1. Combines columns from two or more tables based on a related key column (like a database join).

Adds rows from one table to another when both tables have similar column structures.

1. * Home* tab > *Split Column* > *By Delimiter*.
2.  It **transposes** values from one column into **new column headers**.

 **Go to the Applied Steps Pane then**  **Delete or Modify a Step**

1. Reference: Linked but Independent Output

* **Creates a new query that’s connected to the original.**
* It **inherits** the steps and data of the original query *without* copying all the steps.
* If the original query changes, the referenced query **automatically updates**.
* 🛠 Used when you want to build multiple outputs or perform separate transformations on the same base data.

Example Use Case:

You have a query that cleans up your raw sales data. You create a **Reference** to that query to build a report without touching the original cleaning steps.

📄 Duplicate: A Snapshot Copy

* **Creates a full copy** of the original query—steps and all.
* **Does not stay in sync** with the original; it’s a one-time duplication.
* Useful when you want to **experiment** with changes *without affecting* the original query.