

**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

**December, 2011**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN  
ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

*Note : Attempt all the questions.*

1. Write a composition in about 350 words on *any* 20  
of the following :
  - (a) Life without internet
  - (b) Physical fitness and its importance in life.
  - (c) Rising inflation and its effect on people
  - (d) Steps that you can take to save the environment.
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on *any* 10  
*one* of the following topics :
  - (a) Our responsibilities as good citizens
  - (b) Pleasures of a family get together
  - (c) Reading as a hobby
  - (d) Freedom to practice one's own faith/  
religion.

3. You are a press reporter. A newly constructed Foot Over Bridge (FOB) crashed in your city injuring seven labourers critically and killing one woman on the spot. You have to prepare a report for your newspaper. You reach the accident site and interview many eye-witnesses who were present at the time of the crash. Write a report giving details of the site, the damage done and its effect on the traffic, the rescue operations and the reactions of the public and the political leaders. 10

OR

You have gone to your cousin's house who lives in another city to spend your summer vacation with him/her. Write a letter to your younger sister describing the journey, the place where you are staying and how you have been spending time and enjoying your stay with your cousin.

4. Summarize the following passage to not more than one third of the original with a suitable title. 8+2=10
- The Industrial Revolution saw a great increase in the population of Europe. These people wanted goods, tools, clothes, houses and all the things that make civilized life possible. The goods which they wanted had to be fairly cheap, cheap enough to be purchased out of the wages earned in factories or workshops. There were no restrictions on the manufacture of goods as there are in times of war, and each factory competed with its rivals in

finding markets for its products. The demand for goods was great, both at home and overseas.

In deciding which goods to buy everyone is influenced by two considerations, price and quality. The ever increasing demand was for goods of high quality at low prices. That factory and that country prospered whose goods competed successfully with its rivals as regards quality and price. In the nineteenth century, the desire to produce high quality goods at low prices led to, what is now called, mass production. The phrase nowadays is especially associated with the name of Henry Ford, who so successfully applied mass-production methods to the manufacture of motor cars. His business rivals were quick to imitate him, thus proving the truth of the old proverb, 'Imitation is the sincerest form of flattery'. But Mr. Ford was by no means the inventor of mass production. It is difficult, indeed, to say who was. When the first large mills for the manufacture of cloth were built, then, we may say that mass production began. The invention of the steam-engine gave manufacturers the cheap power which they needed. Brilliant men perfected cotton gins and looms. When one huge machine began to perform rapidly the operations previously done slowly and laboriously by hand, the age of mass production was born.

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BDP / BCA / BTS

Term-End Examination

December, 2012

FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN  
ENGLISH-2

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 50

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*Note : Answer all questions.*

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on *any one* of the following topics: 20
  - (a) A day in the life of a working woman.
  - (b) Life in over-crowded cities.
  - (c) All citizens have the right to education.
  - (d) The world is changing but our colleges haven't changed.
2. Write a paragraph of about 200 words on *any one* of the following topics : 10
  - (a) Travelling by train.
  - (b) Ensuring a clean environment.
  - (c) Buying a computer.
  - (d) Educating the girl child.

3. Write a report in about **200** words on the following : **10**

An NGO, Akriti, has started a campaign to save the environment in your town. Write a report for a newspaper giving details about the organisation, and the project/s it has taken up in your town, You are Shobhit Verma, reporter, Hindustan Times.

**OR**

Write a report of a meeting held at Buddha Jayanti Park by people of your town/city to protest against the cutting of trees to build roads.

4. Summarize the following passage to about one-third of its length and give it a suitable title. **8 + 2 = 10**

Many teachers assume that it is part of their job to teach students how to share, cooperate and avoid aggressive behaviour, to instil the right ideas, because these things don't happen naturally. Thus school becomes one of the most powerful socializing influences a child encounters. Actually, the process of socialization begins much earlier than school. Children receive a fair amount of information through situations that begin even before their first birthday; they are warned, threatened, punished, ordered and forbidden. By around four years of age, children

are expected to comply with a range of requests or demands, related to safety, respect for possessions, respect for others, family norms and social norms. When they are six years old, they begin formal schooling, and most Indian schools devote time to educating their young in manners and morals. Such moral lessons are imparted regularly, perhaps weekly, right through the school years.

Adopted from  
What Did you ask at School  
Today ? by Kamala.V.Mukunda.

