Unique key definition and clean table

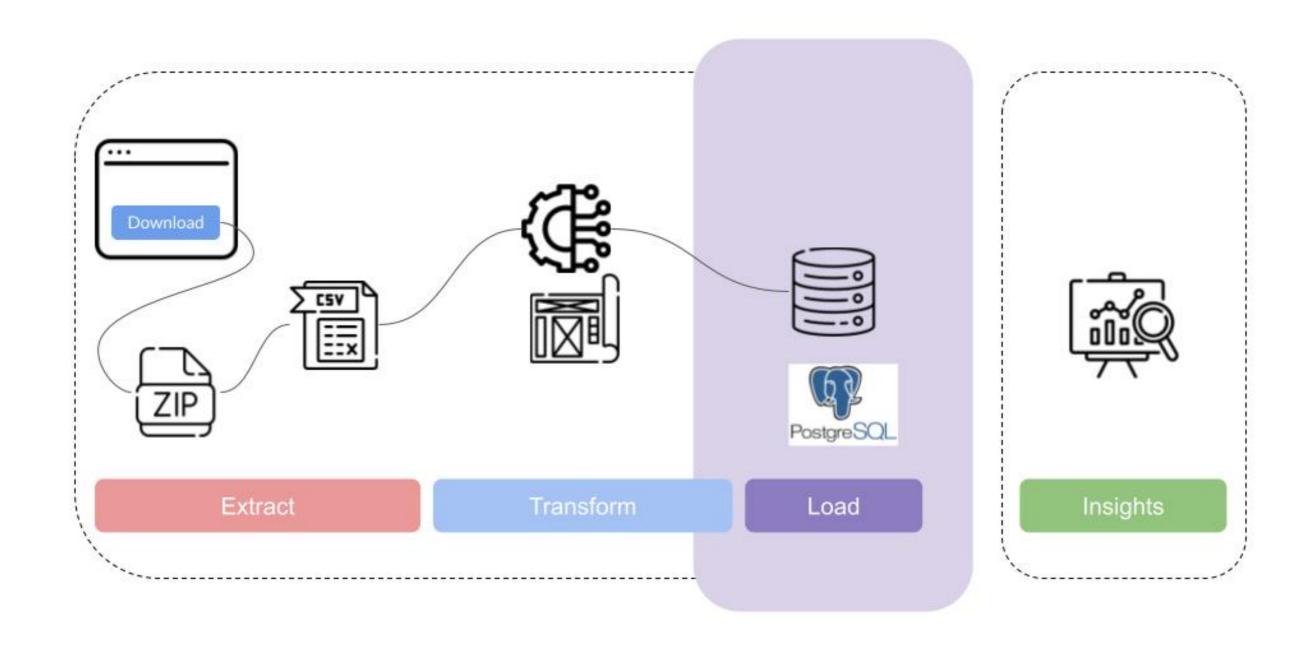
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Where we are in the pipeline

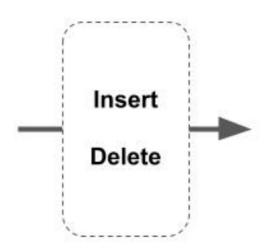


ppr_raw_all

Column name	type		
id	Integer (Primary Key)		
date_of_sale	String(55)		
address	String(255)		
postal_code	String(55)		
county	String(55)		
price	String(55)		
description	String(255)		

ppr_raw_all

Column name	type		
id	Integer (Primary Key)		
date_of_sale	String(55)		
address	String(255)		
postal_code	String(55)		
county	String(55)		
price	String(55)		
description	String(255)		



ppr_raw_all

Column name	type		
id	Integer (Primary Key)		
date_of_sale	String(55)		
address	String(255)		
postal_code	String(55)		
county	String(55)		
price	String(55)		
description	String(255)		

Insert

Delete

ppr_clean_all

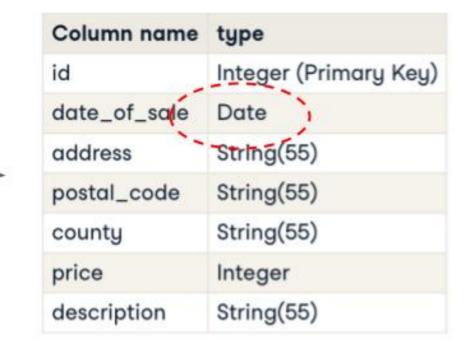
Column name	type	
id	Integer (Primary Key)	
date_of_sale	Date	
address	String(55)	
postal_code	String(55)	
county	String(55)	
price	Integer	
description	String(55)	



ppr_raw_all

Column name	type		
id	Integer (Primary Key)		
date_of_sale	String(55)		
address	String(255)		
postal_code	String(55)		
county	String(55)		
price	String(55)		
description	String(255)		

