

§ 5.4 - Net-Change Theorem

FTC II: $\int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a)$, where $F'(x) = f(x)$

Net-Change Theorem: $\int_a^b f'(x) dx = f(b) - f(a)$

Suppose an oil rig is pumping oil out at a rate of $R(t) = \frac{10}{(1+t)^2}$ gal/hr

If there are 30 gal of oil at time $t=0$, how many will there be at $t=2$?

Let $f(t)$ be the # of gal of oil at time t .

$f(0) = 30$. we want $f(2)$.

$f'(t) = R(t) \quad \therefore \int_0^2 f'(t) dt = f(2) - f(0)$

$$\int_0^2 10(1+t)^{-2} dt + 30 = f(2)$$

$$\left. \frac{10(1+t)^{-1}}{-1} \right|_0^2 = \left. -\frac{10}{1+t} \right|_0^2 = -\frac{10}{3} - \left(-\frac{10}{1} \right) = 10 - \frac{10}{3} = \boxed{\frac{20}{3}}$$

$$\therefore f(2) = 30 + \frac{20}{3} = \frac{60}{3} + \frac{20}{3} = \frac{80}{3} \text{ gal.}$$

Let $s(t)$ be the position of a particle

$$s'(t) = v(t)$$

$$\int_a^b v(t) dt = \int_a^b s'(t) dt = \underbrace{s(b) - s(a)}_{\text{Displacement}}$$

$$\int_a^b |v(t)| dt = \text{Distance}$$