

## One-to-One (1:1) Relationship

**Question:** Where should the **foreign key (FK)** go?

👉 Short answer: **It depends on ownership, optionality, and lifecycle.**

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🔑 **Rule 1: Put the foreign key on the dependent (optional) side**

If **one table cannot exist without the other**, the FK goes in the **dependent table**.

**Example: Employee ↔ Passport**

- An **employee** may or may not have a passport
  - A **passport** cannot exist without an employee
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🔑 **Rule 2: Put the foreign key where it makes business sense**

Ask:

“Which entity **logically belongs** to the other?”

**Example: User ↔ Profile**

- User exists first
- Profile is extra info

🔑 **Rule 3: Avoid foreign keys on both tables (usually)**

Putting FKs in **both tables** causes:

- Circular dependency
- Insert problems
- Harder maintenance

🔑 **Rule 4: Use a shared primary key for strong 1-to-1**

When the relationship is **mandatory on both sides**, use **same PK**.

**Example: Employee ↔ Employee\_Details**

- Every employee must have details
- Details cannot exist alone