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**BDP / BCA / BTS**  
**Term-End Examination**  
**December, 2013**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN**  
**ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

*Note : Answer all questions.*

1. Write a composition in about 350 words on one of the following : 20
  - (a) My dream home.
  - (b) A casteless society is the need of the hour.
  - (c) Violence in films affects the young generation.
  - (d) "Uneasy lies the head that wears the crown".
  
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any one of the following topics : 10
  - (a) Women and Indian society
  - (b) 21<sup>st</sup> century skills
  - (c) Gymining and jogging : keys to fitness.
  - (d) Begging - a curse of society.

many different types of existence is so special and valuable.

First, when we try to identify the causes for the present crisis, the root problems are certain human traits such as greed and laziness, all of which arise on the basis of ignorance.

It is one thing to cultivate first enough crops for your day-to-day needs. But when you start to collect crops, and start to stock up with the idea that you'll have less work and more money, this can sow the seeds of unchecked greed. So it is really important to be aware of certain human traits which bring a lot of unnecessary problems. Sometimes when we think we are getting richer, from a different perspective we are becoming poorer.



**BDP / BCA / BTS**

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**Term-End Examination**

**December, 2014**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

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**Note : Attempt all questions.**

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any **one** of the following : 20
- (a) Erosion in Human Values in Modern Times
  - (b) Ways of Reaching out to Disadvantaged People
  - (c) Our Dependence on Gadgets
  - (d) Disaster Management : The Need of the Hour
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any **one** of the following topics : 10
- (a) Preventing Road Mishaps
  - (b) The Importance of Cultivating a Hobby
  - (c) The World as a Global Society
  - (d) Role of the Media in creating Public Awareness

3. A children's park in your colony has been encroached upon by a builder. As a result children are not able to use the park. Write a letter to the Ward Officer, Municipal Corporation (of your city), bringing this to his/her notice and requesting him/her to help restore the park to its original shape and use.

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**OR**

You have joined an NGO named 'Clean and Green India' that is dedicated to bringing about awareness about hygiene and cleanliness. As part of the activities, you have gone on cleanliness drives, performed street plays and made home visits carrying your message. Describe your experiences at 'Clean and Green India' to your friend.

4. Summarize the following passage to not more than one-third of the original. Give it a suitable title.

10

Through his art, Mario Miranda, who passed away in Goa on December 11, 2011, taught us to laugh at our faults and shortcomings. He would capture the spirit of a man very well, using expressions and typical behaviour. He would draw cartoons about the lives of taxi drivers, bus drivers, secretaries working in offices, and families from different religions, and make us smile.

He used to draw illustrations and cartoons of his teachers in school. He had no formal education in art when he started out as an illustrator in one of the leading newspapers in Mumbai. He could capture moments from daily life and freeze them in his art like no other.

Not just his cartoons and illustrations but his landscapes of Goa — cathedrals, crossroads, the people of Goa — and also of his travels to Israel and Greece were beautiful. He was a prolific artist; he would draw one cartoon, or maybe more, every day.

As a person, Mario was very generous, he never had money on his mind. He was simple and genuine; one could call him a son of the soil.

He returned to Goa about 12 years ago, after he retired from the newspaper he used to work with. He lived in a very small apartment in Colaba in Mumbai, but his house in Goa was palatial. He loved his house and his home town.

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**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

**December, 2015**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note :** Answer *all* questions.

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any *one* of the following topics : 20
- (a) A day in the life of a working woman
- (b) The education system of India only produces clerks
- (c) A long life — a curse or a boon ?
- (d) An unforgettable journey

2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any **one** of the following topics :

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- (a) Buying a mobile phone
- (b) Life in a small town
- (c) Changing fashions
- (d) Joint family system

3. Write a report in about 200 words on the following :

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As part of a project on leisure activities of youth, you conducted a survey of five colonies in your neighbourhood. Write a short report about the survey highlighting

- (a) the information gathered,
- (b) conclusions, and
- (c) recommendations.

**OR**

A hospital has started a regular free health-check camp in your town for the economically weaker sections of society. As a reporter for a local newspaper, you visited the camp. Write a report highlighting what the hospital is doing.

4. Read the following passage, make notes, and give it a suitable title :

8+2=10

If a learning difficulty has caused you humiliation, shame, defeat, or anxiety, as it often does while you are growing up, then it's likely that you tried to hide it away in some private compartment of your life and developed defensive strategies for dealing with it. Sally Smith, a well-known writer, says that there are many different 'masks' that people with learning problems wear to protect their self-esteem such as the mask of the 'clown', the mask of the 'victim' or the mask of 'invisibility'. It is said that these masks protect and defend them against the painful feelings connected with not feeling 'okay' as a learner.

