

Project Plan for KFUPM Online Testing System (KOTS)

Team 01

3.1

12/2/2021

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Document History and Distribution

1. Revision History

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1.0	10/6/2021	Completed Section 1, 2, 3	Entire team members
2.0	12/2/2021	Completed Section 4, 5.1-5.5	Entire team members
3.0	12/15/2021	Completed the entire document	Entire team members
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1. Overview

This project aims to provide a web-based examination application that is accessible to students/candidates and administrators worldwide as well as corporate employees. The application will allow tests to be conducted online by allowing all students to simultaneously take the exam, and display the automatically generated results immediately after, which provides a great advantage over in person exams along with abolishing the need for pen and paper. This project is developed for KFUPM to enhance the educational process.

2. Goals and Scope

2.1 Project Goals

- Develop a high-quality working web application KOTS
- Develop an application that can be used by educational institutions as well as corporates.
- Ensure the flexibility of conducting exams virtually to effectively deal with the pandemic COVID-19.
- Automate the work of preparing and storing results information.
- Manage time consumed by calculating and publishing test results instantly.
- Develop a reliable system that is always available for use.

2.2 Project Scope

2.2.1 Included

- Hosting of the website.
- Functional tools to solve problems that occur within the exam.
- PDF manual to the administration on how to use the system.
- Administration login for admin's panel
- Candidate login for the application users.

2.2.2 Excluded

- Maintenance after delivering the system.
- The design of the system.
- Training of end-users.

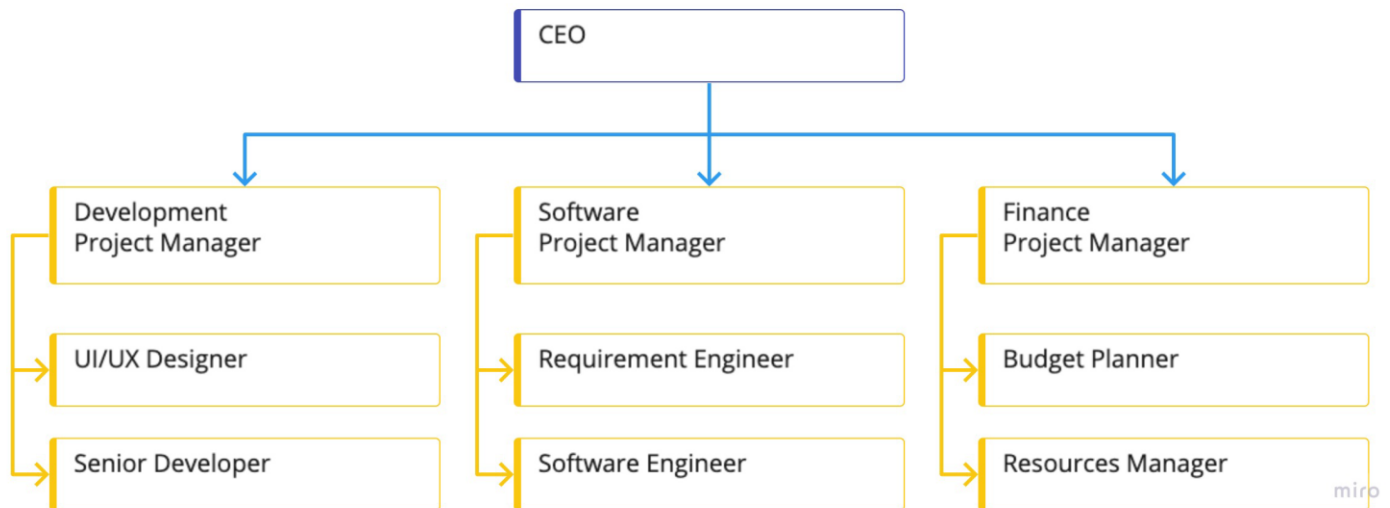
2.3 References

- Project Guidelines, September 17, KFUPM
- Software Project Management Plan templet, September 17, KFUPM
- miro.com

- Microsoft Project
- [Cost and Budget Estimation](#)

