If you use the old macro names \draftversion, \journal, \abstracttext, they will continue to work in the document itself, but not on the cover page.

The class and style files have been cleaned up and things that were thought to no longer be necessary have been removed. These pieces have been collected in style/atlasnote-obsolete.sty in case they are needed. If something important has got lost, please let me know.

The subfigure package has been replaced with subfig, as subfigure is now deprecated. If you use subfig, then you have to use \subfloat instead of \subfigure.

### 9 Changes in atlascover-01-00-00

As of atlascover-01-00-00 the same macro names are used in both atlasdoc and atlascover so that title, journal and version number only need to be specified once. This means that if you start from an old cover page the following changes have to be made:

Old	New
\AtlasCoverPaperTitle	\title
\AtlasCoverNumber	\AtlasRefCode
\AtlasCoverPaperVersion	\AtlasVersion
\AtlasCoverJournal	\AtlasJournal
\AtlasCoverAbstract	\AtlasAbstract

Note that atlaspreprint is integrated into atlascover and not maintained as a separate style file. To get the CERN preprint front page, you have to include the option preprint when you invoke atlasdoc.

Old	New
\PreprintCoverPaperTitle	\title
\PreprintJournalName	\AtlasJournal
\PreprintCoverAbstract	<b>\AtlasAbstract</b>

The following changes are needed for the macros:

• The macro \AtlasCoverEdBoardMember only has one argument, as a gnric email list now exists for every EdBoard.

## 10 Journal templates

This section collects information on where the LATEX templates for the different journals can be found:

**Elsevier** Elsevier uses the elsarticle class which should be already installed if you have a standard TeX Live distribution. It can also be found at http://www.elsevier.com/locate/latex.

APS APS journals use REVTEX. This is also usually installed. It can also be found at http://

# **History**

Quite a lot of people have contributed to the ATLAS LATEX templates over time. Marco Delmastro set them up in the first place and added a number of improvements over time. Mike Vetterli implemented several changes to the cover pages, including switching to two pages. Cristina Oropeza, Vasia Mitsou, Chris Hays and Mike Vetterli all made contributions to the preprint cover page.

Sven Menke provided the code so that bold math works in titles correctly.