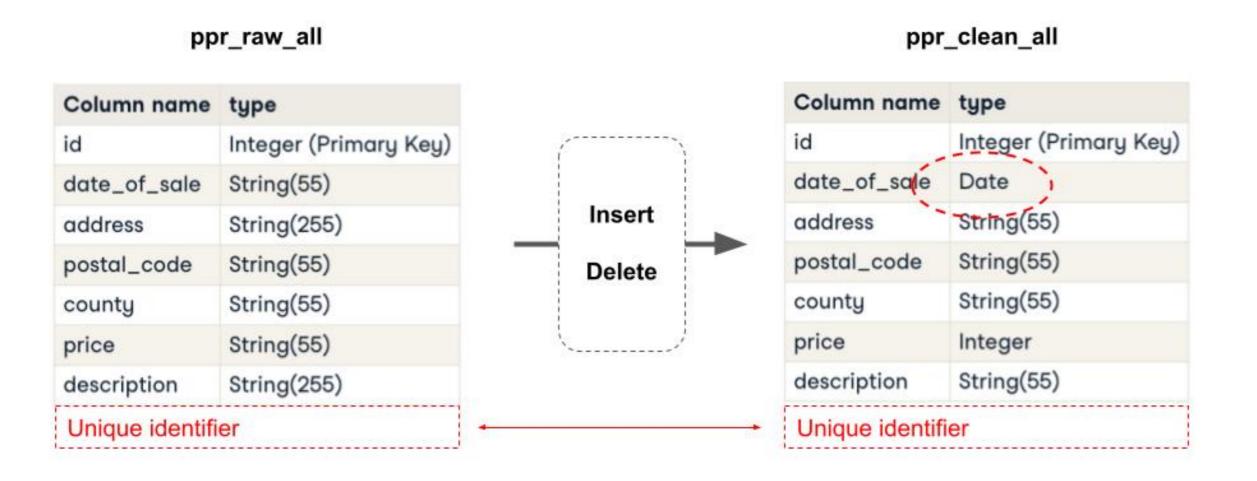
ppr_clean_all



Insert

Delete







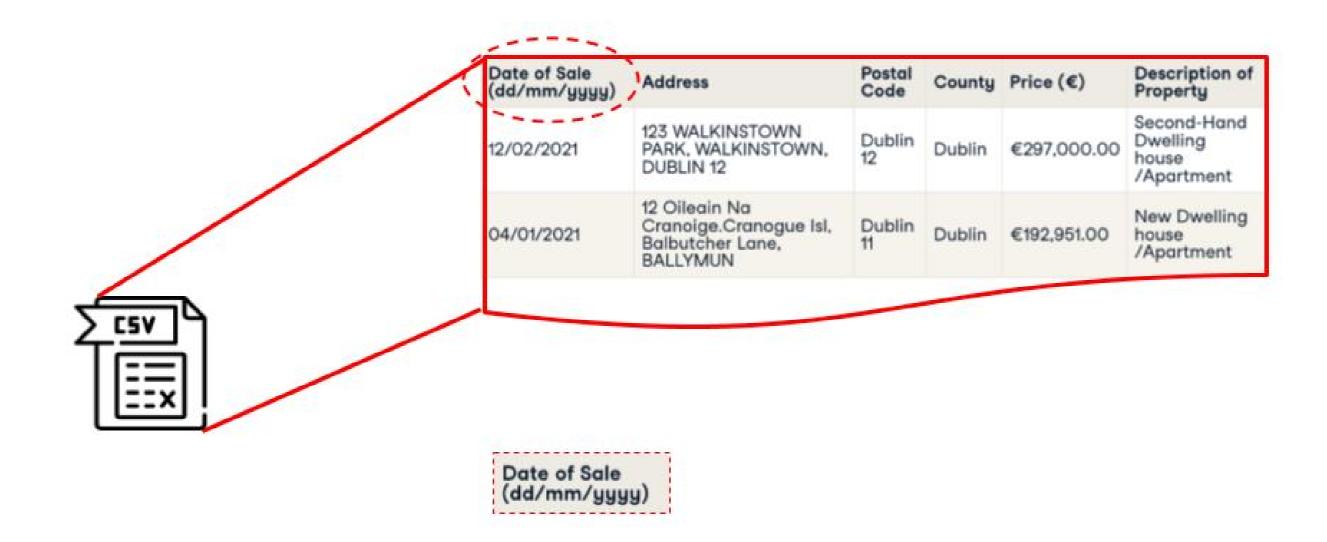
Date datatype

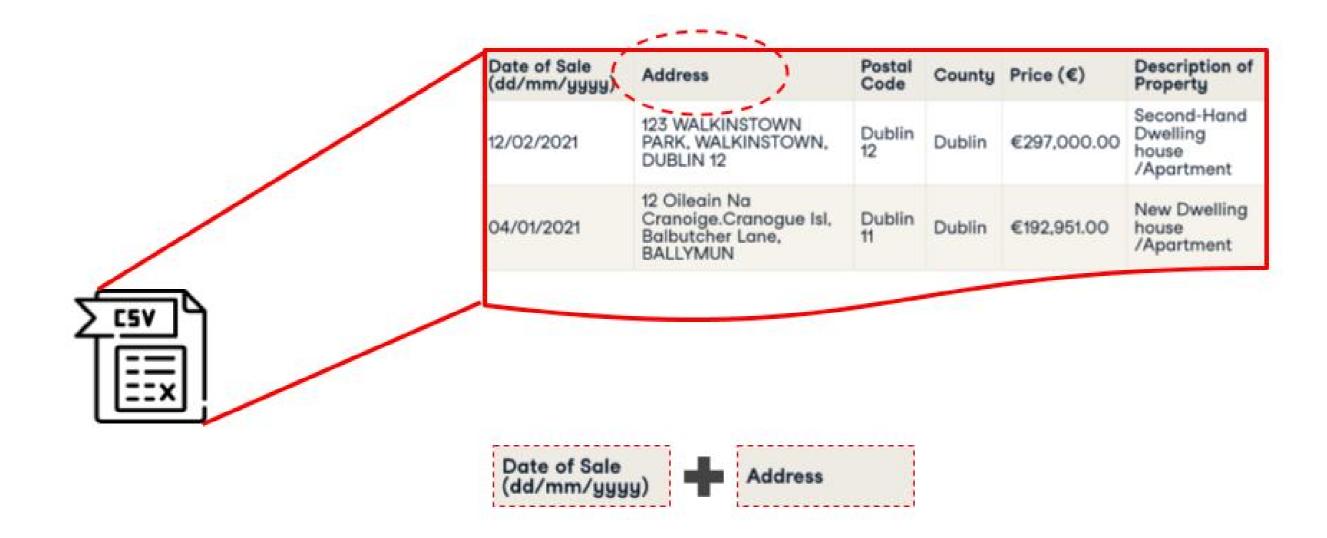
Table Name: movies

Column name	type
id	integer
title	varchar(55)
description	varchar(55)
release_date	date

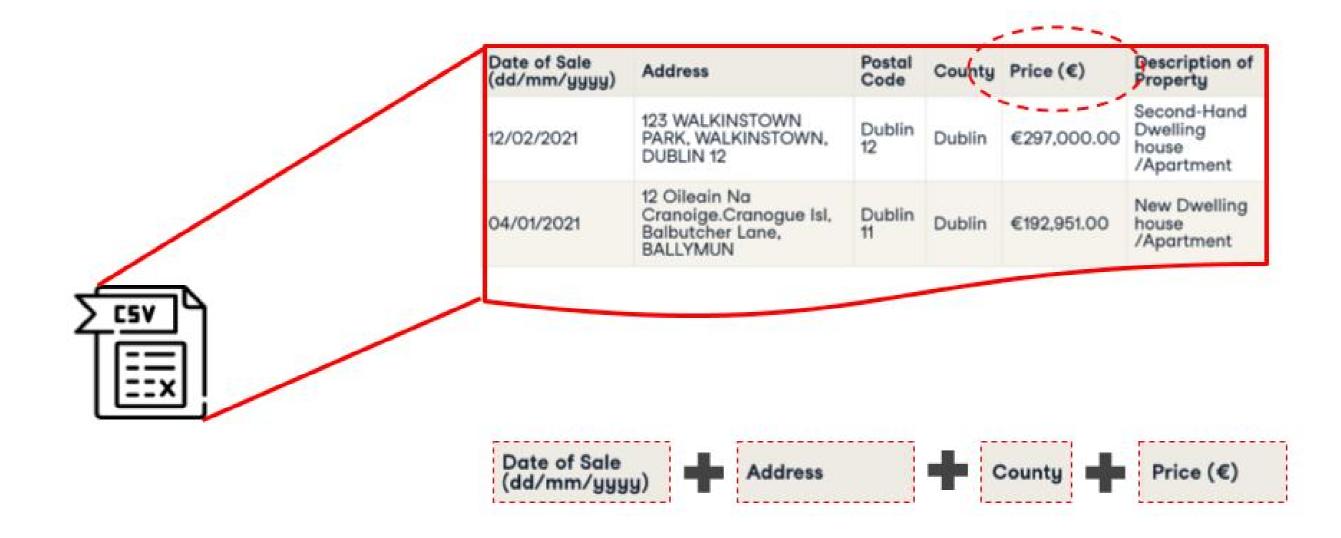
```
from sqlalchemy import Column,
                       Integer,
                       String
                       Date
class Movies(Base):
    __tablename__ = "movies"
    id = Column(Integer)
    title = Column(String(55))
    description = Column(String(255))
    release_date = Column(Date)
```