3. Project Organization

3.1 Project Organizational Structure



3.1.1 Project Team

Team member	Role	Involvement duration (# of months)	Comment
Osama Al Fawaz	Budget Planner	6 months	
Abdul ilah alomri	Resources Manager	6 months	
Fahad Aloraini	UI/UX Designer	6 months	
Abdurrrhman Alqarawi	Requirement Engineer	6 months	
Ayman Fadlallah	Software Engineer	6 months	
Abdulrhman Gharsa	Project Manager	6 months	
Omran Albedeiwy	Senior Developer	6 months	

4. Schedule and Budget

4.1 Schedule and Milestones

We used **MS Project** to develop the schedule of the project. The developed schedule is included in a separate file.

The schedule covers the five process groups with their respective activities and the sequencing of activities using Gantt Chart. The schedule also includes the WBS of the project.

The duration, start date, finish date, assigned resources are all addressed in the schedule. Milestones are clearly addressed and marked in the schedule for important dates and events.

4.2 Cost and Budget

4.2.1 Cost estimation

Analogous estimation:

[Click here to open](#)

Google drive link:

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1dkr1xfuMq1ScVyp0s5u-GXaJO9cjTuFZ/edit?usp=sharing&oid=116908797694325579706&rtpof=true&sd=true>

Check analogous sheet.

3-point estimate:

[Click here to open](#)

Google drive link:

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1dkr1xfuMq1ScVyp0s5u-GXaJO9cjTuFZ/edit?usp=sharing&oid=116908797694325579706&rtpof=true&sd=true>

check 3 point sheet.

4.2.2 Budget

[Click here to open](#)

Google drive link:

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1dkr1xfuMq1ScVyp0s5u-GXaJO9cjTuFZ/edit?usp=sharing&oid=116908797694325579706&rtpof=true&sd=true>

check budget sheet.

5. Management Plans

5.1 Integration Management

5.1.1 Configuration Management Plan

We will use GitHub as the tool of configuration management to automate the process.

The methods that will be utilized to provide configuration identification, control, and release management are Promotion Branches, Enforce Change Traceability to Features/Problem Reports and finally, Use of Change Packages.

Configuration Identification Management: We will use unique file identifier to help us identify the provided information included in each file.

File Identifier: DocumentY_v3.0

Each file will include the following in the front page of the document:

Project Name: ProjectX

Document Title: DocumentTitleY

Date of Change:

The project manager or the responsible person:

Configuration Control: The project manager (Abdulrhman Gharsa) will be in charge of analysing the request and checking the requirements with the defined scope of the project, So it is possible to track how a change request will affect the project's specification and discuss it with the team member and stakeholders so it can be handled.

Configuration Release Management: After approving the request, the risks of involved changes will be evaluated, and the resources needed to deliver the change will be measured against the available resources. If the impact of the change is manageable, the team will go through and make required changes. This will ensure that we minimize the disruptions of changes.

5.1.2 Change management plan

There are three parties with the authority to approve changes to the project and they are the project sponsor, the project manager, and the Change Control Board. any stakeholder will have to submit a changes request.

We can track and monitor the changes by collecting, measuring, and disseminating performance information.

5.1.3 Delivery Plan

#	Deliverable	Planned Date
D1	Project charter	11/1/21
D2	Project Schedule	11/24/21
D3	Requirement document for the team	1/5/22
D4	Software Requirements Specifications (SRS) for developers	1/14/22
D5	functional version for testers	7/14/22
D6	Final product	8/22/22

5.2 Scope Management Plan

The project manager (Abdulrhman Gharsa) will be responsible for the project scope, project sponsors, team members, and stakeholders will have roles in establishing the project scope.

1. Gather potential scope change requests from any project stakeholder, such as the project team, clients, and sponsors.
2. Document the request using a Scope Change Request Form.
3. Enter the request into the Scope Change Log for tracking purposes.
4. The person who made the request should demonstrate the value of change and how will it meet the project goals.
5. Investigate the request further and see how much it will impact the budget and the schedule of the project.
6. Present the scope change request, alternatives, business value, and project impact to the sponsor for a decision, and see whether he authorizes it.
7. Document the resolution or course of action.
8. If the request for a scope change is authorized, the appropriate tasks and WBSs are added to the work plan to guarantee that the change is carried out.
9. If necessary, the project budget and schedule should also be revised.
10. The current Project Definition Charter should be updated if an approved scope change results in a substantial change to the project.