Sometimes these masks actually are helpful in furthering a person's work-life or relationships. But at other times these masks get in the way of growth and need to be discarded. Many individuals with learning problems talk about the relief they felt once they began to speak openly about their difficulties. A student at a school for learning-disabled adults said, 'I feel like a leaden weight has been lifted off my shoulders by not having to pretend to be having a riotous time and not having to think up all those quips. I have energy now for my studies.'

(Adapted from *7 Kinds of Smart* by Thomas Armstrong)

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45023

**BDP / BCA / BTS**  
**Term-End Examination**  
**June, 2012**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN**  
**ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

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*Note : Answer all questions.*

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on *one* 20  
of the following :
  - (a) Effects of TV serials on the younger generation.
  - (b) If I were the Prime Minister of the country.
  - (c) Arranged Marriages work better.
  - (d) "..... if character is lost everything is lost".
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on one of 10  
the following topics :
  - (a) Preserving the heritage of our country
  - (b) Positive attitude and its advantages
  - (c) Pleasures of walking
  - (d) Caring for the old

3. You are a reporter of a popular news paper. You were present at the opening ceremony of the Common Wealth Games in Delhi. Write a report of the function highlighting the details of the programme, the number of spectators, cultural programmes, guests and decorations etc. along with the arrangements for traffic management. 10

**OR**

There have been devastating floods in your village. You visited the village along with your mother. Write a letter to your father giving an account of the flood in the village, the devastation it has caused, the destruction of crops and property, aid provided by the government and the role played by the local leaders.

4. Summarize the following passage in not more than 100 words and give it a suitable title. 8 + 2 = 10

Acupuncture is the science and art of treating diseases by investing very thin needles on the body surface. This medical modality has been in the forefront in china for thousands of years - in the same way as Ayurveda was in India before the introduction of Western Medicine. It flourished in china due to patronage from many kings, and in recent decades from Mao Tse Tung and other national leaders.



The theory states that energy flows in 14 main channels / meridians in the body as per well defined patterns, which have negative and positive natures called Yin and Yang respectively. Any imbalance or obstruction in the energy flow causes disease. Along the pathways of the channels there are specific points at which the electrical resistance, or sound resonance, is noticeably low. These are called Acupoints. By inserting needles at the selected acupoints the imbalance or obstruction can be corrected.

This science had its own unique method of diagnosis because modern equipments were not available in olden times. After proper diagnosis, usually 8 to 10 acupoints are selected for stimulation of the needles, generally with the help of electronic instruments. Since the needles are very thin, there is practically no pain or bleeding. Only one set of needles is used for one individual patient. Needles are withdrawn from the body after 20 to 25 minutes. This is termed as sitting. Therefore, one session of treatment takes approximately half an hour. After each sitting the needles are to be sterilized by well - proven methods.

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**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2013**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN  
ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

*Note : Answer all questions.*

1. Write a composition in about 350 words on 20  
*any one* of the following topics :
  - (a) A day in the life of a college student.
  - (b) Life in a village
  - (c) Colleges must change to meet 21st century needs of students.
  - (d) Educating the masses - need of the hour.
2. Write a paragraph of about 200 words on 10  
*any one* of the following topics :
  - (a) Travelling in an overcrowded bus
  - (b) Educating adults
  - (c) Buying a new T.V
  - (d) Healthy childhood.

3. Write a report in about **200** words on the following : **10**

The college where you study has started a social group called 'Social Justice for All'. The group has taken up causes such as 'Save the Girl Child', 'Say no to corruption' etc. Write a report for a newspaper giving details about the group and the causes it has taken up.

**OR**

A meeting has held at Gandhi Maidan recently by the women of your city to protest against the rise in cases of violence against women. Write a report for a newspaper giving details of the meeting. You are Aradhana , reporter , Times of India.

