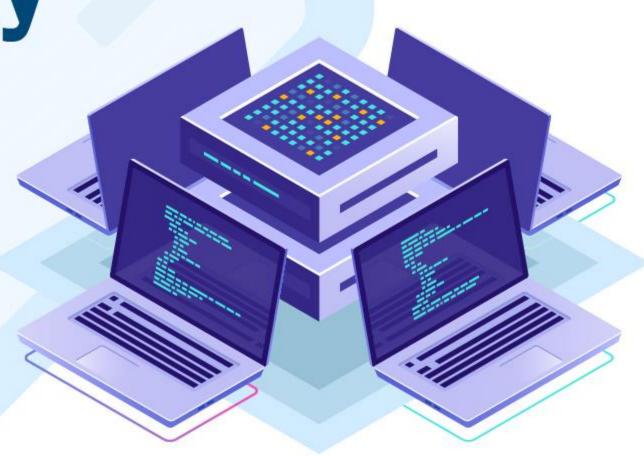
## Information Te@hnology

2023-2024 Spring Semester

- Mobile and Sensor Networks
- >> Dr. Ahmed Abdelreheem

Lec\_1







#### References

Rastko R. Selmic · Vir V. Phoha Abdul Serwadda

## Wireless Sensor Networks

Security, Coverage, and Localization





Networks

Principles, Design and Applications



#### **Basic Course Information**

• Course code: NWE407

Course name: Mobile and Sensor Networks

• Level: Four Year / B.Sc.

• Course Credit: 3 credits

• Instructor: Dr. Ahmed Abdelreheem

#### Assessment method

Activity	%
assignments	5
Quizzes	20
Tutorial and Lab Attendance Performance and Interaction (electronic and physical)	5
Mid -Term Exam	20
Final Exam	50
Total	100





#### **Outlines**

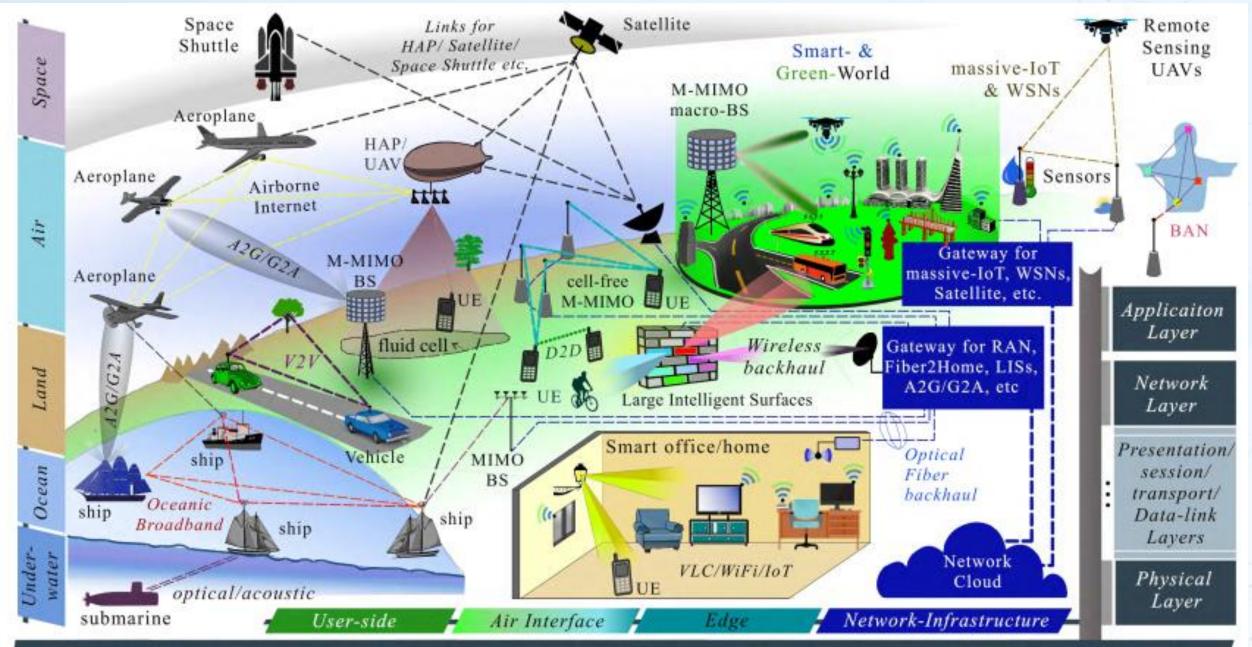
- Module 01: Introduction and history of wireless networks
- Module 02: Wireless Physical and Mac Layers
- Module 03: Mobile Network Layer
- Module 04: Cellular Technology Concepts and Standards
- Module 05: Case Studies: WLAN and Sensor Networks



