

Q1) Choose the correct answer (41 m):

1) Which clause is used in SQL to filter the records? (v15)

- A) WHERE
- B) HAVING
- C) ORDER
- D) GROUP

3) In SQL, which keyword is used to sort the result-set? (v36)

- A) ORDER BY
- B) SORT
- C) GROUP BY
- D) ARRANGE

5) Which clause is used in SQL to filter the records? (v45)

- A) WHERE
- B) HAVING
- C) ORDER
- D) GROUP

7) In SQL, which keyword is used to sort the result-set? (v16)

- A) ORDER BY
- B) SORT
- C) GROUP BY

2) In relational databases, normalization is used to: (v30)

- A) Eliminate data redundancy
- B) Create more tables
- C) Increase data access speed
- D) Reduce indexing

4) Which SQL function is used to count the number of rows in a SQL query? (v38)

- A) COUNT()
- B) SUM()
- C) TOTAL()
- D) NUMBER()

6) Which command is used to remove all records from a table in SQL? (v3)

- A) DELETE
- B) REMOVE
- C) DROP
- D) CLEAR

8) What is a primary key in a database? (v14)

- A) A unique identifier for each record
- B) A duplicate value for each record
- C) An optional field
- D) A calculated field

D) ARRANGE

9) Which command is used to remove all records from a table in SQL? (v23)

- A) DELETE**
- B) REMOVE**
- C) DROP**
- D) CLEAR**

11) Which clause is used in SQL to filter the records? (v5)

- A) WHERE**
- B) HAVING**
- C) ORDER**
- D) GROUP**

13) In relational databases, normalization is used to: (v10)

- A) Eliminate data redundancy**
- B) Create more tables**
- C) Increase data access speed**
- D) Reduce indexing**

15) Which SQL function is used to count the number of rows in a SQL query? (v18)

- A) COUNT()**
- B) SUM()**
- C) TOTAL()**
- D) NUMBER()**

17) In relational databases, normalization is used to: (v50)

- A) Eliminate data redundancy**
- B) Create more tables**
- C) Increase data access speed**
- D) Reduce indexing**

19) Which SQL function is used to count the

10) Which command is used to remove all records from a table in SQL? (v13)

- A) DELETE**
- B) REMOVE**
- C) DROP**
- D) CLEAR**

12) What does SQL stand for? (v11)

- A) Structured Query Language**
- B) Strong Question Line**
- C) Simple Query Language**
- D) Structured Question Language**

14) What is a primary key in a database? (v44)

- A) A unique identifier for each record**
- B) A duplicate value for each record**
- C) An optional field**
- D) A calculated field**

16) Which SQL function is used to count the number of rows in a SQL query? (v28)

- A) COUNT()**
- B) SUM()**
- C) TOTAL()**
- D) NUMBER()**

18) What is a primary key in a database? (v24)

- A) A unique identifier for each record**
- B) A duplicate value for each record**
- C) An optional field**
- D) A calculated field**

20) In SQL, which keyword is used to sort the

number of rows in a SQL query? (v8)

- A) COUNT()
- B) SUM()
- C) TOTAL()
- D) NUMBER()

result-set? (v26)

- A) ORDER BY
- B) SORT
- C) GROUP BY
- D) ARRANGE

21) A FOREIGN KEY in one table points to a _____ in another table. (v7)

- A) PRIMARY KEY
- B) FOREIGN KEY
- C) UNIQUE KEY
- D) ALTERNATE KEY

22) What does SQL stand for? (v21)

- A) Structured Query Language
- B) Strong Question Line
- C) Simple Query Language
- D) Structured Question Language

23) Which SQL statement is used to extract data from a database? (v2)

- A) SELECT
- B) GET
- C) EXTRACT
- D) OPEN

24) Which clause is used in SQL to filter the records? (v25)

- A) WHERE
- B) HAVING
- C) ORDER
- D) GROUP

25) Which SQL statement is used to extract data from a database? (v32)

- A) SELECT
- B) GET
- C) EXTRACT
- D) OPEN

26) What is a primary key in a database? (v4)

- A) A unique identifier for each record
- B) A duplicate value for each record
- C) An optional field
- D) A calculated field

27) What does SQL stand for? (v41)

- A) Structured Query Language
- B) Strong Question Line
- C) Simple Query Language
- D) Structured Question Language

28) Which clause is used in SQL to filter the records? (v35)

- A) WHERE
- B) HAVING
- C) ORDER
- D) GROUP

29) In relational databases, normalization is used to: (v20)

- A) Eliminate data redundancy
- B) Create more tables
- C) Increase data redundancy
- D) Create more data

30) Which SQL function is used to count the number of rows in a SQL query? (v48)

- A) COUNT()
- B) SUM()
- C) TOTAL()
- D) NUMBER()

- C) Increase data access speed
- D) Reduce indexing

- C) TOTAL()
- D) NUMBER()

31) Which command is used to remove all records from a table in SQL? (v33)

- A) DELETE
- B) REMOVE
- C) DROP
- D) CLEAR

32) Which command is used to remove all records from a table in SQL? (v43)

- A) DELETE
- B) REMOVE
- C) DROP
- D) CLEAR

33) In SQL, which keyword is used to sort the result-set? (v46)

- A) ORDER BY
- B) SORT
- C) GROUP BY
- D) ARRANGE

34) Which SQL statement is used to extract data from a database? (v42)

- A) SELECT
- B) GET
- C) EXTRACT
- D) OPEN

35) What is a primary key in a database? (v34)

- A) A unique identifier for each record
- B) A duplicate value for each record
- C) An optional field
- D) A calculated field

36) Which SQL statement is used to extract data from a database? (v12)

- A) SELECT
- B) GET
- C) EXTRACT
- D) OPEN

37) Which SQL statement is used to extract data from a database? (v22)

- A) SELECT
- B) GET
- C) EXTRACT
- D) OPEN

38) In SQL, which keyword is used to sort the result-set? (v6)

- A) ORDER BY
- B) SORT
- C) GROUP BY
- D) ARRANGE

39) In relational databases, normalization is used to: (v40)

- A) Eliminate data redundancy
- B) Create more tables
- C) Increase data access speed
- D) Reduce indexing

40) What does SQL stand for? (v31)

- A) Structured Query Language
- B) Strong Question Line
- C) Simple Query Language
- D) Structured Question Language

41) What does SQL stand for? (v1)

- A)** Structured Query Language
- B)** Strong Question Line
- C)** Simple Query Language
- D)** Structured Question Language