

§ 5.4 - Indefinite Integrals

$\int_a^b f(x) dx$ - Definite Integral \leftarrow A number, $F(b) - F(a)$,
 $F'(x) = f(x)$

$\int f(x) dx$ - Indefinite Integral \leftarrow A family of functions,
 $F(x) + C$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ex: } \int 3e^x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \sin(x) dx &= \int 3e^x + x^{-1/2} - \sin(x) dx \\ &= 3e^x + \frac{x^{1/2}}{1/2} - (-\cos(x)) + C = \boxed{3e^x + 2\sqrt{x} + \cos(x) + C} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ex: } \int \frac{4}{x} + \frac{x}{4} dx &= 4 \ln|x| + \frac{1/2 x^2}{1/2} + C \\ &= \boxed{4 \ln|x| + \frac{1}{8} x^2 + C} \end{aligned}$$