#### **Outlines**

- Module 01: Introduction and history of wireless networks
- Module 02: Wireless Physical and Mac Layers
- Module 03: Mobile Network Layer
- Module 04: Cellular Technology Concepts and Standards
- Module 05: Case Studies: WLAN and Sensor Networks





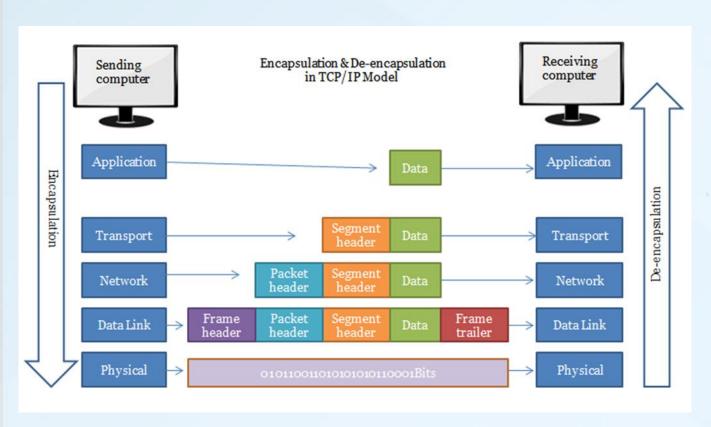
M-IoT, M-MIMO, tiny-cells, cell-free, fluid cells, mmWave, multiteraHertz, VLC, SD fluid antennas, LISs, V2X, D2D, mMTC, MEC, NOMA, intelligent caching, energy harvesting, wireless backhaul, UAVs/satellites/airborne/underwater/oceanic, etc

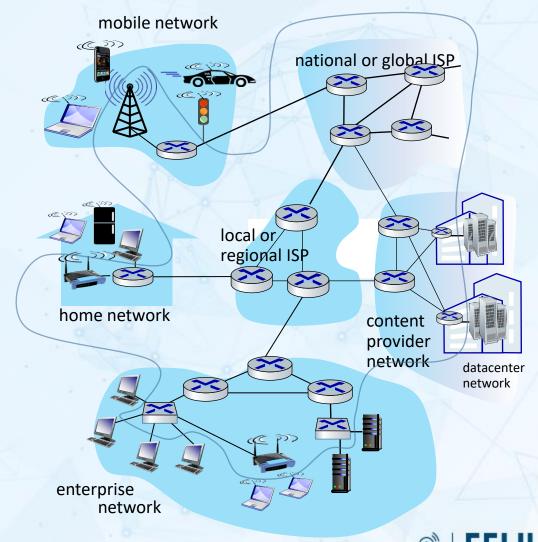
• Communications is the Process of Transmitting Information from a Source to a Destination



