

§ 5.5 - u-sub + Definite Integrals

$$\int_0^2 \frac{10x}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \int_{0 \leq x}^{2 \leq x} \frac{10x}{u^3} \cdot \frac{du}{2x} = 5 \cdot \int_{x=0}^{x=2} u^{-3} du$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= 1+x^2 \\ du &= 2x dx \\ dx &= \frac{du}{2x} \end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} u^{-2} \Big|_{x=0}^{x=2}$$

$$= \frac{-5}{2u^2} = \frac{-5}{2(1+x^2)^2} \Big|_0^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{-5}{2(5)^2} - \frac{-5}{2(1)^2} \right) = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{25}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{24}{10} = \boxed{\frac{12}{5}}$$

$$\int_0^2 \frac{10x}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \int_1^5 \frac{10x}{u^3} \frac{du}{2x} = 5 \int_1^5 u^{-3} du$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= 1+x^2 \\ du &= 2x dx \\ dx &= \frac{du}{2x} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{5}{-2} u^{-2} \Big|_1^5 =$$

$$= \frac{-5}{2u^2} \Big|_1^5 = \left(\frac{-5}{2 \cdot 5^2} - \frac{-5}{2 \cdot 1^2} \right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{12}{5}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x=0 &\Rightarrow u=1 \\ x=2 &\Rightarrow u=5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/6} \frac{\sin(t)}{\cos^2(t)} dt = \int_1^{\sqrt{3}/2} \frac{\sin(t)}{u^2} \frac{du}{-\sin(t)} = \int_1^{\sqrt{3}/2} -u^{-2} du$$

$$u = \cos(t)$$

$$du = -\sin(t) dt$$

$$dt = \frac{du}{-\sin(t)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{u} \Big|_1^{\sqrt{3}/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}/2} - \frac{1}{1}$$

$$t=0 \Rightarrow u = \cos(0) = 1$$

$$t = \pi/6 \Rightarrow u = \cos(\pi/6) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} - 1$$

$$= \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3} - 3}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} - 1$$