4. Summarize the following passage to about one third of its length and give in a suitable tittle. **10**

As adults, we are frequently in situations that require us to make and carry out decisions that affect other people's welfare. Young people, too, frequently encounter such situations, and these can be quite confusing for them. A boy asks his classmate for help with homework during the weak, when everyone else is playing cricket. Will he stay back and help ? Two girls work jointly on a project, and the teacher gives credit for the best

idea to the wrong one. Will this girl tell her teacher that it is her partner who really deserves the credit ? A student who happens to be on the environment protection group sees some plastic littering the corridor - and there is no one else around. Will he take the trouble to throw it ? A student , finds that her teacher has given her five marks too many on a paper. Will she get it reduced ?

The actions called for in the examples above fall under the general umbrella of responsible behaviour'.

**K-34****FEG-2**

Total No. of Questions : 4]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 3

**BDP/BCA/BTS**  
**Term-End Examination**  
**June, 2014**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

**Time : 2 Hours]****[Maximum Marks : 50****Note :- Answer All questions.**

1. Write a composition in about **350** words on any one of the following : 20
  - (a) Joint family system : a blessing for modern society.
  - (b) The Changing face of cinema today.
  - (c) Qualities that make a leader.
  - (d) Great is the struggle and great is also the prize.
2. Write a paragraph is about **200** words on any one of the following : 10
  - (a) Reasons to protect and preserve historical monuments.
  - (b) The importance of personal growing and hygiene.
  - (c) Girls' Education and the family.
  - (d) Child labour – a curse for the society.

FEG-2

Turn Over

**K-34**

( 2 )

3. You are a newspaper reporter. Write a report of a half-marathan organised by a mobile network service provider. Give details of the number of people, young and old, who participated, sponsors who advertised their products, incentives given to participants and other details related to arrangement by traffic police.

Or

A new school has been set up the village where your cousins live. They do not attend any school. Write a letter to your uncle, persuading him to admit his three children to the newly opened school emphasizing the advantages of education in today's world.

10

4. Summarize the following passage in not more than 100 words and give it a suitable title.

There are a number of 'wealths' other than the material wealth which relates to money and physical assets. But there is another important wealth which is not generally acknowledged and that is the inner wealth of our mind, our consciousness. This mind is like a wish-fulfilling jewel. If you know how to utilise this mind, it can produce the most beneficial effects. The best way to utilise and develop this mind is to absorb knowledge and the most important kind of knowledge is the one that makes us a kind person, a decent person, a person worthy of respect.

FEG-2

**K-34**

( 3 )

The qualities which make an individual kind, decent and respectable are qualities such as patience, generosity and kindness. The good news is that we do not have to adopt or create these qualities, since they are already potentially there in all of us. In this way the wealth lies latent within each and every one of us.

So, all we need to do is give ourselves, everyday, a bit of a reason to generate these qualities, bit by bit. If we do this, it will not make society perfect, but it will enable us to appreciate whatever circumstances we might face.

As such, we have to be grateful for obstacles because without them we never learn. It is thanks to difficulties and challenges that we can come up with solutions, some of which will work and some not. But even if they don't work, it doesn't mean we should give up. It only means we should try again.

8+2=10

FEG-2

**K-34**

**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

**25296**

**June, 2015**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note : Attempt *all* questions.**

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any ***one*** of the following : **20**
- (a) Advantages of Distance Education
  - (b) The Rights of the Girl Child
  - (c) Waste Management in India
  - (d) Living Healthy is Living Happy



2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any **one** of the given topics : 10
- (a) Overcoming Physical Challenges
  - (b) Monsoon in India
  - (c) Major Problems of India's Megacities
  - (d) Preservation of Cultural Values
3. You are a Human Resource (HR) Manager in a textile factory. Recently there was unrest in the factory. The situation was brought under control, by their new young leader. Write a letter to the editor of a national newspaper, citing the example of this union leader, making a case for responsible leadership. 10

**OR**

Your cousin has failed in an interview for a job and is depressed. Write a letter to her suggesting possible options and advising her to meet a career counsellor.

4. Summarize the following passage to not more than one-third of the original length. Give it a suitable title. 8+2=10

An empty plastic bottle, a litre of water and a few spoons of bleach — that's all that the students of IIT Powai needed to bring light to the homes of slum dwellers in Gowandi.

Inspired by Isang Litrong Liwanag's campaign carried out successfully by the 'My Shelter Foundation' in the Philippines, students of the department of metallurgical engineering and material science decided to bring light to the dingy rooms of Mumbai slums.

Noticing the simplicity of the Solar Bottle Bulb, the group worked for over four months to bring the simple but ingenious idea to light.