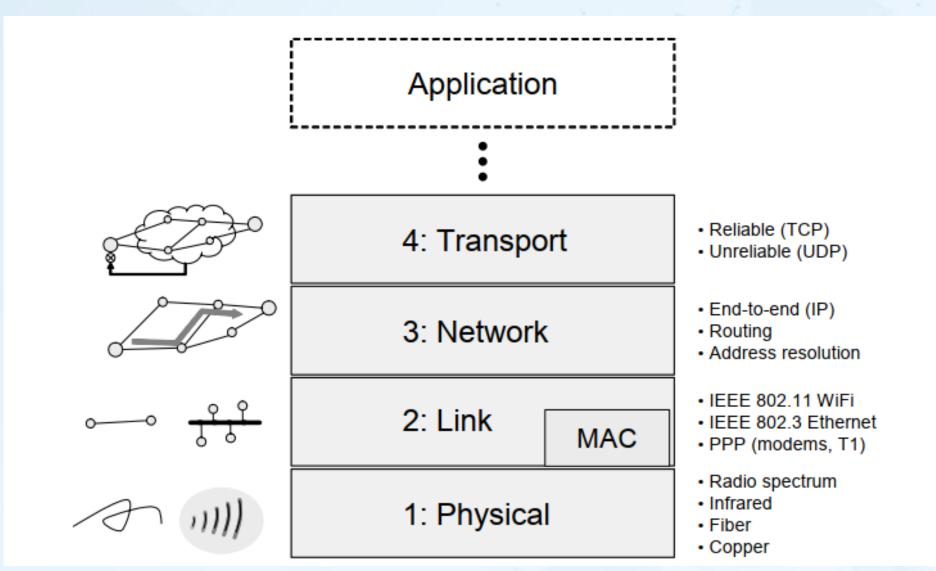
- Example of typical communication systems
- 1. Wire-line telephone
- 2. Cellular phone
- 3. TV broadcasting system
- 4. IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN(WLAN)
- 5. Satellite communications.