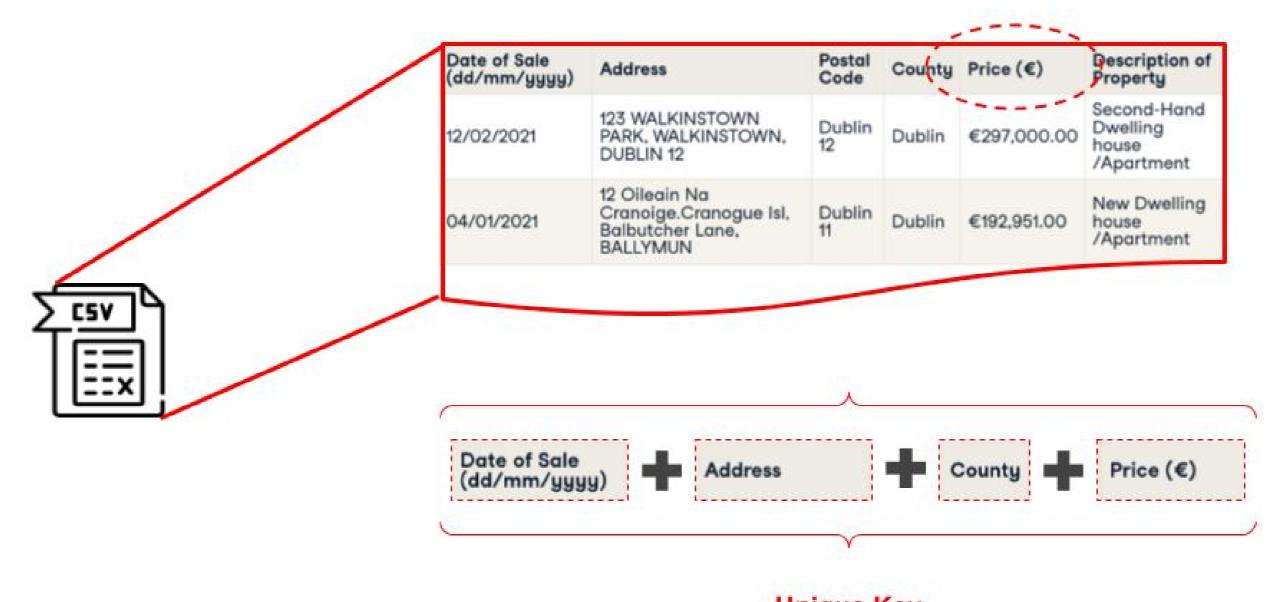












Column property

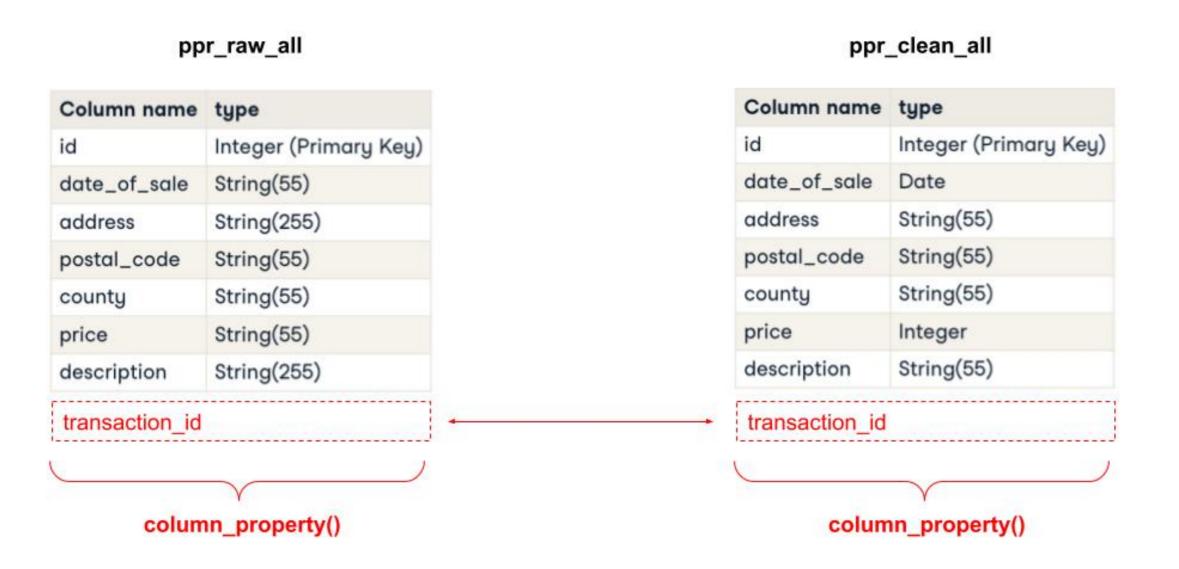
ppr_raw_all

Column name	type		
id	Integer (Primary Key)		
date_of_sale	String(55)		
address	String(255)		
postal_code	String(55)		
county	String(55)		
price	String(55)		
description	String(255)		

ppr_clean_all

Column name	type		
id	Integer (Primary Key)		
date_of_sale	Date		
address	String(55)		
postal_code	String(55)		
county	String(55)		
price	Integer		
description	String(55)		

Column property



Column property

- from sqlalchemy.orm import column_property
- Loaded at load time

Column property: example

```
from sqlalchemy.orm import column_property
class User(Base):
    __tablename__ = 'user'
    id = Column(Integer, primary_key=True)
    firstname = Column(String(50))
    lastname = Column(String(50))
    fullname = column_property(firstname + " " + lastname)
    user = User(firstname="John", lastname="Smith")
    print("User:", user.fullname)
```

User: John Smith

Let's practice!

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Insert and delete operations

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Query API

- SELECT * FROM movies
- session.query(Movies)
- session.query(Movies).all()

Query API: an example

Table name: movies

id	title
1	The Big Short
2	The Social Network
3	The Avengers

```
from sqlalchemy import Column, Integer
from sqlalchemy.orm import
                    declarative_base
Base = declarative_base()
class Movies(Base):
    __tablename__ = "movies"
    id = Column(Integer,
                primary_key=True)
    title = Column(String(50))
```

Query API: an example

```
SELECT * FROM movies
```

```
session = Session(engine)
result = session.query(Movies).all()
for row in result:
    print("Title: ", row.title)
```

Title: The Big Short

Title: The Social Network

Title: The Avengers

Query API: an example

```
SELECT * FROM movies
WHERE id=1
```

Title: The Big Short

Delete

- session.query().filter()
- session.query().filter().delete()
- session.query(Movies).filter(Movies.title == "The Big Short").delete()
- session.query(Movies).filter(Movies.title == "").delete()

Insert

```
from sqlalchemy.dialects.postgresql import insert

values = [{"title": "Luca"}, {"title": "The Lord of the Rings"}]

insert(Movies).values(values)
```

Commit into table

```
stm = delete(Movies).filter(Movies.id == 1)
session.execute(stm)
session.commit()
```



Let's practice!