5.3 Procurement Management Plan

The procurement management plan define how it will be managed from developing the procurement document till the closing of contract. It will define the approach that will be used and the responsibilities of team members.

After doing the procurement analysis. We have come up with the need of outsourcing some items. We will use expert judgment and market research to select best supplier for our project and how the contract will be managed. Bidders' conference will be conducted later as the project proceeds. This is an initial procurement plan. However, it can change with time as more details are available.

Procurement Responsibilities: The team project manager (Abdulrhman Gharsa) will be responsible for requesting and approving all resources and the project manager can assign a member to take his place in his absence.

Procurement definition: what items will be procured and under what condition. Since items that must be procured for a project can be made internally before requesting it.

Items/Service	Justification	Needed By
Servers	It is needed to stay on schedule	IT department
ItemX		

Type of Contract: contract will be fixed price contract for all items.

Procurement Risks: Identify all potential risks associated with procurement. Depending on the contract type, the items purchased, vendor reputation, project scope uncertainties, schedule, and budget.

Risks	Possibility of occurrence	Possible Solution
ServiceA will arrive late	High	Adjust project schedule

Performance Metrics of procurement activities: to ensure that the project will stay on schedule.

<i>Ordered by</i>	<i>amount</i>	<i>item</i>	<i>Vender</i>	<i>Cost per unit</i>	<i>Date of delivery</i>
<i>IT department</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>servers</i>	<i>Dimofinf</i>	<i>300\$</i>	<i>6 Nov</i>
<i>IT department</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>servers</i>	<i>IBM</i>	<i>600\$</i>	<i>10 Nov</i>
<i>IT department</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>DBMS server</i>	<i>Amazon</i>	<i>900\$</i>	<i>9 Dec</i>
<i>Deveolpment team</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>MacBook pro M1</i>	<i>X-cite</i>	<i>999\$</i>	<i>10 Oct</i>

Sponsor Acceptance: Acknowledgment from the project sponsor that they have reviewed and approved the procurement management plan for the project. Any changes to the plan will be addressed with them.

5.4 Schedule Management Plan

The project schedule will be created using **Microsoft Project**. Which will also be used to create the Gantt Chart, WBS, and the milestones.

The Work breakdown structure and milestones were estimated using expert judgment and the experience from working on similar projects and based on the specifications of this project.

Abdulrhman Gharsa who is the project manager and Omran Albedeiwy, a senior developer, will be responsible for developing and maintaining the work breakdown structure through the life of the project. However, the team will give regular updates to Abdulrhman Gharsa and Omran Albedeiwy so that they can make sure that the project is on schedule by checking the completeness of the Gantt Chart.

Abdulrhman Gharsa and Omran Albedeiwy will also be responsible for notifying the team of any changes that occur in the schedule to ensure that the team will follow the schedule.

The project manager, Abdulrhman Gharsa, can make changes to the schedule as he sees fits for the success of the project.

5.5 Cost Management Plan

Osama Al Fawaz, *the budget planner of the project*, will be the person responsible for managing the cost throughout the project duration. Osama asks for approval to changes to the budget of the project from the project manager Abdulrhman Gharsa.

Any changes to the budget should be discussed with the financial team and then approved by the CEO

The cost performance is quantitatively measured by the project manager using EVM so that he ensures that we do not spend more than the budget of it and the reserve for that month.

5.6 Quality Management Plan

Planning a process to reach a well fitted outcome is the purpose of the quality management plan(QMP). We will do the quality management plan according to following three factors:

1. Quality roles and responsibility:

There will be reviews by an outside team as well as having peer reviews.

In addition, coding standards by the IEEE will be used by the members of the developing team.

