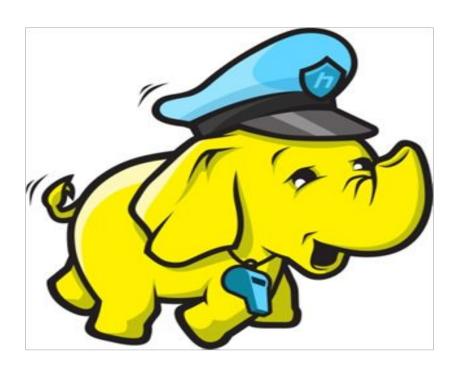
# Problem with Traditional approach Vs Requirement of new approach ( Hadoop )



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# Agenda

Data, Data, Everywhere Traditional large-scale computation Store/Process data in TB/PB/ZB Structured Vs Un-structured data Processing Structured/Un-structured data Partial failures of the system Scalability **Economical factor** 

## Data, Data, Everywhere

Social networking. Like Facebook/Linkedin/Twitter.

Online transactions/Online shopping.

Purchases at departmental stores.





## Traditional Large-Scale Computation

Traditionally, computation was processor-bound.

Relatively small amounts of data (MB/GB).

For decades, primary push was to increase the computing power of a single machine.

Faster processor, more RAM.

But this can increase performance till some extent.

## Store/Process data in TB/PB/ZB

Traditional system can't store data in TB/PB/ZB.

It's not possible to process large amount of data on a single machine.

Even good processor can't process billion of rows.

On the other hand, Hadoop can process large amount of data very easily.

History data is analysed for business intelligence.

#### Structured data

Emp Id	F Name	L Name	Department	Contact No.
123	Srini	Reddy	Accounts	9876789876
124	Venkat	Eluri	Networking	8876896545

#### **Un-structured data**

INFO: Server started successfully at 2:14:52 pm

WARN: Not enough memory

**FATAL Error: Server crashed unexpectedly** 

## Process Structured/Un-structured data

RDBMS needs a schema but Hadoop doesn't.

Data must be structured in traditional approach.

You must know the structure of the table before inserting the data.

Hadoop can process structured/un-structured data easily.

Hadoop can process text files directly, without loading them into database.

# Partial failures of the system

There is no partial failure in traditional approach.

Either the query is 100% completed or 100% failed.

If some processing is failed, you need to start it all over again.

In Hadoop, failure of 1 machine doesn't let the complete job failed.

If a job is partially failed, it is rescheduled on alternate machine automatically.

# Scalability

Traditional systems are not scalable.

In traditional approach, adding load to the system decreases the performance.

On the other hand, Hadoop is scalable.

You can add/remove machines from Hadoop cluster at runtime.

You can increase the cluster size if data size increases.

## **Economical Factor**

Traditional approach is more expensive.

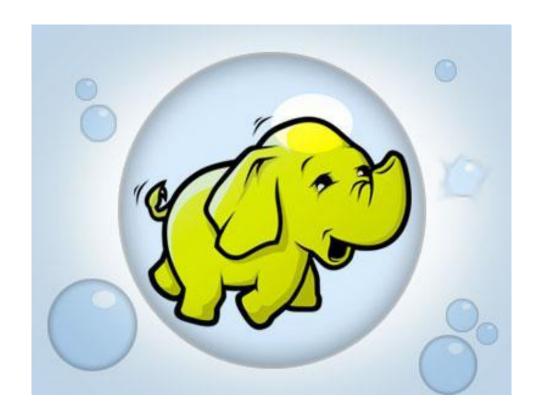
Instead of commodity hardware, you need high performance servers.

You need to pay high for RDBMS Softwares.

On the other hand, Hadoop is open source/free software.

You can use Hadoop for personal or enterprise use free of cost.

# ...Thanks...



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