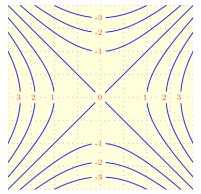
- 1) Determine $f_x f_y$ when $f(x, y) = x^2 + 3xy + y^2$
- 2) Determine f_{xy} when $f(x, y) = \sin(xy) + e^{\frac{x}{y}}$
- 3) Suppose w = f(x, y, z) where f is some function. Suppose that x, y and z are functions of t. Further suppose that $f_x = yz + 2x$, $f_y = ze^{yz} + xz + 2y$, and $f_z = ye^{yz} + xy$. If x(0) = 2, y(0) = 1, z(0) = 1, z'(0) = 3, y'(0) = 4, and z'(0) = 5, find the derivative of w with respect to t when t = 0.
- 4) Suppose the following contour map for a conic section function f(x, y) was centered at the origin.



- A) What is the name for the graph of f(x, y)?
- B) If you were standing at the point P(3,0,f(3,0)), what would the values of f_x and f_y be (positive, negative or zero)?
- C) If you were standing at the point P(0,2,f(0,2)), what would the values of f_x and f_y be (positive, negative or zero)?
- 5) The radius of a right circular cone is increasing at a rate of 2 inches per minute while the height is decreasing at a rate of 1 inch per minute. Determine the rate of change of the volume when r=3 and h=4
- 6) Evaluate the double integral $\iint_{\Omega} x^2 + y \, dx dy$ where $\Omega = \{(x, y) | 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 2\}$

7) Evaluate the iterated integral
$$I = \int_0^1 \int_0^3 \frac{3y + x^2}{1 + y^2} dxdy$$

8) Evaluate the double integral
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{x} (x+2y) dy dx$$

- 9) Find the volume of the solid bounded by the coordinate planes and the plane x+y+z=1
- 10) Find the volume, V, of the solid under the graph of the function f(x, y) = 2x + y and over the region A in the first octant enclosed by a circle with center at the origin and radius 3.
- 11) Evaluate the double integral $I = \iint_D y \, dA$ when D is the region bounded by x y = 2 and $y^2 = x$

12) Evaluate the double integral
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{1} x \sin(y^3) dy dx$$

- 13) Use conversion to polar coordinates to evaluate the integral $\iint_D e^{-x^2-y^2} dA$ where *D* is the region in the first quadrant of the *xy*-plane inside the graph of $x = \sqrt{4-y^2}$
- 14) The solid shown lies inside the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$ and outside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 9$

Find the volume of the part of this solid lying above the *xy*-plane.