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Put load operations together

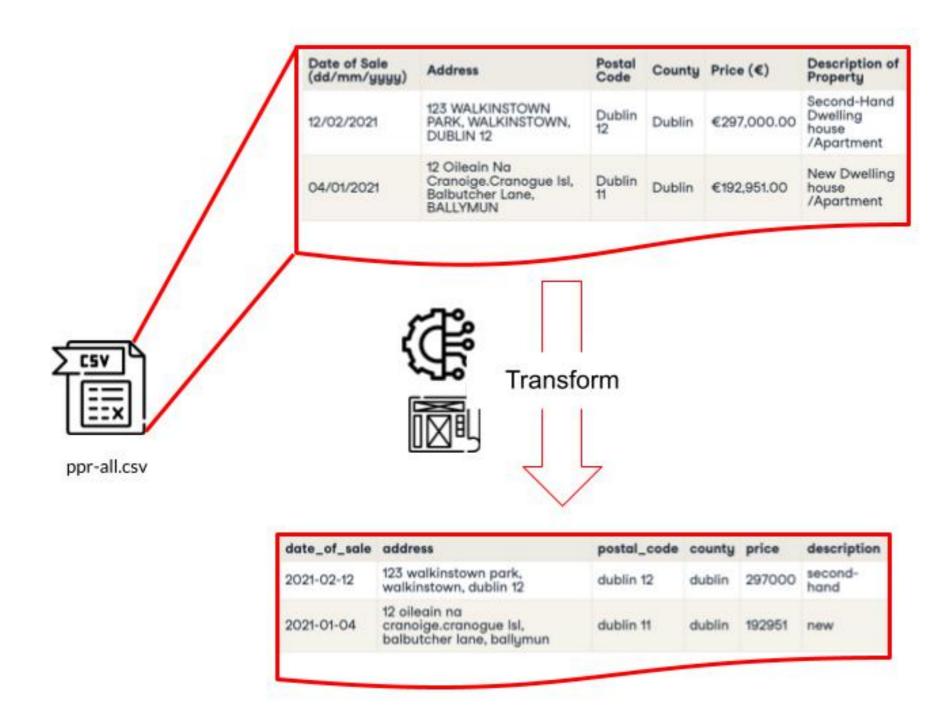
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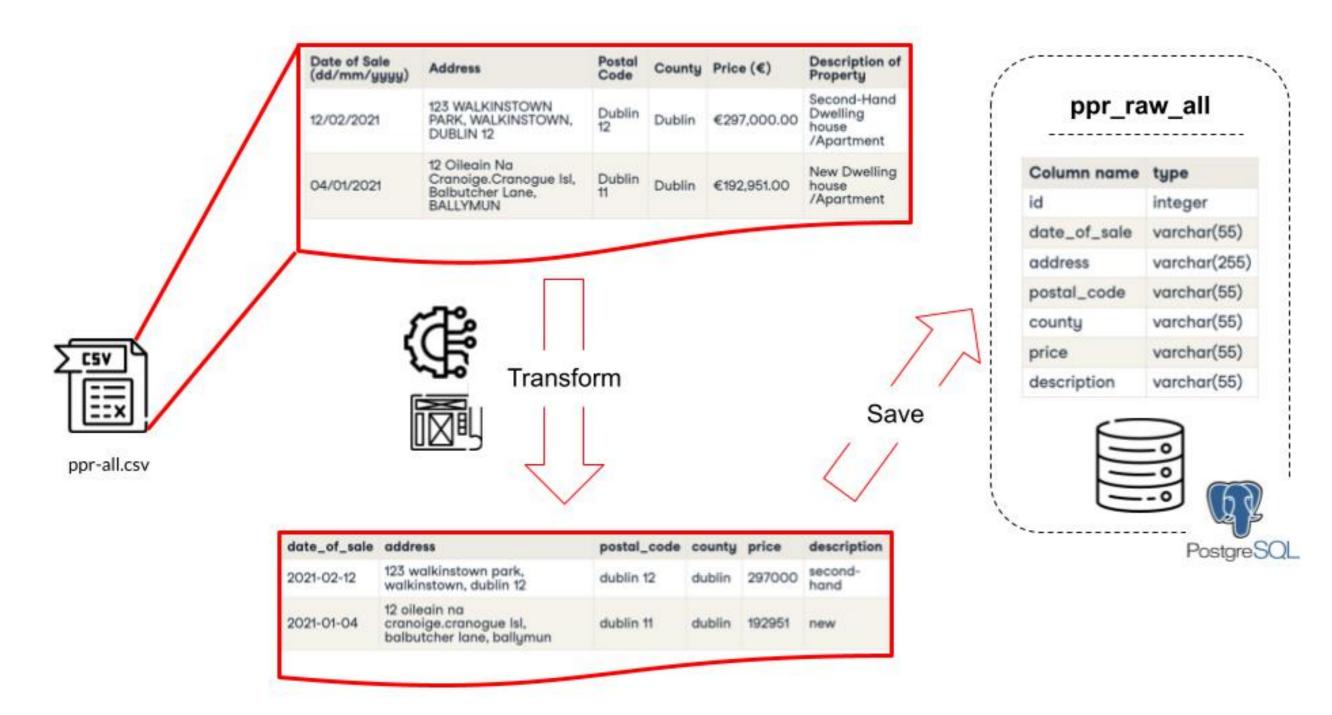
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Where we have left