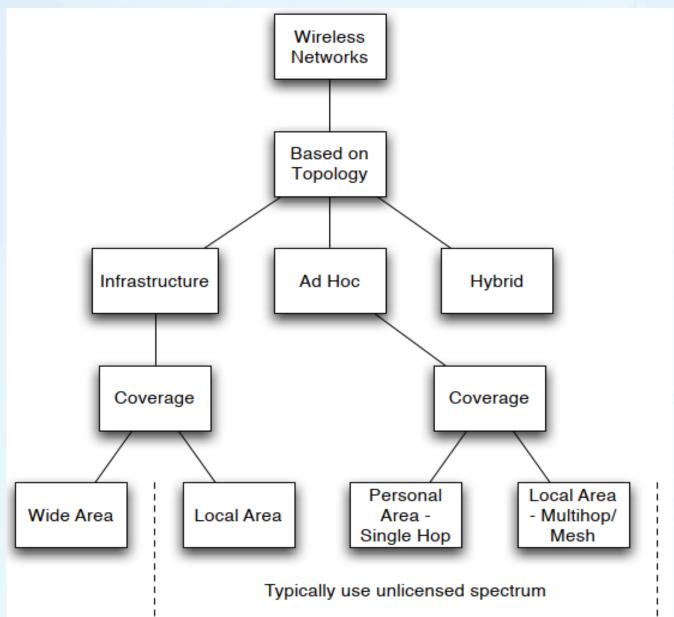








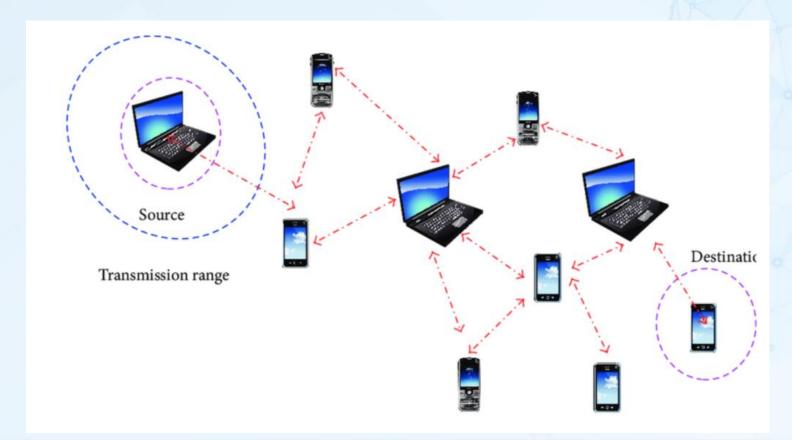




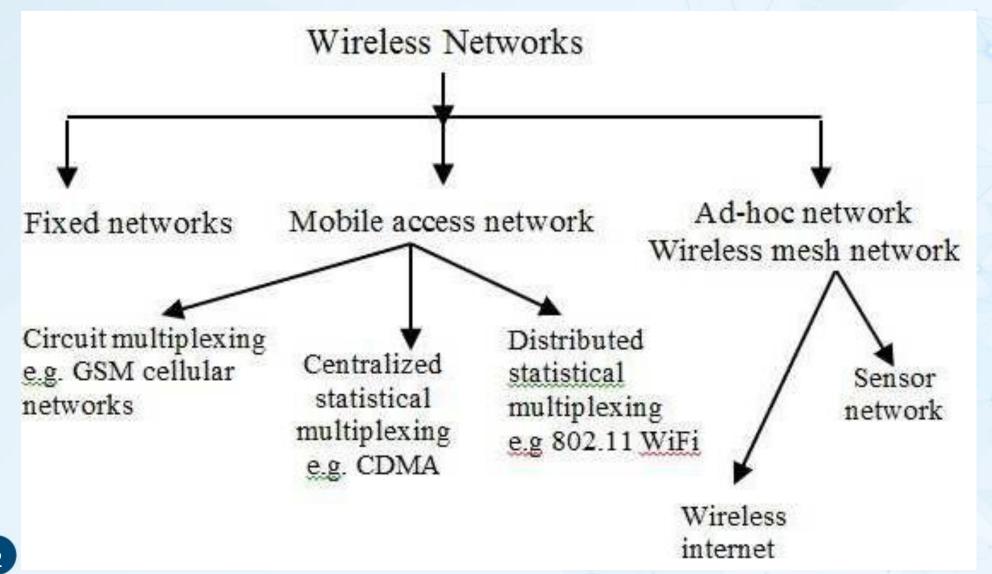


#### Ad hoc networks: Ad hoc literally means "for this purpose" in Latin.

have no pre-existing (fixed) infrastructure and the network architecture is configurable. They are formed by wireless stations which may be mobile and they route paths for each other. Every station in an ad hoc network can be set up as, and play the role of, a base station where it can directly transmit and receive from other stations in the network. Packets may need to traverse multiple links to reach a destination. Due to the mobility, the routes between stations may change dynamically. Ad hoc network can co-exist and co-operate, i.e., exchange data packets, with an infrastructure-based network.