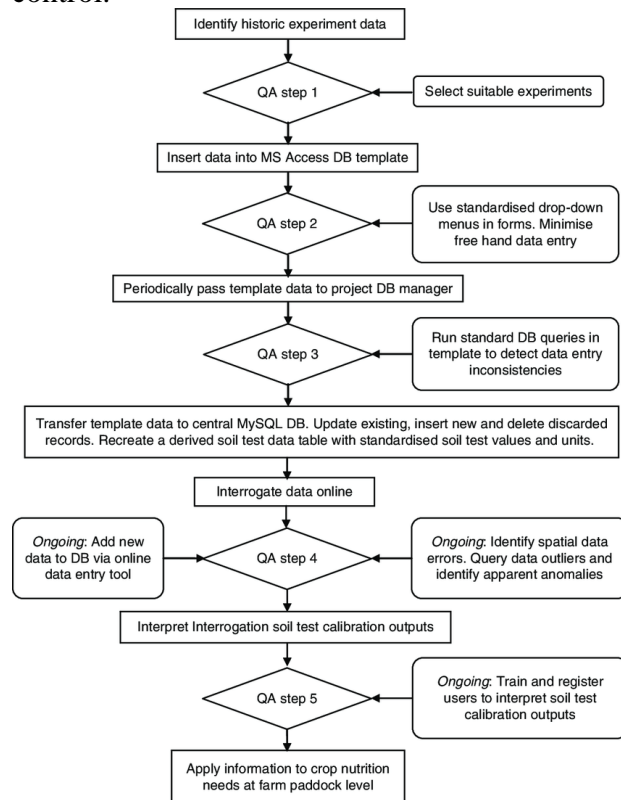
2. Quality assurance:

To ensure the quality, coding standards will be used as well as following “code reviews best practices”.

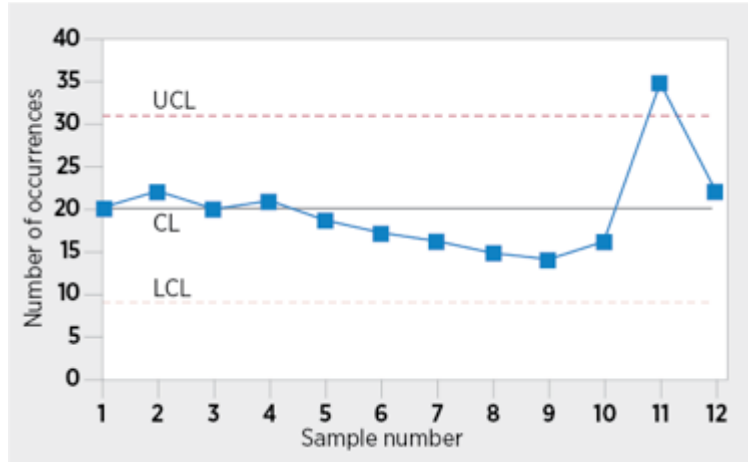
After that peer reviews will be conducted. We will also involve students and instructors from KFUPM to test for the user acceptance

3. Quality monitoring and control:

we will use different tools and techniques for Quality monitoring and control depending on the issues we run into throughout the life of the project, and the problems that we need to monitor and control.



- We will use a flowchart to document the processes of an activity or program to help us understand and visualize what is going on and what are the flaws.
- Control chart will be used to study how the process will change over time. Where we will be plotting the data in a timely order. And we can measure the performance by setting the upper and lower bounds of the acceptable performance.



5.7 Resource Management Plan

Staffing plan : The most important thing to consider is to determine the goals that should be achieved and make the resources be aware of it (updates, changes...etc.). In addition, the factors that impacting Personal Availability should be considered such as vacation, emergency situations, illness...etc. Moreover, we should also Conduct Gap Analysis to determine and compares what we have currently with what we need such as are the gaps (if there are some) due to heavy workloads during high seasonal demand periods...etc.