A Solar Bottle Bulb is a clear water bottle with tap water and a little bleach. This bottle is then embedded into the roofs of houses, with part of the bottle outside, and part inside. The water inside the bottle makes the light omni-directional, mimicking an electric light bulb. The bleach keeps the water clear for years.

The group visited the slums and found that rooms were so close to each other that even the passage between them had close to no light even during the day time. Inside the room at least one tube or bulb was required all through the day, pushing their electricity bills to ₹ 400 – 600 each month.

The students constructed a few samples to show the residents how they worked. They could not just drill a hole in their roofs, they needed them to like the idea. To their delight everyone liked the concept.

The advantage of the Solar Bottle Bulb is that it has a very simple process using very simple things. The only drawback of the Solar Bottle Bulb is that it is functional only from sunrise till sunset. Even then the electricity it saves during the day is reason enough for the slum dwellers to use it.

*(Periscope, A Bottle Full of Light, Indian Express)*

**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**42331 Term-End Examination**

**December, 2018**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note :** Answer *all* questions.

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any **one** of the following : 20
    - (a) Global warming and its effect on our environment
    - (b) The challenges that I have overcome in life
    - (c) The true religion is the religion of humanity
    - (d) Breakdown in personal relationships in the modern world.

2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any **one** of the following : 10

- (a) My favourite place at home
- (b) Ways to remain healthy
- (c) Hostel life vs. life at home with parents
- (d) Alternate sources of energy

3. You are part of a 'Nature Watch' group which is working towards making your city/neighbourhood 'plastic bag-free'. A meeting of your group was organized which was attended by the Executive Body members, Block level leaders and volunteers. Among the points discussed were (i) The enormity of the problem (ii) The plan of action (iii) Places/Persons to target (iv) Difficulties envisaged (v) Overcoming the difficulties, etc.

Write a report for the local daily taking care to include all the significant details. 10

**OR**

Provide your ideas on the statement :

"Speak only when your words are more beautiful than the silence."

Your writing should explain, analyse, compare and illustrate the statement given above. 10

4. Summarize the following passage to not more than one-third of the original. Give it a suitable title.

10

Do you have the right to have an opinion ?  
When do you have the right to have an opinion ?

Who has the right to have an opinion ?

At one extreme we can have a person who knows very little about a subject and yet comes out with a strong opinion on that subject. At the other extreme is someone who is well-informed and has thought a lot about the subject, but is unable to express an opinion.

An opinion is a sort of stew of information, perception, feelings and values cooked together within a particular culture.

Why have opinions ?

You might as well ask, 'Why have people ?' It is possible to imagine a discussion in which no one has an opinion. There is a mutual exploration of the subject. At some point, however, values need to get attached and that attachment results in an opinion.

There may be opinions which are very strongly held. There may be tentative opinions which are a sort of 'holding position' until a better opinion forms. There may be opinions which are held quite firmly but still open to change.

- You can contemplate an extensive menu in a restaurant but at some stage you have to order a particular dish – even if you are torn between two.

A beautiful mind is capable of forming opinions and is not afraid to do so. At the same time, the beautiful mind is always conscious of the basis for that opinion. Furthermore, any opinion held is open to change. This is not unlike a scientific hypothesis. The hypothesis is definite and usable otherwise no experiments could ever be designed. Yet the hypothesis is only ‘provisional’ and the scientist is always seeking to form a better one.

If you are more fully informed on a subject than someone else, is your opinion more valid ? Not necessarily. Perception and values are also important. There may indeed be a definite piece of information that shows another opinion is more valid than ours.

*(Total no. of words 337)*

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**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

**11145**

**June, 2018**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note : Answer all questions.**

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any **one** of the following : 20
  - (a) Friends or Family — who do we rely on most and why ?
  - (b) The interference of social media in personal lives
  - (c) Television Reality Shows — how real are they ?
  - (d) Keeping our rivers clean
  
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any **one** of the following : 10
  - (a) What do our elders really need ?
  - (b) The importance of having a hobby
  - (c) Why should we be honest ?
  - (d) Good neighbours



3. Write a letter to the President of your Residents Welfare Association pointing out the presence of dangerous street dogs in your area. Suggest solutions.

10

**OR**

Write a letter to the Editor of a local newspaper outlining the sorry condition of the neighbourhood parks. Suggest what can be done to revive these 'green lungs' of the city.