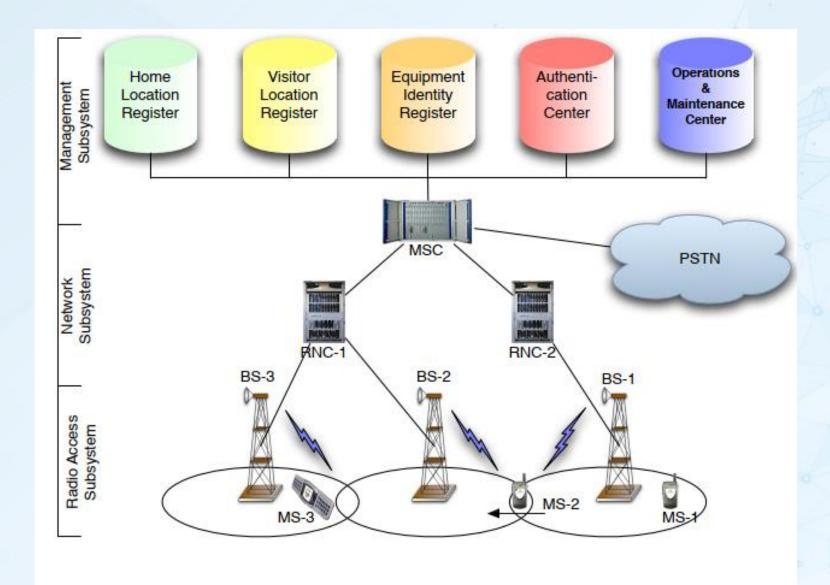


#### Fixed network architecture



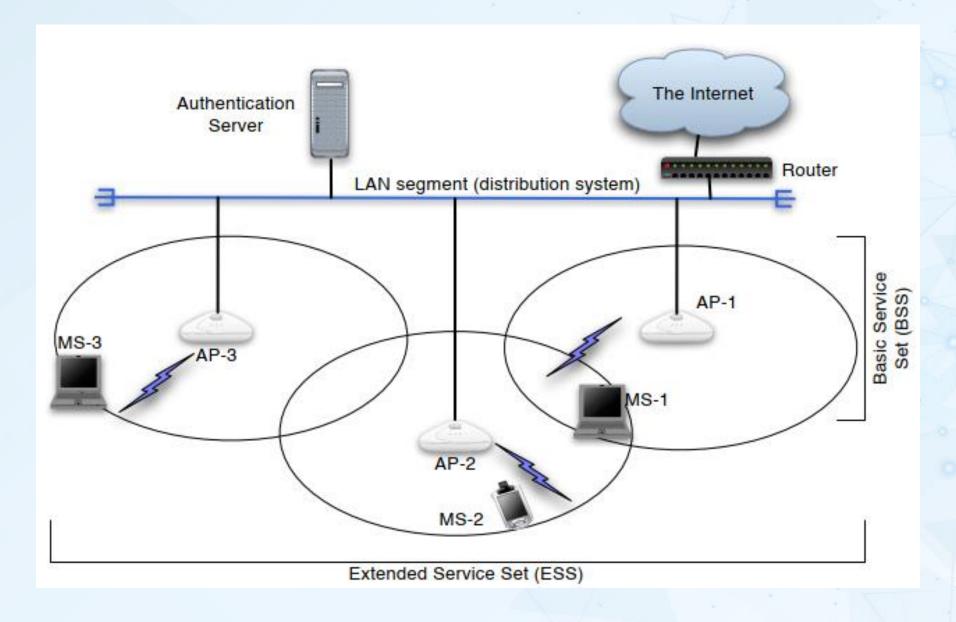


#### Cellular network architecture

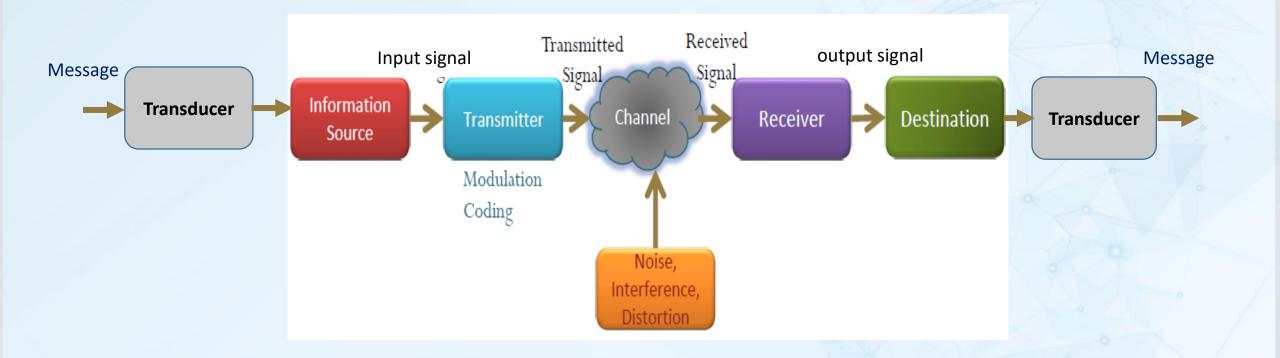




## WIRELESS LOCAL AREA NETWORKS (WLAN)

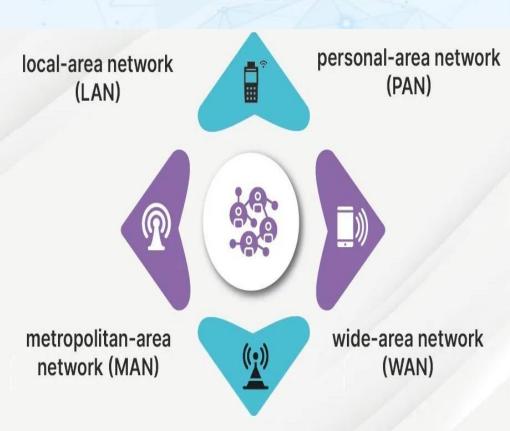




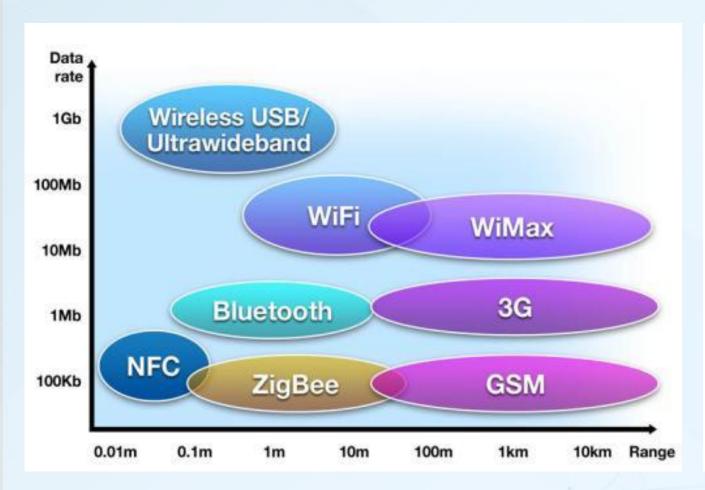


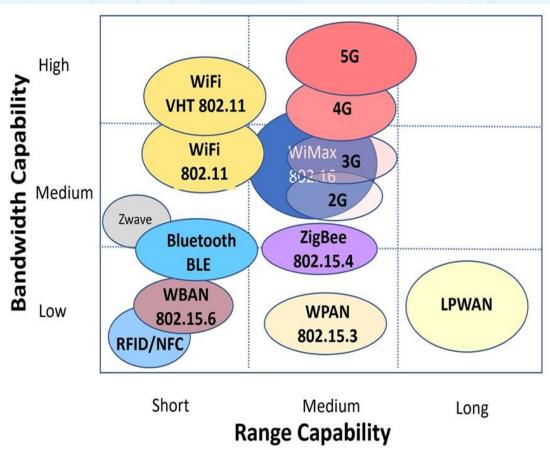


Wireless LAN	Wireless MAN	Wireless PAN	Wireless WAN
(WLAN)	(WMAN)	(WPAN)	(WWAN)
Local area network	Metropolitan area network	Personal area network	Wide area network