Resource	Source / Requirements	
Project Team (Full and Part Time Staff)	<i>NAME</i>	<i>ROLE and Duration</i>
	Osama Al Fawaz	Budget Planner, 6 months
	Abdul ilah alomri	Resources Manager, 6 months
	Fahad Aloraini	UI/UX Designer, 6 months
	Abdurrhman Alqarawi	Requirement Engineer, 6 months
	Abdulrhman Gharsa	Project Manager, 6 months
	Omran Albedeiwy	Senior Developer, 6 months
	Ayman Fadlallah	Software Engineer, 6 months
Equipment	1– 7 PCs supporting windows 10 2- PC accessories (Cams, mice, keyboards etc....) 3- 7 Desks with chairs 4- 7 Monitors for the PCs	

Software Tools	1- Microsoft temas 2- Web storm IDE 3- Micorosoft planner 4- Github 5- Slack
Other Essentials	1- Internet connection 2- A place to work in with a break room and in a good condition

5.8 Communication Management Plan

- The report will be made every week, at least once between stakeholders.
- The main goal is to give stakeholders enough information so they can be informed and can give us their appropriate decisions, and communication with stakeholders may be good news or bad news.
- There are three basic meetings. The first one takes the requirements and signs the contract, the second to follow up on the work, and the third before handing over the project.
- Meetings will be monthly
- The official means of communication between the organization and the client organization is e-mail, and in the case of a meeting, it will be at the company's headquarters.

Communication Type	Description	Frequency	Format	Participants/ Distribution	Deliverable	Owner
Status Report	E-mail to describe where the project stands	Monthly	In-Person	Project Sponsor	Status Report	Abdulrhman Gharsa
Progress Report	Describe what the project has accomplished	Weekly	E-mail	Project stakeholders	Progress Report	Abdulrhman Gharsa
Forecasts	Predicting the status of the project	Monthly	In-Person	Project Sponsor, Stakeholders	Forecasts Report	Abdulrhman Gharsa
Project Review	Present metrics and status to team and sponsor	Monthly	In-Person	Project Sponsor, Team, and Stakeholders	Status and Metric Presentation	Abdulrhman Gharsa
Project Team Meeting	Meeting to review the status of the project before presenting it to	Weekly	In-Person	Project Team	Report of outcomes	Abdulrhman Gharsa

	the stakeholders					
Construction Status	Report outlining weekly progress and issues	Weekly	E-Mail	Project Team	Construction Status Update	Abdulrhman Gharsa

5.9 Risk Management

To best meet project objectives and improve success by anticipating problems and avoiding them, we will be considering managing risks to be part of the project development. And to make sure that we achieve our goal of identifying and managing all the risks related to the project, we will be following a number of steps or process.

1. **Identifying Risks:** we will find what potential events might hurt or enhance the project development. We will be conducting Brainstorming group sessions to generate ideas or solutions to the possible problems using our experience from working on similar projects. A *Risk Register* will be completed to list all the identified risks.
2. **Performing Qualitative and Quantitative Risk Analysis:** We will assess the likelihood and impact of the identified risks. This will help in determining the risk's magnitude and priority. We will be using a probability/impact matrix. And a decision tree to help us analysis and select the best course of action of uncertain future outcomes.
3. **Planning Risk Responses:** After identifying and analyzing the risks, we will decide on the approach needed to response to each risk. We will use the basic response strategies based on whether it is a negative or positive risk.
4. **Implementing Risk Response:** After planning the approach for responding to risks. We will respond to the risk by identifying if it is a positive or negative risk. For each major risk, a plan will be created to mitigate or exploit it to enhance the project performance. The created plan will then be discussed to decide on how to resolve the risk.
5. **Monitor Risk:** We will ensure that appropriate risks responses are applied, all identified risks are tracked, identify and analysis the new risks that occur, and evaluate the effectiveness of our risk management throughout the project development. We will be using our generated Gantt Chart to help in monitoring the risks and conduct meetings when needed to manage the risks.

The project manager (Abdulrahman Gharsa) will be responsible for the risk management of the project.

