

Instructions

Instructions:

- 1. You have 45 minutes to attempt the S2-Solution.
- 2. Make sure you have played around with the COLAB FILE shared earlier. Here is the link [again](#) .
- 3. Once you start the solution, you cannot go back and re-attempt it
- 4. You will not find answers online, so please make sure you are ready for the quiz
- 5. For Multiple Answer Questions, ALL the answers must be correct to score any point
- 6. You will be training a model "during" this submission so make sure you are on your laptop.
- 7. Only 1 question will be shown at once
- 8. Once answered, question will be locked

Please make sure that you have good internet connection, else you will lose you data. There is only 1 attempt available for this quiz.

This quiz was locked Apr 5 at 6:30am.

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	28 minutes	171.67 out of 200

Score for this quiz: **171.67** out of 200

Submitted Apr 3 at 11:34am

This attempt took 28 minutes.

Question 1

10 / 10 pts

What is torch?

Correct!

☒ An open source machine learning framework that accelerates the path from research prototyping to production deployment.

☐ is a fictional superhero appearing in American comic books published by Marvel Comics.

☐ a portable battery-powered electric lamp.

Question 2

0 / 10 pts

What is the purpose of adding padding=1?

You Answered

☒ To create equal size output after convolution with any kernel

Correct!

☒ To add 2 additional pixels in x and y rows for convolution

☐ To provide cushioning to the channels before kernel hits with a great force

You Answered

☒ To increase the kernel size by 2px in x and y columns

Question 3

5 / 10 pts

What is that -1 in output shape when we call summary(model, input_size=(1, 28, 28))?

Correct!

☒ It refers to the batch size

☐ It refers to the dimension "outside" what might be available of input_size

☐ it refers to the z-axis

☐ It refers to the z-axis of the kernels

Correct Answer

Question 4

10 / 10 pts

What is CUDA?

Correct!

☒ CUDA is a parallel computing platform and application programming interface model created by Nvidia. It allows software developers and software engineers to use a CUDA-enabled graphics processing unit for general purpose processing – an approach termed GPGPU

☐ CUDA is a garbage collector

☐ An end-to-end open source machine learning platform.

☐ Something without which my journey in ML would be useless! :(

Question 5

6.67 / 10 pts

What is a Tensor?

Correct Answer

☐ A tensor is a container which can house data in N dimensions.

☐ A tensor is a matrix

Correct!

☒ Tensor is NOT a matrix, as matrices are specifically 2D, where as Tensors can be nD

Correct!

☒ is an algebraic object that describes a linear mapping from one set of algebraic objects to another

Question 6

0 / 10 pts

What is 0.1307 and 0.3081 in transforms.Normalize?

Correct Answer

☐ That's mean and std of the complete dataset

☐ I don't know, and I don't care!

You Answered

☒ that's std and mean of the dataset

☐ That's mean and std of the training set

Question 7

10 / 10 pts

What is the use of torch.no_grad()?

Correct!

☒ To perform inference, but without training

Correct!

☒ To make sure test data does not "leak" into the model

Correct!

☒ To perform inference without gradient calculation

☐ To tell us that knowing just this function won't help us get graduation degree

Question 8

70 / 70 pts

What the hell is wrong with this model? Generally in 1 epoch we should be able to get 95%+, but here we do not? Explain according to you what is wrong with the model. 0 Points if you miss the main point.

Your Answer:

We are using two activation functions in the last layer namely the ReLU and log_softmax. Here the ReLU is a Linear function and for high value gives output as high values and the softmax function increases it exponentially. Hence decreasing the accuracy to just 38% instead of 95%+.

Ideally, we would want to have values between 0 and 1 in out output layer hence using a sigmoid function which has output in range [0,1] can we be used for better results or directly using the soft_max function without ReLU.

עבודה טובה!

Question 9

60 / 60 pts

Only 1 change is required in this model such that it gets up to 97% within 1 epoch!

What is that 1 change?

Your Answer:

The removal of ReLU function from the last later and directly passing the convoluted layer to log_softmax can increase the accuracy to 98% within 1 epoch.

עבודה טובה!