Where we have left



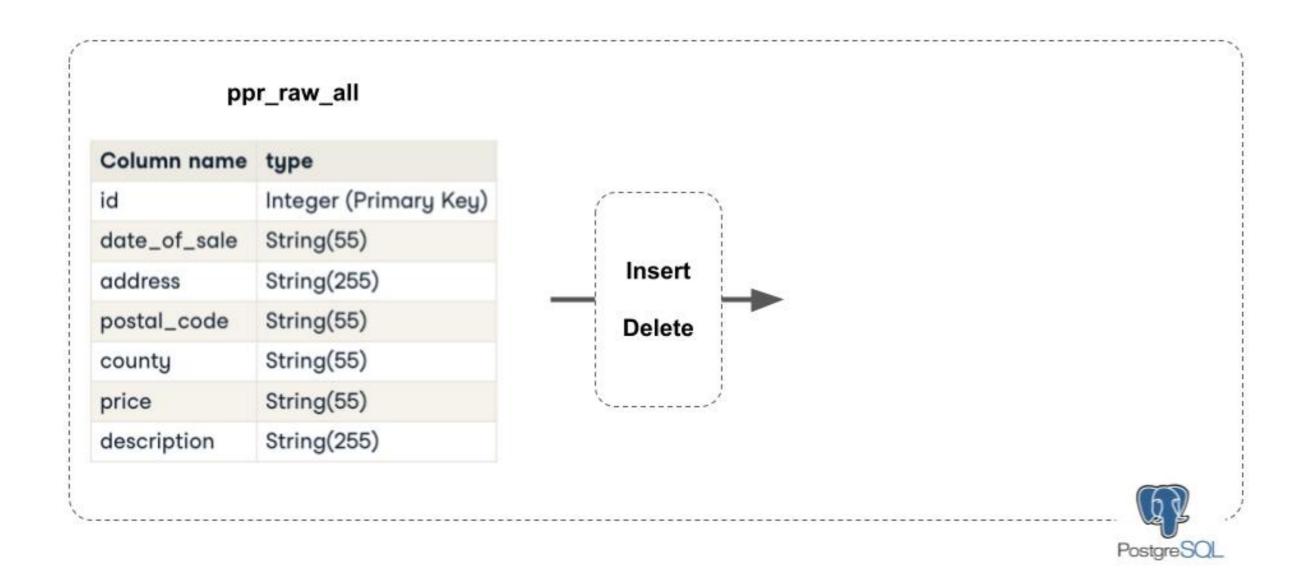
ETL(oad)

ppr_raw_all

Column name	type			
id	Integer (Primary Key)			
date_of_sale	String(55)			
address	String(255)			
postal_code	String(55)			
county	String(55) String(55)			
price				
description	String(255)			

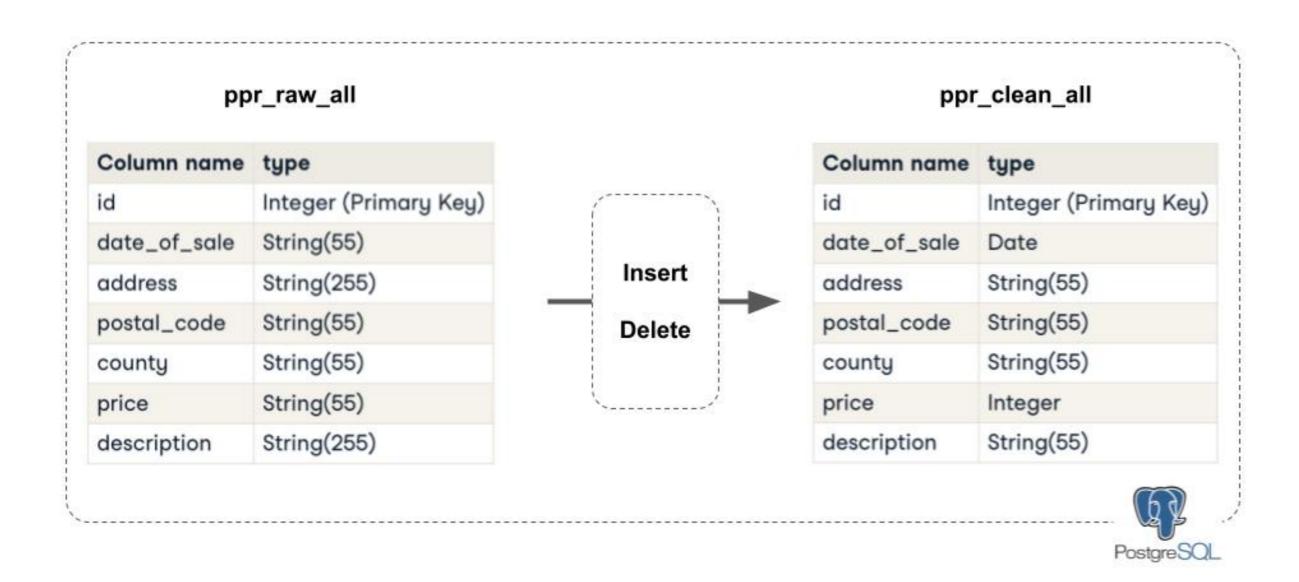


ETL(oad)