Provide internet	Provide access	Transmit signals	Provide access
access within a	outside office and	between devices	outside the range
building or limited	home networks,	in limited areas,	of WLANs and
outdoor area	typically regional	typically 100 meters	WMANs
Cellular	IEEE 802.16 WiMax	Bluetooth, Zigbee and infrared	LTE



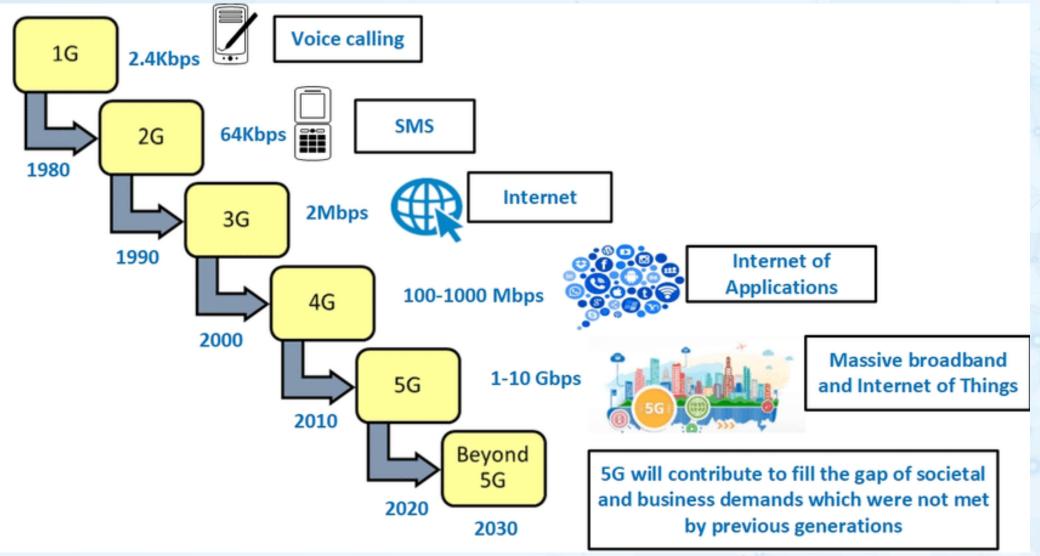








### Mobile Communication Generations







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# THANK YOU FOR WATCHING

**QUESTIONS?**