10

4. Read the following passage and make notes in an appropriate format. Give it a suitable title.

10

The word success itself is elusive. Everyone has their own definition of what success is, making it very difficult to define how to obtain it. And while you'll have to figure out the details regarding what it takes to be successful in your own personal life or career, the truth is that you can fundamentally change your life for the better by focusing on certain concepts.

Success isn't something you can obtain on your own. While you ultimately define your own path, you're greatly influenced and aided by the people around you. Until you realize this and start to reach out, you'll find it's nearly impossible to break through. Ask yourself this

question: Are the people closest to you pushing you in the right direction or holding you back ? They're either doing one or the other, so make sure you surround yourself with positive, successful people.

Did you know that Lyndon B. Johnson actually turned down a lucrative oil investment early in his career because he knew that being associated with oil companies could hurt his chances of becoming President one day ? Talk about having an incredible amount of foresight. While you may not ever have to make such difficult decisions, you will be challenged on a daily basis. Always keep your priorities in focus and never waver for temporary satisfaction.

When you make a mistake or fail, do you walk away and pursue something else ? That's the natural response for most of us. However, you must be willing to embrace failures and recognize them as catalysts for future success.

You'll often hear people talk about a future goal as some far off thing that will one day manifest. Here's the truth, though: The average life span is only 78 years. This means you only have a few decades to make your mark. It's time to set goals with finite deadlines. This is what

successful people do. Do you want to own a business ? Set a goal of owning your own business in five years. Do you want to travel the world ? Set a goal of visiting a new country every summer. Successful goals always have timelines.

Do what makes you happy and you'll soon create your own definition of success. You should be wary of anyone who defines success. The reality is that there's no concrete explanation. With that being said, there are a variety of things you can do to discover success in your life. Keep in mind that what works for you will be quite different than what works for the next person in line.

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177021

**BDP / BCA / BTS**  
**Term-End Examination**  
**June, 2011**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN**  
**ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note :** *Answer all the questions.*

1. Write a composition in about 350 words on 20  
*any one* of the following topics :
  - (a) Working women make better mothers
  - (b) Hazards of living in a big city
  - (c) A day I would like to forget
  - (d) Open - learning system vs formal schooling system.
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on 10  
*any one* of the following topics :
  - (a) Keeping our cities and towns clean
  - (b) Getting a new mobile telephone connection
  - (c) Caring for the elderly
  - (d) A city mall

3. Write a report in about 200 words on the following : 10

An NGO comprising mainly women (a women's group) is doing a great job in preventing alcohol and drug abuse in your town. Write a report for a newspaper giving details of the group, their activities etc.

**OR**

You had a chance to interview your favourite film star. Write a report of the interview for a local newspaper.

4. Summarize the following passage in about one - third of its length and give it a suitable title.

8+2=10

One - third of all our food - fruits and vegetables would not exist without pollinators visiting flowers. But honeybees, the primary species that fertilizes food - producing plants, have suffered dramatic decline in recent years, mostly from afflictions caused by humans.

Domestic honeybees have lost as many as one - third of their hives and their wild cousins have become virtually extinct in many places around the world.

A variety of troubles threaten the pollinators : endless waves of development destroy nesting and feeding grounds; pesticides kill them along with other beneficial insects.

Even while they are cultivated in apiaries they get exposed to pests if adequate care is not taken by the bee keepers.

If farmers, bee keepers, pesticide applicators, scientists and common people do not come together to save the bees - we would soon lose much of our food resource.

(Adopted from the Internet)

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**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

14754

**December, 2016**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

*Note : Answer all questions.*

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any *one* of the following : 20
- (a) Awareness of sexual abuse — a must in school education.
  - (b) The underprivileged child has every right to be educated.
  - (c) Pollution as a health hazard needs immediate attention.
  - (d) The newspaper is a welcome source of information.

2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any *one* of the following topics :

10

- (a) Road Rage
  - (b) Technology can revolutionize education
  - (c) Happiness in families spending time together
  - (d) Time Management is a skill to be cultivated
3. You have been a witness to a fight between neighbours. As a result one of the neighbours had to be hospitalised. Write a report for a local newspaper about the whole incident. Do report on the exact time of the incident, the likely causes, the casualties and how such incidents can be avoided in future.

10

OR

Give reasons to support the statement :  
"Learning a second language extends one's vision and expands the mind. ... A second language teaches us different ways of labelling and organizing our experience."

Your writing should explain, analyse, define, compare and illustrate the statement given above.