ETL(oad)





Insert

ppr_raw_all

id	date_of_sale	address	 transaction_id
1	2021-02-12	123 wanlkinstown park	 2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park
2	2021-01-21	13 bow street	 2021-01-21_13 bow street
3	2021-02-02	14 heytesbury street	 2021-02-12_14 heytesbury street

ppr_clean_all

id	date_of_sale	address	 transaction_id
125	2021-02-12	123 wanlkinstown park	 2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park
280	2021-01-21	13 bow street	 2021-01-21_13 bow street

Insert

ppr_raw_all

id	date_of_sale	address	 transaction_id
1	2021-02-12	123 wanlkinstown park	 2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park
2	2021-01-21	13 bow street	 2021-01-21_13 bow street
3	2021-02-02	14 heytesbury street	 2021-02-12_14 heytesbury street

ppr_clean_all

id	date_of_sale	address	 transaction_id
125	2021-02-12	123 wanlkinstown park	 2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park
280	2021-01-21	13 bow street	 2021-01-21_13 bow street

ppr_raw_all

id	date_of_sale	address	 transaction_id	
1	2021-02-12	123 wanlkinstown park	 2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park	
2	2021-01-21	13 bow street	 2021-01-21_13 bow street	
3	2021-02-02	14 heytesbury street	 2021-02-12_14 heytesbury street	

ppr_clean_all

Already in the clean table?

transaction_id

2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park_...

2021-01-21_13 bow street_...

ppr_raw_all

id	date_of_sale	address	•••	transaction_id
1	2021-02-12	123 wanlkinstown YES		2021 02 12_123 wanlkinstown park
2	2021-01-21	13 bow street		2021-01-21_13 bow street
3	2021-02-02	14 heytesbury street		2021-02-12_14 heytesbury street

ppr_clean_all

Already in the clean table?

transaction_id

2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park_...
2021-01-21_13 bow street_...

ppr_raw_all

id	date_of_sale	address			transaction_id	
1	2021-02-12	123 wanlkinstown	YES) .	2021 02 12_123 wanlkinstown park	
2	2021-01-21	13 bow street	YES).	2021-01-21_13 bow street	1
3	2021-02-02	14 heytesbury stre	et		2021-02-12_14 heytesbury street	

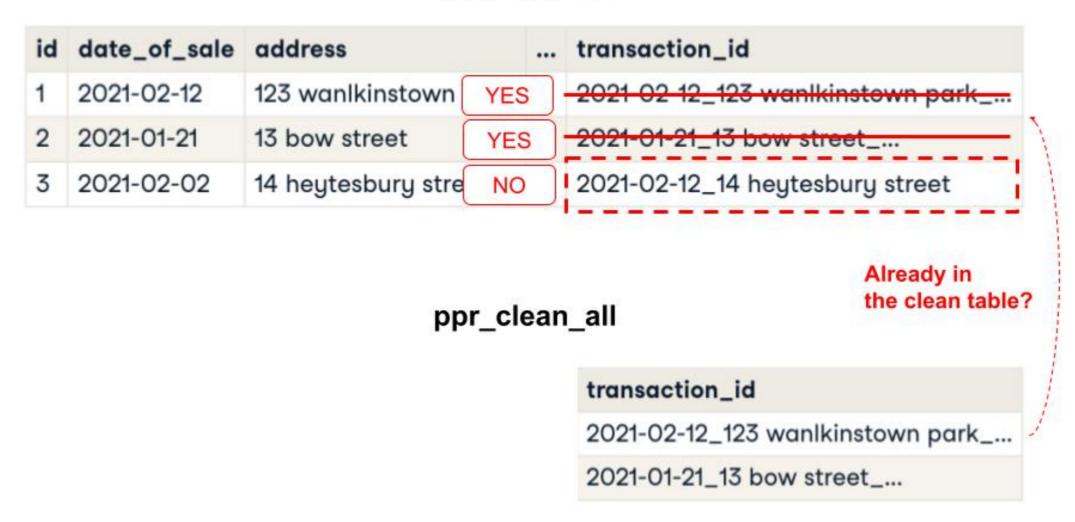
ppr_clean_all

Already in the clean table?