5.9.1 Risk Register

#	R	Risk	Description	Category	Root Cause	Triggers	Potential Responses	Risk Owner	Probability	Impact	Status
1	2	Long loading time	Application's servers take too long to response to a user request.	Project	Bad Servers	User Complaints.	Change to a different server provider. Buy more servers	Project Manager (Abdulrhman Gharsa)	Medium	Medium	Closed
2	1	Design Issues	System design was not reviewed by the architect.	Project	Team member absence.	Lack of communication	Hire an architect from outside the company.	Ayman Fadlallah	Medium	High	Closed
3	5	Employee Training	Employees are facing difficulties using the system.	User Experience	Lacking Experience.	User mistakes, lower outcome	adjust UI/UX to be usable for new employees, Add tutorial.	Fahad Aloraini	Low	Low	Open
4	3	Features Test	New features are untested, or tests are uncompleted	Testing	Delaying the development of the system.	Behind schedule.	Conduct meeting with team members to review schedule of developing new features.	Omran Albedeiwy (Senior Developer)	Low	High	Open
5	4	Delay of delivering procurement	Contracted procurements services are arriving late of schedule.	Project	Not upholding the agreement of the procurement contract	Schedule is falling behind. Lack of services.	Contact vendor to discuss the problem and possible approach to solve it.	Abdul ilah alomri	Low	Medium	Open

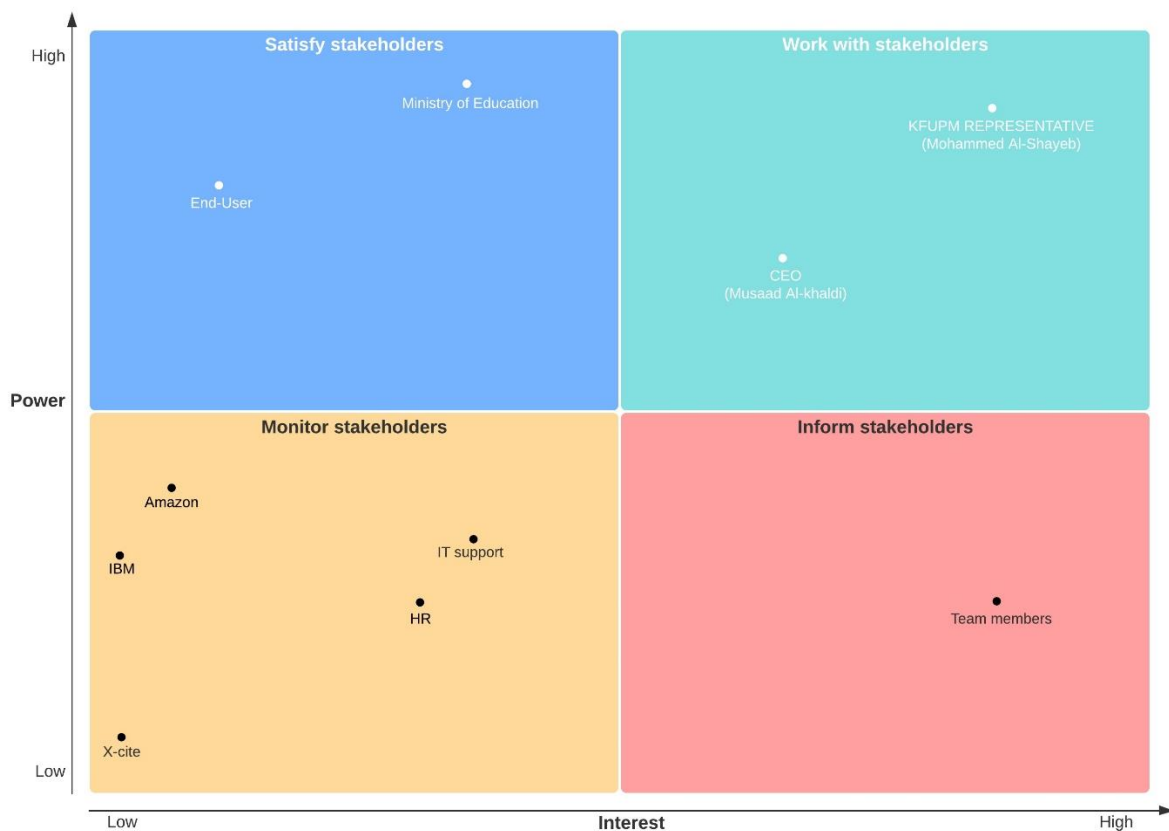
5.10 Stakeholders Management Plan

Identifying Stakeholders:

Name	Position	Internal/External	Project Role	Contact Information
Mohammed Alshayeb	KFUPM Representative	Internal	Project Sponsor	Mohammed@kfupm.edu.sa
Omran Albediwy	Senior Developer	Internal	Team member	Omran@gmail.com
Abdulrhman Gharisa	Software Engineer	Internal	Project Manager	Abdulrhman@gmail.com
Ayman Fadlallah	Software Engineer	Internal	Team member	Ayman@gmail.com
Abdul-ilah al-omari	Resource Manager	Internal	Team member	Abdulilah@gmail.com
Abdulrhman Al-qarawi	Requirement Engineer	Internal	Team member	Alqarawi@gmail.com
Osama Fawaz	Budget Planner	Internal	Team member	Osama@gmail.com
Fahad al-oraini	UI/UX Developer	Internal	Team member	Fahad@gmail.com
Abdullah Masod	HR	Internal	Support staff	Masod@gmail.com
Musaad Al-khaldi	CEO	Internal	Executive	Musaad@gmail.com
Ministry of Education	Regulator	External	Provide rules and regulations	MOE@gov.sa
IBM	Vendor	External	Provide Servers	Stephen@IBM.com
Amazon	Vendor	External	Provide DBMS servers	vendor@Amazon.com
X-cite	Vendor	External	Machines vendor and responsible for	vendor@X-cite.com

			the machines warranty	
Waleed Al-asd	Student	External	End-User	Waleed@gmail.com
Abdullah Hakeem	Instructor	External	End-User	Hakeem@gmail.com

Stakeholders Power/Interest Diagram:



Stake Holder Management Strategy:

Stakeholders will be managed depending on the area of their power/interest. The stakeholders in the monitor area will be monitored on regular basis to make sure that they provide the services needed for the project. Stakeholders in the inform area will be informed by the decision made to the project by upper management, immediately since they are critical to the project. Stakeholders in the satisfy area will be contacted and be present in major parts of the project. While “work

with stakeholders” area is the important one they will be the ones who make the calls with the involvement of the project manager.

6. Development Process

The development process we are using for the online examination software is the waterfall process.

We have dedicated a lot of time for defining and documenting the requirements.

We first gathered the functional and non-fictional requirements using multiple techniques:

- 1- Brainstorming: we used this technique to mostly gather the generic requirements.
- 2- Document analysis: we reviewed the requirements provided by KFUPM regarding the system.
- 3- Interviews: for any unclear requirements.
- 4- Focus groups: with representatives from all actors.
- 5- Survey/questionnaire: to improve the user experience.

After collecting and documenting the requirements we designed the program while upholding the best design principles and architecture.

Then, we started with the implementation using the functional requirement (to decide on things like programming language) and applying our earlier design.

Then, we thoroughly tested the software using several techniques including: unit testing, component testing, integration testing, and acceptance testing.

Finally, we deployed the application on the agreed platforms (web, IOS, Android).

Reasons behind choosing the waterfall model:

- 1- We put a lot of effort into ensuring our requirements are stable and rarely susceptible to change if at all.
- 2- Any changes would have minor impact on our different phases.
- 3- Using the waterfall model we can focus on the design phase to make sure we use the most efficient design and architecture patterns. This is important for an examination system to minimize and try to eliminate any problems for the users mid examination.
- 4- This is relatively small project which works well with the waterfall model and requirements are easily understandable.
- 5- The project will be well documented for future expansion or alteration.

7. Abbreviations and Definitions

Abbreviations	Definitions
WBS	Work Breakdown Structure
CCB	Change Control Board
UI	User Interface
UX	User Experience
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
EVM	Earned Value Management
HR	Human Resources
QMP	Quality Management Plan