10



4. Summarize the following passage to not more than one-third of the original. Give it a suitable title.

10

When the study of the learning environment is used as a means of describing learning situations, it improves our understanding of various influences on learning outcomes. In particular, by understanding influences at the level of concrete behaviour, one can more easily determine appropriate interventions for changing the environment. A learning environment comprises "all of the physical surroundings, psychosocial or emotional conditions, and social or cultural influences" present in a learning situation (Hiemstra, 1991, p. 8).

Both the physical and the social aspects of a learning environment influence student participation and satisfaction (Fulton, 1991) and are believed to affect the learning of the people who function in them. These effects can be positive or negative (Vahala & Winston, 1994). In fact, learning environments have effects beyond learning to include socialization, particularly when certain patterns of interaction occur across many classes in a curricular program. Student

and faculty come to expect and to see as normative some actions and not others (i.e., what one *should* or *should not* do). For example, when students' seats are bolted to the floor facing a lectern, student collaboration can be inhibited. If, in combination with this physical influence, instruction is almost entirely lecture-based, student can come to resist different teaching methods such as student-led discussion or small group work (e.g., Waite, Jackson, & Diwan, 2002).

While the learning environment exists in social space, it is rarely explicitly stated nor are its features static. Instead, the learning environment is negotiated through student-student and instructor-student interaction, and its characteristics, in turn, have a socializing effect (Rorty, 1999). Communication patterns are key, since it is by creating shared understanding that teaching and learning occur. Communication patterns that become typical provide not just information, but represent and maintain social order, implying and prescribing the way things are done or should be done – and who can do them – “around here” (Burke, 1966; Goffman, 1959; Mead, 1934).

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**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

42606

**June, 2016**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note : Answer *all* questions.**

1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any ***one*** of the following topics : 20
  - (a) The cultural diversity of India
  - (b) A visit to a historical place
  - (c) Educating the girl child
  - (d) A day in the life of a working woman
  
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any ***one*** of the following topics : 10
  - (a) Buying a birthday present
  - (b) Indian festivals
  - (c) Life in a big city
  - (d) Changes in society

3. Write a report in about 200 words on the following :

10

As part of a project on environment protection, you conducted a survey of 5 Colonies in your neighbourhood to see what people are doing to save the environment. Write a short report about the survey highlighting

- (a) the information gathered,
- (b) conclusions, and
- (c) recommendations.

OR

A non-government organisation has started a free school in your town. In 6 months' time the project has received tremendous response from jhuggi clusters in the area. As a reporter for a local newspaper, you visited the school. Write a report for your newspaper highlighting what the school is doing to provide quality education.

4. Read the following passage, make notes, and give it a suitable title :

8+2=10

The single-most important guideline to keep in mind when tackling learning problems is this : don't let your learning difficulties get in the way of being a successful human being. The problem with the term 'learning disabled' is that the

learner might over identify with it and begin to see herself as a handicapped individual. This can have a devastating effect upon one's self worth. See yourself as an intact and whole human being before anything else. Then regard your learning difficulties simply as something that makes you an even richer and more unique human being.

Many successful individuals with learning problems have discovered that they can bypass their difficulties and find alternative ways of getting the job done. The famed inventor and industrialist Henry Ford had difficulty reading and remembering facts. He built a multi-million dollar empire by overcoming these disabilities in a different way. He surrounded himself with people who could answer any question he desired to ask concerning the business to which he was devoting most of his effort. As he himself said, 'Why should I clutter up my mind with general knowledge for the purpose of being able to answer questions, when I have men around me who can supply any knowledge I require?'

(Adapted from *7 Kinds of Smart*

by Thomas Armstrong)

**BDP / BCA / BTS**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2017**

**29263**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note :** Answer *all* questions.

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any **one** of the following : 20
- (a) Valuing Global Citizenship is the one and only way of creating international understanding.
  - (b) Critical reading is a skill we all must develop.
  - (c) Describe what you think should be the conditions in an ideal workplace.
  - (d) The importance of travel as a means of developing a better understanding of the people of another country.

2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any **one** of the following topics : 10

- (a) Careers can now be built in any area of interest.
- (b) Reading goes far beyond the printed word.
- (c) Crimes by young people is becoming the order of the day.
- (d) Terrorism must not be tolerated.