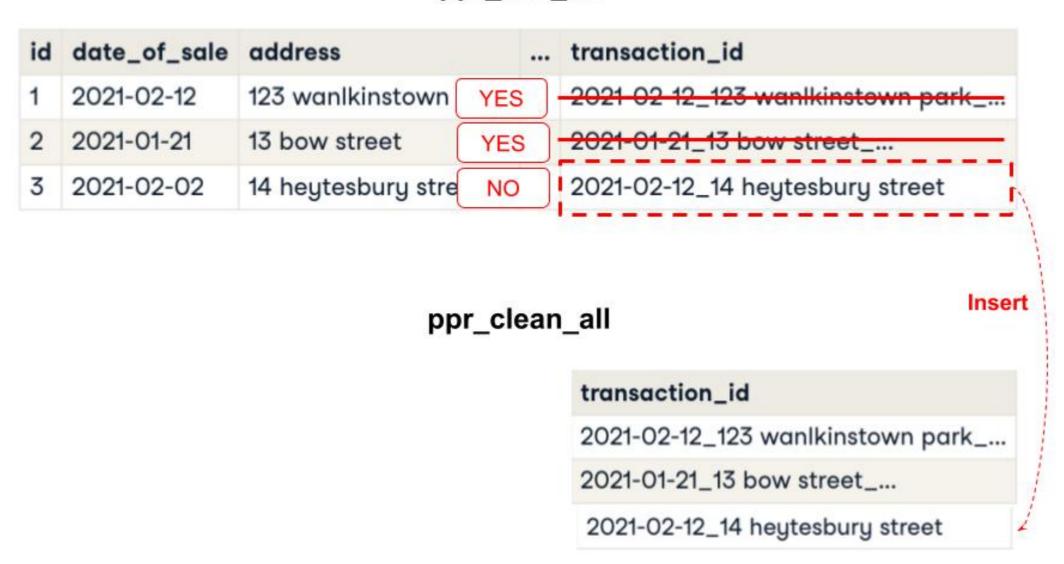
transaction_id

2021-02-12_123 wanlkinstown park_...
2021-01-21_13 bow street_...

ppr_raw_all



ppr_raw_all



• To select rows to insert:

```
• In SQL: NOT IN
```

- o In Python: ~ and .in_()
- insert().from_select([<columns>], <ids>)

Insert: an example

SQL

```
INSERT INTO ppr_clean_all
(SELECT date_of_sale, address, ...
FROM ppr_raw_all
WHERE transaction_id
NOT IN
    (SELECT transaction_id
     FROM ppr_clean_all)
```

Insert: an example

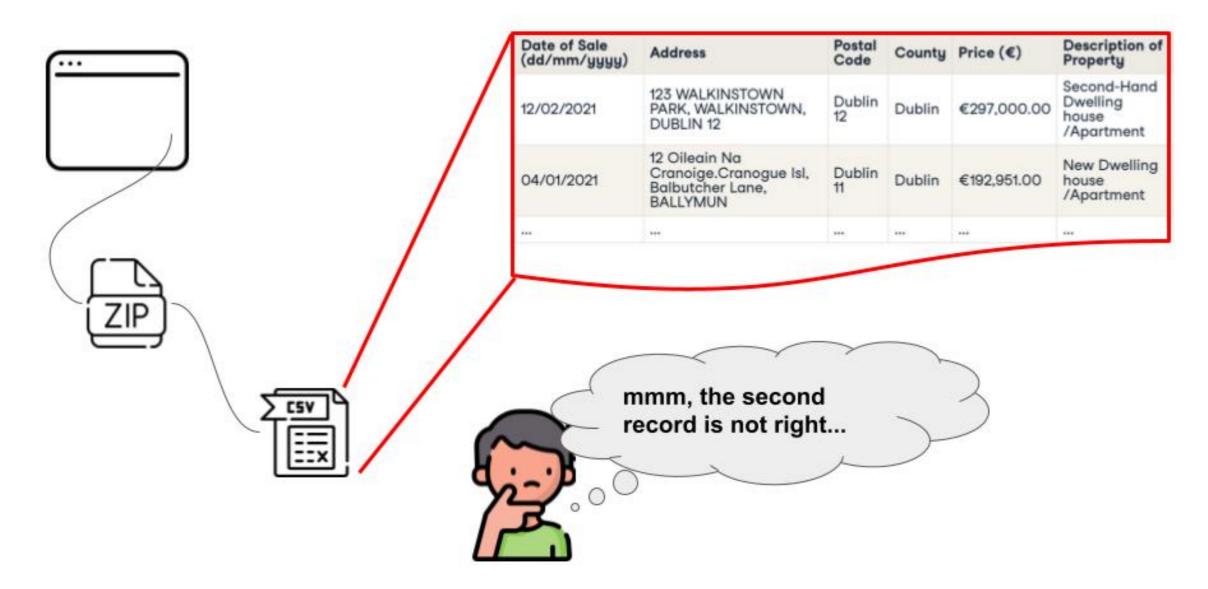
Python

```
clean_transaction_ids = session.query(PprCleanAll.date_of_sale,
                                      PprCleanAll.address,
                                       ...)
transactions_to_insert = session.query(PprRawAll)
                                .filter(
                                ~PprRawAll.transaction_id.in_(clean_transaction_ids)
stm = insert(PprCleanAll).from_select(['date_of_sale', 'address', ...],
                                      transactions_to_insert)
```

January 2021



January 2021



January 2021



February 2021



- delete(PprCleanAll).filter()
- SQL NOT IN

Delete: an example

SQL

```
DELETE FROM ppr_clean_all
WHERE transaction_id
NOT IN ("transaction_1", "transaction_2", "transaction_3")
```

Python

```
raw_transaction_ids = session.query(PprRawAll.transaction_id)
session.query(PprCleanAll)
    .filter(~PprCleanAll.transaction_id.in_(raw_transaction_ids))
    .delete()
```

Let's practice!

ETL IN PYTHON