3. Roadside vendors have usurped the pavements in the colony that you live in. It has become impossible to take a walk as you are continuously exposed to the dangers on the road. Write a letter to the editor of your local newspaper explaining your problems and suggesting some solutions. 10

**OR**

Write an article for the local newspaper that while the government is responsible for the nation, each one of us who is a citizen must play his or her role as an active citizen, if we really wish to progress. 10

4. Make notes of the following passage in an appropriate format. Give it a suitable title. 10

Teachers of reading need to consciously develop the skill of creative reading. Here are some suggestions ...



Create a close partnership with the writer through the use of imagery. This implies helping children read in “technicolour” and hear sound effects. Helping to develop mental images of what they read by visualizing the words with sounds, colours, moods, shapes, gives the child an appreciation of the writer’s skill. The child may employ many images as he reads. He may hear the sounds of a dog barking in the distance, or the cold winds blowing against his cheeks or the incessant heat of the afternoon sun.

Help children predict what a character in a story would be like by looking at pictures in the book. Ask children to look at pictures of something happening and discuss how each person feels. As words are used to express feelings, understanding of situations and other points of view develop and the experience enriches the life of the child.

Interpreting characters leads children into being more sensitive to people and to their actions. Asking questions to interpret feelings helps the child reconstruct the author’s precise meaning. He begins to feel empathy with the characters, he stores away visual images, and above all, he gives something of himself. He reorganizes his ideas, he accepts the new learnings, he modifies his own attitudes and feelings.



Interpreting figurative language is a skill that needs to be developed in order to help children visualize images. Most children are confused when familiar words are used in an unfamiliar sense. Metaphors and similes should be a part of the vocabulary. Children need to understand the flexibility of the language in order to deal with it.

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**Term-End Examination**

**05956**

**December, 2017**

**FEG-2 : FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENGLISH-2**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

**Note :** Answer *all* questions.

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1. Write a composition in about 350 words on any *one* of the following : 20
- (a) The importance of kindness and respect in the modern world
  - (b) Print versus e-books — which one will stay ?
  - (c) Living in harmony with nature
  - (d) The importance of educating girls
2. Write a paragraph in about 200 words on any *one* of the following : 10
- (a) The season you enjoy the most
  - (b) Listening to music
  - (c) The ideal teacher
  - (d) The role of friends in our lives

3. Write a letter to the municipal authorities in your city describing the problems being faced by the residents of your colony as roads have been dug up for sewer lines and then left unrepaired. 10

**OR**

Write a letter to the head of your institution pointing out how the campus has been defaced during students' elections. Please give solutions. 10

4. Read the following passage and make notes in an appropriate format. Give it a suitable title. 10

Elderly care, or simply eldercare (also known in parts of the English speaking world as aged care), is the fulfilment of the special needs and requirements that are unique to senior citizens. This broad term encompasses such services as assisted living, adult day care, long term care, nursing homes (often referred to as residential care), hospice care, and home care. Because of the wide variety of elderly care found nationally, as well as differentiating cultural perspectives on elderly citizens, it cannot be limited to any one practice. For example, many countries in Asia use government-established elderly care quite infrequently, preferring the traditional methods of being cared for by younger generations of family members.

Elderly care emphasizes the social and personal requirements of senior citizens who need some assistance with daily activities and health care, but who desire to age with dignity. It is an important distinction, in that the design of housing, services, activities, employee training and such should be truly customer-centred. It is also noteworthy that a large amount of global elderly care falls under the unpaid market sector.

The form of elderly care provided varies greatly among countries and is changing rapidly. Even within the same country, regional differences exist with respect to care for the elderly. However, it has been observed that the global elderly consume the most health expenditure out of any other age group. One must also account for an increasingly large proportion of global elderly, especially in developing nations, as continued pressure is put on limiting fertility and decreasing family size.

Traditionally, elderly care has been the responsibility of family members and was provided within the extended family home. Increasingly in modern societies, elderly care is now being provided by the state or charitable institutions. The reasons for this change include decreasing family size, the greater life expectancy of elderly people, the geographical dispersion of families, and the tendency for women to be educated and work outside the home. Although these changes have affected European and North American countries first, they are now increasingly affecting Asian countries as well.

In most western countries, elderly care facilities are residential family care homes, free-standing assisted living facilities, nursing homes, and Continuing Care Retirement Communities (CCRCs). A family care home is a residential home with support and supervisory personnel by an agency, organization, or individual that provides room and board, personal care and habilitation services in a family environment for at least two and no more than six persons.

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